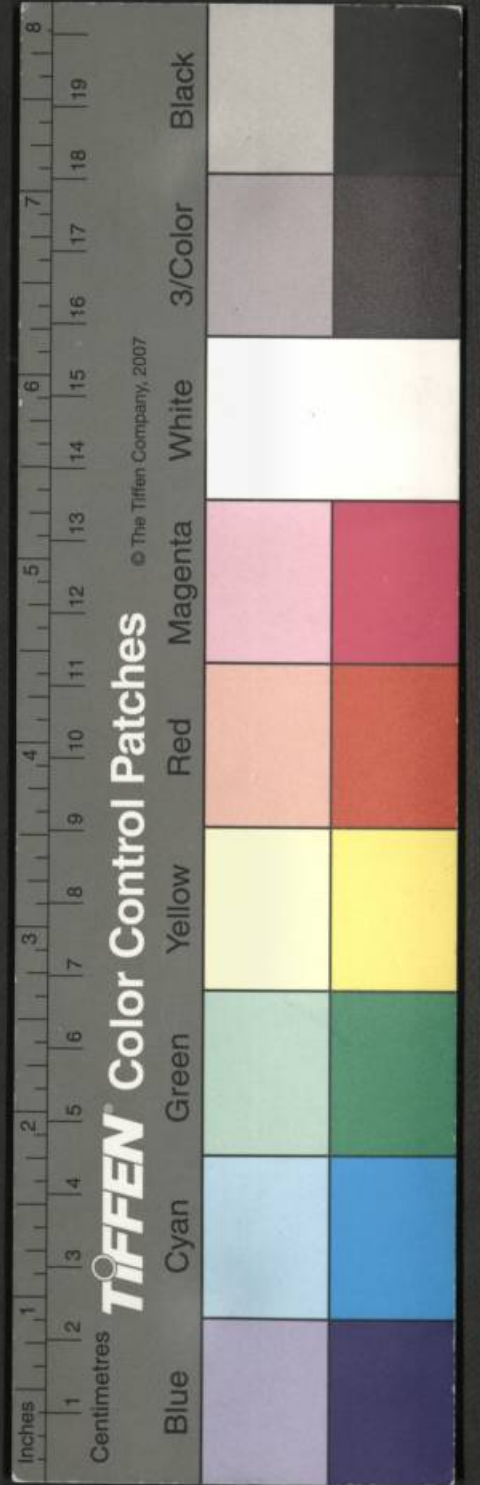


PROCLAMATIONS, ETC.

1896-1897



Proclamations

1896-7

Missing:—

Apr 1
.. 2
.. 5

Proclamations, 1896.

Page of
Gazette.

Subject matter

Date

819² Colonial Court of Admiralty seal

" Basel Mission

885 Births + Deaths Registrations

✓ 5th Sept.

953 Extradition - North Borneo.

1079 Arms Exportation

✓ 28th Novr.

1243 Foreign Enlistment Act.

22nd Decbr

No. 3.

PROCLAMATION.



William Robinson
Governor.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by section 26 of Ordinance 16 of 1896, entitled *An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the law relating to the registration of Births and Deaths*, it is enacted as follows:—

“This Ordinance shall come into force on such day as shall be hereafter fixed by proclamation under the hand of the Governor.”

Now, therefore, I, the said Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, in pursuance of the said section and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby under my hand proclaim that the said Ordinance shall come into force on and from the 14th day of September, 1896.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. H. Macdonald
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 5th day of September, 1896.

PROCLAMATION.



William Robinson

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Ordinance No. 3 of 1862, intituled *An Ordinance to authorise His Excellency the Governor by Proclamation to prohibit the Exportation of Military Stores and other Articles*, as amended by Ordinance 3 of 1884, entitled "*An Ordinance to amend Ordinance 3 of 1862*," it is enacted that it should be lawful for His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation to be published in the *Hongkong Government Gazette*, or in any *Extraordinary Gazette*, to prohibit, for such period as should be mentioned in such Proclamation, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony (amongst other things) Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, and Military and Naval Stores, subject to any permission that may be obtained under the last mentioned Ordinance.

And whereas in consequence of certain representations that have been made to me by the Government of the Empire of China, and for other reasons I have determined, with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony, to prohibit such exportation for the period hereinafter mentioned :

Now, therefore, I, Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony, do, by this Proclamation, for a period of six months from the date thereof, prohibit, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony, Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, and Naval and Military Stores; unless this Proclamation shall be in the meantime revoked, or unless permission shall have been obtained under Ordinance 3 of 1884.

By Command,

J. H. W. Hockley

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 28th day of November, 1896.

PROCLAMATION.



William Robinson

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas peace and amity subsist between Her Most Gracious Majesty the QUEEN and His Most Catholic Majesty the King of Spain.

And whereas certain of the subjects of the said King of Spain in a certain part of His dominions called the Philippine Islands have revolted against His authority, and hostilities are in progress between His said Most Catholic Majesty and the said revolted subjects.

And whereas Her Majesty the Queen is desirous that no Naval or Military expedition should be fitted out within Her dominions to proceed against His said Most Catholic Majesty's dominions in the Philippine Islands or elsewhere.

Now, therefore, I, Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby warn and strictly enjoin all persons within this Colony in no wise to prepare or fit out, or be engaged or to assist in preparing or fitting out, or to be employed in any capacity in any Naval or Military expedition to proceed against the dominions of His said Most Catholic Majesty in the Philippine Islands or elsewhere under pain of the penalties prescribed against all persons offending against the Foreign Enlistment Act, 1870, and all other Statutes and Ordinances in such case made and provided.

By Command,

J. Stewart Hockley

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 22nd day of December, 1896.

Orders
in Council

1896.

23 missing!

1896.

Orders in Council

<u>Page of Gazette</u>	<u>Subject matter</u>	<u>Date</u>
11.	Right Passes & Lights	11 th Januy
46.	Lights.	20 th Januy
46.	Dangerous Goods.	21 st "
104.	Offensive Trades.	11 th Febry
108	Cleansing & Lime washing	"
143.	Extension of Ordinance 14 of 1887.	19 th Febry.
306.	Disposal of dead bodies.	2 nd April
328. 408.	Police leave and pensions	{ 17 th March. 23 rd July.
331.	Probate sealing.	✓ 2 nd April
332.	Spirit Licences	"
379	Suitors' Fund.	✓ 23 rd April
412	Catching butterflies in the Cemetery.	5 th May
413.	Cattle diseases bye-law.	"
1244. 433.	Magistrey exempted from Holidays	Order 22 nd May 23 rd Decr.
495	Wongueichung Recreation ground.	✓ 5 th May
700	Quarantine - water.	17 th July.
859	Korvloon Godowns.	24 th Augt.
1030.	Revocation of Sanitary Bye-law.	28 th Oct.
1069	Hawking food & drinks at Wongueichung Recreation ground.	17 th Novr.
1126.	Cleansing & Lime washing	3 rd Decbr.
1143	Assessment.	3 rd "

1199 Assessment.

10th. Decr.

1248. Building Regulations

21st "

1249 ⁿForms under B + D. Order.

"



William Robinson
GOVERNOR.

ORDER

Made by the Governor in Council, under Ordinance 23 of 1895, entitled.
"The British Possessions Probate Ordinance, 1895,"
this 2nd day of April, 1896.

Whereas by the third section of *The British Possessions Probate Ordinance, 1895*, it is enacted as follows:—

"The Governor in Council may, on being satisfied that the legislature of any British possession has made adequate provision for the recognition in that possession of probates and letters of administration granted by the Supreme Court, direct by Order that this Ordinance shall, subject to any exceptions and modifications specified in the Order, apply to that possession, and thereupon, while the order is in force, the Ordinance shall apply accordingly."

And whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that the legislatures of the British possessions hereinafter mentioned have made adequate provision for the recognition in those possessions of probates and letters of administration granted by the Supreme Court of this Colony.

