

PROCLAMATION.

No. 1.



Amey

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas, by Regulation No. 1 of the Quarantine Regulations made by the Governor-in-Council on the 17th day of June, 1901, under section 23 of Ordinance No. 10 of 1899, it is provided that the term "port or place at which any infectious or contagious disease prevailed" means a port or place proclaimed to be such by Order of the Governor-in-Council, published in the *Gazette*, from the date of such Proclamation ;

And whereas the said Quarantine Regulations were duly notified to take effect as from the 20th day of June, 1901 ;

And whereas His Excellency the Governor-in-Council has ordered that Hoihow should be proclaimed as a port or place at which an infectious or contagious disease prevails ;

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby, with the advice of the Executive Council, proclaim Hoihow as a port or place at which an infectious or contagious disease prevails.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, at Victoria, Hongkong, this 3rd day of January, 1913.

By Command,

A. W. Johnson

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 2.



Amey

Governor.

Whereas it is expedient that the sittings of the Police Court at Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong be held elsewhere than in the building at present known as the Magistracy.

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint that, from and after the 27th day of January, 1913, the sittings of the said Court shall no longer be held in the building at present known as the Magistracy but shall be held in the Courts specified in the Schedule hereto situate in the building formerly known as the Supreme Court but to be known until further notice as the Police Court.

SCHEDULE.

1. The Court situate in the centre of the said building on the first floor thereof to be known as "The First Court".
2. The Court situate in the said building to the East of the aforesaid Court to be known as "The Second Court".

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, at Victoria, Hongkong, this 23rd day of January, 1913.

By Command,

W. Johnson

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 3.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas it is enacted by Section 10 of the Boycott Prevention Ordinance, 1912, that it shall be lawful for the Governor at any time and from time to time by Proclamation published in the *Gazette* to order that the operation of the said Ordinance or any part of the said Ordinance shall be suspended from such day and for such period as the Governor shall in such Proclamation determine.

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, in exercise of the powers vested in me by the Boycott Prevention Ordinance, 1912, and otherwise do hereby proclaim and order that the operation of the Boycott Prevention Ordinance, 1912, shall be suspended from the 7th day of February, 1913, until further notice.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, at Victoria, Hongkong, this 7th day of February, 1913.

By Command,

W. H. Murray

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 4.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas, by Regulation No. 1 of the Quarantine Regulations made by the Governor-in-Council on the 17th day of June, 1901, under section 23 of Ordinance No. 10 of 1899, it is provided that the term "port or place at which any infectious or contagious disease prevailed" means a port or place proclaimed to be such by Order of the Governor-in-Council, published in the *Gazette*, from the date of such Proclamation ;

And whereas the said Quarantine Regulations were duly notified to take effect as from the 20th day of June, 1901 ;

And whereas His Excellency the Governor-in-Council has ordered that Pakhoi should be proclaimed as a port or place at which an infectious or contagious disease prevails ;

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby, with the advice of the Executive Council, proclaim Pakhoi as a port or place at which an infectious or contagious disease prevails.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, at Victoria, Hongkong, this 28th day of February, 1913.

By Command,

Arthur Wilson

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 5.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by the Military Stores (Prohibition of Exportation) Ordinance, 1862, it is enacted that it should be lawful for His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation to be published in the *Hongkong Government Gazette* or in any *Extraordinary Gazette*, to prohibit, for such period as should be mentioned in such Proclamation, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony (amongst other things) Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, and Military and Naval Stores, and any articles which His Excellency may judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of Military or Naval Stores, or any or either of such Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Stores, Goods or Articles respectively, subject to any permission that may be obtained under Section 3 of the Ordinance:

And whereas, by various Proclamations issued from time to time, such exportation and carriage coastwise were prohibited, and remain prohibited until the 27th day of May, 1913, and it is expedient to continue such prohibition:

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony, do, by this Proclamation, prohibit for a further period of one year from and including the 28th day of May, 1913, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony, Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Military and Naval Stores, Sulphur and Saltpetre, the last two being articles which I judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of Military or Naval Stores, or any or either of such Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Stores, Goods or Articles respectively, unless this Proclamation shall, in the meantime, be revoked, or unless permission shall have been obtained under Section 3 of the Ordinance above mentioned.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of June, 1913.

By Command,

W. Robinson

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 1.



Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by the Military Stores (Prohibition of Exportation) Ordinance, 1862, it is enacted that it should be lawful for His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation to be published in the *Hongkong Government Gazette* or in any *Extraordinary Gazette*, to prohibit, for such period as should be mentioned in such Proclamation, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony (amongst other things) Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, and Military and Naval Stores, and any articles which His Excellency may judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of Military or Naval Stores, or any or either of such Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Stores, Goods or Articles respectively, subject to any permission that may be obtained under Section 3 of the Ordinance:

And whereas, by various Proclamations issued from time to time, such exportation and carriage coastwise were prohibited, and remain prohibited until the 27th day of May, 1914, and it is expedient to continue such prohibition:

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same, by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony, do, by this Proclamation, prohibit for a further period of one year from and including the 28th day of May, 1914, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong, or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony, Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Military and Naval Stores, Sulphur and Saltpetre, the last two being articles which I judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of Military or Naval Stores, or any or either of such Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Stores, Goods or Articles respectively, unless this Proclamation shall, in the meantime, be revoked, or unless permission shall have been obtained under Section 3 of the Ordinance above mentioned.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, at Victoria, Hongkong, this 21st day of May, 1914.

By Command,

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 2.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by the fourth section of the Royal Naval Reserve (Volunteer) Act, 1859, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the King on such occasions as His Majesty shall deem fit (the occasion being first communicated to Parliament or declared in Council and notified by Proclamation if Parliament be not sitting or in being) to order and direct that the Volunteers under that Act, or so many or such part of them as His Majesty may deem necessary shall be called into actual service :

And whereas by the first section of the Naval Reserve (Mobilization) Act, 1900, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the King, in case of any such order and direction, to authorize the Admiralty to give, and when given, to revoke or vary, such directions as may seem necessary or proper for calling out all or any of the said Volunteers as the occasion may require :

And whereas the King has communicated to Parliament (or has declared in Council) and notified by Proclamation that owing to the state of public affairs and the demands upon his Naval Forces for the protection of the Empire, an occasion has arisen for ordering and directing as in the said first-mentioned Act is provided :

It is hereby notified that the King has ordered and directed that the Royal Naval Reserves, or such part of them as the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty may direct, be called into actual service.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 2nd day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claude Severn

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 3.



Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same being satisfied thereof by information received by me do hereby proclaim that war has broken out between His Majesty and Germany.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 4.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Section 189 of the Army Act it is enacted that where the Governor of a Colony in which any of His Majesty's forces are serving declares at any time or times that by reason of the imminence of active service it is necessary for the public service that the forces in the Colony should be temporarily subject to the said Act as if they were on active service then on the publication in general orders of any such declaration the forces to which the declaration applies shall be deemed to be on active service for the period mentioned in the declaration so that the period mentioned in any one declaration do not exceed three months from the date thereof:

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby declare that by reason of the imminence of active service it is necessary for the public service that His Majesty's forces in this Colony be subject to the said Act for the period of three months from the date hereof as if they were on active service.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claud Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 5.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by Section 13 of the Volunteer Ordinance, 1893, it is enacted that the Governor may in case of great national emergency or in case of actual or apprehended invasion of or attack on the Colony by Proclamation call out any Volunteer Corps for actual military service, and whereas it is also enacted by the aforesaid section that the period of such service shall continue so long as the Governor-in-Council shall consider necessary and shall end only by order of the Governor.

Now, Therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same acting with the advice of the Executive Council to the effect that such calling out is necessary and should be continued for the present do by this Proclamation call out the Hongkong Volunteer Corps for actual military service until my further order.

A Magistrate or Justice of the Peace will be in attendance at the Supreme Court and at the Magistracy to enrol members of the Hongkong Volunteer Reserves as members of the Hongkong Volunteer Corps, and to enrol additional members for that corps.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claude Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 6.



F. H. May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas a state of war exists between His Majesty the King and Germany.

This Proclamation is issued to inform the inhabitants of Hongkong that His Majesty's navy will guard the Colony from an attack by the enemy in force, and that the present strength of the defences and garrison of the fortress make unlikely a raid by predatory cruisers.

