



EMERGENCY REGULATIONS ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 241).

**EMERGENCY (DEPORTATION AND DETENTION)
(AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 1963.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Emergency Regulations Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Emergency (Deportation and Detention) (Amendment) Regulations, 1963. Citation.

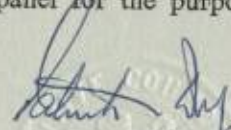
2. Regulation 3 of the Emergency (Deportation and Detention) Regulations, 1962 is revoked and replaced by the following— Revocation and replacement of regulation 3.

^{*Advisory Tribunals.} 3. (1) For the purposes of these regulations, there shall be a tribunal or tribunals and every tribunal shall be called a Deportation and Detention Advisory Tribunal (hereinafter referred to as a Tribunal). (G.N.A. 50/62).

(2) Every Tribunal shall be composed of a President or a President sitting with one or two members selected by the President from the panel appointed under paragraph (4).

(3) A President of a Tribunal shall be a judicial officer or barrister or solicitor appointed by the Chief Justice.

(4) The Governor may appoint such persons as he thinks fit to be members of a panel for the purposes of this regulation."


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
25th June, 1963.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

These regulations revoke and replace regulation 3 of the Emergency (Deportation and Detention) Regulations, 1962 so as to allow a Tribunal under those regulations to consist either of a President sitting alone or, at a President's discretion, of a President and additional members from a panel. The change is made owing to the difficulty of obtaining sufficient panel members to enable the Tribunal properly to discharge its functions.

(Secretariat CR1/2706/58)

BUILDINGS ORDINANCE, 1955.

(No. 68 of 1955).

BUILDING (PLANNING) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Buildings Ordinance, 1955, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Building (Planning) (Amendment) Regulations, 1963. Citation.

2. Regulation 22 of the Building (Planning) Regulations, 1956 (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations) is amended by the deletion from sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of the words and commas “, other than an island site,”. Amendment of regulation 22. (G.N.A. 37/56).

3. The Second Schedule to the principal regulations is amended by the deletion from item 3 of the words and comma “, other than an island site”. Amendment of Second Schedule.



Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
25th June, 1963.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The Building (Planning) Regulations, 1956, were amended in 1962 so as, *inter alia*, to require the provision of a greater amount of open space around domestic buildings. It was always intended that the amount of open space to be provided around a domestic building on an island site should be the same as that to be provided around such a building on a corner site abutting on three streets, but for reasons that cannot now be accounted for island sites were specifically excluded from the operation of the relevant provisions. These regulations cure the defect.

(Secretariat BL3/742/60)



LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

BANK NOTES ISSUE ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 65).

Resolution made and passed by the Legislative Council on the 3rd day of July, 1963.

Resolved, pursuant to the proviso to section 5 of the Bank Notes Issue Ordinance, Chapter 65, that this Council hereby extends the powers of all the note-issuing banks to make, issue or re-issue and circulate notes until and including the 12th day of July, 1964.

C. G. S. S.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

3rd July, 1963.

(Secretariat FIN52/2524/45)



REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.

(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)

(NO. 25) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons (Re-registration) (No. 25) Order, 1963. Citation.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder. Category of persons required to re-register. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong, Kowloon or Tsuen Wan, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,005,001 to 1,015,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,


Colonial Secretary.

3rd July, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)



SECRET
HONG KONG
SECRETARIAT
FINANCIAL SECRETARY
HONG KONG



STAMP ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 117).

STAMP (BANK AUTHORIZATION) (NO. 3) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the power vested in me by section 15 of the Stamp Ordinance, I hereby make the following Order—

ORDER.

1. This Order may be cited as the Stamp (Bank Authorization) Citation. (No. 3) Order, 1963.

2. The bank specified in the Schedule to this Order is hereby authorized to compound for the payment of duty on unstamped cheques subject to the conditions stated in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Ordinance.

Specified bank authorized to compound for the payment of certain duty.

SCHEDULE.

Bank Negara Indonesia

Acting Financial Secretary.

3rd July, 1963.

(Secretariat FIN18/2321/49)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 26) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation. (Re-registration) (No. 26) Order, 1963.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder.

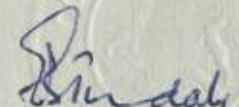
Category of persons required to re-register.
(18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong, Kowloon or Tsuen Wan, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,015,001 to 1,025,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,



Colonial Secretary.

10th July, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)

PROCLAMATION

No. 7 of 1963.



Governor.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY SIR ROBERT BROWN BLACK, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hong Kong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS by section 1 of the Arbitration Ordinance, 1963 (No. 22 of 1963), it is provided that Part III of the said Ordinance shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by Proclamation in the *Gazette*:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ROBERT BROWN BLACK, do hereby PROCLAIM that the said Part III of the said Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of August, 1963.

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of Hong Kong this 12th day of July, 1963.

Published by His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.


(Secretariat GR1/3281/63)





PROCLAMATION

No. 8 of 1963.



Robert Brown Black

Governor.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY SIR ROBERT BROWN BLACK, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hong Kong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

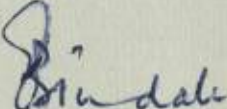
WHEREAS—

- (a) by section 12 of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, Chapter 15, it is provided that where the Governor is satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made by the legislature of any British possession or any territory under Her Majesty's protection or any country for the enforcement within such possession, territory or country of maintenance orders made by the courts in Hong Kong, the Governor may by proclamation extend such Ordinance to such possession, territory or country;
- (b) I am satisfied that the legislature of the Republic of South Africa has made reciprocal provisions as aforesaid:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ROBERT BROWN BLACK, do hereby PROCLAIM that the said Ordinance shall extend to the Republic of South Africa as from the 1st day of September, 1963.

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of Hong Kong this 16th day of July, 1963.

Published by His Excellency's Command,


Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

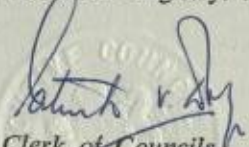
(Secretariat GR3/2731/55)

BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ORDINANCE.
(Chapter 174).

BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION (AMENDMENT OF
FIRST SCHEDULE) (NO. 2) REGULATIONS, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Births and Deaths Registration (Amendment of First Schedule) (No. 2) Regulations, 1963. Citation.
2. The First Schedule to the Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance is amended, under the heading "BIRTH REGISTER OFFICES"— Amendment of First Schedule. (Cap. 174).
 - (a) by the deletion, from item 14, of the words and comma "Tai Po," and
 - (b) by the addition, after item 22, of the following new item—
"23. Tai Po Tai Po District Birth Registry."


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
16th July, 1963.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The effect of these regulations is to change the place at which births may be registered in the Tai Po District from the Tai Po Rural Committee Offices to the Registrar General's Department office in Ting Kok Building, Tai Po.

(Secretariat GR19/3231/48)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

**REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 27) ORDER, 1963.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation. (Re-registration) (No. 27) Order, 1963.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder.

Category of persons required to re-register.
(18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong, Kowloon or Tsuen Wan, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,025,001 to 1,035,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,



Jim de la
Colonial Secretary.

17th July, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

**REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 28) ORDER, 1963.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation. (Re-registration) (No. 28) Order, 1963.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder.

Category of persons required to re-register. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong and Kowloon, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,035,001 to 1,045,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,



B. M. Dale
Colonial Secretary.

23rd July, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)



REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 29) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons (Re-registration) (No. 29) Order, 1963. Citation.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to re-register in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder. Persons required to re-register. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every holder of any identity card issued before 1st June, 1960, resident in the undermentioned villages in the New Territories, and the family, if any, of such holder.

KAM TIN SUB-DISTRICT (錦田)

District Serial No.	Place Name	District Serial No.	Place Name
1.	Fung Kat Heung (逢吉鄉)	8.	Sha Po (沙埔) (Wong, Chan, Yau Tsuen) (黃陳游村)
2.	Kam Hing Wai (錦慶圍)	9.	Shui Mei Tsuen (水尾村)
3.	Ko Po (高埔)	10.	Shui Tau Tsuen (水頭村)
4.	Kam Tin San Tsuen (錦田新村)	11.	Tai Hong Wai (太康圍)
5.	Kat Hing Wai (吉慶圍)	12.	Chi Tong Tsuen (祠堂村)
6.	Pak Pin Tsuen (北邊村)	13.	Wing Lung Wai (永隆圍)
7.	Sha Po Ng Tsuen (沙埔伍村)		

PAT HEUNG SUB-DISTRICT (八鄉)

14.	Cheung Kong (長江村)	27.	Sheung Che (上峯村)
15.	Cheung Po (長埔村)	28.	Sheung Tsuen (上村)
16.	Chuk Hang (竹坑村)	29.	Shui Lau Tin (水流田)
17.	Ha Che (下峯村)	30.	Shui Tsan Tin (水蒸田)
18.	Ho Pui (河背村)	31.	Ta Shek Wu (打石湖)
19.	Kam Chin Wai (金錢圍)	32.	Tai Kong Po (大江埔)
20.	Kap Lung (甲龍村)	33.	Tai Wo (大窩村)
21.	Lin Fa Tei (蓮花地)	34.	Tin Shum (田心村)
22.	Ma On Kong (馬鞍崗)	35.	Tsat Sing Kong (七星崗)
23.	Ng Ka Tsuen (吳家村)	36.	Wang Toi Shan (橫台山)
24.	Ngau Keng (牛徑村)	37.	Yuen Kong (元崗村)
25.	Pang Ka Tsuen (彭家村)	38.	Yuen Kong (San Tsuen) (元崗新村)
26.	Shek Wu Tong (石湖塘)		

HA TSUEN SUB-DISTRICT (厦村)

District Serial No.	Place Name	District Serial No.	Place Name
39.	Fung Kong (鳳降村)	46.	Sai Shan (西山)
40.	Ha Tsuen San Wai (厦村新圍)	47.	San Uk (新屋)
41.	Ha Tsuen Shi (厦村市)	48.	Sik Kong Tsuen (錫降村)
42.	Hong Mei (巷尾村)	49.	Sik Kong Wai (錫降圍)
43.	Lei Uk (李屋)	50.	Tin Shum (田心)
44.	Lo Uk (羅屋)	51.	Tseung Kong Wai (祥降圍)
45.	Pak Nai (白泥村)		

By Command,



23rd July, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)

PUBLIC HEALTH AND URBAN SERVICES ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 30 of 1960).

HAWKER (AMENDMENT) BY-LAWS, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 83 of the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960, the Urban Council has made the following by-laws—

1. These by-laws may be cited as the Hawker (Amendment) Citation. By-laws, 1963.

2. By-law 21 of the Hawker By-laws, 1960 (hereinafter referred to as the principal by-laws) is amended, in the proviso to paragraph (1)— Amendment of by-law 21. (G.N.A. 108/60).

(a) by the deletion, in sub-paragraph (b), of the word "or";

(b) by the deletion, in sub-paragraph (c), of the full stop and the substitution therefor of the following—

“; or”; and

(c) by the insertion, after sub-paragraph (c), of the following new sub-paragraph—

“(d) wall stalls.”

3. The First Schedule to the principal by-laws is amended—

(a) by the insertion, after paragraph 3, of the following new paragraph— Amendment of First Schedule.

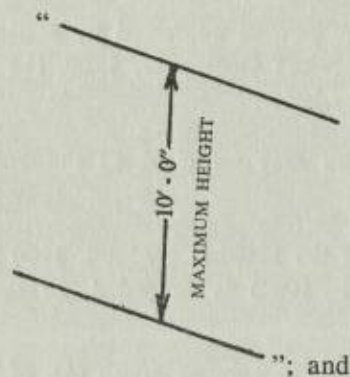
“Wall stalls.

3A. (1) Every wall stall shall consist of a structure as shown in Diagram VA and shall be sited in the place endorsed on the licence which shall be such as to cause no obstruction to any window opening, entrance, staircase or other means of egress from any building.

(2) No wall stall shall exceed 10 feet in height above ground level nor shall it extend more than 1 foot 6 inches from the structure against which it rests nor exceed the length endorsed upon the licence relating thereto.

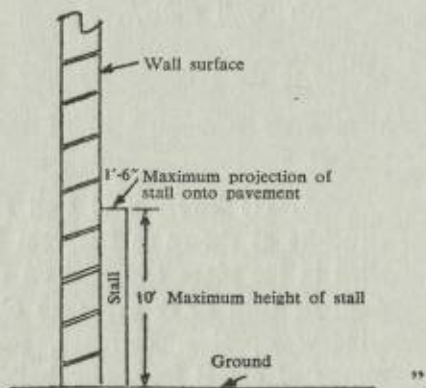
(3) Every wall stall shall be rectangular in shape.”;

- (b) in Diagram IV, by the deletion of the scale of measurement of height drawn on the left hand side of the diagram and the substitution thereof of the following scale of measurement—



- (c) by the insertion, after Diagram V, of the following new diagram—

“DIAGRAM VA.
 WALL STALL.



Made by the Urban Council this 2nd day of July, 1963.

[Signature]
 Secretary.

Approved by the Legislative Council this 31st day of July, 1963.

[Signature]

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
 31st July, 1963.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the by-laws, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The effect of these by-laws is to restrict the height and depth of wall stalls to 10 feet and 18 inches respectively. The length of the stall and consequently its total display area will vary with the length of the site available.

Opportunity has been taken to correct an error in the maximum height permitted for general purpose stalls as shown in Diagram IV which should have been shown as 10 feet and not 8 feet 6 inches.

(Secretariat GR5/3231/60II)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 30) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation. (Re-registration) (No. 30) Order, 1963.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder.

Category of persons required to re-register.
(18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong or Kowloon, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,045,001 to 1,055,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,


Colonial Secretary.



31st July, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 31) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation. (Re-registration) (No. 31) Order, 1963.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder.

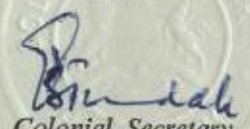
Category of persons required to re-register. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong or Kowloon, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,055,001 to 1,065,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,


Colonial Secretary.

7th August, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)



REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

**REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (CANCELLATION OF
REGISTRATION AND IDENTITY CARDS) ORDER, 1963.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by provisos (vi) and (vii) to section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation.
(Cancellation of Registration and Identity Cards) Order, 1963.

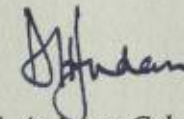
2. Any person affected by the Order specified in the Schedule shall, with effect from the 16th September, 1963, cease to be deemed to be registered under the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960 and any identity card held by such person shall with effect from such date cease to be deemed to have been issued under the provisions of that Ordinance.