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council doth hereby order and direct that *The British Possessions Probate Ordinance, 1895*, shall apply to the British possessions hereunder mentioned:—

The Straits Settlements,
British Guiana,
Natal,
Trinidad,
Tasmania,
New South Wales,
New Zealand,
South Australia,
Fiji,
The Gold Coast,
Lagos, and
The Falkland Islands.

Given under the hand of the Governor, this 2^d day of April 1896.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.

W. Bidley
Acting Clerk of Councils.

I, WILLIAM MEIGH GOODMAN, Acting Chief Justice of Hongkong, with the concurrence of His Excellency Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, K.C.M.G., Governor of Hongkong, do hereby in pursuance of the powers contained in *The Suitors' Funds Ordinance, 1896*, and of every other power enabling me in that behalf make the following rules:—

I.—Operation of Rules and Interpretation of Terms.

1. These rules shall come into operation on *1st June 1896* and may be cited as "The Suitors' Funds Rules 1896."

2. All other rules or orders or rules of practice regulating the mode of dealing with funds in Court and containing any provisions relating to funds in Court inconsistent with these rules are hereby revoked and these rules are substituted therefor provided that the rules hereby revoked shall continue to apply to orders made but not fully acted upon before these rules come into operation so far as is indispensable for the purpose of duly giving effect to such orders.

3. In these rules the following words shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, viz.:—

"Registrar" means the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

"Treasurer" means the Colonial Treasurer.

"Funds" or "Funds in Court" means any money or securities or moveable property or any part thereof standing in or to be placed to the Treasurer's account and includes boxes and other effects.

"Lodge in Court" means pay or transfer into Court or deposit in Court; and

"Lodgment in Court" has a corresponding meaning.

"Title of the cause or matter" means the short title of the cause or matter with reference to the record.

"Ledger credit" means the title of the cause or matter and the separate account (if any) opened or to be opened under an order or otherwise in the books of the Treasurer to which any funds are credited or to be credited.

"Order" means an order of the Supreme Court and includes a judgment or decree and includes the schedule or schedules to an order.

"Court" means the Supreme Court.

II.—Lodgment of Funds in Court.

4. (i)—Funds to be lodged in Court on any ledger credit shall be lodged by means of a Direction to the Treasurer signed by the Registrar and bearing the seal of the Court. Such Direction shall be headed with the title of the cause or matter and the title of the ledger account to which such funds are referable and shall contain full and complete particulars as to such lodgment and shall be in the form No. 1 in the schedule or as near thereto as may be practicable.

(ii)—When money is to be lodged as security for costs or by way of satisfaction or amends or in compliance with an Order giving leave to defend upon such payment in, the Direction shall contain a statement of the circumstances under which the money is to be lodged, viz.:—

(a) Paid in on behalf of defendant in satisfaction of claim of the above-named ().

(b) Paid in under Order dated the day of 189 .

(c) Paid in to security for costs account on behalf of ().

5. All kinds of securities may be lodged in Court. Shares of and securities issued by companies or corporations constituted under the laws of the Colony such shares being fully paid up and free from all liability may be transferred to the Treasurer by his name of office. Other shares and securities may be placed in a box or packet and lodged at the office of the Treasurer who will before taking custody of such box or packet see that it is properly marked and secured and inspect the contents thereof in the presence of the person lodging the same.

6. (i)—The person desirous of lodging funds in Court shall obtain from the Registrar the necessary Direction for such lodgment. He shall present the direction at the office of the Treasurer from whom he shall receive a receipt for the same.

(ii)—When the funds to be lodged are securities to be transferred into the name of the Treasurer the person lodging such funds shall execute a transfer thereof and lodge such transfer together with the direction of the Registrar at the office of the Company or Corporation in whose books the securities

are to be transferred. The direction shall be in form 2 in the schedule. Such Company or Corporation shall after registering such transfer forward the direction to the Treasurer with a certificate thereon that the securities have been transferred as therein authorised, which certificate may be in the form No. 3 in the schedule.

(iii)—The Treasurer shall on giving any receipt for funds lodged, forthwith forward a duplicate of such receipt to the Registrar to be filed with the papers in the cause or matter. Such receipt shall be in the form No. 4 in the schedule so far as appropriate.

7. Any principal money or dividends received by the Treasurer in respect of securities in Court shall be placed in his books in the case of principal money to the credit to which the securities whereon such money arose were standing at the time of the receipt thereof and in the case of dividends to the credit to which the securities whereon such dividends accrued were standing at the time of the closing of the transfer books of such securities previously to the dividends becoming due.

III.—Payment, Delivery and Transfer of Funds out of Court and other Dealings with Funds.

8. Moneys paid in as security for costs or by way of satisfaction or amends or in compliance with an Order giving leave to defend upon such payment in, shall be paid out on a Direction to the Treasurer signed by the Registrar and bearing the seal of the Court. Such Direction shall be as nearly as may be in the form No. 5 in the schedule. The person entitled to such moneys shall obtain from the Registrar the necessary Direction and present the same at the office of the Treasurer who shall thereupon deliver or cause to be delivered to the person named in such Direction the moneys specified therein.

9. In all other cases the person entitled to withdraw the funds shall lodge at the office of the Treasurer a copy of the Order under the seal of the Court authorising such withdrawal, and the Treasurer shall act in accordance with such Order.

10. When an Order directs any sums to be ascertained by the Certificate of the Registrar and to be afterwards dealt with by the Treasurer such Certificate or a duplicate or office copy of the same shall be sent to the Treasurer who shall act in accordance therewith. Such Certificate shall be as nearly as may be in the form No. 6 in the schedule.

11. When an Order directs payment out of a fund in Court of any costs directed to be taxed the Registrar shall state in his Certificate the name and address of the person to whom such costs are payable. Such Certificate shall be as nearly as may be in the form No. 7 in the schedule.

12. (i)—When funds in Court are by an Order directed to be paid, transferred or delivered to any person named or described in an Order or in a Certificate of the Registrar (except to a person therein expressed to be entitled to such funds as trustee, executor or administrator, or otherwise than in his own right or for his own use) such funds or any portion thereof for the time being remaining unpaid or untransferred or undelivered may, unless the Order otherwise directs on proof of the death of such person whether on or after or in the case of payment directed to be made to a creditor as such before the date of such Order, be paid or transferred or delivered to the legal personal representatives of such deceased person or to the survivors or survivor of them.

(ii)—If no administration has been taken out to such deceased person who has died intestate and whose assets do not exceed the value of \$500 including the amount of the funds directed to be so paid, transferred or delivered to him, such funds may be paid, transferred or delivered to the person who being widow, child, father, mother, brother, or sister of the deceased would be entitled to take out administration to his estate upon a declaration by such person in the form No. 8 in the schedule.

(iii)—When funds in Court are by an Order directed to be paid, transferred or delivered to any persons as legal personal representatives such funds or any portion thereof for the time being remaining unpaid, untransferred or undelivered may, upon proof of the death of any of such representatives whether on or after the date of such Order, be paid, transferred or delivered to the survivors or survivor of them.

(iv)—No funds shall under this Rule be paid, transferred or delivered out of Court to the legal personal representatives of any person under any probate or letters of administration purporting to be granted at any time subsequent to the expiration of two years from the date of the Order directing such payment, transfer or delivery, or in case such funds consist of interest or dividends from the date of the last receipt of such interest or dividends under such Order.

13. (i)—Every Order which directs funds in Court to be paid, transferred or delivered out shall set forth in full the name of every person to whom such payment, transfer or delivery is to be made unless the name is to be stated in a certificate of the Registrar. In the case of payment to a firm it shall be sufficient to state the business name of such firm.

(ii)—When money in Court is by an Order directed to be paid to any persons described in the Order or in a certificate of the Registrar as co-partners, such money may be paid to any one or more of such co-partners or to the survivor of them.

14. When funds lodged in Court are by an Order directed to be transferred or carried over to any other ledger credit than that to which the same are standing the party having the carriage of the Order shall lodge with the Treasurer a copy of the Order under the seal of the Court and the Treasurer shall act in accordance with such Order.