All necessary measures to defeat such a raid are, however, being taken, and the Government trust that the confidence of the people will be shown by their proceeding with their ordinary business as in time of peace.

In the event of hostile vessels being sighted, three guns will be fired from the "Tamar" and the red British ensign will be hoisted on that vessel and at the masthead of the flagstaff on the Peak, and will be kept hoisted as long as the enemy is in sight.

While this signal remains hoisted the public should avoid collecting in thoroughfares and any other action likely to cause excitement or confusion.

On the retirement of the enemy the Colonial flag will be hoisted.

Further Proclamations will be issued as necessary from time to time.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claude Severn

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 7.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by sub-clause 13 of Clause III of the Order of the late Queen in Council of the 26th day of October, 1896, it is provided as follows :—

“For the purpose of determining the amount of any remuneration or compensation payable under this Order, and the prices at which any grain, article of food, coal or other fuel taken under sub-clause 9 of this Order may be sold to inhabitants, the Governor shall appoint a Board consisting of five persons, of whom one shall be a Judge or Stipendiary Magistrate, two shall be officers either in the service of the Civil Government of the Colony or in His Majesty's naval or military service, and the other two shall be inhabitants of the Colony.”

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby in pursuance of the powers vested in me as aforesaid appoint a Board consisting of five persons namely :—

FRANCIS ARTHUR HAZELAND, Puisne Judge,
EDWIN RICHARD HALLIFAX, Secretary for Chinese Affairs,
GEORGE HERBERT WAKEMAN, Land Officer,
HENRY EDWARD POLLOCK, K.C., (senior European Unofficial member of the
Legislative Council), and

WEI YUK, (senior Chinese Unofficial member of the Legislative Council),

for the purpose of the said Board determining the amount of any remuneration or compensation payable under the Order of the Queen in Council above referred to, and the prices at which any grain, article of food, coal or other fuel taken under sub-clause 9 of Clause III of the said Order in Council may be sold to the inhabitants of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claude Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 8.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by an Order of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria in Council made on the 26th day of October, 1896, it is provided that the said Order shall apply to and have effect in all or any of the Colonies specified in the schedule thereto in which it shall be proclaimed by the Governor of the Colony and shall come into operation in each such Colony on being so proclaimed therein and shall continue in operation therein until the Governor shall by proclamation declare that it has ceased to be in operation therein.

And Whereas the Colony of Hongkong is specified in the said Schedule.

Now Therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same Do Hereby Proclaim the said Order in this Colony.

ORDER-IN-COUNCIL.

AT THE COURT AT BALMORAL,
THE 26TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1896.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
LORD PRIVY SEAL. DUKE OF FIFE, K.T.
Sir FLEETWOOD EDWARDS.

It is hereby ordered by Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, as follows:—

I. This Order shall apply to and have effect in all or any of the Colonies specified in the schedule hereto in which it shall be proclaimed by the Governor of the Colony, and shall come into operation in each such Colony on being so proclaimed therein, and shall continue in operation therein until the Governor shall by Proclamation declare that it has ceased to be in operation therein.

*Canceled
of Proclamation
no 3 of 1922*

II. In this Order the words "the Colony" mean any Colony specified in the schedule hereto and its Dependencies, and the term "Governor" means the person for the time being administering the Government of the Colony.

III. So long as this Order shall be in operation in any Colony the following provisions shall have effect:—

1. Every person who shall for the time being be within the limits of the Colony shall be subject to military law for the purposes of the Army Act, and the said Act shall, subject to the provisions of this Order, be deemed to apply to such person in the same manner as if such person had been a person accompanying His Majesty's troops or some portion thereof when employed in active service beyond the seas, and such person shall, for the purposes of the said Act, be deemed to be under the command of the Officer Commanding His Majesty's troops.

Provided that a person who is by virtue of this Order subject to military law shall, unless the Governor directs otherwise, be tried by a competent Civil Court, and not by Court Martial, for any offence for which he would be triable if he were not subject to military law.

Provided also that a person who is by virtue of this Order subject to military law may, if the Governor so directs, be tried for any offence punishable under the Army Act by a Civil Court—that is to say, by a Court of Summary Jurisdiction, in a summary manner—if the offence is not punishable by death or penal servitude, and if the Court considers that it would be adequately punished by imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and in all other cases by the same Court and in the same manner as if the offence with which such person is charged were an offence against the civil law not triable by a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

2. Any declaration made by the Governor under Section 189 of the Army Act shall be deemed to apply to every military force raised in the Colony.

3. The Governor may order any person to quit the Colony or any part of or place in the Colony to be specified in such order, and if any person shall refuse to obey any such order the Governor may cause him to be arrested and removed from the Colony or from such part thereof or place therein, and for that purpose to be placed on board of any ship or boat.

4. The Governor may make any regulations or orders respecting any port or harbour, in the Colony and the movement or location of ships and boats therein or in any waters of the Colony, and any provision of any law of the Colony which may be inconsistent with any regulation or order made by the Governor under this sub-clause shall be suspended and of no effect during the continuance of such regulation or order. Provided that no such regulation or order shall be put in force in such a manner as to be prejudicial to the action of His Majesty's naval or military forces.

5. The Governor may require any person to do any work or render any personal service which the Governor may think necessary to order in aid of or in connection with the defence of the Colony.

6. The Governor may require any person to supply any animals, vehicles, ships, boats, or other personal property belonging to or under the control of such person to the Government, if such property be required in aid of or in connection with the defence of the Colony, and, in default of the person supplying the same, may seize and take possession of and retain any such animals, vehicles, boats, or other personal property for such purposes.

7. The Governor may take and retain, for such period as he may think necessary, possession for public purposes any land or building or other property, including gasworks and works for the supply of electric light, waterworks, wells, and springs of water, tanks and other receptacles of rain water, and may, if he think it necessary for the purposes of the defence of the Colony, cause any buildings to be pulled down and removed, and any property to be removed from one place to another or to be destroyed.

8. The Governor may direct that all the resources of any railway in the Colony shall be placed at his disposal for any purpose which he considers necessary in connection with the defence of the Colony, and no liability whatever shall be incurred on account of any interference with the regular traffic which may thus be occasioned.

9. The Governor may seize and take possession of any grain, article of food, coal or other fuel and mineral oils within the limits of the Colony, and may sell any grain, article of food, coals, fuel, and oils so seized and taken at such prices as may be determined by the Board hereinafter mentioned, and the moneys to be received for such sales shall be paid into the Treasury of the Colony.

10. The Governor may, by proclamation, prescribe the maximum price for which any article of food may be sold by retail, and any person who after such proclamation, and until it shall have been revoked, shall sell any article of food at a higher price than the price so prescribed shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order, and shall, on conviction thereof, be liable to a fine not exceeding 50 dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

11. The Governor may take any steps he may consider necessary in the interests of the defence of the Colony for controlling the trade in beer, wine, or spirits.

12. The Governor shall, out of the public funds of the Colony, pay to every person who shall be required to do any personal service by virtue of this Order such remuneration, and to every person whose property shall be taken, including any grain, article of food, coals, or other fuel taken by virtue of sub-clause 9 of this clause, or temporarily taken possession of or removed or destroyed by virtue of this Order, such compensation as shall be agreed on between the Governor and such person, and in default of agreement, such remuneration or compensation as shall be awarded by the Board hereinafter mentioned, whose award shall be final.

13. For the purpose of determining the amount of any remuneration or compensation payable under this Order and the prices at which any grain, article of food, coal or other fuel taken under sub-clause 9 of this clause may be sold to the inhabitants, the Governor shall appoint a Board consisting of five persons, of whom one shall be a Judge or Stipendiary Magistrate, two shall be officers either in the Civil Government of the Colony or in His Majesty's naval or military service, and the other two shall be inhabitants of the Colony. All questions referred to the said Board shall, in case of a difference of opinion, be decided by the votes of the majority of the members. The Judge or Stipendiary Magistrate shall be the Chairman of the Board.

14. The said Board, in fixing the price to be paid for articles taken under sub-clause 9 of this clause, shall not make any addition on account of the purchase being compulsory, and they shall fix the prices at which such articles shall be sold at such rates as will, except under special circumstances, recoup to the Government the cost of purchasing the same and other expenses incidental thereto.

