



STAMP ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 117).

STAMP (BANK AUTHORIZATION) (NO. 4) ORDER, 1960.

In exercise of the power vested in me by section 15 of the Stamp Ordinance, I hereby make the following Order:—

ORDER.

1. This Order may be cited as the Stamp (Bank Authorization) Order, 1960.

2. The bank specified in the Schedule to this Order is hereby authorized with effect from 1st November, 1960, to compound for the payment of duty on unstamped cheques subject to the conditions stated in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Ordinance.

Specified bank authorized to compound for the payment of certain duty.

SCHEDULE.

Far East Bank, Limited.

Arthur Clarke
Financial Secretary.

14th October, 1960.

(Secretariat GR18/2321/49)

PUBLIC HEALTH AND URBAN SERVICES ORDINANCE, 1960.
(No. 30 of 1960).

PUBLIC HEALTH AND URBAN SERVICES ORDINANCE, 1960
(AMENDMENT OF FIRST SCHEDULE) ORDER, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (5) of section 84 of the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960, the Governor in Council has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960 (Amendment of First Schedule) Order, 1960, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960 (hereinafter referred to as the Ordinance). Citation and commencement.

2. The First Schedule to the Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the figure "3" where it occurs after the word "By-law" and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of First Schedule.

"4 (d)".



Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
18th October, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport).

This Order corrects a minor drafting error in the First Schedule to the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960.

(Secretariat GR8/3281/54)

DAIRIES REGULATIONS, 1960.

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS.

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PUBLIC HEALTH (ANIMALS AND BIRDS) ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 139).

DAIRIES REGULATIONS, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

PART I.

Preliminary.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Dairies Regulations, 1960, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1960. Citation and commencement.

2. In these regulations, save where the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.
 “dairyman” includes any keeper of cows or buffaloes for the purpose of trade in milk, and any occupier of a dairy, and in cases where a dairy is owned by a corporation or company includes the secretary or other person actually managing such dairy;

“disease” means any disease of an infectious or contagious nature, and includes, in the case of cattle, any disease of the udder which is liable to cause contamination of the milk;

“health officer” has the meaning assigned to it by section 2 of the Ordinance and, in addition, includes any veterinary officer and any person for the time being performing the duties of a veterinary officer;

“licensee” means any person licensed under regulation 8 to maintain a dairy;

“public analyst” means the Government Chemist, the Government Pathologist and any analyst appointed by the Governor for the purpose of the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960; (30 of 1960).

“register” means the register of dairymen kept by the Director pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of regulation 3;

“registered dairyman” means a dairyman whose name is, for the time being, entered in the register;

“revoked regulations” means the regulations revoked by the provisions of regulation 36.

PART II.

Registration of dairymen.

Registration of dairymen.

3. (1) The Director shall keep a register of dairymen.

(2) No person shall carry on the trade of a dairyman unless his name is entered in the register.

(3) Where the Director enters the name of any person in the register, he shall issue to such person a certificate of registration on which shall be affixed a photograph of such person.

(4) The Director may, where he thinks fit, enter the name of any person in the register on such terms or conditions as he may determine.

(5) The Director may, at any time, remove the name of any person from the register.

Information required from dairyman seeking registration.

4. The name of any person shall not be entered in the register unless he has furnished full information to the satisfaction of the Director as to his residence, the place where the milk is kept for sale, the place where the milk is produced, the place where the cattle are kept, the nature of his water supply and the general suitability of his arrangements for carrying on the trade of a dairyman.

Carrying and production of certificate of registration by dairyman.

5. Any registered dairyman shall, whilst purveying or selling milk, carry his certificate of registration with him, and shall produce it when demanded by any health officer or any inspector.

PART III.

Licensing and control of dairies.

Prohibition of maintaining dairy without licence.

6. Save under and in accordance with a licence issued by the Director under regulation 8, no person shall maintain a dairy.

Dairy to be maintained only at premises, etc. specified in licence.

7. No dairy shall be maintained at any premises or place other than the premises or place specified in such licence.

Power of Director to issue licence to maintain dairy, etc.

8. (1) Upon application in the form prescribed by the Director, the Director may grant a licence to any person to maintain a dairy and may renew the same.

(2) Every such licence and every renewal thereof shall expire on the 31st day of December.

(3) Save as provided in paragraph (4), a fee of—

(a) four hundred and eighty dollars; or

(b) twelve dollars for each cow or buffalo over the age of twelve months which, in the case of a new such licence, is to be kept in the dairy on the commencement of the licence, or, in the case of the renewal of any such licence, is kept in the dairy on the 1st day of January,

whichever is the greater, shall be payable on the grant or renewal of any such licence.

(4) Where any such licence is granted on or after the 1st day of July in any year, the fee payable in respect thereof shall be one-half of the fee prescribed in paragraph (3).

(5) Any such licence and any renewal thereof shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Director may determine and shall not be transferable.

(6) Every such licence and any renewal thereof shall specify the premises at which the dairy may be maintained.

9. (1) Every application for the grant of any such licence shall be accompanied by two copies of a plan, as nearly as may be to scale, of the premises at which it is proposed to maintain the dairy.

Application for licence to be accompanied by plan of premises, etc.

(2) Every such plan shall also show the following—

(a) the situation of the premises at which it is proposed to maintain the dairy; and

(b) the situation, in relation to such premises, of any premises adjacent thereto.

(3) Both copies of every such plan which is approved by the Director shall be endorsed to that effect by him and one of such copies shall be returned to the applicant and the other retained by the Director.

(4) Every such application shall also be accompanied by particulars of the method for the disposal of effluent from such premises.

10. (1) Without prejudice to the discretion of the Director with respect to the refusal of the grant or renewal of any such licence, no such licence shall, save as provided in paragraph (2), be granted or renewed unless the Director is satisfied—

Special grounds for refusal to grant or renew licence.

(a) that a plan of the premises at which the applicant or the licensee, as the case may be, proposes to maintain or is maintaining the dairy has been approved under regulation 9 and that the premises conform thereto, or, in the case of the renewal of a licence where such premises have been altered or added to, that the alteration or addition has been made in accordance with regulation 11;

(b) that such premises are in accordance with the provisions of regulation 12; and

(c) as to the method for the disposal of effluent from any building or other place in which cattle are kept or which is a milk room.

(2) The Director may grant or renew any such licence notwithstanding that he is not satisfied as to any one or more or all of the matters specified in sub-paragraph (b) or (c) of paragraph (1) if a health officer, other than a veterinary officer or a person performing the duties of a veterinary officer, is satisfied that to do so will not be to the prejudice of the public health.

Prohibition of alteration, etc. of premises at which dairy is maintained.

11. (1) Where a plan of any premises at which it is proposed to maintain a dairy has been approved under regulation 9, no person shall thereafter, save with the permission in writing of the Director, make—

- (a) any alteration or addition to such premises which results in a deviation in a material particular from the plan of such premises approved, for the time being, by the Director; or
- (b) any material alteration in respect of any of the matters in respect of which provision is made in regulation 12.

(2) The Director may refuse to give his permission for the making of any such alterations or additions as are specified in sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) until he has received and approved a plan showing the same.

Provisions as to construction of premises at which dairy is maintained, etc.

12. (1) Every building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy or which is a milk room shall be adequately lighted and ventilated.

(2) The floor of every such building or other place shall be paved with a layer of not less than six inches of lime-concrete or not less than three inches of cement-concrete composed of one part of cement, three parts of sand and five parts of stone broken to pass through a one-inch ring.