15. When money lodged in Court is by an Order directed to be invested the party having the carriage of the Order shall lodge at the office of the Treasurer a copy of the Order under the seal of the Court, and the Treasurer shall thereupon invest such money in the manner directed by the Order.

16. When funds in Court are by an Order directed to be dealt with otherwise than by lodgment, withdrawal, transfer or investment the party having the carriage of the Order shall lodge at the office of the Treasurer a copy of the Order under the seal of the Court, and the Treasurer shall act in accordance with such Order.

17. When funds in Court are ordered to be carried over to a separate account the title of the ledger credit to be opened for the purpose shall commence with the title of the cause or matter to which such funds are standing.

IV.—Duties of the Treasurer and Calculation of Interest.

18. Funds lodged in Court shall be entered by the Treasurer to the ledger credit mentioned in the Direction of the Registrar, and a ledger account shall be kept to which the funds lodged in Court shall be credited and the funds withdrawn or transferred therefrom debited in the usual way, and where funds in Court are dealt with in any other way than by lodgment, withdrawal, transfer or investment the same shall be entered in the account as the circumstances of the case shall require.

19. (i)—Money lodged in Court to the credit of any account shall be deemed to be placed on deposit and shall be credited with interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum except in the following cases:—

(a) When money was paid into Court before the commencement of *The Suitors' Funds Ordinance, 1896*. In such case interest will only accrue from the date of payment to the Treasurer, and subject to the provisions of Rule 21.

(b) When the money is paid into Court as security for costs or by way of satisfaction or amends or in compliance with an Order giving leave to defend upon such payment in, or

(c) When the amount of the ledger credit is less than \$100.

(ii)—Money on deposit shall be deemed to be withdrawn from deposit when the amount is reduced below \$100.

20. Interest upon money on deposit shall not be computed on a fraction of \$1.

21. Interest upon money on deposit shall accrue by calendar months and shall not be computed by any less period. Such interest shall begin on the first day of the calendar month next succeeding that in which the money is placed on deposit and shall cease from the last day of the calendar month next preceding the day of the withdrawal of the money from deposit.

22. Interest which has accrued for or during the half-year ending on the 30th of June and 31st of December in every year on money then on deposit shall on or before the 15th days of the months respectively following be placed by the Treasurer to the credit to which such money shall be standing on every such half-yearly day, and when money on deposit is withdrawn from deposit, the interest thereon which has accrued and has not been credited shall be placed to the credit to which the money is then standing.

V.—Evidence of Life, &c.

23. When any person is entitled under an Order to receive dividends or other periodical payments from the Treasurer's office and the Treasurer requires evidence of life or of the fulfilment of any conditions affecting such payments, such evidence may be furnished by a declaration signed by a solicitor acting on behalf of such person or by a declaration signed by the person entitled to such payment and attested by a Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, Minister of Religion, or Notary Public, and the Treasurer shall act on such evidence unless in any case he thinks fit to require such evidence to be by statutory declaration or affidavit.

24. When in carrying into effect the directions of an Order evidence is required by the Treasurer for any purposes other than those included in the last preceding Rule he may receive and act upon an affidavit or upon a statutory declaration, and every such affidavit or statutory declaration shall be filed in Court when the Treasurer shall consider it necessary.

VI.—Miscellaneous.

25. The Treasurer upon a request signed by or on behalf of a person claiming to be interested in any funds in Court standing to the credit of an account specified in such request shall, unless there be good reason for refusing, issue a Certificate of the amount and description of such funds, and such Certificate shall have reference to the morning of the day of the date thereof and shall not include the transactions of that day; and the Treasurer shall notify on such Certificate the dates of any Orders restraining the transfer, sale, delivery out or payment, or other dealing with the funds in Court to the credit of the account mentioned in such Certificate and whether such Orders affect principal or interest and any charging orders affecting such funds of which respectively he has received notice and the names of the persons to whom notice is to be given or in whose favour such restraining or charging orders have been made. The Treasurer may re-date any such Certificate provided that no alteration in the amount or description of funds has been made since the Certificate was issued.

26. Upon a request signed by or on behalf of a person claiming to be interested in funds in Court the Treasurer shall, unless there be good reason for refusing, issue a transcript of the account in his books specified in such request. He shall also upon a like request, unless there be good reason for refusing, supply such other information or issue such Certificates with respect to any transactions or dealings with funds in Court as may from time to time be required in any particular case.

27. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to comply with any instructions which may be given to him by the Colonial Secretary as to the means of identifying any persons to whom funds in Court are paid or delivered out when such identification may be deemed necessary.

28. In any case not provided for by these Rules the practice of the Paymaster-General's Office for business of the Supreme Court of Judicature in England may be followed as nearly as the circumstances of the case will admit.

Dated 23rd day of April. 1896.

W. Meigh Gordon

Acting Chief Justice

I concur.

William Robinson

GOVERNOR.

Ledger
N.B.
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Dated

SCHEDULE.

FORM No. 1.

Direction referred to in Rule 4.

In the Supreme Court of Hongkong.

Ledger account [Title of the cause or matter. 18 , No. .]
 [if the same as the cause state "as above."]

The Treasurer is hereby directed to receive the sum of \$ [paid in on behalf of the Defendant
 C. D. in satisfaction of claim of the Plaintiff A. B. or the funds and securities specified in the Schedule
 hereto or as the case may be.]



(Signature.)

Registrar.

N.B.—Where funds are lodged in Court not being moneys paid in as security for costs or by way of satisfaction or amends or in compliance with an Order giving leave to defend upon such payment in, but are to be lodged under an Order comprising funds of various natures and directing lodgment by one or more persons a single Direction may be issued and the particulars stated in a schedule to the Direction, *e.g.* :—

SCHEDULE.

Particulars of Funds to be lodged.	Person to make the Lodgment.	Amounts.	
		Money.	Securities.
		\$	\$
Hongkong Dock Company's Shares,	John Smith and Richard Brown.	....	1,000
Cash,	Do.	6,500	....
Jewellery specified in the list attached hereto,	Mary Williams.	....	....

FORM No. 2.

Authority to Company to register Transfer.

In the Supreme Court of Hongkong.

[Title of cause or matter. 18 , No. .]

To the Hongkong Ice Co., Limited,
 Hongkong.

Please register transfer of shares Nos.
 from to the Treasurer.

(Signature.)

Registrar.

FORM No. 3.

Certificate referred to in Rule 6 (ii).

The above-mentioned shares have this day been transferred as authorised.

(Signature.)

Secretary of the Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.

FORM No. 4.

Receipt referred to in Rule 6 (iii).

In the Supreme Court of Hongkong.

[Title of cause or matter. 18 . No.]

Received from

the sum of
 (or) the following securities, or moveable property as the case may be.

(Signature.)

Dated the day of 18 .

Treasurer,

FORM No. 5.

Direction referred to in Rule 8.

[The formal part as in Form No. 1.]

The body of the Direction will be as follows:—

The Treasurer is hereby directed to pay to [here insert the name of person to be paid] the sum of dollars [in words at length] \$ _____ lodged in Court in the above cause or matter.

FORM No. 6.

Certificate of ascertained Sums referred to in Rule 10.

In the Supreme Court of Hongkong.

[Title of cause or matter. 18 , No.]

Ledger account [if the same as the cause state "as above."]

I hereby certify that under Order dated _____ 18 _____, the sums stated in the schedule subjoined hereto amounting in the whole to \$ _____ have been ascertained to be the sums payable under the said Order to the persons respectively named in respect of [state in what character paid].

Dated this _____ of _____ 18 _____.

(Signature.)

Registrar.

SCHEDULE.

Name.	Address (if ascertained).	Amount to be paid.

FORM No. 7.

Certificate of Taxed Costs referred to in Rule 11.

Formal part as in last form.

In pursuance of an Order dated _____ 18 _____ I have been attended by the solicitors for _____ and I certify that I have taxed the costs specified in the schedule subjoined hereto directed to be taxed by the said Order at the sums respectively stated in the schedule, which sums with the fees of taxation specified amount to the total sum of _____

Dated the _____ of _____ 18 _____.

(Signature.)