Cancellation of registration and identity cards in certain cases.
(18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Registration of Persons (Re-registration) (No. 7) Order, 1961.

By Command,



Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary.

14th August, 1963.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport).

This Order affects only those persons who were in possession of old identity cards issued under the Registration of Persons Ordinance, Chapter 177, repealed by the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, in the following series—

238,001 to 243,000

and who have failed by the 16th September, 1963, to have re-registered in compliance with the appropriate Order specified in the Schedule. The effect of this Order will be to render any old identity card in possession of any such person invalid and to cause him to become an unregistered person with effect from the said date.

(Secretariat D/RPO)



REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 32) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation. (Re-registration) (No. 32) Order, 1963.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder.

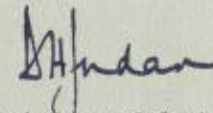
Category of persons required to re-register. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong or Kowloon, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,065,001 to 1,075,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,



Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary.

14th August, 1963.

(Secretariat D/RPO)

STAMP ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 117).

STAMP (BANK AUTHORIZATION) (NO. 4) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the power vested in me by section 15 of the Stamp Ordinance, I hereby make the following Order:—

ORDER.

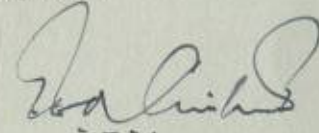
1. This Order may be cited as the Stamp (Bank Authorization) Citation. (No. 4) Order, 1963.

2. The bank specified in the Schedule to this Order is hereby authorized to compound for the payment of duty on unstamped cheques subject to the conditions stated in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Ordinance.

Specified bank authorized to compound for the payment of certain duty.

SCHEDULE.

Equitable Banking Corporation



Acting Financial Secretary.

16th August, 1963.

(Secretariat FIN18/2321/49)

**HONG KONG AND YAUMATI FERRY COMPANY
(SERVICES) ORDINANCE, 1951.**

(No. 11 of 1951).

Resolution made and passed by the Legislative Council under section 5 of the Hong Kong and Yaumati Ferry Company (Services) Ordinance, 1951, on the 21st day of August, 1963.

WHEREAS—

- (a) section 4 of the Hong Kong and Yaumati Ferry Company (Services) Ordinance, 1951 (hereinafter referred to as the Ordinance) provides that the ferry services authorized by the Ordinance shall be maintained and operated upon the terms and conditions specified in the Schedule thereto;
- (b) section 5 of the Ordinance provides that the Schedule thereto may be varied at any time, with the consent of the Company, by resolution of the Legislative Council;
- (c) it is now desired that the Schedule to the Ordinance be varied to provide for the operation by the Company of three ferry services across the harbour, namely, the services between Kowloon City Ferry Pier and North Point Ferry Pier (east berth), between Hung Hom Reclamation (berth No. 1) and North Point Ferry Pier (west berth) and between Tonnochy Road Ferry Pier and Hung Hom Reclamation (berth No. 2);
- (d) the Company has consented to the amendment of the Schedule to provide for such services:

Now, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, with the consent of the Company, that—

- (a) the Schedule to the Ordinance be amended—
 - (i) by the deletion of the full stop at the end of paragraph 2 and the substitution therefor of a colon and the addition thereto of the following—

“And provided further that in respect of the North Point Ferry Pier there shall be reserved to the Government the exclusive use of the Marine Department Signal Station at the end of the said pier together with access thereto by such persons and at such times as shall be necessary for the proper working of the said Signal Station.”;

(ii) by the deletion, in paragraph 3, of sub-paragraph (1) and the substitution therefor of the following—

“(1) The Company shall pay as pier rent to the Government for the use of the piers specified in this paragraph the total sum of \$58,400.00 a month inclusive of rates. The said rent shall be payable in advance on the first day of each month and shall be apportioned among the piers as follows—

(a) Jubilee Street Ferry Pier	\$22,000
(b) Jordan Road Ferry Pier	13,500
(c) Mong Kok Ferry Pier	2,500
(d) Sham Shui Po Ferry Pier	2,500
(e) Tonnochy Road Ferry Pier	2,000
(f) Wilmer Street Ferry Pier	3,000
(g) Cheung Chau Ferry Pier	400
(h) Stewart Road Ferry Pier	1,500
(i) Kowloon City Ferry Pier	5,000
(j) North Point Ferry Pier	6,000
	\$58,400

(iii) by the insertion in sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5, after the words “payable as royalty”, of the following—

“or as monthly fee”;

(iv) by the addition, after paragraph 5, of the following new paragraph—

“5A. The Company shall pay to the Government, for the exclusive right to operate a passenger ferry service between North Point and Hung Hom as hereinafter provided, in addition to the pier rent in accordance with paragraph 3 and the royalty of twenty-five per cent of the net profit of the Company in accordance with paragraph 5, a monthly fee of \$20,000.00 payable in advance on or before the first day of each month.”; and

(v) by the deletion of Appendix I and the substitution therefor of the following—

“APPENDIX I.

FERRY RUNS.

- (a) Jubilee Street Pier — Jordan Road Pier.
 (b) Jubilee Street Pier — Mong Kok Pier.
 (c) Jubilee Street Pier — Sham Shui Po Pier.

- (d) Stewart Road Pier — Jordan Road Pier.
 (e) Wilmer Street Pier — Sham Shui Po Pier.
 (f) Jubilee Street Pier — Cheung Chau Pier.
 (g) Jubilee Street Pier — Silvermine Bay.
 (h) Wilmer Street Pier — Aberdeen — Cheung Chau Pier.
 (i) Wilmer Street Pier — Aberdeen — Tai O.
 (j) Jubilee Street Pier — Peng Chau — Silvermine Bay — Cheung Chau Pier.
 (k) Jubilee Street Pier — Kap Shui Mun — Castle Peak — Tung Chung — Tai O.
 (l) Jubilee Street Pier — Tai O.
 (m) Tonnochy Road Pier — Kowloon City Pier.
 (n) Tai Po Kau, Shap Sz Heung, Sham Chung, Lai Chi Chong, Tai Tan, Chek Keng, Kau Lau Wan, Tap Mun.
 (o) North Point Ferry Pier — Kowloon City Ferry Pier.
 (p) North Point Ferry Pier — Hung Hom Reclamation.
 (q) Tonnochy Road Ferry Pier — Hung Hom Reclamation.

FERRY PIERS AND FRONTAGES.

<i>Ferry Piers</i>	<i>Frontages</i>
Jubilee Street Pier	Praya from Gilman Street to Pottinger Street.
Jordan Road Pier	North side of Waterloo Road to the southern boundary of Kowloon Marine Lot No. 10, as such boundary existed on the 1st day of October, 1959.
Mong Kok Pier	North side of Waterloo Road to Prince Edward Road.
Sham Shui Po Pier	North side of Prince Edward Road to north-west boundary of Military Camp, Sham Shui Po.
Tonnochy Road Pier	Western entrance Causeway Bay Typhoon Shelter to eastern boundary of Royal Naval Dockyard.
Wilmer Street Pier	Praya from Gilman Street to Cadogan Street.
Cheung Chau Pier	The shore of Cheung Chau Island.
Kowloon City Pier	Eastern side of Gillies Avenue to south-western boundary of Kai Tak Airport.
Stewart Road Pier	Western entrance Causeway Bay Typhoon Shelter to the eastern boundary of the Royal Naval Dockyard.
North Point Ferry Pier	East side of the Healthy Street West and the west side of Tong Shui Road.
Hung Hom Reclamation (Berth No. 1 and Berth No. 2).	The southern extremity of Whampoa Street and the east boundary of the property known as “Holts’ Wharf”.

FERRY POINTS AND FRONTAGES.

<i>Ferry Points</i>	<i>Frontages</i>
Aberdeen	The whole of the village of Aberdeen to the east of Aberdeen Wholesale Fish Market.
Silvermine Bay	The eastern and western shores of Lantau Island.
Tai O	The north western shores of Lantau Island.
Peng Chau	The shore of Peng Chau Island.
Kap Shui Mun	The shore of Mah Wan Island.
Tung Chung	The north western shores of Lantau Island.
Castle Peak	The shore three miles either side of the Public Pier at Castle Peak.
Tai Po Kau	Mainland foreshore from Island House to Ma Liu Shui point.
Shap Sz Heung	Mainland foreshore from western extremity U Kwai Sha Tsui to Boulder Point.
Sham Chung	
Lai Chi Chong	
Tai Tan	
Chek Keng and Kau Lau Wan	
Tap Mun	Foreshore of Tap Mun."; and

(b) these amendments shall come into operation on the 1st day of September, 1963.

C. R. S. T. E.
Deputy Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
21st August, 1963.
(Secretariat GR6/5481/50)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)
(NO. 33) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons (Re-registration) (No. 33) Order, 1963. Citation.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder. Category of persons required to re-register. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every person being resident in Hong Kong or Kowloon, being the holder of an Identity Card which bears a registration number in the series 1,075,001 to 1,085,000 and the family, if any, of such holder.

This Order does not apply to old Identity Cards bearing the suffix "A".

By Command,


Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary.

21st August, 1963.
(Secretariat D/RPO)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (CANCELLATION OF
REGISTRATION AND IDENTITY CARDS) (NO. 2) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by provisos (vi) and (vii) to section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

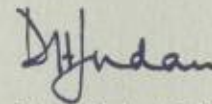
1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation.
(Cancellation of Registration and Identity Cards) (No. 2) Order, 1963.

2. Any person affected by the Order specified in the Schedule shall, with effect from the 23rd September, 1963, cease to be deemed to be registered under the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960 and any identity card held by such person shall with effect from such date cease to be deemed to have been issued under the provisions of that Ordinance. Cancellation of registration and identity cards in certain cases. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Registration of Persons (Re-registration) (No. 8) Order, 1961.

By Command,



Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary.

21st August, 1963.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport).

This Order affects only those persons who were in possession of old identity cards issued under the Registration of Persons Ordinance, Chapter 177, repealed by the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, in the following series—

243,001 to 253,000

and who have failed by the 23rd September, 1963, to have re-registered in compliance with the appropriate Order specified in the Schedule. The effect of this Order will be to render any old identity card in possession of any such person invalid and to cause him to become an unregistered person with effect from the said date.

(Secretariat D/RPO)

DISTRICT COURT (CIVIL JURISDICTION AND PROCEDURE)
ORDINANCE, 1962.

(No. 22 of 1962).

DISTRICT COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE (FORMS) RULES, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 of the District Court (Civil Jurisdiction and Procedure) Ordinance, 1962, the District Court Rules Committee has made the following rules—

1. These rules may be cited as the District Court Civil Procedure (Forms) Rules, 1963, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of September, 1963. Citation and commencement.
2. (1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.
"Court" means the District Court and any judge of the Court sitting in court or in chambers.
(2) Any word or expression which is not defined in the Ordinance or in these rules shall have the meaning assigned to it by the Code.
3. The proceedings described in the First Schedule shall be commenced in the Court by the issue of the process appearing in that Schedule against such proceedings. Commencement of proceedings.
First Schedule.
4. (1) The forms set forth in the Second Schedule shall be used in the Court in the cases to which they respectively have reference, with such variations and additions as the circumstances of the particular case may require, and shall, as regards the form thereof, be valid and sufficient. Forms.
Second Schedule.
(2) Where no appropriate form is prescribed by these rules or by any other enactment, the appropriate form for the time being prescribed by or under rule 23 of Order XXXI of the Code, with such modifications therein as are necessary to make such form applicable to the Court or as the circumstances of the particular case may require, shall be the prescribed form for the purpose of these rules, and shall, as regards the form thereof, be valid and sufficient.
5. Notwithstanding the provisions of rules 3 and 4, any proceedings commenced before the commencement of these rules may be continued by use of such forms as were in use in the Court prior to such commencement. Transitional.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

[rule 3.]

Section.	Proceedings	Process
3.	Contract or tort.	Writ of Summons.
4.	Penalty, expenses, contribution or other like demand recoverable by virtue of any enactment, etc.	Writ of Summons.
6.	For recovery of land.	Writ of Summons.
7.	Title of hereditament.	Writ of Summons.
8.	Equity jurisdiction—	
	(a) The administration of the estate of a deceased person.	Originating Summons.
	(b) Execution of trust, etc.	Originating Summons.
	(c) Foreclosure or redemption of mortgage, etc.	Originating Summons.
	(d) Proceedings for the specific performance or rectification, etc. of any agreement for the sale, purchase or lease of any property.	Writ of Summons.
	(e) Maintenance or advancement of an infant.	Originating Summons.
	(f) Dissolution or winding up of any partnership.	Petition.
	(g) Relief against any fraud or mistake.	Petition.
	Appeal under section 26 of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, Cap. 255.	Notice of Motion.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

[rule 4.]

FORMS.

FORM 1.

TITLE TO ACTION: GENERAL FORM.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF HONG KONG.

Holden at

Action No. of 19.....

BETWEEN

A.B. Plaintiff.

and

C.D. [Defendant or Defendants].

* The appropriate court under rule 4 of the District Court Civil Procedure (General) Rules, 1963.

FORM 2.

TITLE TO MATTER: GENERAL FORM.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF HONG KONG.

Holden at

No. of 19.....

IN THE MATTER of [name of enactment, other than the District Court (Civil Jurisdiction and Procedure) Ordinance, 1962, by which the court is empowered to entertain the proceedings]

and

IN THE MATTER of [name the trust, settlement or other matter in respect of which the proceedings arise]

BETWEEN

A.B.

[Applicant, Petitioner or Appellant].

and

C.D.

Respondent.

* The appropriate court under rule 4 of the District Court Civil Procedure (General) Rules, 1963.

FORM 3.

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE.

I, _____, do make oath/do solemnly and sincerely and truly declare and affirm* and say that the within Writ of Summons served by me on the said defendant(s) on the _____ day of _____, 19____, was served by delivering a copy thereof to _____.

Sworn/Affirmed* at the Courts of Justice, Victoria/Kowloon/Fanling* District Registry, Hong Kong the _____ day of _____, 19____.

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

Note—When there is an Order for substituted service, the return should strictly follow the words of the Order.

FORM 4.

WRIT OF SUMMONS—DEBT OR LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

(front).

[title as in Form 1].