15. Any person authorised by the Governor in writing in that behalf may enter upon and into any land, house, or other building in the Colony, and examine and inspect such land or building and every or any part thereof, and, in case of opposition or obstruction, may use force to effect such entry, examination, and inspection, and shall not be liable for any damage directly or indirectly occasioned by such forcible entry.

16. Every person who refuses or neglects to obey or comply with any order or requisition made under this Order, or does anything whereby the execution of any such order or requisition is prevented or hindered, or with intent to prevent or hinder the execution of any such order or requisition shall be guilty of an offence against this Order, and shall, on summary conviction thereof, be liable to a fine not less than 20 dollars and not more than 100 dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

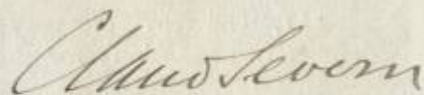
17. If any person shall, by obeying any order or requisition made under this Order, be prevented from fulfilling any contract, such person shall not be deemed to have thereby committed a breach of contract, but such contract shall be deemed to be suspended by such order or requisition so far as its fulfilment is thereby rendered impossible.

18. The Governor may by Proclamation postpone for such period as he may think necessary or just and expedient the time at which any rent or other moneys shall become due and payable, and particularly may so extend the period of maturity of bills or other negotiable instruments payable in the Colony, and may suspend for such time as he may think right the execution of the judgment of any Court of Civil Judicature and the enforcement of any process of eviction or other process for the recovery of the possession of property in default of payment of rent if he shall consider that, owing to circumstances arising out of the state of war or the immediate apprehension of war, the immediate execution of such judgments or enforcement of such process would be inequitable or inexpedient.

19. Sub-clauses 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 15 of Clause III of this Order shall not apply to any person in His Majesty's naval or military service, or to any of His Majesty's ships, or to any property belonging to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty or to the Secretary of State for War.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

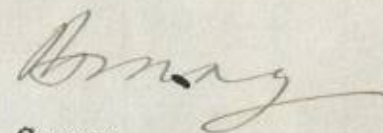


Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 9.



Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by the Military Stores (Prohibition of Exportation) Ordinance, 1862, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor-in-Council by proclamation to prohibit for such period as may be therein mentioned either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony arms ammunition and gunpowder military and naval stores and any articles which the Governor may judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of military or naval stores provisions or any sort of victual which may be used as food by man or any or either of such arms ammunition gunpowder stores goods or articles respectively subject to any permission which may be obtained under the provisions of Section 3 of the said Ordinance:

Now, therefore, I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony do by this Proclamation prohibit for a period of six months from and including the 5th day of August, 1914, either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony:—

- Ammunition and explosives, and the materials used in their manufacture.
- Animals, pack saddle and draught, suitable for use in war.
- Arms, Guns and Gun-mountings of all descriptions with their component parts.
- Arms, Rifled of all kinds, and their component parts.
- Accoutrements.
- Armour plates.
- Automobiles and petrol.
- Balloons of all kinds, kites, airships and aeroplanes, and their component parts.
- Cartridges of all kinds and their component parts, and charges.
- Fuses and detonators.
- Heliographs, signal flags, and naval and military signalling apparatus of all descriptions, including wireless telegraphy apparatus.
- Intrenching tools.
- Marine boilers and engines, including any parts thereof, locomotives and railway rolling stock.
- Materials used in ship construction.
- Mining cables and electric cables of all descriptions.
- Naval and Military stores of every description, including tents, uniforms and equipment and the articles specified in the following Lists:—

LIST A.

- Acetone.
- Acetylene, compressed.
- All lubricating Oils.
- Anhydrous ammonia, compressed.
- Benzol and Toluol.



Carbon Dioxide, compressed, and carbons required for Search-lights.
Coals, large steam.
Coals, Welsh.
Coal sacks.
Coal Tar Oil.
Cordage.
Cotton suitable for use in the manufacture of explosives.
Cotton waste.
Composition for ship's bottoms.
Creosote.
Fulminate of Mercury.
Gunpowder.
Hempen cloth.
Manufactured fuel of lubricating oil.
Oil, blast furnace.
Olive Oil.
Oxygen, compressed.
Petroleum, fuel oil, fuel oil shale.
Petroleum, gas oil.
Petroleum, spirit or motor spirit (including shell spirit).
Silk cloth, silk braid and silk thread suitable for cartridges.
Silk noils.
Structural materials.
Timber.
Zinc.

LIST B.

Asbestos.
Cables, Telegraph and Telephone.
Cement.
Chrome and ferro-chrome.
Coals not included under List A.
Compasses and parts thereof, including fittings such as Binnacles.
Copper ore, or unwrought of all kinds.
Engines and Boiler Packings.
Engines and lorries, internal combustion, capable of carrying a load of 25 cwts. and upwards, whole or in parts.
Mica.
Mines and parts thereof.
Nickel and ferro-nickel.
Sounding machines and gear.
Steam Vessels, lighters and barges of all descriptions.
Steel wire ropes and hawsers.
Swords, bayonets and other arms (not being firearms) and parts thereof.
Vulcanised India Rubber sheets.

Projectiles, of all kinds, and their component parts.
Range or position finding instruments of any description.
Search-light apparatus.
Submarine mines, torpedoes and parts thereof.
Surgical dressings and bandages.
Torpedo net defence and parts thereof.

or any or either of such respectively unless this proclamation shall in the meantime be revoked or unless permission shall have been obtained under Section 3 of the Ordinance above mentioned.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 5th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claude Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 10.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by the fifteenth section of the Volunteer Reserve Ordinance 1910 it is enacted that the Governor may by proclamation whenever it appears to him advisable to do so by reason of war cause all or any members of the Volunteer Reserve to be enrolled as members of the Volunteer Force and that all the provisions of the Volunteer Ordinance 1893 shall in so far as they are applicable extend and apply to every such member on being so enrolled to all intents and purposes as if such members had signed the engagement and taken the oath under the said Volunteer Ordinance and that every member so enrolled shall remain and continue subject to the provisions of the said Volunteer Ordinance and shall be entitled to the benefits thereof until the Governor shall by proclamation cancel such enrolment whereupon all members so enrolled shall again become subject to the Volunteer Reserve Ordinance 1910 as members of the Volunteer Reserve :

And Whereas it appears to me advisable to do so by reason of war :—

Now Therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby by this proclamation cause all the members of the Volunteer Reserve to be enrolled as members of the Volunteer Force.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 6th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claude Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 11.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same :

Whereas by the second section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as amended by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor by and with the advice of the Executive Council by proclamation to prohibit for such period as may be therein mentioned either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony arms ammunition and gunpowder military and naval stores and any articles which the Governor may judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of military or naval stores provisions or any sort of victual which may be used as food by man or any or either of such arms ammunition gunpowder stores goods or articles respectively :

And whereas by the fourth section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as renumbered by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may whilst any such proclamation is in force permit to be exported or to be carried coastwise or to be water-borne to be so exported or carried any particular articles or class of articles the export of which is prohibited by such proclamation to such persons and on such terms and subject to such conditions and regulations if any as to the Governor may seem fit and may at any time revoke or vary the terms of any such permission :

Now therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony do by this Proclamation subject to the provisions of the said fourth section of the said Ordinance prohibit for a period of six months from and including the 7th day of August 1914 to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong the following provisions and victuals namely :—

- Butter.
- Flour.
- Frozen Meat.
- Live Cattle.
- Oatmeal.
- Potatoes.
- Rice.
- Sugar.
- Tapioca.
- Tinned Milk.
- Tinned provisions of all kinds.

PROCLAMATION



Provided that this proclamation shall not apply to ship's stores.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 7th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claud Severn

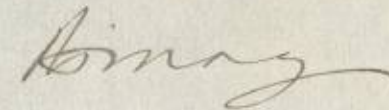
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

HONG KONG

PROCLAMATION.

No. 12.



Governor.