Registrar.

SCHEDULE.

Costs of	Payable to		Amount of Taxed Costs and Fees.
	Name.	Address.	
Total \$			

FORM No. 8.

Declaration referred to in Rule 12 (ii).

[Formal part as before.]

I [name and address of applicant] solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the [degree of relationship] and next or one of the next of kin of [name of deceased] and that I am entitled to take out administration to his estate and to receive the sum of \$ _____ directed to be paid to him by the Order dated the _____ 18 _____

And I further declare that the total value of the assets of the deceased including the above sum does not exceed \$500, and I certify that the death-bed and funeral expenses of the deceased have been paid. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of "The Statutory Declarations Act 1835."

(Signature of Applicant.)

Declared at

Before me this _____ of _____ 18 _____.

Justice, Notary Public, or other authorized officer.



William Robinson
GOVERNOR.

REGULATION

Made by the Governor in Council on the 5th day of May 1896,
in pursuance of the provisions of section 2 of Ordinance
No. 8 of 1870.

“No person shall catch or attempt to catch any butterflies or other winged insects in the Colonial Cemetery situate in the Wong-nai-chung Valley.”

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.

J. A. Delany
Acting Clerk of Councils.

ORDER

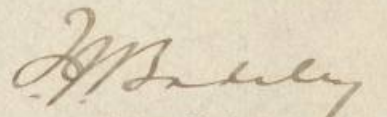
*Made by the Governor in Council under the provisions of section 23
of Ordinance No. 16 of 1896, this 21st day of Dec 1896.*

The forms given in the Schedules to Ordinance 16 of 1896 are hereby altered or added to as follows:—

In Schedule A, by substituting the words "Rank, Profession or Occupation of Father" for the words "Rank or Profession of Father;"

In schedules N., O., and P., by striking out the words "Before one Justice of the Peace" in each of such schedules.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.


Acting Clerk of Councils.

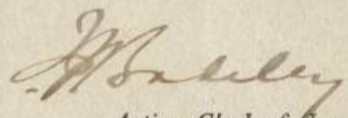
REGULATION

*Made by His Excellency the Governor in Council, under the provisions
of section 12 of Ordinance 25 of 1891, this 21st day of December
December, 1896.*

Clause 2 of the schedule to Ordinance 25 of 1891 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:—

2. Such rents shall be payable in advance by equal monthly instalments, and shall commence to be payable from the date of the undertaking which is required to be given by section 68 of *The Building Ordinance, 1889.*

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.


Acting Clerk of Councils.



J. Fleming
Administering the Government.



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 488.

The following Regulation under Ordinance No. 8 of 1870, made by the Governor in Council, is published for general information.

By Command,

W. M. DEANE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 22nd November, 1890.

REGULATION

Made by the Governor in Council, under the provisions of Section 2 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1870, this 11th day of November, 1890.

On and after this date and until further notice the Foot-ball Club have the use of the Recreation Ground in the Wongneichung Valley (South end) on Mondays and Thursdays; the Golf Club on Tuesdays and Saturdays; the Military on Wednesdays and Fridays; and the Navy on Thursdays.

F. A. HAZELAND,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.

PROCLAMATION.



G. William Des Vœux

By His Excellency Sir G. WILLIAM DES VŒUX, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by section 34 of Ordinance 11 of 1890, entitled *An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the law relating to the protection of Women and Girls*, it is enacted as follows:—

“This Ordinance shall not come into operation unless and until the Officer Administering the Government notifies by Proclamation that it is Her Majesty’s pleasure not to disallow the same and thereafter it shall come into operation upon such day as the Officer Administering the Government shall notify by the same or any other Proclamation.”

And whereas it has been intimated to me that it is Her Majesty’s pleasure not to disallow the same.

Now therefore, I, Sir G. WILLIAM DES VŒUX, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, in pursuance of the said section and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby under my hand proclaim that the said Ordinance shall come into force on the 6th day of April, 1891.

By Command,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 1st day of April, 1891.

PROCLAMATION.



G. W. Des Vœux

Governor & Commander-in-Chief

By His Excellency Sir G. WILLIAM DES VŒUX, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by section 16 of Ordinance 27 of 1890, entitled *The Squatters' Ordinance, 1890*, it is enacted as follows:—

“This Ordinance shall not come into force until Her Majesty’s confirmation thereof is proclaimed by the Governor.”

And whereas it has been intimated to me that it is Her Majesty’s pleasure not to disallow the same.

Now therefore, I, Sir G. WILLIAM DES VŒUX, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, in pursuance of the said section and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby under my hand proclaim that the said Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of May, 1891.

By Command,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 20th day of April, 1891.

PROCLAMATION.



George Digby Barker

Officer Administering the Government.

By His Excellency Major-General G. DIGBY BARKER, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Officer Administering the Government of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Regulation No. 2 made by the Governor in Council on the 30th day of July, 1886, under the provisions of Section 1 of Ordinance No. 9 of 1883, it is provided that the term "port or place at which any infectious or contagious disease prevailed means a port or place proclaimed to be such by order of the Governor in Council published in the *Gazette* from the date of such proclamation."

And whereas the port of Swatow in the Empire of China has been proclaimed as such by order of the Governor in Council.

Now therefore, I, GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, Officer Administering the Government and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, in pursuance of the said Regulation, and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby under my hand declare and proclaim that Swatow is a port at which an infectious or contagious disease prevails.

By Command,

Wm. G. Gooden

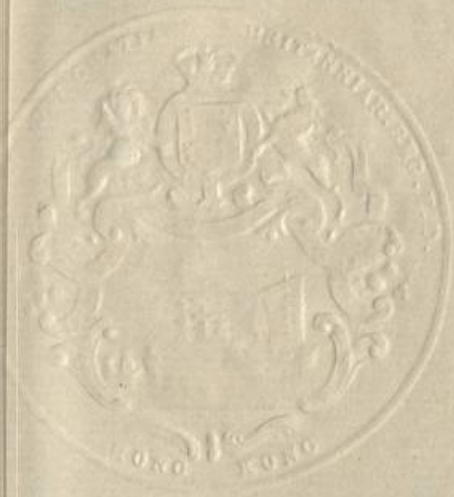
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 18th day of July, 1891.

No. 4.

PROCLAMATION.



G. Digby Barker

Officer Administering the Government.

By His Excellency Major-General G. DIGBY BARKER, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, Commander-in-Chief and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Proclamation dated the 18th day of July, 1891, it was declared and proclaimed that Swatow was a port at which an infectious or contagious disease prevailed, and whereas it is now expedient to revoke the said Proclamation.

Now therefore, I, GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, Officer Administering the Government and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, by virtue of the authority in me vested, and with the advice of the Executive Council, do hereby revoke the said Proclamation with effect from this date.

By Command,

A. M. Thomson
Acting Clerk of Councils.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at the Council Chamber, Hongkong, this 5th day of September, 1891.

PROCLAMATION.



George Digby Barker

Officer Administering the Government.

By His Excellency Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, Commander-in-Chief and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Ordinance No. 3 of 1862, intituled *An Ordinance to authorise His Excellency the Governor by Proclamation to prohibit the Exportation of Military Stores and other Articles*, as amended by Ordinance 3 of 1884, entitled "*An Ordinance to amend Ordinance 3 of 1862*," it is enacted that it should be lawful for His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation to be published in the *Hongkong Government Gazette*, or in any *Extraordinary Gazette*, to prohibit, for such period as should be mentioned in such Proclamation, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony (amongst other things) Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, and Military and Naval Stores, subject to any permission that may be obtained under the last mentioned Ordinance.

And whereas in consequence of certain representations that have been made to me by the Government of the Empire of China, and for other reasons I have determined, with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony, to prohibit such exportation for the period hereinafter mentioned: Now, therefore, I, Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony, do, by this Proclamation, for a period of six months from the date thereof, prohibit, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony, Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, and Naval and Military Stores; unless this Proclamation shall be in the meantime revoked, or unless permission shall have been obtained under Ordinance 3 of 1884.