TO (a)
 OF (b)
 YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to appear at the District Court of Hong Kong holden at on day the day of 19..... when the claim by (c)
 of (d)
 will be heard.

TAKE NOTICE that—

- (i) if you do not appear at the said time and place, judgment may be given against you in default of appearance or the Court may, on the evidence adduced by the Plaintiff(s) give such judgment as may appear just;
- (ii) if you admit the claim and within three days after the service on you of this writ, you pay into Court the amount claimed by the Plaintiff(s) of \$
 together with a payment for costs and court fees of \$
 making in all \$

further proceedings will be stayed and you will not be liable for any further costs.

Dated this day of 19.....

..... (d)
 Seal of the Court.

The address of the Plaintiff's solicitors is (e)

Plaintiff(s)/Solicitor/Counsel.

- (a) Name of Defendant(s);
 (b) Address of Defendant(s);
 (c) Name of Plaintiff(s);

- (d) Address of Plaintiff(s);
 (e) Name of Registrar;
 (f) Delete if inapplicable.

SEE OVER.

(Reverse as in Form 5).

FORM 5.

WRIT OF SUMMONS—DEBT OR LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

(reverse).

PARTICULARS OF CLAIM.

The Plaintiff's claim is for—

and the Plaintiff(s) abandon(s) any excess of his/their claim over \$5,000.00 in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the District Court (Civil Jurisdiction and Procedure) Ordinance, 1962.*

Affidavit of Service

Bailiff's Notes, etc.

I,
 make oath/do solemnly, sincerely and truly declare and affirm* and say that the within Writ of Summons was served by me on the said defendant(s) on the day of 19..... by delivering a copy thereof to

Sworn/Affirmed at the Courts of Justice, Victoria/Kowloon/Fanling* District Registry, Hong Kong, the day of 19.....

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM 6.

WRIT OF SUMMONS—RECOVERY OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.

(front).

[title as in Form 1].

TO (a)
 OF (b)
 YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to appear at the District Court of Hong Kong holden at on day the day of 19..... when the claim by (c)
 of (d)
 will be heard.

TAKE NOTICE that—

- (i) if you do not appear at the said time and place, judgment may be given against you in default of appearance or the Court may, on the evidence adduced by the Plaintiff(s) give such judgment as may appear just;
- (ii) if you admit the claim and within three days after the service on you of this writ, you give up possession of the property described overleaf to the Plaintiff and you pay

into the Court the amount claimed by the Plaintiff(s) in respect of arrears of rent if any, \$
 and the mesne profits up to the date on which possession is given \$
 and the amount claimed by the Plaintiff(s) for costs and court fees \$
 making in all \$

further proceedings will be stayed and you will not be liable for any further costs.

Dated this day of 19.....

Seal of the Court.

The address of the Plaintiff's solicitors is

Plaintiff(s)/Solicitor/Counsel.

- (a) Name of Defendant(s);
- (b) Address of Defendant(s);
- (c) Name of Plaintiff(s);

- (d) Address of Plaintiff(s);
- (e) Name of Registrar;
- (f) Delete if inapplicable.

SEE OVER.
 (Reverse as in Form 7).

FORM 7.

WRIT OF SUMMONS—RECOVERY OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.

(reverse).

[title as in Form 1].

PARTICULARS OF CLAIM.

The Plaintiff's claim is for—

Affidavit of Service

Bailiff's Notes, etc.

I,
 make oath/do solemnly, sincerely and truly declare and affirm* and say that the within Writ of Summons was served by me on the said defendant(s) on the day of 19..... by delivering a copy thereof to

Sworn/Affirmed* at the Courts of Justice, Victoria/Kowloon/Fanling* District Registry, Hong Kong, the day of 19.....

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM 8.

WRIT OF SUMMONS—RECOVERY OF MONEY LENT BY A MONEY-LENDER.

(front).

[title as in Form 1].

TO (a)
 OF (b)
 YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to appear at the District Court of Hong Kong holden at on day the day of 19..... when the claim by (c)
 of (d)
 will be heard.

TAKE NOTICE that—

- (i) if you do not appear at the said time and place, judgment may be given against you in default of appearance or the Court may, on the evidence adduced by the Plaintiff(s) give such judgment as may appear just;
- (ii) if you admit the claim and within three days after the service on you of this writ, you pay into the Court the amount claimed by the Plaintiff(s) of \$ together with a payment for costs and court fees of \$

making in all \$

further proceedings will be stayed and you will not be liable for any further costs.

Dated this day of 19.....

Seal of the Court.

The address of the Plaintiff's solicitors is

*Plaintiff(s)/Solicitor/Counsel.

- (a) Name of Defendant(s);
- (b) Address of Defendant(s);
- (c) Name of Plaintiff(s);

- (d) Address of Plaintiff(s);
- (e) Name of Registrar;
- (f) Delete if inapplicable.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

SEE OVER.

(Reverse as in Form 9).

FORM 9.
WRIT OF SUMMONS—RECOVERY OF MONEY LENT
BY A MONEY-LENDER.

(reverse).

PARTICULARS OF CLAIM.

The Plaintiff's claim is for—

and, in accordance with the provisions of rule 15 of the District Court Civil Procedure (General) Rules, 1963, the Plaintiff(s) state(s)—

(Cap. 163).

- (a) that at the time of making the loan or contract the Plaintiff(s) was a/were* registered money-lender(s) under the Money-lenders Ordinance;
- (b) the date(s) on which the/each* loan was made is/are
- (c) the amount actually lent to the borrower is \$
- (d) the rate of interest charged on the amount actually lent is \$
- (e) the amounts paid by way of interest and the periods in respect of which and the dates on which each such payment was made are
- (f) the amount of principle repaid and the date(s) of payment are
- (g) the other amounts paid by the borrower to the lender in respect of loan(s), whether as premium or otherwise are
- (h) the amount of principle due and unpaid is \$
- (i) the amount of interest due and unpaid is \$

and the Plaintiff(s) abandon(s) any excess of his/their claim over \$5,000.00 in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the District Court (Civil Jurisdiction and Procedure) Ordinance, 1962.*

Affidavit of Service

Bailiff's Notes, etc.

I,
make oath/do solemnly, sincerely and truly
declare and affirm* and say that the within
Writ of Summons was served by me on the
said defendant(s) on the day of
19 .. by delivering a copy thereof to

Sworn/Affirmed at the Courts of Justice,
Victoria/Kowloon/Fanling* District Registry,
Hong Kong, the .. day of
19 ..

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM 10.
SUMMONS INTER PARTES.

(front).

[title as in Form I].

TO
OF
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to appear before His Honour
..... at his Chambers at the said Court at o'clock m.
on day, the day of 19 .. on
the hearing of an application on the part of the Plaintiff(s)/Defendant(s) for
an Order to be made that—

(1) State the
object of the
application.

And you are to take notice that if you do not appear the Court may consider and deal with the application in a summary way.

Dated this day of, 19.....

The address of the Plaintiff(s)/Defendant(s)* is

The address of the Plaintiff's*/Defendant's* solicitor(s) is

.....†
Seal of the Court.

.....
*Plaintiff(s)/Defendant(s)/Solicitor/Counsel.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

† Name of the Registrar.

SEE OVER.

(Reverse as in Form II).

FORM 11.
SUMMONS INTER PARTES.
(reverse).

Affidavit of Service

Bailiff's Notes, etc.

I,
make oath/do solemnly, sincerely and truly
declare and affirm* and say that the within
Summons
was served by me on the said defendant(s)
on the .. day of .., 19 ..
by delivering a copy thereof to

Sworn/Affirmed at the Courts of Justice,
Victoria/Kowloon/Fanling* District Registry,
Hong Kong, the .. day of
19 ..

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM 12.
EX PARTE SUMMONS.

(front).

[title as in Form 1].

(1) State the object of the application.

Application on the part of
of
is made for an Order that—

The address of the Plaintiff(s)/Defendant(s)* is

The address of the Plaintiff's*/Defendant's** solicitor(s) is

.....
Seal of the Court.

.....
Plaintiff(s)/Defendant(s)/Solicitor/Counsel*.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.
† Name of the Registrar.

SEE OVER.

FORM 13.
PETITION.

[title as in Form 1].

To His Honour the Judge of the said Court
THE PETITION OF
of

SHEWETH:—

That [here state the grounds upon which the Petitioner claims to be entitled to an Order].

your Petitioner prays that an Order may be made in the following terms [here state your terms of the Order for which the Petitioner prays].

*The names and addresses of the persons upon whom it is intended to serve this Petition are shewn in the Schedule overleaf.

*It is not intended to serve any person with this Petition.

*The name and address of the Petitioner's solicitor is
of

Dated this day of, 19.....

.....
Seal of the Court.

.....
*Petitioner/Solicitor for Petitioner.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

SEE OVER.

(Reverse as in Form 14).

FORM 14.
PETITION.

(reverse).

SCHEDULE.

Names and addresses of the persons upon whom it is intended to serve this Petition.

Affidavit of Service

Bailiff's Notes, etc.

I,
make oath/do solemnly, sincerely and truly
declare and affirm* and say that the within
Petition was served by me on the said
respondent(s) on the day of,
19..... by delivering a copy thereof to

Sworn/Affirmed at the Courts of Justice,
Victoria/Kowloon/Fanling* District Registry,
Hong Kong, the day of,
19.....

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM 15.
THIRD PARTY NOTICE.

(front).

[title as in Form 1].

and

Third Party.

TAKE NOTICE that this action has been brought by the Plaintiff against the Defendant and that the Defendant claims against you

- (a) that he is entitled to contribution from you to the extent of
- (b) that he is entitled to be indemnified by you against liability in respect of
- (c) that he is entitled to the following relief or remedy relating to or connected with the original subject matter of the action, namely
- (d) that the following question or issue relating to or connected with the subject matter of the action should properly be determined as between the Plaintiff and the Defendant and the third party, namely

(Continued overleaf)*.

AND TAKE NOTICE that if you dispute the Plaintiff's claim against the Defendant or the Defendant's claim against you you must appear at the said Court on the day of 19 at o'clock in the noon, being the day and time appointed for the hearing of any representations which you may wish to make in regard to this notice.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that—

- (i) if you do not appear at the said time and place, judgment may be given against you in default of appearance, or the Court may, on the evidence adduced give such judgment as may appear just;
- (ii) if you admit the claim and within three days after the service on you of this writ, you pay into the Court the amount claimed by the Plaintiff(s) in respect of debt or damages and interest thereon and for costs and Court fees, further proceedings will be stayed and you will not be liable for further costs.

Dated this day of 19

Seal of the Court.

Defendant(s) | Solicitor | Counsel*.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

† Name of Registrar.

SEE OVER.

(Reverse as in Form 9).

FORM 16.
APPLICATION FOR ENTRY OF JUDGMENT IN DEFAULT OF
APPEARANCE—DEBT, LIQUIDATED DAMAGES OR RENT.

(front).

[title as in Form 1].

To the Registrar of the District Court of Hong Kong, holden at

APPLICATION is hereby made in accordance with the provisions of Rule 24 of the District Court Civil Procedure (General) Rules, 1963, that judgment be entered for the Plaintiff(s) in the above action in the amount claimed, with costs, namely— (L.N. 24/63).

Amount claimed	\$
Fixed costs and court fees	\$
Additional costs and court fees on judgment	\$
Total	\$
*Less total amount paid by the Defendant(s) to the Plaintiff(s) since the issue of the writ	\$
Net Total	\$

pursuant to leave granted on the day of 19, by the above-mentioned Court in accordance with the provisions of that rule.

Dated this day of 19

Seal of the Court.

*Plaintiff(s) | Solicitor | Counsel.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

† Name of Registrar.

SEE OVER.

(Reverse as in Form 17 or Form 18).

FORM 17.

AFFIDAVIT GROUNDING APPLICATION FOR ENTRY OF JUDGMENT
IN DEFAULT OF APPEARANCE—DEBT OF LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

(reverse).

[title as in Form 1].

I OF make oath/do solemnly, sincerely and truly declare and affirm* and say that—

- *I am the plaintiff in the above action.
- *I am the solicitor for the above-named plaintiff and am duly authorized by him to make this affidavit/affirmation.
- *I am the sole proprietor, partner, manager, salesman of the plaintiff firm and I am duly authorized by the plaintiffs to make this affidavit/affirmation.

*I am one of the plaintiffs in the above action and I am duly authorized by my co-partners to make this affidavit/affirmation.

and the facts deposed hereto are within my own knowledge.

- 2. The defendant(s) is/are justly and truly indebted to me in the sum of \$ for (describe the claim) and was so indebted at the commencement of this action.
3. The particulars of the said claim appear by the endorsement on the writ of summons in this action.
4. *Since the commencement of this action the sum of \$ has been paid to the plaintiff(s) on account of the said debt. The defendant(s) is still justly and truly indebted to the plaintiff(s) in the sum of \$
5. *The exhibits marked and annexed hereto are in support of my claim.

OR

*There are no documents supporting this claim.

SWORN/AFFIRMED at the Victoria/Kowloon District Registry, Hong Kong this day of 196 , having first been duly interpreted to the deponent/Affirmant in dialect of the Chinese language by—

Sworn Interpreter*

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM 18.

AFFIDAVIT GROUNDING APPLICATION FOR ENTRY OF JUDGMENT IN DEFAULT OF APPEARANCE—RENT.

(reverse).

[title as in Form 1].

I, OF make oath/do solemnly, sincerely and truly declare and affirm* and say that—

- 1. *I am the plaintiff in the above action.
*I am the solicitor for the above-named plaintiff and am duly authorized by him to make this affidavit/affirmation.
*I am the sole proprietor, partner, manager, salesman of the plaintiff firm and I am duly authorized by the plaintiffs to make this affidavit/affirmation.
*I am one of the plaintiffs in the above action and I am duly authorized by my co-partners to make this affidavit/affirmation and the facts deposed hereto are within my own knowledge.
2. The defendant(s) is/are justly and truly indebted to me in the sum of \$ for rent and was/were so indebted at the commencement of this action.

3. The particulars of the said claim appear by the endorsement on the writ of summons in this action.

4. *The premises in respect of which the rent is claimed are not excepted from the provisions of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance. (Cap. 255).

*The premises in respect of which the rent is claimed are excepted from the provisions of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, because e.g. the premises form part of an entirely new building in respect of which the written permit of the Building Authority to occupy the same was granted after 16th August, 1945.