By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same:

Whereas by the third section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as enacted by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor by and with the advice of the Executive Council by proclamation to prohibit for such period as may be therein mentioned the exportation of all or any of the following articles namely arms ammunition military and naval stores and any article which the Governor shall judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of arms ammunition or military or naval stores to any country or place therein named whenever the Governor by and with the advice aforesaid shall judge such prohibition to be expedient in order to prevent such arms ammunition or military or naval stores being used against His Majesty's subjects or forces or against any forces engaged or which may be engaged in military or naval operations in co-operation with His Majesty's forces:

And whereas I by and with the advice aforesaid judge it expedient to prohibit the exportation of the articles hereinafter mentioned in order to prevent their being used as in the said Ordinance stated:

Now Therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony do by this Proclamation prohibit for a period of six months from and including the 8th day of August 1914 the exportation to all foreign ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Sea and on the East Coast of Asia between the twentieth and fiftieth degrees of latitude with the exception of those of France Russia (except the Baltic ports) Spain and Portugal of the following articles which I have judged capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of arms ammunition or military or naval stores that is to say:—



Aluminium.
Aluminium alloys.
Armour plates.
Armour, quality castings and similar protective material.
Asbestos.
Cables, telegraph and telephone.
Camp equipment, articles of.
Cannon and other ordnance, and parts thereof.
Carbolic acid.
Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and for machine guns, and parts thereof.
Coal, steam, large.
Compasses and parts thereof including fittings, such as binnacles.
Cresol and nitro-cresol.
Engine and boiler packings.
Explosives of all kinds.
Fuel, manufactured.
Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms, or of war material for use on land and sea.
India-rubber sheet, vulcanised.
Manganese.
Mercury.
Mica.
Mineral jellies.
Mines, and parts thereof.
Molybdenum.
Nitrates of Ammonium.
Nitrates of Potassium.
Nitrates of Sodium.
Nitric acid.
Nitrotoluol.
Picric acid and its components.
Range finders and parts thereof.
Rope, steel wire, and hawsers.
Saltpetre.
Sounding machines and gear.
Steam vessels, lighters and barges of all descriptions.
Sulphur.
Sulphuric acid.
Swords, bayonets and other arms not being firearms and parts thereof.
Tin.
Tin plates.
Torpedo tubes.
Torpedoes and parts thereof.
Tungsten.
Vanadium.
Wagons, four-wheeled, capable of carrying one ton and over.
Two-wheeled carts capable of carrying fifteen cwts. and over.
Harness and saddlery of all kinds.
Barbed wire.
Horse and pony shoes.
Materials for telegraph, wire telegraph and telephones.
Field glasses and telescopes.
Railway materials both fixed and rolling stock.
Men's marching and shooting boots.
Heliographs.
Portable forges.
Farriers, carpenters, wheelers and saddlers' tools.
Glycerine.
Alcohol as covering rectified spirits.
Uniform clothing and military equipment.
Accoutrements.
Walnut wood of scantling which can be made into rifle butts and fore-ends.

Provided that nothing in this proclamation contained shall be deemed to affect in any way the proclamation made by me under the provisions of the said Ordinance on the fifth day of August 1914.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 8th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claud Severn

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 13.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

I, Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same being satisfied thereof by information received by me do hereby proclaim that war has broken out between His Majesty and Austro-Hungary.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 13th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claude Seaman

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 14.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same :

Whereas by sub-clause 10 of Clause III of the Order of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria-in-Council made on the 26th day of October 1896 which was proclaimed in this Colony on the 5th day of August 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may by proclamation prescribe the maximum price for which any article of food may be sold by retail and that any person who after such proclamation and until it shall have been revoked shall sell any article of food at a higher price than the prices so prescribed shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the said Order and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine not exceeding 50 dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months :

Now therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby prescribe that the respective maximum prices for which the following articles of food may be sold by retail shall be as follows :—

1. Flour :—

(a.) Highest Grade.	\$ c.
per bag of 50 lbs.,	4.00
per lb., .....	.08
(b.) Second Grade.	
per bag of 50 lbs.,	3.50
per lb., .....	.07

2. Tinned Milk :—

(a.) Sweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin., .....	.30
(b.) Unsweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin., .....	.25
(c.) Sterilized Milk, per tin, .....	.25

NOTE.—In consideration of the loss sustained by discount on subsidiary coinage, 1 lb. tins of Sweetened Condensed Milk, if paid for in subsidiary coin, shall be at the rate of 32 cents per tin for purchases amounting to \$1 or less.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 18th day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claudio Severin
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

Proclamation No. 14 of the 48th August, 1914, is hereby cancelled and the following substituted therefor:—

No. 15.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same:

Whereas by sub-clause 10 of Clause III of the Order of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria-in-Council made on the 26th day of October 1896 which was proclaimed in this Colony on the 5th day of August 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may by proclamation prescribe the maximum price for which any article of food may be sold by retail and that any person who after such proclamation and until it shall have been revoked shall sell any article of food at a higher price than the prices so prescribed shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the said Order and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine not exceeding 50 dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months:

Now therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby prescribe that the respective maximum prices for which the following articles of food may be sold by retail shall be as follows:—

Schedule of Maximum Retail Prices.

1. Flour:—

(a.) Highest Grade.	\$ c.
per bag of 50 lbs.,	4.00
per lb., .....	.08
(b.) Second Grade.	•
per bag of 50 lbs.,	3.50
per lb., .....	.07

2. Tinned Milk :—

(a.) Sweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin, .....	.30
(b.) Unsweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin, ...	.25
(c.) Sterilized Milk, per tin, (18 oz.), .....	.25
(d.) " " per 1 litre tin, .....	.35
(e.) Eagle Brand, per 1 lb. tin. ....	.33
(f.) Skimmed Milk, per 1 lb. tin, .....	.20

3. Sugar :—

Cube, (in 6 lb. tins), per tin,	1.00
Refined Crystallized, per lb., .....	.12
Granulated, per lb., .....	.12
Soft, No. 1 quality, per lb., .....	.11
" No. 2 " " .....	.10

4. Frozen Meat :—

The Dairy Farm prices for frozen food and other stores published on 1st August, 1914, are the maximum retail prices for the articles enumerated in the price list of that date.

5. Market Produce :—

Butcher Meat.

	Cts.
Beef Sirloin & Prime Cut,—Mei Lung Pa... lb.	22
" Corned,—Ham Ngau Yuk	22
" Roast,—Shiu " "	22
" Breast,—Ngau Lam " "	20
" Soup,—Tong Yuk " "	18
" Steak,—Ngau Yuk Pa	24
" " Sirloin,—Ngau Lau	35
" Sausages,—Ngau Chaung... ..	26
Bullock's Brains,— " Know per set	12
" Tongue, fresh,—Ngau Li each	50
" " corned,—Ham Ngau Li. " " ..	60
" Head,—Ngau Tau	\$1.20
" Heart,—Ngau Sum lb.	14
" Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin	24
" Feet,—Ngau Kark each	12
" Kidneys,—Ngau Yiu	12
" Tail,—Ngau Mei	22
" Liver,—Ngau Kon lb.	14
" Tripe (undressed),—Ngau To	7
Calves' Head & Feet,—Ngau-chai-tau-kark. set	\$1.20

	Cts.
Mutton Chop,—Yeung Pei Kwat lb.	27
" Leg,—Yeung Pei... ..	27
" Shoulder,—Yeung Shau	24
Pig's Chitlings,—Chu Chong	27
" Brains,—Chu Know per set	24
" Feet,—Chu Kark lb.	14
" Fry,—Chu Chak	16
" Head,—Chu Tau	16
" Heart,—Chu Sum each	12
" Kidneys,—Chu Yiu	18
" Liver,—Chu Con lb.	30
Pork Chop,—Chu Pai Kwat	26
" Leg,—Chu Pei	30
" Fat or Lard,—Chu Yau	20
Sheep's Head and Feet,—Yeung Tau Kark set	60
" Heart,—Yeung Sum each	8
" Kidneys,—Yeung Yiu	12
" Liver,—Yeung Con lb.	27
Sucking Pigs, to order,—Chu Chai... ..	22
Suet, Beef,—Sang Ngau Yau	22
" Mutton,—Sang Yeung Yau	27
Veal,—Ngau Chai Yuk	19
" Sausages,—Ngau Chai Chaung	20
Lard,—Chü Yau	22

Poultry.