(3) The surface of every such floor shall be rendered and maintained smooth and impervious with a layer of asphalt or cement mortar not less than half an inch in thickness or with such other material of such nature and thickness as the Director may approve.

(4) The following provisions shall apply to every building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy—

- (a) the height of such building or place, at its lowest part, shall be not less than twelve feet; and
- (b) the floor thereof shall—
 - (i) be raised not less than eight inches above the level of the ground surrounding such building or place;
 - (ii) have a slope of not less than one in sixty; and

(iii) communicate directly, by means of an independent drain, constructed to the satisfaction of the Director, with a covered cement catch-pit.

(5) (a) In every such building or other place in which cattle are kept, every animal shall have—

- (i) not less than thirty-two square feet of floor space; and
- (ii) not less than three hundred and sixty cubic feet of air space.

(b) For the purposes of this paragraph, two calves, being less than twelve months of age, shall be deemed to be one animal.

(6) No water closet, dry closet, earth closet or urinal shall be within, or communicate directly with, any building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy or which is a milk room.

13. The contents of every catch-pit provided in any dairy in accordance with the provisions of sub-sub-paragraph (iii) of sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (4) of regulation 12 shall be removed therefrom not less than once in every twenty-four hours. Removal of contents of catch-pit.

14. The effluent from any building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy or which is a milk room shall at all times be disposed of to the satisfaction of the Director. Disposal of effluent.

15. The whole of the interior walls (unless exempted by the Director) and the ceilings of any building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy or which is a milk room shall be properly lime-washed during the months of January and July of each year. Walls, etc. to be lime-washed.

16. (1) Every building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy or to which cattle have access or which is a milk room shall be thoroughly cleansed as often as may be necessary to ensure that the same is at all times clean to the satisfaction of an inspector. Cleansing, etc. of dairies.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of regulation 15, every building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy or which is a milk room shall be scraped and lime-washed whenever required by the Director.

(3) The floor of every such building or other place shall be thoroughly cleansed and all offensive matter removed therefrom not less than once in every twenty-four hours.

(4) A supply of clean fresh water sufficient for compliance with the requirements of this regulation shall be provided in every dairy.

17. No milk intended for sale shall be deposited or kept in any place in any dairy, other than in a milk room or, pending the removal to a milk room, in any place in which cattle are milked. Storage of milk.

Design and construction of vessels and utensils used for containing milk.

18. No receptacle or other utensil shall be used in any dairy for containing milk intended for sale unless the same is of such design and constructed of such material as the Director has, for the time being, approved.

Provisions as to prevention of infection or contamination of milk.

19. (1) All reasonable and proper precautions shall be taken in and in connexion with the milking of animals, and the cooling, processing, handling, storage and distribution of milk, to prevent milk becoming infected or contaminated.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of paragraph (1), the following provisions shall apply in connexion with the milking of animals and the cooling, processing, handling, storage and distribution of milk—

- (a) the milking of animals shall be carried out in a good and proper light whether in the day time or during the hours of darkness;
- (b) immediately before any animal is milked, all dirt on or around the flanks, tail, udder and teats of the animal shall be removed, and the udder and teats shall be kept thoroughly clean during milking;
- (c) the hands of any person who milks any animal shall be thoroughly washed before he commences the milking and shall, at all times when he is engaged in the milking of any animal, be kept clean, free from contamination and, as far as practicable, dry;
- (d) as soon as possible after any animal has been milked, the milk shall be removed to a milk room and, pending its removal, shall be kept in a covered receptacle;
- (e) when any milk has been so removed to a milk room, it shall be placed in a receptacle approved by the Director under regulation 18 and shall thereafter be kept in such receptacle until it is inserted into a pasteurization plant or, where the milk is conveyed from the dairy to a pasteurization plant in a milk tanker, until it is inserted into the milk tanker;
- (f) no room shall be used as a milk room unless its use for that purpose has been approved by the Director;
- (g) a milk room shall not be used for any purpose other than the cooling, processing, handling and storage of milk and the cleansing and storing of any appliances, receptacles and other utensils used in the milking of animals or in the cooling, processing, handling, storage or distribution of milk;

- (h) no article, other than appliances, receptacles and other utensils used in the milking of animals or in the cooling, processing, handling, storage or distribution of milk, shall be deposited in a milk room;
- (i) every appliance, receptacle and other utensil used in the milking of animals or in the cooling, processing, handling, storage or distribution of milk shall, after each occasion on which it has been used and before it is used again, be thoroughly rinsed and washed and thereafter sterilized by steam or immersion in boiling water for a period of not less than five minutes; and
- (j) the interior of every cart, lorry or other vehicle shall, when the same is being used for the conveyance of milk, be kept in a clean condition.

20. No person shall drink out of any appliance, receptacle or other utensil used in any dairy in the milking of animals or in the cooling, processing, handling, storage or distribution of milk intended for sale. Drinking from milk vessels prohibited.

21. (1) No person shall spit in any building or other place in which cattle are kept in any dairy or which is a milk room. Control of spitting in dairies.

(2) No person shall spit in any other part of a dairy save into spittoons or other receptacles provided for the purpose.

(3) A notice or notices, of a size and in a form approved by the Director and in a language prescribed by him, prohibiting spitting shall be conspicuously displayed in any part of a dairy in which cattle are kept or which is a milk room.

(4) A sufficient quantity of disinfectant fluid shall be kept in every spittoon or other receptacle provided in a dairy.

(5) Every spittoon or other receptacle provided in a dairy shall be thoroughly cleansed daily.

22. (1) No registered dairyman and no person who is employed in any dairy shall be engaged therein unless he has— Immunization of dairyman, etc. against certain diseases, etc.

- (a) within the preceding period of three years, been vaccinated against smallpox; and
- (b) within the preceding period of one year, been inoculated against the enteric group of fevers.

(2) The Director of Medical and Health Services may from time to time by notification published in the *Gazette* require registered dairymen and other persons engaged in any dairy to be immunized against such other diseases as may be specified in such notification.

(3) No person suffering from a disease or having recently been in contact with a person so suffering shall be in any dairy or milk any animal or handle any vessel used for the reception of milk or in any way take part in the conduct of the production, preparation, storage, distribution or sale of milk.

Restriction on use of milk from diseased animal.

23. The milk of a diseased animal or of any animal which has been in contact with or associated with a diseased animal and any milk which is in the opinion of a health officer likely to have become or to become contaminated—

- (a) shall not be mixed with other milk;
- (b) shall not be sold as human food; and
- (c) shall not be sold or used as food for animals save with the permission of a health officer.

Registered dairymen to give notice of illness in certain cases.

24. Where any registered dairyman knows that he or any person who resides in the premises in which he resides or who is employed by him in any dairy is suffering from any disease, he shall forthwith give notice in writing thereof to a health officer.

Licensee to give notice of disease among cattle in dairy or among animals associated therewith.

25. Where the licensee of any dairy knows that any disease exists among any of the cattle kept in the dairy, or among other animals associated with such cattle, he shall forthwith give notice in writing thereof to the Director or the Senior Veterinary Officer.

Register of herd to be kept.

26. (1) Every registered dairyman shall keep a herd register on a form to be supplied by the Director. He shall enter therein in black ink particulars of each and every animal kept or received by him. He shall make all necessary entries therein promptly so that the register forms an up-to-date record of his herd. In the case of any animal which ceases to be kept by him, the dairyman shall cancel the particulars aforesaid by means of a thin line in red ink in such a manner as not to render such particulars illegible. In addition, he shall enter in red ink in the remarks column, the date of the departure of such animal from the dairy and the place to which it has been sent and, if required by any inspector, shall produce a receipt or other document verifying the date of departure of the animal and its destination. In the case of the death of an animal, the date and cause of death, and the manner and place of disposal of the carcass, shall be entered in red ink in the appropriate columns and the registered dairyman shall, if required by any inspector, produce documentary evidence verifying such particulars. All entries shall be in the English language. All entries shall be complete and accurate.