If the premises ARE EXCEPTED from the provisions of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, FURTHER ADD:

5. *The tenancy in respect of which the rent is claimed are not excepted from the provisions of the Rent Increases (Domestic Premises) Control Ordinance, 1963. (7 of 1963).

*The tenancy in respect of which the rent is claimed are excepted from the provisions of the Rent Increases (Domestic Premises) Control Ordinance, 1963, because e.g. on 30th March, 1963, the said tenancy enjoyed protection under section 3 of the Tenancy (Prolonged Duration) Ordinance, 1952. (8 of 1952).

*The said tenancy is for a fixed term of three years or more the agreement for which contains no provision for earlier determination of the same other than for breach of any of the provisions of that agreement.

6. *Since the commencement of this action the sum of \$ has been paid to the plaintiff(s) on account of the said debt. The defendant(s) is/are still justly and truly indebted to the plaintiff(s) in the sum of \$

7. The rent claimed is not in excess of the amount recoverable by law.

SWORN/AFFIRMED at the Victoria/Kowloon District Registry, Hong Kong this day of 19 , having first been duly interpreted to the Deponent/Affirmant in the dialect of the Chinese language by—

Sworn Interpreter*.

Before me,

A Commissioner, &c.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM 19.

NOTICE OF RESTORATION OF ACTION TO CALL-OVER.

[title as in Form 1].

TO the Plaintiff(s) of AND Their Solicitors of AND TO The Defendant(s) of AND Their Solicitors of

TAKE NOTICE that the defendant(s) above-mentioned having before the entry of judgment herein filed an affidavit, a copy of which is attached hereto, in accordance with the provisions of Rule 24(4) of the District Court Civil Procedure (General) Rules, 1963, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the above (L.N. 24/63).

Action be restored to the Call Over List at the District Court holden at
on day of , 196 at o'clock in the forenoon.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that if you fail to attend at the hearing at the time and place aforesaid the Court may proceed, notwithstanding your absence, and may give such judgment as appears just.

Dated this day of 19.....

.....
Seal of the Court.

.....
Plaintiff(s)/Solicitor/Counsel*.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.
† Name of Registrar.

FORM 20.

APPLICATION TO ENTER JUDGMENT IN DEFAULT OF DEFENCE.

[title as in Form 1].

To The Registrar of the District Court.

APPLICATION on the part of the plaintiff(s) under Rule 36 of the District Court Civil Procedure (General) Rules, 1963, to enter judgment against the defendant(s) for \$ and costs herein, the said defendant(s) having failed to file a defence within the time prescribed by the Court as appears from the Certificate of the Registrar appearing below.

Dated this day of 19.....

The address of the plaintiff's' solicitors is

.....
Plaintiff(s)/Solicitor/Counsel*.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRAR.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED that the defendant(s) has/have* failed to file any defence in this Action pursuant to the order of the Court dated the day of , 196 wherein it was ordered that the said defence be filed within days from that date.

Dated this day of 19.....

.....
Seal of the Court.

* Delete whichever is inapplicable.
† Name of Registrar.

Dated the 19th day of August, 1963.

Michael Ho
Chief Justice.

A. H. Ho

District Judge.

B. J. Jennings

District Judge.

District Judge.

District Judge.

District Judge.

J. W. Williams

District Judge.

U. Scobie

District Judge.

H. Panunetti

District Judge (Acting).

E. G. Baber

District Judge.

[Signature]

of the Incorporated Law Society of Hong Kong.

Registrar.

DISTRICT COURT (CIVIL JURISDICTION AND PROCEDURE)
ORDINANCE, 1962.

(No. 22 of 1962).

DISTRICT COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE (FEES) (AMENDMENT)
(NO. 2) RULES, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 of the District Court (Civil Jurisdiction and Procedure) Ordinance, 1962, the District Court Rules Committee has made the following rules—

1. These rules may be cited as the District Court Civil Procedure Citation. (Fees) (Amendment) (No. 2) Rules, 1963.
2. The Schedule to the District Court Civil Procedure (Fees) Rules, 1963 is amended by the deletion, in item 37, of the figures "5.00" and the substitution therefor of the following—
"8.00".

Amendment
of Schedule.
(L.N. 26/63).

Dated the 19th day of August, 1963.

Michael Hoggan

Chief Justice.

A. Huggins

District Judge.

B. J. Jennings

District Judge.

District Judge.

District Judge.

District Judge.

[Handwritten Signature]
District Judge.

[Handwritten Signature]
District Judge.

[Handwritten Signature]
District Judge (Acting).

[Handwritten Signature]
District Judge.

[Handwritten Signature]
of the Incorporated Law
Society of Hong Kong.

Registrar.

(Secretariat GR3/3231/53)

RENT INCREASES (DOMESTIC PREMISES) CONTROL
ORDINANCE, 1963.
(NO. 7 of 1963).

RENT INCREASES (DOMESTIC PREMISES) CONTROL
(EXCLUSION) ORDER, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Rent
Increases (Domestic Premises) Control Ordinance, 1963, the Governor
in Council has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Rent Increases (Domestic Premises) Control (Exclusion) Order, 1963. Citation.

2. The class of tenancy and sub-tenancy to which this Order applies is hereby excluded from the further application of the Rent Increases (Domestic Premises) Control Ordinance, 1963. Exclusion of class of tenancies. (7 of 1963).

3. This Order shall apply to a tenancy or sub-tenancy for a fixed term of less than three years, which contains no provision for earlier determination of the same other than for breach of any of the provisions of the same, if the term of such tenancy or sub-tenancy may be extended so that the total term thereof is for three years or more at the same rent by the exercise of an option on the part of the tenant without the consent of the landlord and without the payment of any fine or premium. Class of tenancies to which Order applies.

[Handwritten Signature]
Clerk of Councils.


COUNCIL CHAMBER,
20th August, 1963.

(Secretariat BL49/3091/49)

EDUCATION ORDINANCE, 1952.

(No. 33 of 1952).

EDUCATION (EXEMPTION) ORDER, 1963.

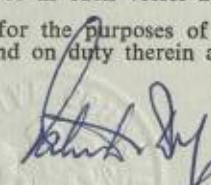
In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 6 of the Education Ordinance, 1952, the Governor in Council has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Education (Exemption) Order, 1963. Citation.

2. Every school which is carried on in any vessel shall be exempt from the provisions of section 10A of the Education Ordinance, 1952, and of Part II, other than paragraph (1) of regulation 6, paragraphs (1) and (2) of regulation 15 and regulation 16, of the Education Regulations, 1952, so long as such school complies with the conditions set forth in the Schedule hereto. Exemption from compliance. (33 of 1952). (33 of 1952, Second Schedule).

SCHEDULE.

1. Every vessel used as a school must be—
 - (a) licensed by the Director of Marine;
 - (b) seaworthy to the satisfaction of the Director of Marine;
 - (c) provided with such life-saving and fire-fighting appliances as are required by any enactment;
 - (d) provided with such lights and sound signals and anchors as the Director of Marine may consider necessary; and
 - (e) provided with such watertight sub-divisions, exits and gangways as the Director of Marine may consider necessary to provide adequately for the safety of persons in the vessel.
2. Every such vessel and every part thereof and all equipment installed therein shall at all times be maintained and kept in good order to the satisfaction of the Director of Marine.
3. No person in excess of such number as shall be prescribed by the Director of Marine may be permitted to be on or in such vessel at any time.
4. When pupils are on board such vessel for the purposes of the school there shall be at all times on board the vessel and on duty therein at least one teacher.


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

3rd September, 1963.

(Secretariat GR L/M GEN43/63)

PREVENTIVE SERVICE ORDINANCE, 1963.

(No. 25 of 1963).

PREVENTIVE SERVICE (WELFARE FUND)
REGULATIONS, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Preventive Service Ordinance, 1963, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Preventive Service (Welfare Fund) Regulations, 1963. Citation.

2. (1) All moneys due to the Preventive Service Welfare Fund (hereinafter referred to as the Fund) as prescribed by section 18 of the Ordinance shall immediately be paid in full to the Accountant General who shall credit them to an account entitled "Deposits—Preventive Service Welfare Fund". Maintenance of Fund.

(2) The Accountant General shall render to the Commissioner after the closing of each month's accounts a return showing all transactions of the Fund in his accounts during the previous month.

3. All sums considered by the Commissioner to be surplus to the normal requirements of the Fund shall at his request— Investment.

(a) be invested in such securities or deposited in such manner in the Colony by the Accountant General as the Financial Secretary may from time to time approve for that purpose; or

(b) be remitted to the Crown Agents for investment in such securities or deposit in such manner as the Secretary of State may from time to time approve for that purpose,

and the dividends or interest accruing from such investments or deposits shall be credited to the account referred to in regulation 2.

4. All investments of the Fund shall be valued at the middle market price in Hong Kong or London on the 31st March in each year, and the balance of the Fund on that date shall be increased or decreased as may be required in accordance with such valuation. Valuation of investments.

5. Should at any time the uninvested portion of the Fund fall below a figure which in the opinion of the Commissioner is the minimum necessary for the normal requirements of the Fund, he shall request the Accountant General to sell on the local market or in London such part of the Fund's investments as will together with the existing uninvested portion provide an adequate working balance. Realization of investments.

Certification of advance.

6. All vouchers submitted to the Accountant General in respect of payments to be made out of the Fund shall either be certified by the Commissioner or shall have attached to them certified true copies of the Commissioner's approval for each withdrawal. In the latter event the certificates and vouchers may be signed by an officer so authorized by the Commissioner. The Accountant General shall pay only on the authority of the Commissioner as indicated above and shall be advised of the name of any officer authorized by the Commissioner to sign on his behalf.

Loans by Fund.

7. When a loan is granted under the authority of section 19 of the Ordinance to a member or to a former member who has been retired, it will normally be subject to the following conditions—

- (a) it shall be repaid in such monthly instalments as the Commissioner may in his discretion specify, save that the number of monthly instalments shall not exceed twenty-four; upon default in one instalment the whole balance outstanding shall immediately become due;
- (b) it shall be limited to a maximum sum of one thousand dollars;
- (c) whenever it shall be necessary to recover the amount of a loan it shall be deemed to be an amount due to a department of Government.

Write-off.

8. Upon a recommendation of the Commissioner, the Financial Secretary may authorize the writing off of any asset or any debt due to the Fund which he considers irrecoverable:

Provided that any such write-off shall take effect for the purpose of accounting records alone and shall not extinguish any right of the Fund to recovery of any such asset or debt.

Duties of Accountant General and Director of Audit.

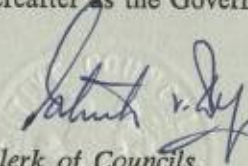
9. The Accountant General shall keep the Commissioner informed of all transactions on account of the Fund's investments and the latter shall balance his accounts monthly and reconcile them with the deposit account maintained by the Accountant General. The accounts shall be subject to periodical audit by the Director of Audit.

Accounts.

10. (1) The Commissioner shall cause proper accounts to be kept of all transactions of the Fund and shall cause to be prepared for every period of twelve months ending the 31st day of March in each year a statement of the accounts of the Fund, which statement shall include an income and expenditure account and balance sheet and shall be signed by the Commissioner.

(2) The accounts of the Fund and the signed statement of the accounts shall be audited by the Director of Audit, who shall certify the statement subject to such report, if any, as he may think fit.

(3) A copy of the signed and audited statement of accounts together with the Director of Audit's report, if any, and a report by the Commissioner on the administration of the Fund during the period covered by the audited accounts shall be laid upon the Table of the Legislative Council not later than the 30th day of September next following the end of such period or so soon thereafter as the Governor, in his absolute discretion, may allow.


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

5th September, 1963.

(Secretariat PR6/1610/53)



DUTIABLE COMMODITIES REGULATIONS, 1963.

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DUTIABLE COMMODITIES ORDINANCE, 1963.

(No. 26 of 1963).

DUTIABLE COMMODITIES REGULATIONS, 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance, 1963, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

PART I.

CITATION AND COMMENCEMENT.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Dutiable Commodities Regulations, 1963, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance, 1963. Citation and commencement.

PART II.

FEES.

2. (1) The fees payable for the issue, transfer, substitution, amendment and renewal of licences and permits and, where applicable, the periods of validity of such licences and permits, are specified in the Schedule. Fees. Schedule.

(2) Where no fee is prescribed for the issue of a licence or permit, no fee shall be payable for any transfer, substitution, amendment or renewal of such licence or permit.

PART III.

CARRIAGE OF GOODS.

3. This Part shall apply to goods for the import, export or carriage of which a permit under the Ordinance is or may be required. Application.

4. (1) Goods shall not be carried in any vessel unless it is— Vessels which may carry goods.

(a) licensed in that behalf by the Director; or

(b) owned or hired by the licensee of a general bonded warehouse; or

(c) a steam or motor vessel of not less than three hundred tons net register.

(2) Goods shall not be imported or exported in any vessel of less than sixty tons net register or one thousand piculs capacity.

Packing of goods and quantities in which goods may be imported, exported or moved.

5. Except with the special permission of the Director—

(a) goods shall be imported, exported or moved only in securely closed containers, in each of which there shall be not less than—

(i) liquor, except as herein provided—

either two gallons

or Chinese type spirits imported from

Kwong Tung in jars four gallons

or

(ii) tobacco—

cigarettes two thousand

or cigars two hundred

or other manufactured tobacco three pounds
in weight

or unmanufactured tobacco thirty pounds
in weight

or

(iii) hydrocarbon oils eight gallons.

For the purpose of this paragraph, these quantities may be either in one container or in two or more containers completely inclosed in a larger container; but containers which are merely bound or fastened together shall be deemed to be separate containers, and shall be entered as such in all permits and shipping documents;

(b) identical goods shall be packed in equal quantities in identical containers;

(c) different goods shall not be packed in the same container.

Marking containers.

6. (1) Containers shall bear legibly and permanently marked thereon—

(a) a description of the contents (in the case of Chinese type spirit the character “酒” (tsau)) at least two inches high; and

(b) if for export, adequate shipping marks, serial numbers and the words “FOR EXPORT” (or, as the case may be, “EXPORTED ON DRAWBACK” or “SHIP'S STORES FOR or AIRLINE COMPANY STORES FOR” (specifying the name of the ship or airline company concerned)) in letters not less than one inch high.

(2) There shall be a sufficient number of such markings on each container to ensure that when containers are stacked one above another at least one set of markings is plainly visible.

(3) This regulation shall not apply to transit cargo.