Chicken,—Kai Chai	32
Capons, Large, Small,—Sin Kai	32
Ducks,—Ap	18
Doves,—Pan Kau	18
Eggs, Hen,—Kai Tan per doz.	20
Fowls, Canton,—Kai... .. lb.	35
" Hainan,—Hoi Nam Kai	32
Geese,—Ngo	24
Pigeons, Canton,—Pak Kup each	30
" Hoihow,—Hoi How Pak Kup	24

	Ots.
Turkeys, Cock,—Phor Kai Kung lb.	60
" Hen, " " Na "	45
Fish.	
Garbel,—Ka Yu, "	18
Bream,—Bin Yu "	20
Canton Fresh Water Fish,—Hoi Sin Yu...	17
Carp,—Li Yu "	22
Catfish,—Chik Yu "	15
Codfish,—Mun Yu "	16
Crabs,—Hai "	24
Cuttle Fish,—Muk Yu "	18
Dab,—Sa Mang Yu "	14
Dace,—Wong Mei Lup "	15
Dog Fish,—Tit Tu Sa "	12
Eels, Conger,—Hoi Mann... .. "	13
" Fresh water,—Tam Sui Yu "	20
" Yellow,—Wong Sin... .. "	32
Frogs,—Tien Kai "	33
Garoupa,—Sek Pan "	45
Gudgeon,—Pak Kup Yu "	18
Herrings,—Tso Pak "	23
Halibut,—Cheung Kwan Kup "	28
Labrus,—Wong Fa Yu "	20
Loach,—Wu Yu... .. "	26
Lobsters,—Lung Ha "	30
Mackerel,—Chi Yu "	20
Monk Fish,—Mong Yu "	32
Mullet,—Chai Yu "	20
Oysters,—Sang Ho "	24
Parrot Fish,—Kai Kung Yu "	12
Perch,—Tau Loo "	24
Pike,—Fa Paw Fong... .. "	18
Plaice,—Pan Yu "	14
•Pomfret, Black,—Hak Chong "	28
Pomfret, White,—Pak Chong "	32

	Ots.
Prawns,—Ming Ha lb.	40
Ray,—Pai Pa Sa "	12
Rock Fish,—Sek Kau Kung "	18
Roach,—Chun Yu "	12
Salmon,—Ma Yau "	35
Shark,—Sa Yu "	8
Skate,—Po Yu "	10
Shrimps,—Ha "	24
Snapper,—Lau Yu "	32
Soles,—Tat Sa Yu... .. "	32
Tench,—Wan Yu "	20
Turbot,—Cho How Yu "	20
Turtles, small, fresh water,—Kirk Yu "	64

Fruits.

Almonds,—Hang Yan "	30
Apples, (California),—Kam Sam Ping Kho. "	20
Bananas, (bride's), Macao,—San Heung Chiu "	4
Carambola,—Yeung To "	12
Cocoanuts,—Yeh Tse each	12
Lemons, China,—Ning Moong lb.	6
" America,—Kum San Ning Moong "	8
Lichees, Dried, (small stone),—Lai Chi Con "	30
" Fresh,—Lai Chi "	9
Oranges, (Canton),—San-shing Tim Ching "	5
Pears, (Canton), Cooking,—Sa Lay "	10
Peanuts,—Fa Sang "	12
Persimmons, Large,—Hung Tsz "	18
Pine-apples, 1st quality,—Poon Ti Paw Law each	12
" 2nd " —Chung-tang Paw Law "	10
Plantain,—Tai Cheu lb	4
Plums, Swatow,—Hung Lai "	12
Pumelo, Siam,—Chim Lo Yau... .. each	18
Walnuts,—Hop To lb	15
Water Melon,—Kom San Sai Kwa... .. each	6

	Cts.
Vegetables, &c.	
Artichokes, Shanghai,—Sheung-hoi Ah Chi Cheuk	lb 6
Beans, Sprout,—Ah Choi	" 8
" Long,—Tau Kok	" 10
Beet Root,—Hung Choi Tau	each 8
Bitter Squash,—Fu Kwa	" 10
Brinjals, Green,—Ching Yuan Ka	" 10
" Red,—Hung Ker	" 8
Cabbage, Chinese, (common),—Kai Choy	" 12
" Shanghai,—Yeh Choy	" 15
Cane Shoots, bunch,—Kau Shun	lb 12
Carrots,—Kam Shun	" 8
Celery, Chinese,—Tong Kan Choi	" 12
Chillies, Dried,—Con Lat Chiu	" 30
" Red,—Hung Fa Chiu	" 18
" Green,—Ching Lat Chiu	" 12
Curry Stuff, English,—Kar Lee Chu Liu	" 10
Cucumbers,—Ching Kwa	" 2
Garlic,—Suen Tau,	" 8
Ginger, young,—Sun Tse Keung	" 6
" old,—Lo Keung	" 10
Horseradish, Shanghai,—Lik Kan	" 12
Indian Corn,—Suk Mai	each 5
Lettuce,—Yeung Sang Choi	" 1
Water Chesnuts,—Ma Tai	lb. 6
" Mandarin,—Kwai Lum Ma Tai	" 8
Mushrooms, Fresh,—Sang Cho Koo	" 35
Okroes,	" 12
Onions, Bombay,—Yeung Chong Tau	" 8
" Green,—Sang Chong	" 6
" Shanghai,—Sheung-hoi Chong Tau	" 6
Parsley,—Kun Choi	" 8
Potato, Sweet,—Fan Shu	" 3
" Japanese,—Yut Poon Shu Tsai	" 4
" American,—Fa Ki	" 10

	Cts.
Pumpkin,—Tong Kwa	lb. 4
Radish,—Hung Lo Pak Tsai	" 5
Rhubarb (Fresh),—Tai Wong	" 12
Shallots,—Con Chung Tau	" 8
Spinach,—Yin Choi	" 6
Tomatoes,—Fan Ker	" 8
Taros,—Wu Tau	" 6
Turnips, Punt, (Long),—Lo Pak	" 5
Vegetable Marrow,—Chit Kwa	" 4
" (American),—Kam-san Chit Kwa	" 5
Water Cress,—Sai Yeung Choi	" 12
" Lily root,—Lin Ngau	" 8
Yams,—Tai Shu	" 8

6. The prices of provisions imported from countries other than China (excepting those above enumerated) may not be raised more than 15% above the retail prices prevailing in the Colony on the 25th July, 1914.

NOTE.—In consideration of the loss sustained by discount on subsidiary coinage, payment for all articles of food not exceeding \$2 in value (on which a maximum price has been fixed) shall if made in subsidiary coin be subject to an additional charge of 7%.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 22nd day of August, 1914.

By Command,

Claus Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

Proclamations No. 14 of the 18th August, 1914, and No. 15 of the 22nd August, 1914, are hereby cancelled and the following substituted therefor:—

No. 16.



Francis Henry May

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same:

Whereas by sub-clause 10 of Clause III of the Order of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria-in-Council made on the 26th day of October 1896 which was proclaimed in this Colony on the 5th day of August 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may by proclamation prescribe the maximum price for which any article of food may be sold by retail and that any person who after such proclamation and until it shall have been revoked shall sell any article of food at a higher price than the prices so prescribed shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the said Order and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine not exceeding 50 dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months:

Now therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby prescribe that the respective maximum prices for which the following articles of food may be sold by retail shall be as follows:—

Schedule of Maximum Retail Prices.

1. Flour:—

(a.) Highest Grade.	\$ c.
per bag of 50 lbs.,	4.00
per lb., .....	.08
(b.) Second Grade.	
per bag of 50 lbs.,	3.50
per lb., .....	.07

2. Tinned Milk :-

(a.) Sweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin, .....	.30
(b.) Unsweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin, ...	.25
(c.) Sterilized Milk, per tin, (18 oz.), .....	.25
(d.) " " per 1 litre tin, .....	.35
(e.) Eagle Brand, per 1 lb. tin, .....	.33
(f.) Skimmed Milk, per 1 lb. tin, .....	.20

3. Sugar :-

Cube, (in 6 lb. tins), per tin,	1.00
Refined Crystallized, per lb., .....	.12
Granulated, per lb., .....	.12
Soft, No. 1 quality, per lb., .....	.11
" No. 2 " " " .....	.10

4. Frozen Meat :-

The Dairy Farm prices for frozen food and other stores published on 1st September, 1914, with all changes in prices shown in red ink, are the maximum retail prices for the articles enumerated in the price list of that date. [Approved copies signed by the Chairman and the Secretary of the Food Committee can be seen either at the Treasury or on the premises of the Dairy Farm Company in Wyndham Street.]