(2) Any such register shall be produced by the registered dairyman for inspection on demand by any inspector.

(3) The loss of any such register shall be reported by the registered dairyman without delay to the Director or to an inspector.

PART IV.

Offences and penalties.

27. (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of paragraph (2) of regulation 3 or of regulation 6 or 7 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of two thousand dollars.

Offences and penalties.

(2) Any person who—

- (a) contravenes the provisions of regulation 20 or of paragraph (1) or (2) of regulation 21 or paragraph (1) or (3) of regulation 22;
- (b) fails to comply with any of the requirements of a notification published in the *Gazette* under the provisions of paragraph (2) of regulation 22 or of an order made under the provisions of paragraph (1) of regulation 29 or paragraph (1) of regulation 30;
- (c) engages in the business of, or is employed in, any dairy in contravention of paragraph (2) of regulation 29; or
- (d) contravenes any terms or conditions imposed by the Director under the provisions of paragraph (5) of regulation 8 or any conditions specified in an order made under the provisions of paragraph (1) of regulation 30,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars.

(3) Any registered dairyman who contravenes any of the provisions of regulation 5, 24 or 26 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars.

(4) In the event of any contravention of any of the provisions of regulation 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23 or 25 or of paragraph (3), (4) or (5) of regulation 21, the licensee of the dairy in which, or in respect of which, such contravention occurred shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars.

(5) Where any offence under these regulations is a continuing offence, any person who is guilty of such offence shall, in addition to the penalty provided therefor under paragraph (1), (2), (3) or (4), as the case may be, be liable to a fine of fifty dollars for each day during which it is proved to the satisfaction of the court that the offence has continued.

PART V.

Supplementary and miscellaneous.

Examination
of persons
and animals.

28. Whenever a health officer has reason to suspect that any person in the Colony is suffering from a disease attributable to milk supplied from any dairy, or is of opinion that the consumption of milk from any dairy is likely to cause disease to any person, he may medically examine any person residing or employed therein, and may inspect and examine the animals therein and the carcasses of any animals which may have died therein.

Medical
examination,
etc. of
persons
engaged or
employed
in a dairy.

29. (1) A health officer may order any person engaged or employed in any capacity in any dairy to submit himself for such medical examination at such time and place as may be designated by such health officer.

(2) If, after such medical examination, it is the opinion of a health officer that the employment of such person in a dairy has caused, or is likely to cause, the spread of disease to man or animal, such person shall be notified in writing by the Director and he shall forthwith cease to engage in the business of, or to be employed in, any dairy until he obtains a medical certificate to the satisfaction of a health officer that he is no longer likely to cause the spread of disease to man or animal.

Power of
health
officer to
stop supply,
etc. of milk
from dairy
in certain
cases.

30. (1) If any health officer is of opinion that—

- (a) any disease is caused, or is likely to be caused, by the consumption of the milk supplied from any dairy; or
- (b) the public health is, or is likely to be, endangered by any act or default of any dairyman in any dairy,

such health officer may, by order in writing, prohibit the supply, distribution or sale of milk from such dairy or of specified milk therefrom—

- (i) absolutely; or
- (ii) save in accordance with such conditions as may be specified in such order.

(2) Neither the licensee of the dairy nor any other person shall be entitled to any compensation for any damage or loss which he may sustain in consequence of the making of an order under the provisions of paragraph (1).

Power of
inspector
to take
samples and
procedure
in connexion
therewith.

31. (1) An inspector may, for the purpose of analysis or other examination, take samples of any milk while the same is at the dairy at which the animals from which it was obtained are kept.

(2) In connexion with the taking under the provisions of paragraph (1) of a sample of any milk, the inspector may take such steps

at the dairy as may be necessary to satisfy himself that the sample is a fair sample of the milk of the animals when properly and fully milked.

(3) An inspector who, under the provisions of paragraph (1), has taken a sample of any milk shall—

- (a) forthwith divide such sample into three parts, each part to be marked and sealed or fastened up, and shall give one part of the sample to the licensee of the dairy and, of the remaining two parts of the sample, shall, unless he decides not to have an analysis made, personally submit one of such parts to the public analyst and retain the other for future comparison; and
- (b) if such be the case, inform the person to whom the part of the sample was given that the sample was taken for the purpose of analysis by the public analyst.

(4) Any part of a sample which, under the provisions of this regulation, is to be given to any person may be given either by delivering the same to him or to his agent.

(5) In any proceedings under these regulations in which any sample taken under the provisions of paragraph (1) is relevant, the part of the sample retained by the inspector shall be produced at the hearing.

32. (1) The public analyst shall, as soon as practicable, analyse any sample submitted to him in pursuance of regulation 31 and shall give to the inspector by whom the same was submitted to him for analysis a certificate, in the appropriate form set out in the Schedule, specifying the results of the analysis.

Analysis
and certi-
ficate as to
result
thereof.
Schedule.

(2) A certificate of the result of an analysis given by a public analyst in pursuance of the provisions of this regulation shall be signed by the public analyst, but the analysis may be made by any person acting under his directions.

(3) Any person to whom a part of the sample which was analysed by the public analyst was given in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (3) of regulation 31 shall be entitled, on payment of a fee of one dollar, to be supplied with a copy of such certificate.

33. In and in connexion with any proceedings under these regulations in which any sample taken under the provisions of paragraph (1) of regulation 31 is relevant, the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of section 65, and of subsection (1) of section 66, of the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960, shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, as they apply to proceedings under Part V of that Ordinance.

Application
of certain
provisions of
Public Health
and Urban
Services
Ordinance,
1960.

(30 of 1960).

Transitional provisions with respect to dairymen licensed under revoked regulations at commencement of these regulations.

34. (1) The name of any person who is, at the commencement of these regulations, licensed under the provisions of the revoked regulations to carry on the trade of a dairyman shall be deemed, from the commencement thereof, to be entered in the register.

(2) Save where, in the meantime, he has removed the name of such person from the register, the Director shall, as soon as practicable after the commencement of these regulations, issue to each such person, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (3) of regulation 3, a certificate of registration.

(3) Until such time as, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2), the Director issues to any such person a certificate of registration, the provisions of regulation 5 shall not apply to such person.

Transitional provisions with respect to dairies lawfully maintained at commencement of regulations.

35. (1) In relation to any dairy which is being lawfully maintained at the commencement of these regulations, the following provisions shall apply until such date as the Governor may appoint by Proclamation in the *Gazette* for the purposes of this regulation, namely—

(a) the provisions of regulations 6, 7, 12 and 14 shall not come into operation;

(b) notwithstanding the provisions of regulation 36, the provisions of regulations 8, 9, 10, 12 and 13 of the revoked regulations and, subject to the amendments thereof specified in paragraph (2) and without prejudice to the operation of the provisions of regulation 27 in so far as the same are applicable to any such dairy or to any person maintaining the same or employed therein, of paragraph (3) of regulation 31 of those regulations shall continue in operation;

(c) regulation 25 shall be read as if the words "person maintaining" were substituted for the words "licensee of"; and

(d) paragraph (4) of regulation 27 shall be read as if the words "person maintaining" were substituted for the words "licensee of".