7. The master or any person for the time being in charge of any ship or aircraft in which there are stores to which the Ordinance applies shall—

Ship and aircraft stores.

(a) immediately on receipt of such stores cause them to be placed in a secure place under his control which place shall be used exclusively for the safe custody of such stores;

(b) maintain an accurate record of all such stores and upon receipt or issue of any such stores forthwith make all necessary entries therein, and where there is more than one place in which such stores are kept, one record only shall be maintained which shall show the stocks in each and all such places;

(c) supply or sell such stores only to members of the crew or to passengers;

(d) not issue in any one day any greater quantity of such stores than is sufficient for the use of members of the crew and passengers on that day.

8. No passenger in or crew member of any ship or aircraft, while such ship or aircraft is in this Colony, without the permission of the Director, shall have in his possession, custody or control on board such ship or aircraft any dutiable liquor or tobacco in excess of the quantities stated hereunder—

Quantities of dutiable goods allowed in possession of passengers and crew.

(a) officers and saloon passengers—

(i) liquors—

spirits one opened quart bottle, or table wine one quart, or beer or stout four quarts and in addition port or sherry or liqueur one pint;

(ii) tobacco one-half pound, or fifty cigars, or two hundred cigarettes;

(b) other crew members and deck passengers—

tobacco one-half pound, or two hundred cigarettes:

Provided that quantities in excess of the above amounts which are the property of any officer, crew member or passenger and are stored in the place provided for the safe custody of stores under the provision of regulation 7 and are shown on the record required by regulation 7 and are included in the Import and Export Statement and in any application for ship's or aircraft's stores shall be permitted and shall not be liable for forfeiture.

9. (1) Within a reasonable time after the export of goods, excluding goods supplied as stores to aircraft or vessels replenishing such stores in the Colony, of which the duty exceeds five hundred dollars the exporter shall, if the goods are dutiable or exported on drawback, deliver to the Director a certificate of the authority at the place of destination that the goods have been duly landed there:

Foreign landing certificate and receipt for stores to be delivered to Director.

Provided that the Director may in his absolute discretion require a certificate for any goods exported whether or not the duty value exceeds five hundred dollars.

(2) When any goods, including stores, which are dutiable or exempted from duty or exported on drawback are delivered under permit for export on board any ship, aircraft, train or vehicle or to the Post Office, the exporter shall forthwith furnish to the Director endorsed on the permit—

- (a) a certificate signed by a member of the Preventive Service that he has examined the goods; and
- (b) a receipt for the goods signed by the master or the officer in charge of the ship or the freight supervisor of the aircraft, or if the goods are sent by post, by an officer of the Post Office; or in other cases a certificate signed by a member of the Preventive Service that the goods have been so delivered.

(3) Every person requiring a permit to export any goods to which this regulation applies may be required by the Director to furnish a bond, with such cash or security as he shall direct, for the due observance of this regulation.

(4) The Director may relax all or any of the requirements of this regulation as he may think fit in relation to any goods to which this Ordinance applies.

PART IV.

DUTY.

Payment of duty.

10. Duty shall be paid upon dutiable goods—

- (a) if imported and not removed to a general bonded or licensed warehouse, before the goods are removed from the ship, aircraft or vehicle on which they were imported or, as the case may be, from the railway premises;
- (b) if grown, produced or manufactured in the Colony, other than beer, and not removed to a general bonded or licensed warehouse, before the goods are removed from the premises on which they were grown, produced or manufactured;
- (c) in the case of beer, if produced in the Colony, when the worts are collected in collecting or fermenting vessels;
- (d) if in a general bonded or licensed warehouse and not removed for export or to another general bonded or licensed warehouse, before the goods are removed from the warehouse:

When duty payable.

Provided that the Director may, in his absolute discretion—

(i) allow a reasonable time not exceeding sixteen weeks in the case of beer and in any other case six weeks, or such other period as the Director may allow after the duty becomes payable, for payment of the duty; and

(ii) as a condition precedent to the granting of such time require the person to whom the time is granted to furnish a bond, with such cash or security as the Director so requires, for the payment of such duty.

11. The officer to whom any duty is paid shall cause a receipt to be endorsed on the appropriate Removal Permit for duty-paid goods. Receipts.

Exemptions from duty.

12. Subject to the performance of any obligation imposed by the Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder, the following goods shall be exempt from duty— Exemptions.

- (a) stores, fuel and lubricants for ships of more than sixty tons net register or for ocean-going tugs or for aircraft including aircraft engaged in flight-testing of engines, in such quantities as the Director may in his absolute discretion determine, for use either outside the Colony or partly inside and partly outside the Colony;
- (b) hydrocarbon oils used for the bench testing of aircraft engines which are to be installed in aircraft operating for the most part outside the Colony;
- (c) goods exported from the Colony;
- (d) goods destroyed with the consent of the Director;
- (e) goods imported in opened containers by passengers in their baggage, for their own use, in such quantities as the Director may in his absolute discretion determine;
- (f) wine for the sacrament, if certified as such by the head of a denomination of the Church;
- (g) alcohol for the use of any educational, scientific or charitable institution approved by the Governor in Council in that behalf, under and in accordance with a permit in such form as the Director may specify;
- (h) goods which the Director shall, in his discretion, deem to be samples or advertising matter and shown to his satisfaction to be of no commercial value and not intended for re-sale;
- (i) goods which are shown to the satisfaction of the Director to be duty-paid goods which have been exported and subsequently re-imported;

- (j) goods which the Director shall, in his absolute discretion, consider to be *bona fide* personal gifts sent to residents in this Colony and to be of no commercial value and not intended for re-sale;
- (k) goods in respect of which the duty is considered by the Director to be uneconomical to collect;
- (l) goods which are shown to the satisfaction of the Director to have been donated by persons outside the Colony and imported by *bona fide* charitable organizations for distribution within the Colony without payment for the goods.

Forfeiture for breach of certain conditions. 15 & 16 Geo. 6 & 1 Eliz 2, c. 44, s. 257.

13. (1) Where under the provisions of the Ordinance or under any practice whereby—

- (a) goods chargeable with a duty are allowed to be delivered without payment of that duty on condition that they will not be sold or will be re-exported or upon any other like condition; or
- (b) the amount of duty payable on any goods depends on their being imported or released on any such condition,

any goods are allowed to be delivered without payment of duty or on payment of duty calculated in accordance with that provision or practice, and the condition is not observed, the goods shall, unless the non-observance was sanctioned by the Director, be liable to forfeiture.

(2) The provisions of this regulation shall apply whether or not any undertaking or security has been given for the observance of the condition or for the payment of the duty payable apart therefrom, and the forfeiture of any goods under this regulation shall not affect any liability of any person who has given any such undertaking or security.

Refund of duty.

14. (1) A refund of duty may be granted at the absolute discretion of the Director and subject to such conditions as the Director may prescribe in respect of duty-paid goods exported from the Colony:

Provided that the duty refunded in no case exceeds the duty which has been paid on the goods.

(2) An importer shall be entitled to a refund of any duty paid on the importation of goods where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Director—

- (a) that the goods were imported in pursuance of a contract of sale, and that the description, quality, state or condition of the goods was not in accordance with the contract or that the goods were damaged in transit; and
- (b) that the importer, with the consent of the Director, has destroyed the goods unused or has returned them to persons outside the Colony who supplied them.

Occasion when importer entitled to refund of duty.

(3) Nothing in this regulation shall be taken to confer exemption from duty or to authorize a refund of duty upon goods imported on approval or on sale or return or other similar terms.

15. A manufacturer shall be entitled to a refund of any duty paid either before or after the manufacture of any goods to which the Ordinance applies which are supplied for the use of any consular or other authorized officer employed in the service of any foreign consulate or mission or other foreign officers under the Consular Privileges Ordinance and the Commonwealth Countries and Republic of Ireland (Immunities and Privileges) Ordinance, 1956, as may be decided by the Colonial Secretary.

Refund of duty on goods supplied for use of consular offices, etc. (Cap. 189). (55 of 1956).

PART V.

DRAWBACK.

16. The rate of drawback on duty-paid goods shall be equal to the rate of duty paid on such goods.

Rate of drawback.

17. Drawback shall be calculated to the nearest tenth of a gallon, or to the nearest hundredth of a pound, as the case may be.

Calculation of drawback.

18. Drawback shall not be payable unless the goods in the manufacture or preparation of which the duty-paid goods were used are—

Conditions for payment of drawback.

- (a) alcoholic liquors, perfumed spirits, medicated spirits or toilet preparations containing not less than six per cent of alcohol by volume, at 60° Fahrenheit, in quantities of not less than two gallons of each brand, mixture or preparation;
- (b) beer, in quantities of not less than five gallons, and—
 - (i) the original gravity of the beer is not less than that of the worts from which it was manufactured; and
 - (ii) the beer is not blended from two or more kinds of beer of different original gravities;
- (c) tobacco, in quantities of not less than—
 - (i) cigarettes two thousand
 - (ii) cigars two hundred
 - (iii) other manufactured tobacco ... three pounds;

(d) hydrocarbon oils in quantities of not less than eight gallons of each kind, preparation or admixture.

19. To qualify for drawback in respect of duty-paid goods a person shall—

Qualifications for drawback.

- (a) be approved in that behalf as a fit person by the Director who shall have absolute discretion to give or withdraw such approval;

- (b) be the manufacturer of the goods in the manufacture or preparation of which the duty-paid goods have been used;
- (c) be the person who paid the duty on the goods;
- (d) have duly completed and, within seven working days or such longer period as the Director may in any case allow after the posting of the goods or, as the case may be, the departure from this Colony of the ship, vehicle, train or aircraft on which the goods were placed for export or as stores, have delivered to the Director such particulars, declarations, as the Director may require, in such form as the Director may specify.

Conditions precedent to claims for drawback.

20. Before drawback is claimed in respect of any goods the following conditions shall be complied with to the satisfaction of the Director—

- (1) the goods shall—
 - (a) in so far as they are manufactured in this Colony, be wholly manufactured in the factory of the person claiming drawback;
 - (b) after manufacture, on twenty-four hours' written notice delivered to the Director be examined by, and weighed or measured and, if the Director so directs, packed in the presence of, a member of the Preventive Service;
 - (c) after the examination mentioned in sub-paragraph (b), be certified by the Government Chemist as to the quantity of dutiable goods contained in the manufactured goods unless the Director gives special permission to the contrary;
- (2) the containers shall—
 - (a) be secured with tape, wire or otherwise, and sealed in the presence of a member of the Preventive Service;
 - (b) (i) if for carriage as freight or stores, bear legibly and permanently inscribed thereon adequate shipping marks, serial numbers, and the words "EXPORTED ON DRAWDRAW" in letters not less than one inch high;
 - (ii) if for carriage by post, be adequately addressed and labelled "EXPORTED ON DRAWDRAW";
 - (c) if the Director so directs, be loaded in the presence of a member of the Preventive Service on the ship, aircraft or vehicle in which they are exported;
- (3) if the goods contain goods of Commonwealth origin—
 - (a) the goods of Commonwealth origin shall be—
 - (i) removed into the factory under duty-paid permit direct from bond or the ship, vehicle, train or aircraft on which they were imported or with the approval of the Director, and subject to any conditions he may impose, removed into bond pending

subsequent transfer to the ship, vehicle, train or aircraft on which the goods are to be exported;

(ii) stored, until manufacture, in a special place approved by the Director in the factory apart from other goods;

(iii) checked with the stock book by taking stock at least once in every fourteen days;

(iv) completely and exactly accounted for in the stock book, and the goods in respect of which drawback is claimed shall be removed out of the factory direct to the ship, vehicle, train or aircraft in which they are exported;

(b) the stock book shall—

(i) be kept in English in a form approved by the Director;

(ii) show how much of the goods of Commonwealth origin specified in each duty-paid removal permit are used in each kind, brand, preparation or admixture of goods manufactured in the factory;

(c) the application for drawback shall specify the exact quantity of goods of Commonwealth origin on which drawback is claimed.

21. (1) Drawback shall be paid on stores, fuel and lubricants for ships and ocean going tugs of more than sixty tons net register and for aircraft only in such quantities as the Director may in his absolute discretion determine, for use either outside the Colony or partly inside and partly outside the Colony. Drawback on stores, etc. for ships and aircraft.

(2) Stores delivered to the aircraft dutiable goods bond at the Hong Kong Airport shall, for the purposes of drawback, be deemed to have been exported.

PART VI.

LICENCES AND PERMITS.

22. (1) Every person applying for a licence in respect of any premises shall furnish to the Director, or other officer authorized to grant the same— Applications for licences and permits.

- (a) the particulars specified in the application form, and such other particulars as the officer may require;
- (b) the name, if required, of two substantial householders as reference to the character of the applicant;
- (c) such particulars as the officer may require of any person other than the applicant who may have charge of the premises;
- (d) if the construction of the premises is subject to the officer's approval, adequate plans signed by the applicant, showing

clearly the whole of the premises to be used in connexion with his proposed business, detailed drawings of all machinery installed or to be installed on the premises and a description of the proposed use of all the machinery and each portion of the premises; and

(e) if the premises are intended for manufacturing purposes, a complete list of all apparatus to be used on the premises for the manufacture of dutiable goods.

(2) Every person applying for a permit shall produce to the Director, or other officer authorized to grant the same, any invoices, bills of lading, shipping orders and other documents together with such copies thereof as the Director may require relating to the goods in respect of which the application is made, and any such invoices, bills of lading, shipping orders and other such documents and copies thereof may be retained by the Director and disposed of as he may think fit.

(3) Applications for export permits shall be submitted in triplicate and for other permits in duplicate.

(4) Every application for a permit to export goods as ship's or aircraft stores shall be accompanied by such declaration by the master or purser of the ship, or by the person in command or the chief steward of the aircraft as the Director may require.

(5) Every permit to export goods as ship's or aircraft stores shall be endorsed by the master or other person in charge of the ship or aircraft that he has received the stores applied for.

(6) Every written application for a licence or permit shall be signed by the person requiring the same or by some person duly authorized by him. If the application is made by a corporation or partnership it shall be endorsed with details of the office held in the corporation or partnership by the person signing the application on behalf of the corporation or partnership.