5. Market Produce :-

Butcher Meat.

	Cts.
Beef Sirloin & Prime Cut,—Mei Lung Pa... lb.	21
" Corned,—Ham Ngau Yuk "	21
" Roast,—Shiu " " " " " "	21
" Breast,—Ngau Lam " " " " "	19
" Soup,—Tong Yuk " " " " "	16
" Steak,—Ngau Yuk Pa "	22
" " Sirloin,—Ngau Lau "	33
" Sausages,—Ngau Cheung... .. "	26
Bullock's Brains,— " No... .. per set	12
" Tongue, fresh,—Ngau Li each	50
" " corned,—Ham Ngau Li. " "	60
" Head,—Ngau Tau "	\$1.20
" Heart,—Ngau Sum lb.	14
" Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin "	22
" Feet,—Ngau Keuk each	12
" Kidneys,—Ngau Yiu "	12
" Tail,—Ngau Mei "	20
" Liver,—Ngau Kon lb.	13
" Tripe (undressed),—Ngau To "	6

Cts.

Calves' Head & Feet,—Ngau-tsai-tau-keuk set	\$1.20
Mutton Chop,—Yeung Pei Kwat lb.	26
" Leg,—Yeung Pei... .. "	26
" Shoulder,—Yeung Shau "	24
" Saddle "	27
Pig's Chitlings,—Chü Chong "	27
" Brains,—Chü No per set	24
" Feet,—Chü Keuk lb.	14
" Fry,—Chü Chap "	16
" Head,—Chü Tau "	16
" Heart,—Chü Sam each	12
" Kidneys,—Chü Yiu "	18
" Liver,—Chü Kon lb.	30
Pork Chop,—Chü Pai Kwat "	26
" Leg,—Chü Pei "	30
" Fat or Lard,—Chü Yau "	20
Sheep's Head and Feet,—Yeung Tau Keuk set	60
" Heart,—Yeung Sam each	8
" Kidneys,—Yeung Yiu "	12
" Liver,—Yeung Kon lb.	27
Sucking Pigs, to order,—Chü Tsai "	22
Suet, Beef,—Shang Ngau Yau... .. "	22
" Mutton,—Shang Yeung Yau "	27
Veal,—Ngau Tsai Yuk "	19
" Sausages,—Ngau Tsai Cheung "	20
Lard,—Chü Yau "	22

Poultry.

Chicken,—Kai Tsai "	30
Capons, Large, Small,—Sin Kai "	32
Ducks,—Ap "	24
Doves,—Pan Kau "	18
Eggs, Hen,—Kai Tān (cooking) per doz.	20
Fowls, Canton,—Kai... .. lb.	30
" Hainan,—Hoi Nam Kai "	25
Geese,—Ngo "	33

	Cts.
Pigeons, Canton,—Pak Kap each	27
„ Hoihow,—Hoi Hau Pak Kap	24
Turkeys, Cock,—Fo Kai Kung lb.	60
„ Hen, „ „ Na	45

Fish.

Garbel,—Ka Yü,	18
Bream,—Pin Yü	20
Canton Fresh Water Fish,—Hoi Sin Yü,	17
Carp,—Li Yü	22
Catfish,—Chik Yü	15
Codfish,—Mun Yü	16
Crabs,—Hai	24
Cuttle Fish,—Muk Yü	18
Dab,—Sha Mang Yü... ..	14
Dace,—Wong Mei Lap	15
Dog Fish,—Tit To Sha	12
Eels, Conger,—Hoi Man	13
„ Fresh water,—Tam Sui Yü	20
„ Yellow,—Wong Sin... ..	32
Frogs,—Tin Kai	33
Garoupa,—Shek Pan... ..	45
Gudgeon,—Pak Kap Yü	18
Herrings,—Tso Pak	23
Halibut,—Cheung Kwan Kap	28
Labrus,—Wong Fa Yü	20
Loach,—Wu Yü... ..	26
Lobsters,—Lung Ha	30
Mackerel,—Chi Yü	20
Monk Fish,—Mong Yü	32
Mullet,—Tsai Yü	20
Oysters,—Shang Ho	24
Parrot Fish,—Kai Kung Yü	12
Perch,—Tan Lo	24
Pike,—Fa Pau Fong	18
Plaice,—Pan Yü	14

	Cts.
Pomfret, Black,—Hak Chong lb.	28
Pomfret, White,—Pak Chong	32
Prawns,—Ming Ha	40
Ray,—Pai Pa Sha	12
Rock Fish,—Shek Kau Kung	18
Roach,—Chun Yü	12
Salmon,—Ma Yau	35
Shark,—Sha Yü	8
Skate,—Po Yü	10
Shrimps,—Ha	24
Snapper,—Lap Yü	32
Soles,—Tat Sha Yü	32
Tench,—Wun Yü	20
Turbot,—Cho Hau Yü	20
Turtles, small, fresh water,—Keuk Yü	64

Fruits.

Almonds,—Hang Yan	30
Apples, (California),—Kam Shan Ping Ko.	20
Bananas, (bride's), Macao,—San Heung Chiu	3
Carambola,—Yeung To	12
Cocoanuts,—Ye Tse each	12
Lemons, China,—Ling Mung lb.	6
„ America,—Kam Shan Ling Mung	8
Lichees, Dried, (small stone),—Lai Chi Kon	30
Oranges, (Canton),—Shan-sheng Tim Ching	6
Pears, (Canton), Cooking,—Sha Li	10
Peanuts,—Fa Shang	12
Persimmons, Large,—Hung Tsz	12
Pine-apples, 1st quality,—Pun Ti Po Lo each	14
„ 2nd „ —Chung-tang Po Lo	10
Plantain,—Tai Chiu lb.	3
Pumelo, Siam,—Tsim Lo Yau... .. each	14
Walnuts,—Hop To lb.	12

Vegetables, &c.	Cts.
Beans, Sprout,—A Choi lb.	8
„ Long,—Tau Kok „	10
Beet Root,—Hung Choi Tau each	8
Bitter Squash,—Fu Kwa „	8
Brinjals, Green,—Ching Yün Kwa „	8
„ Red,—Hung Ke „	6
Cabbage, Chinese, (common),—Kai Tsoi „	10
„ Shanghai,—Ye Tsoi „	14
Cane Shoots, bunch,—Kau Shun lb.	8
Carrots,—Kam Shun „	12
Celery, Chinese,—Tong Kan Tsoi „	12
Chillies, Dried,—Kon Lap Chiu „	30
„ Red,—Hung Fa Chiu „	18
„ Green,—Ching Lap Chiu „	12
Curry Stuff, English,—Ka Li Chü Liu „	10
Cucumbers,—Ching Kwa each	2
Garlic,—Sün Tau lb.	8
Ginger, young,—Sun Tse Keung „	6
„ old,—Lo Keung „	8
Horseradish, Shanghai,—Lik Kan „	15
Indian Corn,—Shuk Mai each	5
Lettuce,—Yeung Shang Tsoi „	1
Water Chestnuts,—Ma Tai lb.	6
„ Mandarin,—Kwai Lam Ma Tai „	8
Mushrooms, Fresh,—Shang Cho Ku „	35
Okroes, „	12
Onions, Bombay,—Yeung Chong Tau „	8
„ Green,—Shang Chong „	6
„ Shanghai,—Sheung-hoi Chong Tau „	6
Parsley,—Kun Tsoi „	8
Potato, Sweet,—Fan Shü „	3
„ Japanese,—Yat Pun Shü Tsai „	3
„ American,—Fa Ki „	8
Pumpkin,—Tong Kwa „	3
Radish,—Hung Lo Pak Tsai „	5

	Cts.
Rhubarb (Fresh),—Tai Wong lb.	12
Shallots,—Kon Chung Tau „	8
Spinach,—Yin Tsoi „	5
Tomatoes,—Fan Ke „	8
Taros,—Wu Tau „	6
Turnips, Puntí, (Long),—Lo Pak „	5
Vegetable Marrow,—Tsit Kwa „	4
Water Cress,—Sai Yeung Tsoi „	15
„ Lily root,—Lin Ngau „	6
Yams,—Tai Shü „	6

6. The prices of provisions imported from countries other than China (excepting those above enumerated) may not be raised more than 15% above the retail prices prevailing in the Colony on the 25th July, 1914.