(2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (1), the said paragraph (3) of the said regulation 31 shall be read as if—

(a) the words "person maintaining" were substituted for the words "licensee of"; and

(b) the reference therein to regulations 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 25 and 27, and to paragraphs (2), (3), (4) and (5) of regulation 30, of the revoked regulations were deleted.

Revocation.
(G.N.A.
55/56).

36. The Dairies Regulations, 1956, are revoked.

SCHEDULE. [reg. 32.]
DAIRIES REGULATIONS, 1960.

Regulation 32.

Certificate of analysis.

To

I, the undersigned, being a public analyst, do hereby certify that, on the day of, 19....., I received from a sealed packet marked said to contain a sample of milk, that I found the seals intact and that I have analysed the contents of the said packet and declare the result of my analysis to be as follows.

I am of opinion that the same is a genuine sample of milk.

or

I am of opinion that the said sample contained the parts as under or the foreign ingredients as under

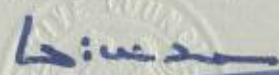
Observations.

.....
.....

As witness my hand this day of, 19.....

.....
Government Chemist
(or as the case may be).

Note—All percentages given in definitions or standards prescribed are, unless otherwise specified, percentages by weight.


.....
Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
4th October, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

These regulations revoke and re-enact, with considerable amendment, the provisions of the Dairies Regulations, 1956 (hereinafter referred to as the revoked regulations).

2. Of the amendments, two have been occasioned, respectively, by a change in administrative arrangements and by a change in other legislation. As to the former, it has been decided that responsibility for the enforcement of these regulations shall no longer be a duty of food officers, but shall be a duty of inspectors appointed under section 18 of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance. This has necessitated the substitution of the term "inspector" for the term "food officer" wherever that term was used in the revoked regulations. As to the latter, the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Keeping of Cattle,

Swine, Sheep and Goats) Regulations, 1960 (which replace the Keeping of Cattle, Swine, Sheep and Goats By-laws) do not, unlike those By-laws, apply to cows or buffaloes kept in a dairy. This change has been made on account of the fact that it is considered desirable to have all the legislation in respect of dairies in one set of regulations. In particular, this change has necessitated the inclusion in these regulations of certain provisions as to the buildings in which cattle are kept and as to the amount of space which each animal is to have in any such building—see paragraphs (4)(a) and (5) of regulation 12.

3. The remainder of the amendments revise certain of the provisions of the revoked regulations and make certain new provisions. The need for revision and for the new provisions has become apparent during the three years during which the revoked regulations have been in force.

(a) The revised provisions are as follows.

Firstly. The revoked regulations provided that all dairymen shall be licensed and that no building shall be used as a dairy unless the same is registered (regulations 3 and 8). So far as they went, these provisions were adequate, but serious difficulties have been encountered by reason of a local practice by which more than one dairyman frequently keeps his animals in the same dairy premises. The difficulties have arisen, particularly, in connexion with the enforcement of those provisions of the revoked regulations which relate to the maintenance of such premises in a sanitary condition and to the precautions to be taken in the handling, processing and storage of milk therein. It is considered that this practice is not one which can be prohibited, and it has, therefore, become necessary to revise the law so as to take account of its existence. These regulations provide that dairymen must be registered and that dairy premises must be licensed. Under these revised provisions, a dairyman will have to register once only, and responsibility for compliance with the relevant provisions of these regulations is placed on the licensee of the dairy, notwithstanding that any particular contravention may not be due to his own act or default. Where more than one dairyman keeps animals in the same dairy premises, it will be for the dairymen concerned to decide which of them is to be the licensee. The provisions as to the registration of dairymen and the licensing of dairy premises are contained in regulation 3 and in regulations 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11, respectively.

Secondly. The need for improvement in the methods of cooling, processing, handling and storage of milk in, and its distribution from, dairy premises has become very apparent during the time that the revoked regulations have been in operation. Regulation 25 of the revoked regulations has, therefore, been expanded considerably—see regulation 19. This regulation, as revised, incorporates certain of the provisions formerly contained in regulation 17 of the revoked regulations, and also incorporates some of the provisions of the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949 of the United Kingdom, adapted to suit local conditions. The major change is the requirement that, as soon as an animal has been milked, the milk shall be taken to a milk room, coupled with stringent provisions with respect to the milk room itself—sub-paragraphs (d) to (h) inclusive of paragraph (2) of regulation 19 contain the relevant provisions.

(b) The new provisions are as follows.

Firstly. The method of disposing of the effluent from dairy premises is, in certain instances, most unsatisfactory, and, apart from other considerations, presents a serious risk to public health. It is considered that the problem can best be met by providing that a licence to maintain a dairy shall not be granted or renewed, as the case may be, unless the Director is satisfied as to the method to be used for disposing of the effluent therefrom—sub-paragraph (c) of paragraph (1) of regulation 10 makes the necessary provisions. In addition, a new regulation, regulation 14, has been included to provide that the effluent from such premises shall, at all times, be disposed of to the satisfaction of the

Director. In the event of a failure on the part of any licensee to comply with the provisions of this regulation, his licence to maintain the dairy concerned may be cancelled forthwith under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 11 of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance.

Secondly. The revoked regulations did not contain any provisions with respect to the taking of samples of milk for analysis. This omission is remedied by the provisions of regulations 31, 32 and 33. These provisions have been adapted from similar provisions in the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960.

4. The transitional provisions, contained in regulation 35 of these regulations, with respect to dairy premises are complicated on account of the complete change in the system for controlling such premises. Their object can, however, be stated simply, namely, to allow persons at present operating dairies time within which to apply for a licence to maintain the same and, at the same time, to ensure that some measure of control can be exercised in relation to such dairies in the meantime. The latter object is achieved by providing that certain provisions of the revoked regulations shall continue in operation, subject to some minor amendments occasioned by the change from the former requirement that dairymen must be licensed to the new requirement that they must be registered.

(Secretariat L/M G. 9507/59)

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS ORDINANCE.


(Chapter 169).

**PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS (AMENDMENT)
REGULATIONS, 1960.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (Amendment) Regulations, 1960, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1960. Citation and commencement.
2. Part III of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Regulations (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations) is revoked. Revocation of Part III. (Vol. X, p. 277).
3. Regulation 41 of the principal regulations is amended by the deletion therefrom of the following— Amendment of regulation 41.
“, 22 to 25, and 31 to 39”.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
13th September, 1960.


Clerk of Councils.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

These regulations revoke Part III of the principal regulations in consequence of the replacement of the provisions contained therein by the provisions of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Animal Dealers) Regulations, 1960.

(Secretariat L/M G. 9507/59)

PUBLIC HEALTH (ANIMALS AND BIRDS) ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 139).

**PUBLIC HEALTH (ANIMALS AND BIRDS) (AMENDMENT)
REGULATIONS, 1960.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Amendment) Regulations, 1960, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1960. Citation and commencement.

2. Regulation 24 of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Regulations (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations) is amended by the deletion therefrom of the word "health" in both places where it occurs therein and the substitution therefor in the first place where it occurs therein of the following— Amendment of regulation 24. (Vol. X, p 105).

"an".

3. Regulations 25 and 28 of the principal regulations are amended by the deletion therefrom, in each place where it occurs therein, of the word "health" and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of regulations 25 and 28.


"an".

4. Regulation 32 of the principal regulations is amended by the deletion therefrom of the word "health" and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of regulation 32.

"any".

5. Regulation 36 of the principal regulations is amended by the deletion therefrom of the words "a health" and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of regulation 36.

"an".


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
13th September, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

It has been decided that the functions of health inspectors under the principal regulations shall, for the future, be exercised by inspectors of the Department of Agriculture and Forestry appointed under section 18 of the Ordinance. These regulations make the necessary consequential amendments to the principal regulations.