(7) Where an application is made to the Legislative Council by the governing body of an educational, scientific or charitable institute for the exercise of the power to waive duty conferred by section 4 of the Ordinance in respect of alcohol to be used in such institute such application shall be made in writing and shall state to the Director who shall transmit the same to the Legislative Council—

- (a) the purpose to which the alcohol is to be applied;
- (b) the quantity likely to be required in the course of a year or any shorter period for which the application is made;
- (c) the names of one or more sureties who are prepared to join in a bond to secure that the alcohol specified is used solely for the purposes specified within the institution;

(d) the name of the person who will receive the alcohol on delivery at the institution;

(e) the name of the person, being the licensee of a general bonded or licensed warehouse or of a distillery, from whom the alcohol is to be obtained.

23. (1) The Director or other officer authorized to grant licences under the provisions of the Ordinance may grant—

Occasional retailer's licence.

(a) to the holder of a retailer's licence other than a Non-European type liquor retailer's licence, an occasional retailer's licence;

(b) to the holder of a Non-European type liquor dealer's licence an occasional dealer's licence authorizing the sale by him of any duty-paid goods to which his retailer's or dealer's licence, as the case may be, extends, at such place other than the premises in respect of which his retailer's or dealer's licence was granted during a period not exceeding six weeks at one time, and between such hours as may be specified in the licence:

Provided that the Director shall not grant an occasional retailer's licence or an occasional dealer's licence unless he is of the opinion that the grant of such licence is expedient for the convenience and accommodation of the public.

(2) An occasional retailer's licence shall be produced on request to any member of the Preventive Service at any time when goods to which the Ordinance applies are offered for sale, and if it is not so produced the holder shall be liable to a penalty of three hundred dollars.

24. The Director may in his absolute discretion authorize employees of a licensee holding a special importer's licence for hydrocarbon oils to issue export permits for hydrocarbon oils exported as ship's stores and permits authorizing the removal of hydrocarbon oils from one licensed warehouse to another:

Issue of export permits by special importers.

Provided that the Director may, without assigning any reason, in his absolute discretion, cancel any authority given under this regulation.

25. Whenever the holder of a permit to do anything which may lawfully be done by virtue of the terms of a permit issued under the provisions of the Ordinance and regulations made thereunder, finds that he cannot avail himself thereof, he shall—

Surrender of permits.

(a) forthwith surrender the permit to the Director or other officer who granted it;

(b) until such surrender, keep the goods, wherever they may be, separate and intact in their containers; and

(c) thereafter abide by such directions as the Director may give for the disposal of the goods.

Identifica-
tion of
licensees.

26. Every person applying for a prescribed licence shall furnish to the Director two copies of the photograph of—

- (a) himself; and
- (b) any other person for the time being in charge of the licensed premises,

of a reasonable likeness to the satisfaction of the Director and of a size not greater than two inches by two inches and not less than one and a half inches by one and a half inches, and shall personally sign an application for such licence.

Bonds.

27. An applicant for the issue of any licence or permit, in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder shall, as a condition precedent to the issue thereof, furnish such security either in cash or by means of a bond as the Director may require to ensure—

- (a) the due observance of and compliance with the provisions of the Ordinance and regulations made thereunder and the conditions of his licence or permit;
- (b) the payment of duty;
- (c) the safe and secure keeping of all dutiable goods on his premises until their lawful removal therefrom.

PART VII.

MANUFACTURE.

Factories.

Interpreta-
tion.

28. In the following regulations relating to factories—
“factory” means any place or premises licensed for the manufacture of goods;
“goods” means dutiable or duty-paid goods of the class or description for the manufacture of which a factory is licensed;
“manufacturer” includes the licensee and any person for the time being in charge of a factory.

Marking of
factories.

29. There shall be legibly and permanently marked on the outside of every factory in English and Chinese, in letters and characters at least three inches high, the words “LICENSED FACTORY FOR” (specifying the number of the factory and the nature of the goods for which it is licensed).

Factory
construction.

30. Every factory shall be enclosed, constructed, maintained and cleansed to the satisfaction of the Director.

31. Except with the express permission of the Director nothing but goods and materials for manufacture shall be brought into a factory.

Unnecessary
articles
prohibited
in factory.

32. Goods shall be manufactured wholly within a factory and shall not be removed therefrom until their manufacture is complete, and dutiable goods shall not be removed therefrom except in accordance with a prescribed permit or with the special permission of the Director.

Manufacture
to be wholly
within
factory.

33. All goods in a factory shall be stored to the satisfaction of the Director and manufactured goods shall be stored apart from unmanufactured goods and dutiable goods shall be stored apart from duty-paid goods.

Storage.

34. In every factory the manufacturer shall, to the satisfaction of the Director, keep, and at the end of each day make due entry of the particulars prescribed in, a stock book and a factory book which shall be in such form as the Director may specify.

Manu-
facturers'
books.

35. Every manufacturer shall on each successive Monday (or if Monday is a public holiday, on the next working day) deliver to the Director, a return in such form as the Director may specify of all goods taken into or out of or manufactured in a factory.

Returns.

36. Without prejudice to the regulations in this Part, every factory where dutiable goods are manufactured shall be deemed to be a licensed warehouse for the purpose of any regulations relating to the storage of dutiable goods manufactured or to be manufactured within the Colony.

Factory to
be deemed
a licensed
warehouse.

Breweries.

37. In the following regulations relating to breweries—

“licensed premises” or “premises” means any premises whereon any person is licensed to keep a brewery and, where the context admits, includes any premises in connexion with the licensed premises or with the business conducted thereon;

“person in charge” includes the person for the time being having the control or management of the business conducted upon the licensed premises;

“storage vessel” means every vessel or receptacle intended to remain permanently on the licensed premises and used or intended to be used for the maturing or storing of beer brewed or made on the premises.

Interpreta-
tion.

38. (1) The licensed premises shall be enclosed by walls or fences to the satisfaction of the Director.

Construction.

(2) The door of each portion of the premises shall carry on the outside thereof a permanent description in English and Chinese of the purpose for which such portion is used which use shall be in accordance with the plans submitted to the Director together with the application upon which the licence appertaining to the said premises was issued.

(3) No structural alteration of the premises, or change in the use to which any portion of the premises is put, shall be made without the consent in writing of the Director.

(4) Every part of the premises shall be illuminated to the satisfaction of the Director.

(5) The premises shall at all times be kept in good and substantial repair and in sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Director.

(6) (a) The licensee shall provide and maintain in the premises, to the satisfaction of the Director, office accommodation, with all necessary furniture, writing materials, heating, cleaning and lighting, and lavatory accommodation, for the use of members of the Preventive Service on duty at the premises.

(b) No charge shall be levied for the facilities required by this paragraph.

Business.

39. Except with the consent in writing of the Director, no business other than the licensee's business of brewing or making beer shall be carried on within the premises and no intoxicating liquors other than beer brewed or made on the premises shall be brought upon or stored in the premises.

Machinery,
etc.

40. (1) All machinery, apparatus, utensils, vessels or receptacles used in the brewing or making, maturing or storing of beer shall be of a type, design or capacity, as the case may be, approved by the Director and shall, unless he shall otherwise authorize, be so placed or fixed as to admit of the contents being readily and accurately ascertained by gauge or measure and shall not be altered in structure, shape, position or capacity, as the case may be, without the consent in writing of the Director.

(2) The name of every utensil, vessel or receptacle according to the purpose for which it is intended shall be legibly painted, and kept so painted, upon some conspicuous part of every utensil, vessel or receptacle used for the brewing or making or maturing of beer and the normal full capacity thereof shall be painted thereon in like manner. If more than one utensil, vessel or receptacle is used for the same purpose, each shall be distinguished by a serial number.

(3) All vessels or receptacles, other than bottles and cans, used for the storage of beer shall have their normal full capacity clearly marked upon them.

(4) All machinery, apparatus, utensils, vessels or receptacles of every kind shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Director.

41. The licensee shall provide and maintain upon the premises, and permit any and every member of the Preventive Service to use, sufficient and just beams, scales or weighing machines and standard weights, gauges and measures (including glass measures graduated in ounces for the determination of the contents of reputed pint and quart bottles, and also a cask or vessel capable of containing the contents of the largest cask or container intended to be sent out from the brewery) and other necessary and reasonable appliances to the satisfaction of the Director.

Weights and
measures.

Brewing.

42. (1) The worts produced from any brewing shall be removed successively and in the customary order of brewing to the coppers, coolers, collecting or fermenting vessels, and shall not be removed from the last-mentioned vessels until an account has been taken by a member of the Preventive Service or until after the expiration of twelve hours from the time at which the worts are collected in such vessels:

Worts.

Provided that this regulation shall not apply where the Director is satisfied that the brewing process is such as to preclude compliance with the provision thereof.

(2) When worts have commenced running into a collecting or fermenting vessel the whole of the produce of the brewing shall be collected within twelve hours.

43. (1) All collecting and fermenting vessels shall be accurately gauged and the licensee shall furnish tables showing the capacity of each in gallons at every inch and tenth of an inch measured from a fixed dipping place which must be clearly marked.

Collecting
and ferment-
ing vessels.

(2) Each collecting and fermenting vessel shall be fitted with a discharge cock of a type approved by the Director and so arranged that it can be secured with a lock to be affixed and sealed by a member of the Preventive Service. It shall have no other outlet except one which will allow the vessel to be cleansed.

44. The licensee shall keep on the licensed premises, open at all times for inspection, a brewing book, in such form as the Director may specify, in which he shall make or cause to be made the following entries—

Brewing
book.

(a) at least twenty-four hours before commencing to mash or dissolve any material to be used in his next brewing, he shall record the date and hour when such brewing is intended to take place, and at least two hours before the hour stated for brewing he shall enter the quantity of each material to be used;

- (b) when the worts from any brewing have been collected in the proper collecting and fermenting vessels, the serial number or numbers of the receptacles must be immediately recorded in the brewing book together with the quantity in gallons and the true original gravity of the worts;
- (c) the date of the removal of any beer from the proper collecting and fermenting vessels and the quantity removed.

Produce of brewing.

45. (1) The produce of any brewing shall be kept separate and distinct from that of every other brewing for a period of twenty-four hours unless an account of the first-mentioned produce has been taken by a member of the Preventive Service.

(2) The produce of any brewing must not be mixed with that of any other brewing except in the store vats or casks, unless the licensee has given twenty-four hours' notice in writing to the Director, specifying the quantity and original gravity of the worts.

Removal of beer from brewery.

46. Beer shall not be removed from the licensed premises unless—
- (a) it is accompanied by a voucher in accordance with any regulations relating to vouchers for the sale or transfer of duty-paid goods; and
 - (b) it is so removed between the hours of 5 a.m. and 6 p.m.

Calibration tables and storage vessels.

47. (1) A calibration table shall be supplied to the Director showing the capacity of each storage vessel in gallons for each one-tenth of an inch of depth measured from a mark thereon.

- (2) Every storage vessel shall be—
- (a) in a conspicuous place thereon numbered and marked with its maximum capacity;
 - (b) provided to the satisfaction of the Director with a gauge showing the quantity stored therein;
 - (c) so placed that the contents can be readily measured.

Accounting.

Stock books.

48. Every licensee shall keep on the licensed premises stock books in English, in a form approved by the Director, and as soon as is reasonably possible and in any event not later than the end of the day in which the need for an entry under paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) arose, shall enter or cause to be entered therein under the appropriate date—

- (a) the quantity of grain, molasses, sugar or other fermentable material received on the premises, and the weight of any such material issued for each brewing for the making of mash and wort;

- (b) the manner in which all beer manufactured is disposed of; and
- (c) the quantity of beer removed from the premises.

49. The licensee shall furnish to the Director on each successive Monday (or if Monday is a general holiday, on the next working day) a return, in such form as the Director may specify, of all beer or worts in or made in the brewery during the seven days ending at the close of work on the preceding Saturday, showing—

- (a) the balance of dutiable beer and worts brought forward from the previous week;
- (b) the quantity since produced;
- (c) the quantity on which duty is tendered;
- (d) the balance of dutiable beer and worts remaining in the brewery.

Distilleries.

50. In the following regulations relating to distilleries— "distiller" includes the licensee and any person for the time being in charge of a distillery.

Returns.
Interpretation.

51. There shall be legibly and permanently marked on the outside of every distillery, in English and Chinese in letters and characters at least three inches high, the words "LICENSED DISTILLERY NO." (specifying the number of the distillery).

Marking of distilleries.

52. Every distillery shall be enclosed by walls or fences and every part thereof and every fixture therein or thereon constructed and maintained in good and substantial repair and in sanitary condition, to the satisfaction of the Director, and in particular—

Construction of distilleries.

- (a) access to the distillery may be obtained only from a street or road to which the public has access;
- (b) the distillery shall be illuminated and ventilated to the satisfaction of the Director;
- (c) necessary precautions to prevent the outbreak of fire shall be taken in the distillery and such fire extinguishers and other fire fighting appliances as the Director may require shall be provided;
- (d) in the distillery there shall be one or more stores (hereinafter called spirit stores) for the collection and storage of all dutiable liquor;
- (e) the stills shall be of a type approved by the Director and shall be so arranged, and the stills and the spirit stores so constructed, that all spirit produced in the distillery must pass from every still either directly into a spirit store or first into a

locked receiver and then into a spirit store, but in either case so that no access can be had to the spirit except by a member of the Preventive Service, the spirit receiver shall have no outlet except through a cock fitted with a lock affixed and sealed by a member of the Preventive Service;

- (f) no alterations or repairs, and no change in the use to which any part of the premises is put, shall be made without the consent of the Director.

Locks and seals.

53. The Director may cause sealed locks to be affixed to any spirit store and spirit receiver.

Spirit store to be deemed a licensed warehouse.

54. Without prejudice to this Part, every spirit store shall be deemed to be a licensed warehouse for the purpose of any regulations relating to the storage of dutiable goods, except that—

- (a) no separate licence shall be necessary for the store;
- (b) on the outside of the store, instead of the words "LICENSED WAREHOUSE", there shall be legibly and permanently marked in English and Chinese the words "SPIRIT STORE";
- (c) no liquor shall be removed from a spirit store except under and in accordance with a prescribed permit;
- (d) no permit shall be necessary for the removal of liquor from one spirit store to another in the same distillery;
- (e) without the express permission of the Director no liquor shall be taken into a spirit store in any distillery except liquor distilled in that distillery.

Containers.

55. (1) All containers and utensils for distillation and storage of liquor shall be kept clean to the satisfaction of the Director.

(2) All containers of Chinese type spirits despatched from any distillery shall have legibly painted thereon in Chinese characters the word "酒" (tsau) and the name of the distillery.