NOTE.—In consideration of the loss sustained by discount on subsidiary coinage, payment for all articles of food not exceeding \$2 in value (excepting the articles enumerated in clause 5) shall if made in subsidiary coin be subject to an additional charge of 7%.

7. Cooking Salt, 2 cents per lb.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 11th day of September, 1914.

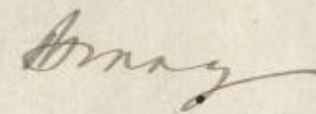
By Command,

Claude L. ...
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 17.



Governor.



By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by section three of the Prize Courts Act 1894 His Majesty in Council is authorised to make rules of court for regulating subject to the provisions of the Naval Prize Act 1864 and the said Act the procedure and practice of prize courts within the meaning of the Naval Prize Act 1864 and the duties and conduct of the officers thereof and of the practitioners therein and for regulating the fees to be taken by the officers of the courts and the costs charges and expenses to be allowed to the practitioners therein :

And whereas by section five of the Naval Prize Act 1864 it is provided that every appeal from a prize court within the meaning of that Act shall be made in such manner and form and subject to such regulations (including regulations as to fees costs charges and expenses) as may for the time being be directed by Order in Council :

And whereas in pursuance of the Prize Courts Act 1894 certain rules were made by an Order in Council dated the 18th day of July 1898 :

And whereas by an Order in Council made in pursuance of the Prize Courts Act 1894 and the Naval Prize Act 1864 and dated the 5th day of August 1914 the rules thereafter set forth were substituted for the rules made by the said Order in Council dated the 18th day of July 1898 :

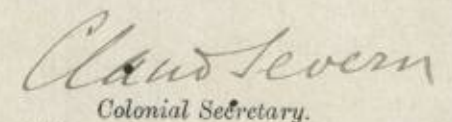
And whereas by Order XLVI of the said rules made by the said Order in Council dated the 5th day of August 1914 it is provided that so far as the said rules apply to any Court in a British Possession outside the United Kingdom they shall not come into operation until they are proclaimed in the Possession by the Governor thereof :

And whereas it is expedient that the said rules should come into operation in this Colony :

Now therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander in Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby proclaim the said rules in this Colony.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria Hongkong this 9th day of October 1914.

By Command,



Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.



PROCLAMATION.

Proclamations No. 14 of the 18th August, 1914, No. 15 of the 22nd August, 1914, and No. 16 of the 11th September, 1914, are hereby cancelled and the following substituted therefor:—

No. 18.

*This Proclamation
is revoked by
Proclamation
No. 7 of 1915*



Amay

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same:

Whereas by sub-clause 10 of Clause III of the Order of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria-in-Council made on the 26th day of October 1896 which was proclaimed in this Colony on the 5th day of August 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may by proclamation prescribe the maximum price for which any article of food may be sold by retail and that any person who after such proclamation and until it shall have been revoked shall sell any article of food at a higher price than the prices so prescribed shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the said Order and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine not exceeding 50 dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months:

Now therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same do hereby prescribe that the respective maximum prices for which the following articles of food may be sold by retail shall be as follows:—

Schedule of Maximum Retail Prices.

1. Flour:—

(a.) First Grade.	\$ c.
per bag of 50 lbs.,	4.50
per lb., .....	.10
(b.) Second Grade.	
per bag of 50 lbs.,	4.00
per lb., .....	.08
(c.) Third Grade.	
per bag of 50 lbs.,	3.50
per lb., .....	.07

2. <i>Tinned Milk</i> :—	\$ c.
(a.) Sweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin., .....	.30
(b.) Unsweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin., ...	.25
(c.) Sterilized Milk, per tin, (18 oz.), .....	.25
(d.) " " per 1 litre tin, .....	.35
(e.) Eagle Brand, per 1 lb. tin, .....	.33
(f.) Skimmed Milk, per 1 lb. tin, .....	.20

3. <i>Sugar</i> :—	
Cube, (in 6 lb. tins), per tin,	1.00
Refined Crystallized, per lb., .....	.12
Granulated, per lb., .....	.12
Soft, No. 1 quality, per lb., .....	.11
" No. 2 " " .....	.10

4. *Frozen Meat* :—

The Dairy Farm prices for frozen food and other stores published on 1st September, 1914, with all changes in prices shown in red ink, are the maximum retail prices for the articles enumerated in the price list of that date. [Approved copies signed by the Chairman and the Secretary of the Food Committee can be seen either at the Treasury or on the premises of the Dairy Farm Company in Wyndham Street.]

5. *Market Produce* :—

Butcher Meat.

	Cts.
Beef Sirloin & Prime Cut,—Mei Lung Pa... lb.	21
" Corned,—Ham Ngau Yuk "	21
" Roast,—Shin " " "	21
" Breast,—Ngau Lam " " "	19
" Soup,—Tong Yuk " " "	16
" Steak,—Ngau Yuk Pa "	22
" " Sirloin,—Ngau Lau "	33
" Sausages,—Ngau Cheung... .. "	26
Bullock's Brains,— " No... .. per set	12
" Tongue, fresh,—Ngau Li each	50
" " corned,—Ham Ngau Li. " " ..	60
" Head,—Ngau Tau "	\$1.20
" Heart,—Ngau Sum lb.	14
" Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin "	22
" Feet,—Ngau Keuk each	12
" Kidneys,—Ngau Yiu "	12
" Tail,—Ngau Mei "	20
" Liver,—Ngau Kon lb.	13
" Tripe (undressed),—Ngau To "	6

	Cts.
Calves' Head & Feet,—Ngau-tsai-tau-keuk set	\$1.20
Mutton Chop,—Yeung Pei Kwat lb.	26
" Leg,—Yeung Pei "	26
" Shoulder,—Yeung Chau "	24
" Saddle "	27
Pig's Chitlings,—Chü Chong lb.	27
" Brains,—Chü No per set	24
" Feet,—Chü Keuk lb.	14
" Fry,—Chü Chap "	16
" Head,—Chü Tau "	16
" Heart,—Chü Sam each	12
" Kidneys,—Chü Yiu "	18
" Liver,—Chü Kon lb.	30
Pork Chop,—Chü Pai Kwat "	26
" Leg,—Chü Pei "	30
" Fat or Lard,—Chü Yau "	20
Sheep's Head and Feet,—Yeung Tau Keuk set	60
" Heart,—Yeung Sam each	8
" Kidneys,—Yeung Yiu "	12
" Liver,—Yeung Kon lb.	27
Sucking Pigs, to order,—Chü Tsai "	22
Suet, Beef,—Shang Ngau Yau... .. "	22
" Mutton,—Shang Yeung Yau "	27
Veal,—Ngau Tsai Yuk "	19
" Sausages,—Ngau Tsai Cheung "	20
Lard,—Chü Yau "	22

Poultry.