(Secretariat L/M G. 9507/59)

PUBLIC HEALTH (ANIMALS AND BIRDS) ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 139).

**PUBLIC HEALTH (ANIMALS AND BIRDS) (ANIMAL DEALERS)
REGULATIONS, 1960.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

PART I.*Preliminary and application.*

1. These regulations may be cited as the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Animal Dealers) Regulations, 1960, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1960. Citation and commencement.
2. In these regulations— Interpretation.
"animal dealer" means any person whose business consists of the selling of or otherwise dealing in or the exhibiting of any animal or bird, otherwise than in a restaurant or a circus.
3. These regulations shall apply to— Application.
 - (a) all animals, except cattle, swine, sheep and goats; and
 - (b) all birds, except hens, turkeys, geese, ducks, pigeons and quails.

PART II.*Licensing of animal dealers and animal hawkers.*

4. Save under and in accordance with a licence from the Director, no person shall carry on the business of an animal dealer. Prohibition of carrying on of business of animal dealer without licence.
5. (1) Upon application in the form prescribed by the Director, the Director may grant a licence to any person to carry on the business of an animal dealer and may renew any such licence. Power of Director to license animal dealers, etc.
(2) Every such licence and every renewal thereof shall expire on the 31st day of December.



(3) Save as provided in paragraph (4), a fee of one hundred dollars shall be payable on the grant or renewal of any such licence.

(4) Where any such licence is granted on or after the 1st day of July in any year, the fee payable in respect thereof shall be one-half of the fee prescribed in paragraph (3).

(5) Any such licence and any renewal thereof shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Director may determine, and shall not be transferable.

(6) Every such licence shall specify the premises at which the licensee may carry on business and the premises or place at which animals or birds kept by him for the purposes of his business may be kept.

6. Without prejudice to the discretion of the Director with respect to the refusal of the grant or renewal of any such licence, no such licence shall be granted or renewed—

(a) unless the Director is satisfied in relation to the premises in which the applicant or licensee, as the case may be, proposes to carry on or is carrying on his business that—

(i) adequate provision has been made for the supply of suitable water for the animals and birds which are or may be kept therein;

(ii) the floor thereof is paved with a layer of not less than six inches of lime-concrete or not less than three inches of cement-concrete composed of one part of cement, three parts of sand and five parts of stone broken to pass through a one-inch ring;

(iii) the surface of such floor has been rendered smooth and impervious with a layer of asphalt or cement mortar not less than half an inch in thickness or with such other material of such nature and thickness as the Director may have approved;

(iv) the walls thereof are surfaced and rendered smooth to a height of not less than ten feet from the floor or to the ceiling, whichever is the less, with cement mortar or such other material as the Director may have approved;

(v) save where the front thereof is or will be, at all times, kept clear and unobstructed and is or will be open to the external air, every part thereof is provided with a window or windows having an area of not less than one-tenth of the area of the floor of that part of the premises for which the same is or are provided; and

(vi) a part of every such window, having an area of not less than half of the area of the window, is capable of being opened into the external air;

Special grounds for refusal to grant or renew licence.

(b) where the premises at which the applicant or the licensee, as the case may be, proposes to carry on or carries on his business are situated otherwise than on the ground floor of a building; and

(c) where any other business other than that of an animal dealer will be or is carried on in the premises in which the applicant or the licensee, as the case may be, proposes to carry on or carries on his business.

7. Where any such licence has been granted, the licensee shall not thereafter, save with the permission in writing of the Director, make any material alteration in respect of any of the matters for which provision is made in regulation 6.

Prohibition of certain alterations of premises without consent of Director.

8. Save under and in accordance with a licence from the Director, no person shall hawk any animal or bird.

Prohibition of hawking animals and birds without licence.

9. (1) The Director may grant to any person who is employed by or who is the agent of a licensed animal dealer a licence to hawk animals or birds and may renew any such licence.

Power of Director to license animal hawkers.

(2) Every such licence and any renewal thereof shall expire on the 31st day of December.

(3) Any such licence and any renewal thereof shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Director may determine, and shall not be transferable.

(4) A photograph of the licensed hawker shall be affixed on every such licence.

PART III.

Control of keeping of animals and birds and of licensed premises, and offences.

10. (1) Save as provided in paragraph (2), no licensed animal dealer shall keep any animals or birds kept by him for the purposes of his business in any premises or place other than the premises or place specified in his licence.

Animals and birds to be kept only in premises specified in licence.

(2) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be deemed to prevent the temporary removal, for the purpose of hawking, of any such animals or birds from such premises or place.

(3) Where any animals or birds have been so removed from such premises or place for the purpose of hawking, the licensed hawker

shall return to such premises or place, at the end of each day, any such animals or birds which have not been sold or otherwise disposed of.

Cages and receptacles.

11. The following provisions shall apply to cages and other receptacles in which animals or birds are kept by any licensed animal dealer—

- (a) save where a reptile or an insect is kept therein, the front of every such cage or receptacle shall be enclosed only by bars, and the area of the frame forming the front thereof and of any such bars shall not exceed one-third of the total area of such front;
- (b) every such cage or receptacle shall be so placed that, at all times, access can be readily obtained to the front thereof;
- (c) where any such cage or receptacle is used for the confinement of any animal, other than a winged animal or bird, a reptile or an insect, the same shall be of such size as to permit every animal kept therein to stand up and to lie down at full length; and
- (d) where any such cage or receptacle is used for the confinement of any winged animal or bird, the same shall—
 - (i) be of such size as to permit the animals or birds confined therein to stand up on the perches therein or, where the same is used for the confinement of such animals or birds which do not normally stand on perches, to stand up on the floor thereof;
 - (ii) be of such size as to permit the animals or birds confined therein to extend their wings to their full extent; and
 - (iii) contain sufficient perches to accommodate all the animals or birds therein.

Premises, etc. to be maintained in clean condition.

12. (1) All premises and places at which, and all cages and receptacles in which, a licensed animal dealer keeps any animals or birds kept by him for the purposes of his business shall, at all times, be maintained by him in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Director.

(2) The floor of any such premises and any part of the walls thereof which may have become soiled shall be swept and cleaned not less than once in every twenty-four hours.

(3) All excretal and other similar matter shall be removed from any such premises or place not less than once in every twenty-four hours.

Lime-washing of walls and ceiling.

13. The internal walls and ceiling of any premises at which any licensed animal dealer keeps any animals or birds kept by him for the purposes of his business shall be lime-washed not less than once in every three months.

14. Save where such premises are provided with a window or windows which is or are, as the case may be, in accordance with the requirements of sub-paragraphs (v) and (vi) of paragraph (a) of regulation 6, the front of such premises shall, at all times, be kept clear and unobstructed and open to the external air.

Front of premises to be kept clear and unobstructed unless windows provided therein.

15. (1) If it appears to the Director that, by reason of the insanitary condition of any premises in which any licensed animal dealer keeps the animals or birds, or both, kept by him for the purposes of his business, such animals or birds are suffering or may suffer injury to health or discomfort, he may serve on the animal dealer a notice in writing requiring him to carry out such work as the Director considers necessary for the purpose of rendering such premises clean and sanitary.

Power of Director to require premises to be rendered clean and sanitary.

(2) Any such notice may specify a time within which the same is to be complied with and may be served by delivering the same to the person to whom it is addressed or by leaving the same with any servant or agent of that person at the premises to which it relates.

16. (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of regulation 4 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars.

Offences and penalties.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of regulation 8 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars.