(3) Every container for fermenting mash shall be of a size approved by the Director and shall have the normal charge, and a serial number plainly and permanently marked thereon in English and Chinese; no such container shall be filled with material for fermentation weighing more or less than the normal charge.

(4) Every container used for storing spirit in a spirit store shall be of a size approved by the Director and shall have the maximum capacity in gallons and a serial number plainly marked thereon in English and Chinese. It shall be fitted or provided with an accurate gauge showing the quantity of spirit in the container.

(5) Every container in a spirit store shall be kept securely covered so as to prevent evaporation.

56. No person shall, unless accompanied by a member of the Preventive Service employed in a spirit store, enter or be in any spirit store.

Unauthorized person prohibited in spirit store.

57. (1) Except with the permission of the Director, no liquor, and nothing but materials for the distillation of liquor, shall be taken into a distillery.

Restrictions on liquor and materials entering and leaving distilleries.

(2) No fermented material shall be removed from a distillery, until all the alcohol therein has been removed therefrom by distillation.

58. (1) Except with the special permission of the Director, all material put on to ferment shall be distilled as soon as fermentation is complete, but in any event within the times set out in the following table—

Fermentation.

TABLE.

Season.	Time within which material is to be fermented.			
	Molasses.	Millet.	Rice.	
			Using square cake yeast or baker's yeast.	Using ball yeast.
April 15th to October 31st	72 hours	10 days	18 days	7 days
November 1st to April 14th	96 hours	10 days	21 days	10 days

(2) Time shall commence to run—

- (a) in the case of molasses, from the first mixing of molasses with rice tailings or other ferment;
- (b) in the case of rice, from noon on the day on which the steamed rice is mixed with yeast; and
- (c) in the case of millet, from the first mixing of millet with yeast cake.

(3) No methods of accelerating fermentation shall be employed without the prior consent of the Director.

(4) In the case of rice, the distiller shall declare to the Director the type of yeast and the methods of fermentation he intends to employ, and shall enter that type of yeast and that method in the record prescribed by paragraph (1) of regulation 61.

(5) The distiller shall forthwith report to the Director any change in the type of yeast or method of fermentation used.

Liquor to be reduced to uniform strength and spirit receivers emptied when account is taken.

59. (1) Before an account is taken by a member of the Preventive Service of any liquor in a distillery, the liquor shall, if the Director so directs, be reduced to a uniform strength prescribed by him as a strength at which liquor of that type is by trade usage commonly produced or sold.

(2) At or immediately after the taking of such account spirit receivers shall be emptied.

Duty-paid liquor and denatured spirit to be removed from distillery.

60. (1) After duty is assessed on any liquor, such liquor shall forthwith be removed from the spirit store and from the distillery.

(2) After any liquor has been denatured in a spirit store, the denatured spirit shall be removed from the spirit store and from the distillery immediately after the Government Chemist has certified that the liquor is not in his opinion liable to duty.

Records to be kept by distiller.

61. (1) In addition to any record which he is required to keep under any regulations relating to the storage of dutiable goods, every distiller shall, whenever any materials for the distillation of liquor are taken into or out of a distillery or are used or dealt with in any manner whatever therein, forthwith make such entries in respect thereof as the Director shall specify in a book which shall be kept in the distillery. The form of such book may be prescribed by the Director.

(2) Every distiller shall keep a record of the names of all persons employed by him in a distillery, with particulars of the commencement of, absence from, return to and termination of their employment.

Returns by distiller.

62. In addition to any return which he is required to make under any regulations for the storage of dutiable goods, every distillery shall, on each successive Monday (or if Monday is a general holiday, on the next working day) deliver to the Director to his satisfaction a return, in such form as the Director may provide, of all fermentable material taken into or out of or set on to ferment in a distillery.

PART VIII.

SALE.

Certificates of origin and standards of quality for liquors.

Certificates of origin for imported liquors.

63. (1) The Director, in his absolute discretion, may require any imported intoxicating liquor for which a standard of quality is prescribed, except Chinese type spirits, to be accompanied by a certificate (hereinafter in these regulations called a certificate of origin) from the

place where the liquor was made, that the liquor is genuine liquor of the nature and quality, if any, specified in these regulations.

(2) Certificates of origin for brandy, whisky and rum shall contain such analytical and other particulars as will enable the liquor to be readily identified.

(3) In these regulations, "certificate of origin" includes any certificate, in whatever form, which satisfies the above definition, and includes a certificate of age.

64. If any intoxicating liquor—

- (a) is not accompanied by the certificate of origin required by regulation 63; or
- (b) is found on analysis to differ materially in nature or quality from that specified in the certificate of origin; or
- (c) is not of the standard of quality, if any, prescribed by these regulations for that type of liquor; or
- (d) being brandy or whisky, has not been matured in wood for at least three years,

a permit shall not issue for the removal of the liquor from the place where it may be, except—

- (i) to a ship, or from one ship to another, for export; or
- (ii) to a general bonded or licensed warehouse, or from one such warehouse to another; or
- (iii) to any other place, if the liquor is for the private consumption of the importer, but only in such quantities as the Director may determine; or
- (iv) from a general bonded or licensed warehouse, after the liquor has, to the satisfaction of the Director, been manufactured; or
- (v) from a general bonded or licensed warehouse, after the liquor, not being brandy or whisky, has, to the satisfaction of the Director, been repacked or relabelled.

65. (1) The quality of any liquor shall be determined by the Government Chemist as follows—

- (a) in the case of Chinese type spirits, upon analysis;
- (b) in the case of other liquor, in his discretion—
 - (i) upon analysis; or
 - (ii) upon a certificate of origin required by regulation 63; or
 - (iii) upon both such analysis and such certificate.

(2) The method employed for determining the higher alcohols in spirit shall be that known as the Allen-Marquardt method.

Restrictions on movement of certain liquors.

Method of determining quality of liquors.

66. The following standards of quality are prescribed—

(a) for all intoxicating liquors, every such liquor shall possess the aroma and flavour natural to liquor of its type;

(b) for spirits—

(i) all spirits shall contain such proportions, if any, of volatile acidity, aldehydes, furfural, esters and higher alcohols as are natural to spirits of their type;

(ii) brandy: the spirituous liquid distilled from the wine of grapes;

cognac: brandy made in the Cognac region of France from grapes grown therein;

(iii) whisky: the spirit obtained by distillation from a mash of cereal grains saccharified by the diastase of malt;

(iv) rum: the spirit distilled direct from sugar-cane products in sugar-cane growing countries;

Jamaica rum: rum made in Jamaica from cane grown therein;

imitation rum: all other rum;

(v) Chinese type spirit: intoxicating spirits made by the distillation of rice, molasses or millet up to and including a strength of alcohol by volume at 60° Fahrenheit of fifty-eight per cent for rice and molasses spirit and seventy per cent for millet spirit—

rice spirit—liu pun (料半), sheung ching (雙蒸) or sam ching (三蒸);

molasses spirit—to liu pun (土料半), to sheung ching (土雙蒸) or to sam ching (土三蒸);

millet spirit—mow toi (茅台), ko leung (高粱), sai fung (西鳳), tai kook (大鶴) or fan chow (汾酒).

If for sale, its strength in alcohol by volume at 60° Fahrenheit shall not be less than—

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (i) liu pun or to liu pun | twenty-two per cent |
| (ii) sheung ching or to sheung ching | twenty-seven per cent |
| (iii) sam ching or to sam ching | thirty-six per cent |
| (iv) mow toi, ko leung or tai kook .. | fifty per cent |
| (v) sai fung or fan chow | sixty per cent; |

(c) for wines—

(i) port: the fermented expressed juice of grapes grown in the Alto Douro district in the north-east of Portugal, shipped from Oporto, and wine of similar appearance from other countries or districts, which contains not less than fifteen per cent of alcohol by volume at 60° Fahrenheit;

Port shall be free from added colouring matter and preservatives other than alcohol and shall contain not less than fifteen per cent of alcohol by volume at 60° Fahrenheit;

(ii) Sherry: the fermented expressed juice of the grape, the produce of Jerez (or Xeres) de la Frontera, shipped from Cadiz in Spain, and wine of similar appearance from other countries or districts which contains not less than fifteen per cent of alcohol by volume at 60° Fahrenheit.

Sherry shall be free from added colouring matter and preservatives other than alcohol and shall contain not less than fifteen per cent of alcohol by volume at 60° Fahrenheit.

67. The name of the place of origin of port not produced in the Alto Douro district in Portugal, or sherry not produced in Jerez de la Frontera in Spain, shall be clearly marked on every container thereof. Marking of certain liquors.

Retailers.

68. These regulations shall apply to any goods to which this Ordinance applies and in these regulations relating to dealers and retailers— Interpretation.

"dealer" includes any person licensed to sell goods wholesale and every person for the time being in charge of his licensed premises;

"goods" means duty-paid goods;

"retailer" includes any person licensed to sell goods retail and every person for the time being in charge of his licensed premises.

69. There shall be legibly and permanently marked on the outside of the licensed premises of every retailer or dealer, in English and Chinese, in letters and characters at least three inches high, the words (name of retailer or dealer as the case may be) "LICENSED RETAILER" (or "DEALER" as the case may be) "OF" (nature of goods for which he is licensed) "NO." (number of licence). Marking of premises.

70. (1) Every dealer and retailer shall, to the satisfaction of the Director and in such form as the Director may approve, keep on his licensed premises— Retailers' books.

(a) a stock book, in which he shall duly enter the quantity of all goods received, treated or sold in the licensed premises; in particular—

(i) each kind and brand of goods shall be entered under a separate head;

(ii) entries shall show in each case the quantities in pounds and gallons or the number of containers or packets and their contents;

- (iii) receipts shall be entered forthwith;
- (iv) sales shall be entered at the close of business of each day;
- (v) sales for which a voucher is required by these regulations shall be entered separately with the serial numbers of the vouchers;
- (vi) the book shall be balanced daily at the close of business; and

(b) if the nature of his business so requires, or the Director so directs, a blend book, in which the dealer or retailer shall duly enter the quantity of all goods blended, mixed or otherwise treated in the premises, showing in particular—

- (i) the dates and times on which the treatment begins and ends;
- (ii) the quantity, kind and brand of goods used in the treatment;
- (iii) the quantity, kind and brand of goods produced in the treatment.

(2) Immediately before and immediately after treatment as aforesaid of any goods, appropriate entries shall be made both in the stock book and the blend book showing the transfer of stock for treatment or of the product of any treatment to stock.

Marking of containers.

71. Dealers and retailers of Chinese type spirits shall mark all jars or containers of spirit undergoing treatment with the Chinese name of the spirit being produced and the serial number of the blend, mixture or treatment, which shall correspond with that entered in the blend book.

Liquor licences for grocers.

72. Licences to sell Chinese type spirits retail and not wholesale shall be granted only to established grocers who do a genuine trade in Chinese groceries and whose trade in Chinese spirits is only a subsidiary part of the business conducted on the licensed premises. The holder of such licence shall—

- (a) keep no Chinese type spirits except liu pun (料半) and sheung ching (雙蒸) on his licensed premises;
- (b) not sell to any person more than two catties of liquor at a time;
- (c) without the permission of the Director, use on the licensed premises no kongs or barrels for storing liquor;
- (d) keep liquor only in the containers in which it was received on the premises or in such other containers as the Director may approve.

Vouchers to accompany duty-paid goods in transit.

73. Subject to such exemptions in respect of any particular kind or brand of goods as the Director may by directions prescribe, the regulations in this Part relating to vouchers shall apply to the sale, whether wholesale or retail and transfer for sale on duty-paid goods—

Provisions re sale of duty-paid goods.

- (a) of liquor in quantities exceeding two gallons;
- (b) of cigarettes in quantities exceeding two thousand;
- (c) of cigars in quantities exceeding two hundred;
- (d) of manufactured tobacco in quantities exceeding three pounds;
- (e) of unmanufactured tobacco in quantities exceeding thirty pounds;
- (f) of methyl alcohol in quantities exceeding two gallons.

74. On every such sale or transfer the seller or transferor shall give to the purchaser or transferee a voucher from a counterfoil book in a form approved by the Director, bearing—

Vouchers.

- (a) a serial number;
- (b) particulars of the kind, brand, quantity and price of the goods;
- (c) the name of the purchaser or transferee and also of the bearer of the voucher, if not the same person, and the address to which the goods are sent;
- (d) the name and signature or seal, if any, of the seller or transferor and the address from which and the time at which the goods are sent.

75. Every counterfoil shall correspond exactly with its voucher and shall be kept by the seller or transferor in the premises from which the goods are despatched.

Counter-foils.

76. The bearer of the voucher shall accompany the goods from the premises of the seller or transferor to the premises of the purchaser or transferee.

Voucher to accompany goods.

77. When the goods arrive at his premises, the purchaser or transferee, if a person licensed to sell such goods, shall forthwith cancel the voucher by drawing in ink two parallel straight lines diagonally across the face thereof, and thereafter shall keep the voucher for twelve months at those premises.

Cancelling vouchers.

PART IX.

STORAGE OF DUTIABLE GOODS.

Interpretation. 78. In this Part, "warehouse-keeper" includes the licensee and any person for the time being in charge of a warehouse.

Application. 79. This Part shall apply to general bonded warehouses, licensed warehouses and any premises deemed to be licensed warehouses under the provisions of any other Part, except as may be provided in that Part.

Marking of warehouses. 80. There shall be legibly and permanently marked on the outside of every warehouse in English and Chinese in letters and characters at least three inches high, the words "GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSE FOR" or "LICENSED WAREHOUSE FOR" (as the case may be) (specifying the number of the warehouse and the nature of the goods for which it is licensed).

Construction of warehouses. 81. Every warehouse and every part thereof and every fixture therein or thereon shall be constructed and maintained in good and substantial repair and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Director, and in particular—

- (a) the warehouse shall be illuminated and ventilated to the satisfaction of the Director;
- (b) the windows shall be suitably secured with stout wire mesh, shutters and bars;
- (c) the warehouse shall be so constructed, and the door shall have such fastenings capable of being fitted with locks affixed and sealed by a member of the Preventive Service, that when such locks are fitted no person except a member of the Preventive Service can have any access to the warehouse;
- (d) the Director may cause locks to be fitted to any warehouse;
- (e) no alterations or repairs shall be made without the consent of the Director.

Lamps. 82. The type of lamps used in a warehouse shall be of a type and standard approved by the Director.