Chicken,—Kai Tsai "	30
Capons, Large, Small,—Sin Kai "	30
Ducks,—Ap "	24
Doves,—Pan Kau "	18
Eggs, Hen,—Kai Tān (cooking) per doz.	24
Fowls, Canton,—Kai... .. lb.	34
" Hainan,—Hoi Nam Kai "	28
Geese,—Ngo "	24

	Cts.
Pigeons, Canton,—Pak Kap each	30
„ Hoihow,—Hoi Hau Pak Kap	25
Turkeys, Cock,—Fo Kai Kung lb.	65
„ Hen, „ „ Na	45
Snipe,—Sha Tsui each	32
Fish.	
Garbel,—Ka Yü, lb.	18
Bream,—Pin Yü	20
Canton Fresh Water Fish,—Hoi Sin Yü... ..	17
Carp,—Li Yü	22
Catfish,—Chik Yü	15
Codfish,—Mun Yü	16
Crabs,—Hai	24
Cuttle Fish,—Muk Yü	18
Dab,—Sha Mang Yü... ..	14
Dace,—Wong Mei Lap	15
Dog Fish,—Tit To Sha	12
Eels, Conger,—Hoi Man	13
„ Fresh water,—Tam Sui Yü	20
„ Yellow,—Wong Sin... ..	32
Frogs,—Tin Kai	33
Garoupa,—Shek Pan	45
Gudgeon,—Pak Kap Yü	18
Herrings,—Tso Pak	23
Halibut,—Cheung Kwan Kap	28
Labrus,—Wong Fa Yü	20
Loach,—Wu Yü... ..	26
Lobsters,—Lung Ha	30
Mackerel,—Chi Yü	20
Monk Fish,—Mong Yü	32
Mullet,—Tsai Yü	20
Oysters,—Shang Ho	24
Parrot Fish,—Kai Kung Yü	12
Perch,—Tau Lo	24
• Pike,—Fa Pau Fong	18
Plaice,—Pan Yü	14

	Cts.
Pomfret, Black,—Hak Chong lb.	28
Pomfret, White,—Pak Chong	32
Prawns,—Ming Ha	40
Ray,—Pai Pa Sha	12
Rock Fish,—Shek Kau Kung	18
Roach,—Chun Yü	12
Salmon,—Ma Yau	35
Shark,—Sha Yü	8
Skate,—Po Yü	10
Shrimps,—Ha	24
Snapper,—Lap Yü	32
Soles,—Tat Sha Yü	32
Tench,—Wan Yü	20
Turbot,—Cho Hau Yü	20
Turtles, small, fresh water,—Keuk Yü	64

Fruits.

Almonds,—Hang Yan	35
Apples, (California)—Kam Shan Ping Ko. ..	18
Bananas, (bride's), Macao,—San Heung Chiu	3
Carambola,—Yeung To	10
Cocoanuts,—Ye Tse each	12
Lemons, China,—Ling Mung lb.	6
„ America,—Kam Shan Ling Mung ..	10
Lichees, Dried, (small stone)—Lai Chi Kon ..	30
Oranges, (Canton)—Shan-sheng Tim Ching ..	5
Pears, (Canton), Cooking,—Sha Li	10
Peanuts,—Fa Shang	10
Persimmons, Large,—Hung Tsz	8
Plantain,—Tai Chiu	3
Pumelo, Siam,—Tsim Lo Yau... .. each	15
Walnuts,—Hop To lb.	15
Grapes,—Po Tai Tsz	50

	Cts.
Vegetables, &c.	
Beans, Sprout,—A Choi lb.	8
" Long,—Tau Kok "	10
Beet Root,—Hung Choi Tau each	8
Bitter Squash,—Fu Kwa "	8
Brinjals, Green,—Ching Yün Kwa "	8
" Red,—Hung Ke "	6
Cabbage, Chinese, (common),—Kai Tsoi "	10
" Shanghai,—Ye Tsoi "	14
Cane Shoots, bunch,—Kau Shun lb.	8
Carrots,—Kam Shun "	12
Celery, Chinese,—Tong Kan Tsoi "	12
Chillies, Dried,—Kon Lap Chiu "	30
" Red,—Hung Fa Chiu "	18
" Green,—Ching Lap Chiu "	12
Curry Stuff, English,—Ka Li Chü Liu "	10
Cucumbers,—Ching Kwa each	2
Garlic,—Sün Tau lb.	8
Ginger, young,—Sun Tse Keung "	6
" old,—Lo Keung "	8
Horseradish, Shanghai,—Lik Kan "	15
Indian Corn,—Shuk Mai each	5
Lettuce,—Yeung Shang Tsoi "	1
Water Chestnuts,—Ma Tai lb.	6
" Mandarin,—Kwai Lam Ma Tai "	8
Mushrooms, Fresh,—Shang Cho Kü "	35
Okroes, "	12
Onions, Bombay,—Yeung Chong Tau "	8
" Green,—Shang Chong "	6
" Shanghai,—Sheung-hoi Chong Tau "	6
Parsley,—Kun Tsoi "	8
Potato, Sweet,—Fan Shü "	3
" Japanese,—Yat Pun Shü Tsai "	3
" American,—Fa Ki "	8
• Pumpkin,—Tong Kwa "	3
Radish,—Hung Lo Pak Tsai "	5

	Cts.
Rhubarb (Fresh),—Tai Wong lb.	12
Shallots,—Kon Chung Tau "	8
Spinach,—Yin Tsoi "	5
Tomatoes,—Fan Ke "	8
Taros,—Wu Tau "	6
Turnips, Puntí, (Long),—Lo Pak "	5
Vegetable Marrow,—Tsai Kwa "	4
Water Cress,—Sai Yeung Tsoi "	15
" Lily root,—Lin Ngau "	6
Yams,—Tai Shü "	6

6. The prices of provisions imported from countries other than China (excepting those above enumerated) may not be raised more than 15% above the retail prices prevailing in the Colony on the 25th July, 1914.

NOTE.—In consideration of the loss sustained by discount on subsidiary coinage, payment for all articles of food not exceeding \$2 in value (excepting the articles enumerated in clause 5) shall if made in subsidiary coin be subject to an additional charge of 7%.

7. Cooking Salt, 2 cents per lb.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 30th day of October, 1914.

By Command,

Claus Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 19.



Henry

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same :

Whereas by the second section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as amended by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor by and with the advice of the Executive Council by proclamation to prohibit for such period as may be therein mentioned either to be exported from the Colony of Hongkong or to be carried coastwise within the said Colony arms ammunition and gunpowder military and naval stores and any articles which the Governor may judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of military or naval stores provisions or any sort of victual which may be used as food by man or any or either of such arms ammunition gunpowder stores goods or articles respectively :

And whereas by the fourth section of the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1862 as renumbered by the Military Stores (Exportation) Ordinance 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may whilst any such proclamation is in force permit to be exported or to be carried coastwise or to be water-borne to be so exported or carried any particular articles or class of articles the export of which is prohibited by such proclamation to such persons and on such terms and subject to such conditions and regulations if any as to the Governor may seem fit and may at any time revoke or vary the terms of any such permission :

Now therefore I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same by and with the advice of the Executive Council of this Colony do by this Proclamation subject to the provisions of the said fourth section of the said Ordinance prohibit for a period of six months from and including the 30th day of October 1914 the exportation

1. Except to British Ports of the following, namely,
 - (a) rubber, and graphite suitable for the manufacture of crucibles



2. To all foreign ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Sea with the exception of those of France Russia (except the Baltic ports) Spain and Portugal of the following articles

- (a) All foodstuffs, and raw materials for foodstuffs, for man and beast
- (b) Copra, palm kernels and cocoa beans
- (c) All articles mentioned in Government Notification No. 358 published in the *Gazette* on the 16th September 1914
- (d) Motors of all kinds, motor tyres, range finders, nickel and nickel ore, chrome ore and woolled sheep skins

Provided that nothing in this proclamation contained shall be deemed to affect in any way the proclamations made by me under the provisions of the said Ordinance on the 5th day of August 1914 and the 8th day of August 1914.

Provided also that this proclamation shall not apply to ship's stores.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 30th day of October 1914.

By Command,

Claus Severn

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 20.



Amoy

Governor.

By His Excellency Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same :

Whereas by Section 189 of the Army Act it is enacted that where the Governor of a Colony in which any of His Majesty's forces are serving declares at any time or times that by reason of the imminence of active service or of the recent existence of active service it is necessary for the public service that the forces in the Colony should be temporarily subject to the said Act as if they were on active service then on the publication in general orders of any such declaration the forces to which the declaration applies shall be deemed to be on active service for the period mentioned in the declaration so that the period mentioned in any one declaration do not exceed three months from the date thereof :

And Whereas by declaration made on the 5th day of August 1914 it was declared by Proclamation published in the *Government Gazette Extraordinary* dated the 5th day of August 1914 to be necessary for the public service that His Majesty's forces in the Colony be subject to the said Act for the period of three months from the date thereof as if they were on active service :

And Whereas the said period of three months expires to-day Now, therefore, I Sir FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same being of opinion that the necessity of His Majesty's forces in the Colony being subject to the said Act continues do hereby declare that by reason of the imminence of active service it is necessary for the public service that His Majesty's forces in this Colony be subject to the said Act for the further period of three months from the date hereof as if they were on active service.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this 4th day of November 1914.

By Command,

Charles Severn
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.