By Command,

W. Meigh Goodman

Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 1st day of October, 1891.

PROCLAMATION.



George Digby Barker

Officer Administering the Government.

By His Excellency Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, Commander-in-Chief and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Ordinance No. 11 of 1889, intituled *The Stone Cutters' Island Ordinance, 1889*, it is enacted that it should be lawful for the Governor, from time to time by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, to exempt any portion or portions of Stone Cutters' Island, to be defined by such Proclamation, from the operation of the said recited Ordinance and from time to time to vary or revoke any such Proclamation.

And whereas by Proclamation in the *Gazette* of the 20th day of April, 1889, certain portions of the said Island were duly exempted from the operation of the said Ordinance and it is now expedient to revoke the said Proclamation and to exempt from the operation of the said Ordinance the portion of the said Island hereinafter mentioned.

Now, therefore, I, the said Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, do by this Proclamation hereby revoke the said Proclamation of the 20th April, 1889, and do hereby exempt from the operation of the said Ordinance the following portion of the said Island, viz. :--

The *Government Gunpowder Depot*.—Bounded on the North and South by the shore lines, on the West by the Western Wall of the Old Gaol and on the East by the Military Reserve Boundary as marked out by boundary stones.

By Command,

W. M. H. Goodman

Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 21st day of October, 1891.

No. 7.



PROCLAMATION.

George Digby Barker

Officer Administering the Government.

By His Excellency Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Officer Administering the Government, and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by section 53 of Ordinance 21 of 1891, entitled *The Prepared Opium Ordinance, 1891*, it is enacted as follows:—

“ This Ordinance shall come into operation on a day to be proclaimed by the Governor.”

Now, therefore, I, the said Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, in pursuance of the said section and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby under my hand proclaim that the said Ordinance shall come into operation on the 28th day of December, 1891.

By His Excellency's Command,

William G. Goodman

Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 9th day of December, 1891.

No. 8.



PROCLAMATION.

George Digby Barker

Officer Administering the Government.

By His Excellency Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Officer Administering the Government, and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by section 16 of Ordinance 22 of 1891, entitled *The Raw Opium Amendment Ordinance, 1891*, it is enacted as follows:—

“This Ordinance shall come into operation on a day to be proclaimed by the Governor.”

Now, therefore, I, the said Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, in pursuance of the said section and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby under my hand proclaim that the said Ordinance shall come into operation on the 28th day of December, 1891.

By His Excellency's Command,

W. Matheson

Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 9th day of December, 1891.

No. 9.

PROCLAMATION.



George Digby Barker

Officer Administering the Government.

By His Excellency Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Officer Administering the Government, and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by section 47 of Ordinance 26 of 1891 (*The Merchant Shipping Consolidation Ordinance, 1891*,) it is enacted as follows:—

“This Ordinance shall come into operation on a day to be proclaimed by the Governor, subject nevertheless to the provisions of Section 4 of this Ordinance in reference to the coming into operation of Table A hereto.”

Now, therefore, I, the said Major-General GEORGE DIGBY BARKER, in pursuance of the said section and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby under my hand proclaim that the said Ordinance shall come into operation accordingly on the 1st day of January, 1892.

By His Excellency's Command,

William Goodenau

Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 9th day of December, 1891.

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J. M. Thomson



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 7.

The following Additional Rules made by the Governor in Council, under the provisions of Section 3 of Ordinance No. 21 of 1887, are published for general information.

By Command,

F. FLEMING,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 10th January, 1891.

Additional Rules made by the Governor in Council under the provisions of Section 3 of Ordinance No. 21 of 1887, this 3rd day of January, 1891.

1. Licences for Jinrickshas to ply for-hire in British Kowloon shall be issued by the Captain Superintendent of Police, who may, in his discretion, refuse to issue any licence.
Every licence shall be taken out half-yearly or for the residue of the current half-year, and shall expire on the thirty-first day of May or on the thirtieth day of November; a fee of six dollars shall be paid for each licence and the holder thereof shall be subject to the Rules Nos. 3 to 28 both inclusive of the Rules made by the Governor in Council on the 30th day of November, 1887, and published in the *Government Gazette* of the 10th December, 1887, provided that all property left in any vehicle shall be forthwith taken to the Police Station at Yaumati instead of the Central Police Station as required by No. 23 of the above mentioned rules.

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

Fees for Jinrickshas with single driver licensed under these rules, fixed by the Captain Superintendent of Police and approved by the Governor in Council.

Quarter of an hour,	5 cents.
Half hour,	10 "
Hour,	15 "
Every subsequent Hour,	10 "

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.



By Command



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 52.

The following Regulation is published for general information.

By Command,

F. FLEMING,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 10th February, 1891.

*Additional Police Regulation under Section 19 of Ordinance 14 of
1887, approved of by the Governor in Council on the
10th day of January, 1891.*

The amount of sick leave allowed to Officers of the Civil Service having been recently regulated by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the following regulation as to the Subordinate Members of the Police Force is approved.

Any subordinate Officer or Constable detained in Hospital, or absent from duty, otherwise than for injuries received on duty, for a period of more than 30 days in one year, will for each day's detention or absence after that period be allowed half pay only, without further Hospital stoppages.

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.



H. D. Deane
Governor & Commander-in-Chief.



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 155.

The following Rules and Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 33 of *The Women and Girls' Protection Ordinance, 1890*, are published for general information.

By Command,

W. M. DEANE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 7th April, 1891.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Made by His Excellency The Governor in Council under Section 33 of "The Women and Girls' Protection Ordinance, 1890," this 6th day of April, 1891.

Interpretation.

1. Words in these Rules and Regulations shall have the meanings assigned to them by section two of the above-mentioned Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as "the Ordinance").

Registers to be kept.

2. The following Registers shall be kept at the Office of the Registrar General.

- (1.) A Register of Brothels.
- (2.) A Register of Inmates of Brothels.

Register of Brothels.

3. The Register of Brothels shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a.) The distinguishing number of the brothel.
- (b.) The situation of the brothel and its description by reference to the street, the number of the premises, and other like particulars.
- (c.) Name and address of the owner.
- (d.) Name of the keeper.
- (e.) Number of inmates for which it is certified.
- (f.) Any other particulars which the Registrar General may think fit to record.

Register of Inmates of Brothels.

4. The Register of Inmates of Brothels (hereinafter called "The Register of Inmates") shall contain the following particulars:—

- (1.) The registered number of each brothel.
- (2.) With respect to each inmate,—
 - (a.) Her name.
 - (b.) Her nationality, and in the case of Chinese the district in China to which she belongs.
 - (c.) Her age.
 - (d.) The date of her arrival in the Colony.
 - (e.) Any other particulars respecting her which the Registrar General may think fit to record.

Applications for registration how made.

5. (1.) Applications for the entry of a house upon the Register of Brothels shall be made in writing in the Form *A* in the Appendix. Every such application shall state the particulars *B*, *C* and *D* for entry on the Register, and the number of inmates by whom the brothel is intended to be used. It shall be accompanied by the written consent to the application of the owner of the premises.

(2.) On the receipt of such application, the Registrar General shall forward it to the Medical Officer appointed in that behalf by the Governor, for the purpose of obtaining his report on the sanitary condition of the premises and their structural suitability for the residence of the proposed number of inmates.

(3.) The Medical Officer shall forthwith, on the receipt of the application, inspect the premises, and report to the Registrar General whether they are or are not in a satisfactory sanitary condition and fit for the residence of the proposed number of inmates.

(4.) Where the premises are already registered as a brothel, the application shall be accompanied by a list of the names of the inmates.

Certificate of registration.

6. (1.) If the Medical Officer certifies that he has inspected the premises and is satisfied with their sanitary condition, and that they are fit for the residence of the proposed number of inmates, and if the premises are not situate in a locality where brothels have been declared by the Governor to be unlawful, the Registrar General shall enter the required particulars in the Register of Brothels, and shall deliver to the applicant a certificate of registration in the Form *B* in the Appendix.