Accommodation for members of the Preventive Service. 83. (1) When required so to do by the Director, the warehouse-keeper shall provide and maintain in the premises to the satisfaction of the Director, office and lavatory accommodation, with heating, lighting, furniture and writing materials, for the use of the members of the Preventive Service on duty at the warehouse.

(2) No charge shall be levied for any facilities required by the Director under this regulation.

84. Every warehouse-keeper, to the satisfaction of the Director, shall provide and maintain, in a suitable place in the warehouse—

- (a) adequate receptacles, accurate measures, beams and scales or weighing machines, for examining, testing, sampling, bottling, blending, mixing, denaturing, repacking, grading, reconditioning and otherwise treating dutiable goods; and
- (b) adequate receptacles for refuse.

85. Warehouses may be opened between 8.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m. on weekdays other than Saturdays or public holidays, and between 8.30 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Saturdays.

(2) At other times warehouses may be opened with the written permission of the Director.

86. Except with the permission of the Director, no person shall, unless accompanied by a member of the Preventive Service, enter or be in any warehouse.

87. No person shall smoke or use naked lights or matches in any warehouse.

88. Except with the special permission of the Director nothing other than dutiable goods shall be stored in a warehouse.

89. The keeper of any general bonded warehouse shall admit any dutiable goods into his warehouse at the request of any holder of a permit in that behalf.

90. At the request of the master of any ship lying in the harbour of Victoria or of the person in charge of any aircraft at the Hong Kong Airport or of the owners, charterers or agents of any such ship or aircraft, the keeper of any general bonded warehouse shall forthwith remove from the ship or aircraft into his warehouse any dutiable goods specified in the request, unless the warehouse is not licensed for such goods or there is no accommodation for the goods in the warehouse.

91. (1) Should the owner of any dutiable goods left three years in any general bonded or licensed warehouse not remove such goods at the expiration of that period, or make an application to the Director to have such goods re-entered in the warehouse records, the Director shall cause a notice to be served on the owner if known or inserted in the *Gazette* giving a description of and the marks of any such goods, with the name of the owner thereof if the name of the owner thereof is known, and with the date on which such goods were received into any general bonded or licensed warehouses and shall name a day, which shall be not less than three months from the date of such notice, on

Facilities for examination, etc. of goods.

Hours of opening.

Entry, etc. only with a member of the Preventive Service.

No smoking, etc.

Only dutiable goods to be stored.

Goods to be admitted under permit.

Goods from ship or aircraft to be admitted on request to general bonded warehouse.

Non-removal of dutiable goods.

which the said goods shall be sold by public auction if not previously removed by the owner in accordance with the provisions of these regulations and shall cause the same to be sold accordingly.

(2) On the sale by auction of any goods as aforesaid there shall be deducted from the proceeds of sale, after payment of any necessary expenses connected with the sale thereof, any duties and any other fee or charges payable to the Crown or to the keeper of the warehouse wherein such goods had been stored prior to the sale in respect of such goods, and the surplus (if any) after such payments have been made shall be placed on deposit in the Treasury and, if not claimed by the owner of the goods within twelve months thereafter, such amount shall be forfeited to the Crown.

(3) Should any goods as aforesaid be unsaleable or should their condition or value be such that the proceeds of sale would not, in the opinion of the Director, pay the necessary expenses of sale by public auction such goods may be destroyed, and no person shall have any claim against any Government officer or against the Crown for the goods destroyed or for the destruction of such goods.

Classification of goods.

92. Dutiable goods may be divided into such classes as a warehouse-keeper, with the approval of the Director, may determine, having regard to the rules of the Fire Insurance Association of Hong Kong in so far as they are compatible with the law relating to dangerous goods.

Empty containers.

93. Subject to regulation 88, empty containers shall be kept in a locked compartment apart from dutiable goods or as the Director may in any case specially direct.

Opening containers.

94. No container of dutiable goods shall be opened except under the supervision of a member of the Preventive Service unless the Director gives permission to the contrary in any particular case.

Sampling and other treatment of goods.

95. (1) Subject to the provisions of regulation 94 and after the notice, samples of dutiable goods may be taken and dutiable goods may be repacked, bottled, blended, denatured or treated in any other manner whatever as the Director may permit, in a warehouse.

(2) Notice may be given to the Director in office hours on any working day before that on which the operation begins, and shall specify—

- (a) the nature of the operation;
- (b) the name and the number (if any) of the warehouse; and
- (c) the day and time when the operation is to begin.

(3) No person shall begin or perform any such operation or any part thereof except under the supervision of a member of the Preventive Service, unless the Director gives special permission to the contrary.

(4) Dutiable goods shall not be repacked in containers in less quantities than those specified in regulation 97.

(5) Containers, if any, which are deficient in content shall be filled from others in the same ownership.

(6) Unless the Director otherwise directs, samples shall not be removed from a warehouse until duty has been paid thereon.

96. No goods shall be removed from a warehouse except under permit.

Goods to be removed only under permit.

97. The minimum amount of any one kind, brand, preparation or admixture of dutiable goods which may be removed in any one consignment from a warehouse, except as samples or with the special permission of the Director, shall be—

Minimum quantities for removal.

- (a) Liquor two gallons
- (b) Tobacco—
 - (i) cigarettes two thousand
 - (ii) cigars two hundred
 - (iii) other manufactured tobacco three pounds
 - (iv) unmanufactured tobacco thirty pounds
- (c) Hydrocarbon oils eight gallons.

98. Whenever any goods are taken into or out of a warehouse or are treated in any manner whatever under the provisions of regulation 95, the warehouse-keeper shall forthwith make such entries in respect thereof as the Director may require in a book which shall be kept in the warehouse. The form of such book may be prescribed by the Director.

Record of goods.

99. Whenever any deficiency, from whatever cause, occurs or is found in dutiable goods stored in a warehouse the keeper thereof shall forthwith duly enter the same in the book required to be kept by regulation 98 and shall within twenty-four hours report such deficiency to the Director.

Deficiencies.

100. The keeper of a general bonded warehouse shall daily, and of a licensed warehouse weekly, or in either case at such other regular intervals and on such days as the Director may appoint, deliver returns to the Director to his satisfaction and in such form as he may prescribe of all dutiable goods taken into or out of the warehouse, all such operations as are set out in regulation 95, and such other relevant particulars as the Director may require; returns shall be delivered before noon on the day on which they are due, or if that day is a general holiday, on the next working day.

Returns to Director.

Charges.

101. Charges by warehouse-keepers for storing or moving dutiable goods shall not exceed such as the Director may approve.

Stationing of members of the Preventive Service.

102. The Director may at any time station in any warehouse such members of the Preventive Service as may, in his opinion, be necessary for the due protection of the revenue.

Payment of fees.

103. Every warehouse-keeper shall pay the fee prescribed for the attendance of members of the Preventive Service at his warehouse; but the Director may dispense with a fee for attendance at any warehouse during the usual hours of opening prescribed in regulation 85 and for attendances at other times arranged at the request of the Director.

PART X.

PENALTIES.

Penalties.

104. (1) Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Ordinance, any person who acts in contravention of regulations 4, 5, 10, 20, 31, 32, 35, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 52, 54, 58, 61, 63, 64, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 74, 75, 77, 84, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98 and 99 shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon summary conviction, in addition to any forfeiture under these regulations, be liable—

(a) for the first offence, to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for twelve months;

(b) for every subsequent offence, to a fine of one hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment for two years.

(2) Any person who acts in contravention of regulations 6, 7, 8, 9, 25, 26, 29, 30, 33, 34, 38, 48, 51, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 62, 69, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 93, 100, 101 and 103 shall be guilty of an offence and shall in addition to any forfeiture under these regulations be liable to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for twelve months.

(3) In any case where a magistrate is of the opinion that an offence was committed with intent to avoid payment of duty he may in addition to any fine prescribed by this regulation inflict a fine not exceeding ten times the amount of duty payable on the goods in respect of which the offence was committed.

PART XI.

REVOCATION.

Revocation.
(Vol. IX,
p. 277).

105. The Dutiable Commodities Regulations are revoked:
Provided that regulation 20A, the regulations appearing under sub-heading 'B' of Part VI, Forms 11, 12, 13, 14 in the First Schedule, of those regulations, and the provisions of regulations 1 and 19 and the

Second Schedule of those regulations so far as may be necessary for the purposes of liquor licences and the aforesaid regulations, shall continue in force until they are replaced by an enactment expressed to be in substitution therefor.

SCHEDULE.

[reg. 2.]

LICENCES AND FEES.

PART I—GENERAL.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
General bonded warehouse licence	10
Harbour vessel licence	10
Ship licence	10

PART II—LIQUORS.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
Warehouse licence	2,000
*Manufacturer's licence	200
Distillery licence for distilling intoxicating liquors	1,000
*Still licence (single still) for distillation of liquids other than dutiable liquors	100
Brewery licence	2,000
Canteen licence	10
†Importer's licence—	
(a) except as in (b)	500
(b) to persons importing only for their own use or where the duty value of a single shipment is less than \$200	10% of the duty on the liquor imported with a minimum fee of \$2.
‡Exporter's licence	500
(except if held in conjunction with an importer's licence, then \$10).	
Dealer's licence—	
†(a) for European type intoxicating liquors	1,500
(b) for Non-European type intoxicating liquors—	
(i) in the New Territories	100
(ii) elsewhere	1,000
(iii) occasional dealer's licence	10% of the prescribed dealer's fees.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
(c) for liquor other than intoxicating liquor	100
†(d) for medicated liquor	50
Retailer's licence—	
†(a) for European type intoxicating liquors excluding beer	1,500
†(b) for beer—	
(i) in the New Territories	25
(ii) elsewhere in the Colony	75
(c) for Non-European type intoxicating liquors—	
(i) in the New Territories	50
(ii) elsewhere in the Colony	150
(d) for liquor other than intoxicating liquor—	
(i) in the New Territories	50
(ii) elsewhere in the Colony	100
†(e) for medicated liquor	50
(f) occasional retailer's licence	10% of the prescribed retailer's fees.
Permit to use alcohol free of duty in an educational, scientific or charitable organization	10

* Not required if a distillery licence is held.

† Not required if a European type liquor dealer's or retailer's licence is held.

‡ An importer who sells liquor requires a dealer's licence.

§ Not required for the export for the personal use of the exporter of duty-paid liquor in quantities not exceeding two gallons.

PART III—TOBACCO.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
Warehouse licence—	
(a) in conjunction with a manufacturer's licence	1,000
(b) in other cases	2,000
Tobacco grower's licence	200
Manufacturer's licence	1,000
for Chinese prepared tobacco	500
Travelling salesman's licence	25
Canteen licence	10
*Importer's licence—	
(a) except as in (b)	500
(b) to persons importing only for their own use or where the duty value of a single shipment is less than \$200	10% of the duty on the tobacco with a minimum of \$2.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
†Exporter's licence	500
(except if held in conjunction with an importer's licence, then \$10).	
Dealer's licence	500
Retailer's licence—	
(a) in the New Territories	25
(b) elsewhere in the Colony	75
Hawker's licence	8
Occasional retailer's licence	10% of the prescribed retailer's fee.

* An importer who sells tobacco also requires a dealer's licence.

† Not required for the export for the personal use of the exporter of the following quantities of duty-paid goods—

(a) two thousand cigarettes;

(b) two hundred cigars;

(c) three pounds of manufactured tobacco.

PART IV—HYDROCARBON OILS.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
Warehouse licence	1,000
Manufacturer's licence	10,000
*Importer's licence—	
(a) except as in (b)	500
(b) to persons importing only for their own use or where the duty value of a single shipment is less than \$200	10% of the duty on the hydrocarbon oil imported with a minimum of \$2.
Special importer's licence—	
to licensed importers who are also keepers of licensed warehouses capable of storing not less than 100,000 gallons of hydrocarbon oils	1,000
Exporter's licence	500
(except if held in conjunction with an importer's licence, then \$10).	
Dealer's licence	100
Retailer's licence	25
Occasional retailer's licence	10% of the prescribed retailer's fee.

* An importer who sells hydrocarbon oils also requires a dealer's licence.

PART V—TABLE WATERS.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
Warehouse licence—	
(a) in conjunction with a manufacturer's licence ...	50
(b) in other cases	100
Manufacturer's licence	1,000
for soda fountain only	100
Importer's licence—	
(a) except as in (b)	300
(b) to persons importing only for their own use or where the duty value of a single shipment is less than \$100	10% of the duty on the table waters imported with a minimum of \$2.
Exporter's licence	300
(except if held in conjunction with an importer's licence, then \$10).	

PART VI—METHYL ALCOHOL.

Licence or permit.	Fee.
	\$
Licensed warehouse licence	10
*Importer's licence	10
Special importer's licence	10
Exporter's licence	10
Dealer's licence	10
Retailer's licence	10

* An importer who sells methyl alcohol also requires a dealer's licence.

PART VII—MISCELLANEOUS.

The following fees are prescribed—

For every transfer of or substitution or amendment in any licence, not otherwise specified, except a transfer from one person to another	Fee.
	\$3
For every transfer of any licence from one person to another, not otherwise specified	\$5

For every certificate of the Government Chemist that any denatured spirits are non-dutiable	Fee.
	\$5
	or one-twentieth of the duty, which would have been payable on the spirits had they not been denatured, whichever is the greater.
For every landing certificate, certificate of shortages or breakages of cargo found damaged or short in bond, certificate of accuracy or copy of or extract from official records, any other certificates on which any official signature has been given in connexion with the importation shortage or exportation of any goods to which this Ordinance applies	\$10
For storage of goods by the Commerce and Industry Department with the permission of the Director—	
(a) aircraft stores at Kai Tak	50 cents per month or part of a month per cubic foot or part of a cubic foot of space rented.
(b) in all other cases	\$1 per package (irrespective of size) per day or part of a day.
For attendance at a general bonded or licensed warehouse—	
	Per Hour Per 8-Hour Day Per Month
Revenue Inspector	\$18 \$144 \$3,600
Revenue Sub-Inspector	\$11 \$ 88 \$2,200
Senior Revenue Officer, Revenue Officer and Assistant Revenue Officer	\$ 7 \$ 56 \$1,400.

Patricia v. Dy
Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
5th September, 1963.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

1. These regulations replace the Dutiable Commodities Regulations made under the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance, Chapter 109.
2. The most important change is that Forms are no longer prescribed by regulations. Provision has been made for all necessary forms to be prescribed by the Director of Commerce and Industry, thereby providing for greater flexibility in the many forms and records required by the regulations.