(3) Any licensed animal dealer who contravenes—

- (a) the provisions of paragraph (1) of regulation 10 or of regulation 13 or 14;
- (b) any of the provisions of regulation 11 or 12;
- (c) any of the requirements of a notice served upon him under the provisions of paragraph (1) of regulation 15; or
- (d) any terms or conditions imposed by the Director under the provisions of paragraph (5) of regulation 5,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars.


(4) Any licensed hawkler who contravenes the provisions of paragraph (3) of regulation 10 or any terms or conditions imposed by the Director under the provisions of paragraph (3) of regulation 9 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars.

(5) Where any offence under these regulations is a continuing offence, any person who is guilty of such offence shall, in addition to

the penalty provided therefor under the provisions of paragraph (1), (2), (3) or (4), as the case may be, be liable to a fine of fifty dollars for each day during which it is proved to the satisfaction of the court that the offence has continued.

Transitional provisions. (Vol. X, p. 277).

17. Any licence granted under Part III of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Regulations which is in force at the commencement of these regulations shall be deemed, for all purposes, to have been granted under regulation 5.


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
13th September, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

These regulations replace Part III of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Regulations (Vol. X, p. 277). The subject matter of these regulations is the same as the subject matter of Part III of the above regulations, though, as will be observed, the phrase "bird shops" has been replaced by the phrase "animal dealers" which, it is thought, describes more accurately the nature of the businesses for which the regulations provide.

2. The circumstances which have led to the making of these regulations are as follows. In connexion with the recent revision of the legislation regulating matters connected with public health, it has been decided that the Director of Agriculture and Forestry shall be the authority for the licensing and control of those businesses and not the Urban Council as provided in Part III of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Regulations. That being so, it is considered desirable to revoke Part III of those regulations and to replace the provisions contained therein by regulations made under the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance (Cap. 139). The advantage to be gained from taking this course is that the provisions of that Ordinance which vest in the Director of Agriculture and Forestry and in other specified public officers certain powers with respect to the enforcement of regulations made thereunder will apply.

3. Apart from changes in form, the provisions of these regulations are, save in one respect, the same as the provisions of the regulations which they replace. The provisions of these regulations which have no counterpart in Part III of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Regulations are those contained in regulations 8 and 9. It is considered necessary, for the better protection of the animals and birds concerned, that no person shall be permitted to hawk animals or birds unless he is employed by, or is the agent of, a licensed animal dealer. These provisions are supplemented by the provisions of paragraph (3) of regulation 10 which provide that animals or birds which are taken away from the premises of a licensed animal dealer for the purpose of hawking must be returned to those premises at the end of each day.

(Secretariat L/M G. 9507/59)

PUBLIC HEALTH (ANIMALS AND BIRDS) ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 139).

PUBLIC HEALTH (ANIMALS AND BIRDS) (KEEPING OF CATTLE, SWINE, SHEEP AND GOATS) REGULATIONS, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

PART I.

Preliminary and application.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Keeping of Cattle, Swine, Sheep and Goats) Regulations, 1960, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Public Health (Animals and Birds) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1960.

Citation and commencement.

2. These regulations shall not apply—

Application.

- (a) to any cattle, swine, sheep or goats kept by the Crown;
- (b) to any cow or buffalo kept for the purpose of trade in milk and which is entered in a herd register kept pursuant to the provisions of regulation 26 of the Dairies Regulations, 1960; or
- (c) in the New Territories, excluding New Kowloon.

PART II.

Licensing and registration.

3. Save under and in accordance with a licence from the Director, no person shall keep any cattle, swine, sheep or goats.

Prohibition of keeping of cattle, etc. without licence.

4. (1) Upon application in such form as may be prescribed by the Director, the Director may grant to any person a licence to keep cattle, swine, sheep or goats and may renew any such licence.

Power of Director to license keeping of cattle, etc.

(2) Every such licence shall expire on the 31st day of December.

(3) Save as provided in paragraph (4) the fees hereinafter set out shall be payable on the grant or renewal of any such licence—

- (a) in the case of a licence to keep cattle, twenty dollars per annum for each animal kept by the licensee;

(b) in the case of a licence to keep swine, sheep or goats, thirty-six dollars per annum for each building in which the licensee keeps the same.

(4) Where any such licence is granted on or after the 1st day of July in any year, the fee payable in respect thereof shall be one-half of the fee prescribed in paragraph (3).

(5) Any such licence and any renewal thereof shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Director may determine, and shall not be transferable.

Cattle, etc. to be kept only in registered building.

5. No person shall keep any cattle, swine, sheep or goats in any building other than a building which has been registered with the Director in accordance with the provisions of these regulations.

Registration of buildings in which cattle, etc. are kept.

6. (1) Every building in which cattle, swine, sheep or goats are kept shall be registered with the Director during the month of January in each year and every new such building shall be registered with the Director before any cattle, swine, sheep or goats are kept therein.

(2) Save as provided in paragraph (3), the Director shall refuse to register any such building unless he is satisfied that—

- (a) the building is not less than six feet from any building used for purposes of habitation;
- (b) the building is not connected in any way with any sewer;
- (c) the building is constructed of brick or stone or other material approved by the Director;
- (d) the building is adequately lighted and ventilated;
- (e) the floor of the building is—
 - (i) constructed of concrete or other impervious material; and
 - (ii) provided with drainage channels, which are constructed of impervious material, for the purpose of draining off urine and other fluid noxious matter to a sump; and
- (f) adequate provision has been made for the supply of suitable water for the animals which are to be kept therein.

(3) The Director may register any such building notwithstanding that he is not satisfied as to any one or more or all of the matters specified in sub-paragraphs (a) to (e) inclusive of paragraph (2) if a health officer is satisfied that to do so will not be to the prejudice of the public health.

PART III.

Keeping of animals and offences.

7. (1) In every building in which cattle are kept, every animal shall have—

- (a) not less than thirty-two square feet of floor space; and
 - (b) not less than three hundred and sixty cubic feet of air space.
- (2) The height of any such building, at its lowest part, shall be not less than twelve feet.
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation, two calves, being less than twelve months of age, shall be deemed to be one animal.

Cattle.

8. (1) In every building in which sheep or goats are kept, every animal shall have—

- (a) not less than eight square feet of floor space; and
 - (b) not less than ninety cubic feet of air space.
- (2) The height of any such building, at its lowest part, shall be not less than six feet.
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation, two lambs, or two kids, being less than four months of age, shall be deemed to be one animal.

Sheep and goats.

9. (1) In every building in which pigs are kept, every animal shall have not less than eight square feet of floor space.

- (2) The height of any such building, at its lowest part, shall be not less than four feet.
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation, two pigs, being less than four months of age, shall be deemed to be one animal.

Pigs.

10. Without prejudice to any other provisions of these regulations, any building in which cattle, swine, sheep or goats are kept shall, at all times, be maintained in a clean condition.

Buildings to be maintained in clean condition.

11. (1) All urine and other fluid noxious matter from any building in which cattle, swine, sheep or goats are kept shall be drained to a sump or to such other place as the Director may, for the time being, approve.

Disposal of urine, etc.

(2) Every such sump shall be constructed to the satisfaction of the Director and, in particular, shall be so constructed as to prevent leakage therefrom and shall be covered with a close-fitting cover.

12. Every sump provided in accordance with the provisions of regulation 11 shall be emptied, and all manure shall be removed from any building in which cattle, swine, sheep or goats are kept, not less than once in every twenty-four hours.

Emptying of sump, etc.

Grazing of
cattle or
goats.