(2.) Provided that no part of a house shall be registered as a brothel, nor any house where any trade or business is carried on, nor any house communicating by any passage, door, or otherwise with any house or room in which any trade or business is carried on, and provided also that the Registrar General may at any time refuse to register and may at any time cancel or suspend the registration of a brothel.

7. Every keeper of a registered brothel shall enter into a bond in such a sum and with such securities as the Registrar General shall think fit for the due observance by such keeper of all the requirements of this Ordinance or of any rules and regulations which shall be made thereunder. The Registrar General may at any time require the said keeper to renew any of the sureties to the said bond.

Entry of women in Register of Inmates.

8. (1.) All persons whose names are required to be entered on the Register of Inmates must be brought by the keeper to the office of the Registrar General, and no person's name shall be entered on such Register except with her consent personally given to the Registrar General.

(2.) Photographs in duplicate of all persons who are entered on the Register of Inmates of a brothel shall be supplied by the keeper to the Registrar General one to be kept in his Office the other to be retained by such registered inmate.

(3.) On an application being made to him to enter a person on the Register of Inmates, the Registrar General shall personally interview such person, with the view of ascertaining that such application is made with her consent. He shall also make the enquiries necessary for obtaining the particulars required by these rules to be entered in the Register of Inmates.

(4.) The Registrar General shall further enquire whether or not the person comes within the provisions of Part 2 of the Ordinance, and if he is of opinion that she does, shall take measures for her protection accordingly.

Removal of names from Register of Inmates.

9. If any registered inmate of a brothel desires to leave the brothel, the keeper shall forthwith bring her before the Registrar General, who shall then, after making such enquiry as he thinks fit, remove her name from the Register of Inmates. Provided that nothing shall prevent any inmate from herself applying direct to the Registrar General that her name may be removed from the Register of Inmates, which shall be forthwith done on such application.

Duty of owners.

10. It shall be the duty of the owner of a brothel to see that the premises are kept in a habitable condition, and that the latrines, drains and other sanitary appliances are kept in good order.

Duty of keeper of brothel.

11. It shall be the duty of the keeper of a brothel:—

(a.) To keep the premises clean.

(b.) To maintain decency and good order amongst the inmates and frequenters of the brothel.

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brothel.

Governor to
Inspectors.

Duty of Insp

(c.) To report at once to the Registrar General,—

- (1.) Any change of ownership of the brothel.
- (2.) Any change in the inmates of the brothel.
- (3.) Every case of infectious or epidemic disease occurring in the brothel.
- (4.) Every instance of riotous or disorderly conduct in the brothel on the part of persons not being inmates.

(d.) To see that the provisions of the Ordinance or of any rules or regulations for the time being in force thereunder are observed in the brothel.

None but registered inmates allowed to reside in brothel.

12. No woman or girl who is not registered as an inmate of the brothel shall be allowed by the keeper to reside in, frequent or visit the brothel.

This prohibition does not extend to children under the age of five years.

Children not to reside in or frequent brothel.

13. No children between the ages of five and sixteen shall be allowed by the keeper to reside in, frequent or visit the brothel.

Trade or business not to be carried on in registered brothel.

14. No trade or business shall be carried on in any portion of a house used as a registered brothel.

Rules to be hung up in brothel.

15. The keeper of a registered brothel shall keep hung up in a conspicuous place in every room of the brothel:—

- (1.) A copy, in the language of every inmate, of such of the rules and regulations for the time being in force under the Ordinance as the Governor shall direct.
- (2.) A list of the names and ages of the inmates thereof in such languages as the Registrar General may direct.
- (3.) A notice in such languages as the Registrar General may direct that every inmate is at liberty to visit the Lock Hospital for gratuitous advice and treatment if she is or fears she is diseased.
- (4.) A notice in such languages as the Registrar General may direct that every inmate may at any time leave the brothel and may at all times make complaint to the Registrar General or any officer of detention or ill-treatment on the part of the said keeper or of any person in the brothel.

Keeper to reside in brothel.

16. The keeper of a brothel shall reside in the brothel of which she is registered as keeper.

Governor to appoint Inspectors.

17. The Governor shall appoint such Inspectors under this Ordinance as he shall think fit, who shall be attached to the Office of the Registrar General.

Duty of Inspectors.

18. (1.) It shall be the duty of every Inspector periodically and at such times as the Registrar General may order to visit every registered brothel in his district, and to report forthwith to the Registrar General:—

- (a.) Any complaint made to him by an inmate of a brothel.
- (b.) Any case in which he has reason to believe that any inmate of a brothel is the subject of oppression or ill-treatment.
- (c.) Any instance of improper or disorderly or indecent conduct on the part of the inmates or frequenters of a brothel.
- (d.) Any breach or non-observance of the provisions of the Ordinance or of these rules or of any rules or regulations for the time being in force under the Ordinance, which may be reported to him or come to his notice.
- (e.) Any case in which he has grounds for suspecting the existence of an un-registered brothel.

(2.) Every Inspector shall keep a diary of his work, and shall submit the same weekly, or as often as may be required, to the Registrar General.

Sanitary inspection of
brothels to be made
biennially.

19. Every registered brothel shall be inspected twice in each year at the least by a Medical Officer to be appointed by the Governor for that purpose, who shall report to the Colonial Secretary on the sanitary condition of each brothel inspected by him, and shall make such suggestions for the amendment of the sanitary arrangements of such brothel as he may deem expedient.

20. Every registered brothel shall be liable to be inspected at all times by the Registrar General, the Colonial Surgeon, the Captain Superintendent of Police, and their deputies. Any person offering any obstacle or resistance to such inspection shall be deemed to be guilty of an offence against the Regulations.

21. The keeper of a registered brothel for persons other than Chinese shall not permit any male Chinese to enter the brothel without the permission of the Registrar General and the keeper of a registered brothel for Chinese shall not permit any person other than a Chinese to enter the brothel except as otherwise provided in the Ordinance without the permission of the Registrar General.

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.

APPENDIX.

Form A.

I, the undersigned, _____ residing at _____ hereby apply that the premises No. _____ Street in and bearing the number _____ be registered as a brothel for inmates under *The Women and Girls' Protection Ordinance, 1890*, under the management of _____ as keeper.

And I, the undersigned, _____ residing at _____ being the owner of the said premises, hereby consent to this application

(Signed),

(Signed),

Owner.

NOTE.—If the brothel is already registered, a list of the names of the inmates must be appended.

Form B.

I, _____, hereby certify that the premises No. _____ Street in _____ bearing the number _____ have been this day registered by me as a brothel for inmates under *The Women and Girls' Protection Ordinance, 1890*.

Dated the _____ day of _____ 18 .

(Signed),

Registrar General.

George Barker

Administering the Government.



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 232.

The following Regulations made by the Governor in Council are published for general information.

By Command,

W. M. DEANE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 22nd May, 1891.

REGULATIONS

for water-supply and for the Distribution thereof made under Authority of "The Waterworks Ordinance, 1890," by the Governor in Council this 21st day of May, 1891.

1. Definition (*Extract from "Water Ordinance"*). "The word *service* shall have and include the meanings."

"All pipes, valves, cisterns, cocks, fittings, any other appliances (excepting any meter as herein—"after defined) by or through which water flows or is intended to flow from the waterworks or" "which are or may be used for the purpose of supplying any tenement from the waterworks and" "which service is the property of the owner or occupier of such tenement."

2. All new services and alterations to old services are to be done in accordance with the instructions of the Water Authority.

The Water Authority whilst consulting the wishes of the consumer, as far as practicable, reserves the right to determine finally all matters concerning the construction or alteration of services, such as the diameter of the pipe to be used, the manner in which it is to be laid and the number, size, pattern and position of the taps.

3. Notice of the intention to construct a new service, or to alter or extend any existing one must be given to the Water Authority by filling in a printed form which may be obtained, on application, at the said Office. This notice must be delivered at the Office of the Water Authority addressed to the Water Authority, at least three clear days before work is commenced.

4. All new services or alterations or repairs to existing services are to be carried out to the satisfaction of the Water Authority. Pipes and fittings of approved quality only are to be used. Samples may be seen at the Office of the Water Authority.

5. No pipes, valves, or other fittings forming part of a service must be covered up until they have been inspected and tested by the Water Authority. As soon as a service has been inspected and approved, it will be connected to the waterworks, and the supply will commence. The connection will be made by the Water Authority's servants only.

6. Whenever the owner or occupier of any tenement wishes that a service should be made, altered, extended or repaired at his cost by the Water Authority, he must make application by filling in a printed form, obtainable on application at the Office of the Water Authority.

On receipt of this form, duly filled in and signed, the Water Authority will cause the premises to be inspected and will arrange with the owner or occupier as to the manner of construction of the proposed service.

7. The applicant for a service having signified to the Water Authority his acquiescence to the final arrangement, proposed by the Water Authority, the service will be constructed accordingly.

8. The Water Authority does not undertake to restore any ornamental floors, wall-surfaces or other decorations, which may be disturbed by the work.

9. On the completion of the work, the Water Authority will present to the applicant a detailed account of the cost of the work including all labour, materials and supervision.

10. The cost of services laid, altered, or repaired by the Water Authority shall be paid to the Treasury in cash in full within fourteen days of the presentation of the account.

11. The Water Authority will not be responsible for the maintenance or repair of any service constructed by the same, after the date of the account for construction.

12. The Water Authority, notwithstanding that its requirements have been complied with as regards services, does not hold itself liable for any damage that may arise in premises by bursting or overflowing. Nor will the Water Authority by any permission or act extend its responsibility beyond the main-pipes in the public thoroughfares.

13. All pipes, used in the construction of services, are to be of cast-iron of approved thickness and quality or wrought-iron both to be coated with bitumenous composition ; or galvanized wrought-iron piping (the latter however is not recommended).

14. Wrought-iron service pipes are to be of the quality known as "Best water piping" and to be of the following weights :—

Diameter	Weight
$\frac{3}{8}$ "	60 lbs. per 100 feet.
$\frac{1}{2}$ "	96 "
$\frac{3}{4}$ "	130 "
1"	212 "
$1\frac{1}{4}$ "	280 "
$1\frac{1}{2}$ "	345 "
2"	470 "

15. Cast-iron pipes are to be substantially jointed with lead and yarn. Wrought-iron pipes are to have screwed joints and sockets.

16. Lead pipes will only be permitted in new services when the water which passes through them cannot be used for drinking or cooking (down-pipes to water closets or overflow pipes from cisterns, for example). Provided always that owners of premises which are now provided with lead-services will not be compelled to remove them unless in the opinion of the Water Authority they are too weak, or otherwise defective.

17. Every service is to be provided with a strong gland stop-cock with solid bottom, either of brass or of cast-iron, if of cast-iron, the plug to be asbestos-packed, or, with a screw-down stop-cock with a loose-valve ; or, in the case of services larger than 2" in internal diameter ; with a sluice or slide-valve.

The stop-cock or valve is to be fixed under the pavement where there is one, and as near to the tenement as practicable, and it is to be provided with a cast-iron cover and lid so that it may at all times be accessible ; or, the stop-cock may be fixed above ground in the tenement immediately inside the door in some readily accessible place.

18. All draw-off taps are to be of the pattern known as "screw-down" with loose valves, not liable to turn on their seat when screwing down. Patterns of the taps may be seen at the Office of the Water Authority.

19. Every cistern, to which water is supplied from the waterworks, is to be provided with an "Equilibrium" ball-valve of approved pattern, and the ball-valve is to be so adjusted as to close the supply when the water-level in the cistern is two inches below the edge or overflow if there be one.

20. The overflow pipes of all cisterns are to be brought out to the outside of the building and must terminate in some conspicuous position, so that any leakage may be easily detected. No overflow pipe from any cistern must on any account be connected to any drain or sewer or to the waste pipe of any bath or sink or with the overflow from any other cistern. Each cistern must have a separate overflow pipe.

21. All water closets are to be provided with automatic waste-preventing flush tanks of approved pattern and under no circumstances must the service be in direct communication with any water-closet-pan, latrine or urinal. In every such case a cistern or tank must be interposed so as to prevent the possibility of any return of foul liquid or gas to the service or mains.

22. The outlet of every drawing tap must be in some open and conspicuous place, so that leakage may be easily detected ; and on no account must the outlet be below the high water level in any cistern, tank, or other vessel into which the tap delivers.

The inlet of every bath or lavatory basin must be separate and distinct from the outlet, and the inlet must be at the top of the bath.

23. No overflow pipe must be altered without the permission of the Water Authority.

24. Water will be supplied in bulk and measured by means of a meter to the following buildings or tenements :—

- (1.) Those utilized for any purpose of trade.
- (2.) Those having within their curtilage a Fountain, Hydrant, Stable, Cowshed, Piggery or other annex of a similar nature.
- (3.) Hotels, Restaurants, Lodging Houses.
- (4.) Piers and Wharves.
- (5.) Police Stations, Gaols, Markets, Slaughter Houses, Cattle Depôts and all Imperial, Colonial, Military or Naval Establishments.

25. The price of water supplied in bulk will be, until further notice, as follows :—

Quantity	Rate
For the first 50,000 gallons per quarter	at the rate of 25 cents per 1,000 gallons.
" next 200,000 "	" " 20 " 1,000 "
" " 300,000 "	" " 18 " 1,000 "
" " 1,500,000 "	" " 15 " 1,000 "
" " 8,000,000 "	" " 12 " 1,000 "

In cases where unfiltered water is supplied half the above rates will be charged.

EXAMPLE.

A consumption of 1,200,000 gallons per quarter would be charged as follows:—

50,000 gallons,	at 25 cents per 1,000.....	\$12.50
200,000 "	at 20 " 1,000.....	40.00
300,000 "	at 18 " 1,000.....	54.00
650,000 "	at 15 " 1,000.....	97.50
<hr/>		
1,200,000		<hr/>
		\$204.00

26. The following rents will be paid to the Treasury quarterly and in advance for the use of meters for one quarter or any part of a quarter, such quarter shall be considered to commence on the first day of January, the first day of April, the first day of July and the first day of October:—

2" Meter,	\$8	per Quarter.
1 1/2" "	\$6	" "
1" "	\$5	" "
3/4" "	\$4	" "
1/2" "	\$3	" "
3/8" "	\$2	" "

27. Meters will be read at such times as the Water Authority may direct, not less frequently than three times a quarter. Whenever a meter is read a memorandum of the reading and of the preceding reading will be left with the occupier of the tenement supplied through it.

28. For the purpose of calculating the quarterly consumption the difference between two readings of the meter shall be taken.

The first reading may be that observed on any day not more than ten days before or after the calendar date of the commencement of the quarter, or in the case of a newly fixed meter, the first reading of the meter.

The second reading may be that taken on any day not more than ten days earlier or later than the calendar termination of the quarters, or if the meter is removed or the supply closed during the quarter then the last reading shall be taken; and the difference between the two readings shall be taken as the quarter's water consumption. If two or more meters have been in use during the quarter then the quarters consumption shall be the sum of the quantities indicated by the meters.

Provided always that the reading used as the last reading of any quarter shall be used as the first reading of the ensuing quarter.

29. If a meter is found to be out of order; or if it be removed for repair or alteration, the fact will be noted on the memorandum, mentioned in section 26. On fixing a new meter or refixing the old meter a second memorandum will be handed to the occupier of the tenement. The consumption for the time that the meter was out of order or for the time that the service was without a meter will be calculated according to the average daily rate of consumption that obtained during the period between any two successive readings, whilst the meter was in good order, immediately preceding the removal of the meter.

30. If the consumer doubts the accuracy of the meter, which measures the water supplied to the tenement owned or occupied by him; then the meter will, on demand, be tested by the Water Authority. The consumer, or any person appointed by him, may be present when the meter is tested. The results of the test will be binding, both on the Water Authority and on the consumer; and the quantity of water indicated by the meter, from the first reading of the quarter, as defined in section 27, shall be corrected according to the results of the test.