13. (1) Save with the permission in writing of the Director, no licensee shall cause or permit any cattle, swine, sheep or goats in his possession to be turned out to graze on any land, other than land occupied by him and which is enclosed by fences.

(2) Where the Director gives his permission under the provisions of paragraph (1), the same may be subject to such terms and conditions as the Director thinks fit.

Restriction
on use of
building in
which cattle,
etc. are kept.

14. A building which has been registered under the provisions of regulation 6 as a building in which cattle, swine, sheep or goats, as the case may be, are kept shall not be used for any purpose other than the housing thereof.

Offences and
penalties.

15. (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of regulation 3 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of two thousand dollars.

(2) Any licensee who—

(a) contravenes any of the provisions of regulation 5, 12 or 14 or of paragraph (1) of regulation 13; or

(b) contravenes any terms or conditions imposed by the Director under the provisions of paragraph (5) of regulation 4 or paragraph (2) of regulation 13,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars.

(3) In the event of a contravention of any of the provisions of regulation 7, 8 or 9, the licensee shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars.

(4) Where any offence under these regulations is a continuing offence, any person who is guilty of such offence shall, in addition to the penalty provided therefor under the provisions of paragraph (1), (2) or (3), as the case may be, be liable to a fine of fifty dollars for each day during which it is proved to the satisfaction of the court that the offence has continued.

PART IV.

Miscellaneous.

Transitional
provisions.
(Schedule A
to Ord. 15
of 1935).

16. (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2), any licence granted under by-law 1 of the cancelled Keeping of Cattle, Swine, Sheep and Goats By-laws which is in force at the commencement of these regulations shall be deemed, for all purposes, to have been granted under the provisions of regulation 4.

(2) Any such licence for the keeping of swine shall not expire until the 31st day of December next following the day on which the same would have expired under the provisions of the aforesaid By-laws if the same had not been cancelled.

(3) Nothing in the provisions of this regulation shall be deemed to entitle any person to a refund of the whole or any part of the fee paid in respect of any such licence.



Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

13th September, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

Licensing and control of the keeping of cattle, swine, sheep and goats in the urban areas were provided for by the Keeping of Cattle, Swine, Sheep and Goats By-laws contained in Schedule A to the Public Health (Sanitation) Ordinance, 1935. The Urban Council was the authority.

2. As a consequence of the revision of the legislation regulating matters connected with public health and the repeal of that Ordinance and its replacement by the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960, it has been decided that the Director of Agriculture and Forestry shall, for the future, be the authority for these matters. These regulations replace the above By-laws which will be cancelled by the provisions of section 148 of, and the Eighth Schedule to, the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960, when the Ordinance comes into operation. The provisions of the regulations, which apply only in the urban areas and do not apply to cattle kept in a dairy, are the same as the provisions formerly contained in the cancelled By-laws.

(Secretariat L/M G. 9507/59)

HAWKER CONTROL FORCE ORDINANCE, 1960.

(No. 31 of 1960).


HAWKER CONTROL FORCE ORDINANCE, 1960 (AMENDMENT OF FIRST SCHEDULE) ORDER, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 33 of the Hawker Control Force Ordinance, 1960, the Governor in Council has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Hawker Control Force Ordinance, 1960 (Amendment of First Schedule) Order, 1960, and shall come into operation on the commencement of the Hawker Control Force Ordinance, 1960 (hereinafter referred to as the Ordinance). Citation and commencement.

2. The First Schedule to the Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the figure "3" where it occurs after the word "By-law" and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of First Schedule.

"4 (d)".


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
11th October, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport).

This order corrects a minor drafting error in the First Schedule to the Hawker Control Force Ordinance, 1960.

(Secretariat GR6/2532/46II)


CENSUS ORDINANCE, 1960.

(No. 2 of 1960).

CENSUS (No. 2) ORDER, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Census Ordinance, 1960, the Governor in Council has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Census (No. 2) Order, 1960. Citation.
2. A pilot census shall be taken at 2 a.m. on the 25th day of October, 1960, of the population then dwelling in any part of the Colony other than those dwelling afloat in small craft. Census order.
3. The purposes of the said census are— Purpose of census.
 - (a) to obtain by sample an estimate of the population of the Colony, except those dwelling afloat in small craft, and
 - (b) to test the organization for the taking of census under the Census Ordinance, 1960.


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
11th October, 1960.

(Secretariat GR15/3231/59)



PHARMACY AND POISONS ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 138).

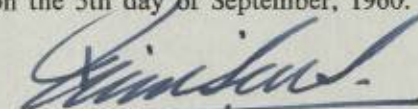
POISONS (AMENDMENT) (NO. 4) REGULATIONS, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, the Pharmacy Board with the approval of the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Poisons (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations, 1960. Citation.

2. The First List to the Poisons Regulations is amended by the addition at the end thereof of the following—
“Fluoracetamide”.
Amendment of First List. (Vol. X, p. 68).

Made by the Pharmacy Board on the 5th day of September, 1960.



Chairman.

Approved by the Governor in Council this 11th day of October, 1960.



Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
11th October, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The effect of these regulations is to apply to the substance “fluoracetamide” the special restrictions referred to in regulation 5 of the Poisons Regulations.

(Secretariat GR1/3231/49)

PHARMACY AND POISONS ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 138).

POISONS LIST (AMENDMENT) (NO. 4) REGULATIONS, 1960.

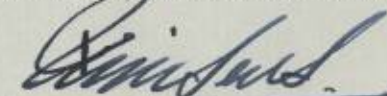
In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, the Pharmacy Board with the approval of the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Poisons List (Amendment) (No. 4) Regulations, 1960. Citation.


2. Part I of the Poisons List is amended by the addition at the end thereof of the following— Amendment
of Part I.
(Vol. X,
p. 100).

“Fluoracetamide”.

Made by the Pharmacy Board on the 5th day of September, 1960.


Chairman.

Approved by the Governor in Council this 11th day of October, 1960.


Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
11th October, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The effect of these regulations is to bring the substance “fluoracetamide” under the control of the Poisons Ordinance as a Part I poison.

(Secretariat GR1/3231/49)



POLICE FORCE ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 232).

POLICE (WELFARE FUND) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 40 of the Police Force Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Police (Welfare Fund) (Amendment) Regulations, 1960. Citation.

2. Regulation 3 of the Police (Welfare Fund) Regulations, 1953, (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations) is revoked and replaced by the following regulation— Revocation and replacement of regulation 3.

"Investment.

3. All sums considered by the Commissioner to be surplus to the normal requirements of the Fund shall at his request— (G.N.A. 8/53).

(a) be invested in such securities or deposited in such manner in the Colony by the Accountant General as the Financial Secretary may from time to time approve for that purpose, or

(b) be remitted to the Crown Agents for investment in such securities or deposit in such manner as the Secretary of State may from time to time approve for that purpose.

and the dividends or interest accruing from such investments or deposits shall be credited to the account specified in regulation 2."

3. Regulation 9 of the principal regulations is revoked. Revocation of regulation 9.

4. Regulation 9A of the principal regulations is renumbered regulation 9. Renumbering of regulation 9A.

5. Regulation 10 of the principal regulations is amended by the deletion of the last sentence. Amendment of regulation 10.

6. Regulations 11 and 12 of the principal regulations are revoked and replaced by the following— Revocation and replacement of regulations 11 and 12.


"Annual accounts.

11. (1) The Commissioner shall cause proper accounts to be kept of all transactions of the Fund and shall cause to be prepared for every period of twelve months

ending on the 31st day of March in each year a statement of the accounts of the Fund, which statement shall include an income and expenditure account and balance sheet and shall be signed by the Commissioner.