If the meter be found to indicate correctly or if it be found to indicate too little, then a fee of \$10 shall be paid for testing.

If the meter be found to indicate too much then no fee shall be paid for testing.

31. Meters will be maintained by the Water Authority and all repairs except those caused wilfully or negligently will be made by and at the cost of the Water Authority.

32. The value of the amount of water consumed during the quarter, as ascertained in accordance with sections 26, 27, 28, will be calculated at the rate of twenty cents per thousand gallons. From the sum thus obtained a deduction will be made, equal to 3/4 per cent. on the annual valuation of the tenement, as defined under the Rating Ordinance, and the balance, if any, shall be paid to the Government Treasury. Each quarter's account shall be final, and no surplus shall be carried forward from one quarter to the next.

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Council.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.



J. D. Barker

Administering the Government.



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 288.

The following Regulations made under Section 23 of *The Waterworks Ordinance, 1890*, by the Governor in Council, this 29th day of June, 1891, are published for general information.

By Command,

W. M. GOODMAN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

REGULATIONS

Made by the Governor in Council, under the provisions of Section 23 of "The Waterworks Ordinance, 1890," this 29th day of June, 1891.

1. The Regulations made by the Governor in Council on the 11th day of August, 1890, and published in the Gazette of the 16th August, 1890, are hereby repealed as from 22nd of May, 1891, but such repeal shall not affect any liability incurred or any water-rate ascertained or calculated under such regulations.

2. The Regulations for Water supply and for the Distribution thereof, made under authority of *The Waterworks Ordinance, 1890*, by the Governor in Council, on the 21st of May, 1891, and published in the Gazette on the 22nd of the same month, are hereby amended as follows, viz. ;

There shall be substituted :—

In Regulation 29 in the second line thereof, for the word and figures "Section 26," the word and figures "Regulation 27."

In Regulation 30 in the last two lines thereof, for the word and figures "Section 27," the word and figures "Regulation 28."

In Regulation 32, for the words and figures from "The value of the amount of Water" to "per thousand gallons" the words and figures following :—

"The value of the amount of water consumed shall be ascertained and calculated in accordance with the regulations numbered 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29 of these Regulations.

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.

J. D. Barker

Administering the Government.



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 430.

The following is published.

By Command,

W. M. GOODMAN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 24th October, 1891.

ORDER

*Made by the Governor in Council under sections 6 and 7 of Ordinance
15 of 1888, this 1st day of October, 1891.*

The Governor in Council hereby directs that a general valuation, under *The Rating Ordinance, 1888*, of the rateable tenements in the City of Victoria, the Hill District, and Kowloon Point, for the year commencing on the 1st July, 1892, shall be made on or before the 30th day of April, 1892, but that, as regards rateable tenements situated elsewhere in the Colony, the existing valuation shall be adopted as that for the said year.

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.



J. Dyke Barker

Administering the Government.



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.—No. 400.

The following Rules and Regulations are published.

By Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 3rd October, 1891.

W. M. GOODMAN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Made by the Governor in Council under Section 5 of "The Vaccination Ordinance, 1890," in relation to the duties and powers of the Inspector of Vaccination, this 21st day of September, 1891.

1. The Inspector of Vaccination shall, from time to time, visit the various Vaccination Stations or places appointed under *The Vaccination Ordinance, 1890*, and shall examine the Public Vaccinators' Registers and see that they are properly kept in accordance with the said Ordinance.
2. The Inspector of Vaccination shall examine any person who is desirous of being appointed a Public Vaccinator and shall report the result thereof to the Governor in writing.
3. The Inspector of Vaccination shall also, if necessary, before any such examination give such course of instruction in vaccination to candidates for the appointment of Public Vaccinators as he may think desirable.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
HONGKONG.

A. M. THOMSON,
Acting Clerk of Councils.

PROCLAMATION.



William Robinson
Governor.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Section 8 of Ordinance 1 of 1887 intituled *The Post Office Ordinance, 1887*, it is enacted that the Governor in Council may from time to time by Order determine the rates of Postage to be charged upon all correspondence sent by Post from the General Post Office of the Colony or received therein from places outside the Colony and may revoke, alter or add to any such Order.

And whereas, by Section 9 of the same Ordinance, it is enacted that the Governor shall publish every such Order by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, and every Order when so published shall have the same effect as if it had been inserted in the above named Ordinance.

Now, therefore, I, Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, in Council do order that the Table hereto annexed be the Table of Rates of Postage chargeable and to be charged at the General Post Office of this Colony or its Agencies till further orders, and do publish such order by this Proclamation in the *Gazette*.

By His Excellency's Command,

John Meier
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Government House, Hongkong, this 12th day of April, 1893.

RATES OF POSTAGE
IN HONGKONG, AND AT BRITISH POST OFFICES IN CHINA.

TO	Letters per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Single Post Cards each.	Reply Post Cards each.	Books, Patterns, Prices Current &c. per 2 oz.	News- papers per 4 oz.	Registra- tion.	Return Receipt for Registered Article.
	<i>Cents.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>
UNION COUNTRIES,	10	3	6	2	2	10	5
except:—							
United Kingdom,	7	3	6	2	2	7	5
Macao,	2	1	2	2	2	5	5
Cochin-China,							
Japan,							
North Borneo,							
Philippine Islands,	5	1	2	2	2	5	5
Siam,							
Straits Settlements,							
Tonquin,							
NON-UNION COUNTRIES:—							
Abyssinia,	10 (c)	...	...	2	2	10 (in)	...
Africa (West Coast Native Pos- sessions),	20 (ca)	...	...	5	5	10 (in)	...
Arabia,	10 (c)	...	...	2	2	10 (in)	...
Ascension,							
Bechuanaland,							
Bechuanaland Protectorate, In- cluding—Kanye, Lake Ngami, Macloutsie, Mashonaland, Ma- tabelleland, Molepolole, Pala- chwe (Khamas Town), Sho- shong, Tati River, & Zambesi, Cape Colony,	20	3	6	5	5	10	5
China and Corea, (or from China to Hongkong),	5 (c)	1	2	2	2	5 (b)	5
Friendly Islands (Tonga Islands), Madagascar (except French Estab- lishments, viz., Ambositra, Andevovante, Fenerive, Fiara- lantsoa, Foulpointe, Ivondro, Maevatanana, Mahambo, Ma- hanoro, Mahela, Maintirano, Majunga, Mananjary, Moran- dava, Morotsangana, Nossi-Vé, St. Mary, Tamatave, Tanana- rive, Vatmandry, & Vohemar), Morocco (except Casablanca, Fez, Laraiche, Mazagan, Mogador, Rabat, Saffi, Tangier & Tetuan at each of which places the Gibraltar Post Office maintains an agency under the Postal Union regulations),	10 (ca)	...	...	2	2	10 (in)	...
Morocco (except Casablanca, Fez, Laraiche, Mazagan, Mogador, Rabat, Saffi, Tangier & Tetuan at each of which places the Gibraltar Post Office maintains an agency under the Postal Union regulations),	10 (c)	...	...	2	2	...	...
Navigators I-lands (Samoa),	10	3	6	2	2	10	...
Oil Rivers Protectorate, viz.:— Benin, Bonny, Brass, Calabar, Opobo, & Warree or Forcados, Orange Free State,	20	3	6	5	5	10	...
St. Helena,	20	3	6	5	5	10	5
Sarawak,	5 (ca)	...	...	5	5	10	...
Society Islands,	10 (c)	...	...	2 (a)	2 (a)	5 (in)	...
BETWEEN HONGKONG AND CANTON, AND FOR LOCAL DELIVERY,	2	1	2	2	2	5	5

(a) An additional charge is made on delivery.

(b) Registration in China extends to Hoihow, Canton, Swatow, Amoy, Foochow, Ningpo, Shanghai and Hankow only.

(c) Prepayment is compulsory.

(in) Registration is incomplete, not extending beyond Port of Arrival.

For Parcel Rates; see separate Table, or the Postal Guide.

G. STAFFORD NORTHCOTE,
Acting Postmaster General.

General Post Office, Hongkong.