(2) The accounts of the Fund and the signed statement of the accounts shall be audited by the Director of Audit, who shall certify the statement subject to such report, if any, as he may think fit.

(3) A copy of the signed and audited statement of accounts together with the Director of Audit's report, if any, and a report by the Commissioner on the administration of the Fund during the period covered by the audited accounts shall be laid on the Table of the Legislative Council not later than the 30th day of September next following the end of such period or so soon thereafter as the Governor, in his absolute discretion, may allow."



Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
11th October, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The purpose of these regulations is to amend the Police (Welfare Fund) Regulations, 1953 in order to standardize, as far as may be, with those of other similar funds the provisions relating to the preparation, auditing and submission of the annual statement of accounts.

2. The detailed requirements of the existing regulation 9 are not considered necessary and are unusual. The last sentence of regulation 10 is absorbed in the substance of the new regulation 11 which replaces the existing regulations 11 and 12 in a modified form.

3. Opportunity has been taken to replace regulation 3 relating to investment of surplus funds by a new regulation designed to enable such funds to be invested or placed on deposit account in the Colony as an alternative to investment in the United Kingdom through the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

(Secretariat GR44/3231/50)

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1960.

(No. 18 of 1960).

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS (RE-REGISTRATION)

(No. 4) ORDER, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, the Governor has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Registration of Persons Citation. (Re-registration) (No. 4) Order, 1960.

2. Every person specified in the Schedule is required to register again in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Persons Ordinance, 1960, and regulations made thereunder. Category of persons required to re-register. (18 of 1960).

SCHEDULE.

Every holder of an identity card which bears a registration number in the series 65,001 to 85,000, and the family, if any, of such holder.

By Command,



Colonial Secretary.

29th September, 1960.

(Secretariat D/RPO)



PENSIONS ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 89).

PENSIONABLE OFFICES ORDER, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 2 of the Pensions Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following Order—

1. This Order may be cited as the Pensionable Offices Order, 1960. Citation.

2. The offices specified in the second column of the Schedules are hereby declared to be pensionable offices and shall be deemed to be such as from the dates specified in the third column of the Schedules or if no date is therein specified in accordance with the authority of the Gazette Notification set out in the fourth column of the Schedules. Offices declared to be pensionable. Schedules.

3. The Pensionable Offices Order, 1958, is cancelled. Cancellation. (G.N.A. 65/58).

(1) <i>Number.</i>	(2) <i>Office.</i>	(3) <i>Date from which deemed to be pensionable.</i>	(4) <i>Gazette Notification.</i>
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FIRST SCHEDULE — GENERAL.

1.	Administrative Officer Staff Grade A	1. 7. 59.	
2.	Administrative Officer Staff Grade B	1. 7. 59.	
3.	Administrative Officer Staff Grade C	1. 7. 59.	
4.	Senior Administrative Officer	1. 7. 59.	
5.	Administrative Officer	1. 7. 59.	
6.	Senior Executive Officer Class I	1. 1. 47.	
7.	Senior Executive Officer Class II	1. 1. 47.	
8.	Executive Officer Class I	1. 1. 47.	
9.	Executive Officer Class II	1. 1. 47.	
10.	Senior Treasury Accountant	1. 4. 60.	
11.	Treasury Accountant	1. 4. 59.	
12.	Interpreter Translator Class I	1. 4. 56.	
13.	Interpreter Translator Class II	1. 4. 56.	
14.	Secretary Stenographer Senior Class ...	1. 1. 60.	
15.	Secretary Stenographer Class I	1. 1. 60.	
16.	Confidential Assistant Senior Class ...	1. 4. 58.	
17.	Confidential Assistant Class I	1. 4. 58.	
18.	Stores Officer	1. 4. 48.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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FIRST SCHEDULE — GENERAL — *Contd.*

19.	Assistant Stores Officer	1. 4. 48.	
20.	Clerk Special Class	1. 1. 47.	
21.	Clerk Class I	1. 1. 47.	
22.	Clerk Class II	1. 1. 47.	
23.	Clerk Class III	1. 1. 47.	
24.	Typist	1. 1. 60.	
25.	Storekeeper Class I	1. 1. 47.	
26.	Storekeeper Class II	1. 1. 47.	
27.	Storekeeper Class III	1. 1. 47.	
28.	Draughtsman Class I	1. 1. 47.	
29.	Draughtsman Class II	1. 1. 47.	
30.	Draughtsman Class III	1. 1. 47.	
31.	Foreman Class I	1. 4. 47.	
32.	Foreman Class II	1. 4. 47.	
33.	Telephone Operator	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
34.	Timekeeper	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
35.	Launch Engineer Class I	1. 4. 52.	

SECOND SCHEDULE — GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

1.	Housekeeper	1. 4. 50.	
2.	No. 1 Chauffeur	1. 1. 41.	
3.	No. 2 Chauffeur	1. 1. 41.	

THIRD SCHEDULE — AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Agriculture and Forestry	1. 4. 50.	
2.	Assistant Director of Agriculture and Forestry	1. 4. 58.	
3.	Agricultural Officer	1. 4. 55.	
4.	Assistant Agricultural Officer	1. 4. 51.	
5.	Senior Veterinary Officer	14. 1. 48.	
6.	Veterinary Officer	14. 1. 48.	
7.	Forestry Officer	1. 4. 51.	
8.	Assistant Forestry Officer	1. 4. 59.	
9.	Senior Forestry Supervisor	1. 4. 52.	
10.	Agricultural Supervisor (Classes I and II)	1. 4. 53.	
11.	Agricultural Supervisor Class III	1. 4. 54.	
12.	Forestry Supervisor (Classes I and II)	1. 4. 55.	
13.	Senior Livestock Supervisor	1. 4. 56.	
14.	Laboratory Technician	1. 4. 60.	
15.	Artist	1. 4. 54.	
16.	Overseer	1. 4. 53.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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THIRD SCHEDULE — AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY DEPARTMENT — *Contd.*

17.	Senior Stockman	1. 4. 57.	
18.	Forest Ranger	1. 4. 57.	
19.	Soils Laboratory Technician	1. 4. 58.	
20.	Game Warden	1. 4. 58.	

FOURTH SCHEDULE — AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Audit	3. 12. 47.	
2.	Deputy Director of Audit	1. 10. 53.	
3.	Assistant Director of Audit	1. 4. 59.	
4.	Principal Auditor	1. 4. 57.	
5.	Auditor	3. 12. 47.	
6.	Senior Examiner	1. 4. 51.	
7.	Examiner	1. 4. 51.	
8.	Assistant Examiner (Classes I and II)	1. 4. 60.	

FIFTH SCHEDULE — CIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Civil Aviation	19. 3. 48.	
2.	Deputy Director of Civil Aviation	1. 4. 52.	
3.	Chief Operations Officer	1. 10. 53.	
4.	Airport Commandant	1. 4. 58.	
5.	Assistant Airport Manager	1. 4. 57.	
6.	Airport Supervisor	23. 4. 47.	
7.	Marshalling Supervisor	1. 4. 57.	
8.	Marshaller	1. 4. 57.	
9.	Air Traffic Control Officer Class I	1. 4. 54.	
10.	Air Traffic Control Officer Class II	1. 4. 54.	
11.	Briefing Officer	1. 4. 55.	
12.	Control Assistant	1. 4. 51.	
13.	Chief Telecommunications Officer	1. 10. 53.	
14.	Telecommunications Officer	1. 4. 47.	
15.	Assistant Telecommunications Officer (Technical)	25. 4. 56.	
16.	Communications Supervisor	1. 4. 57.	
17.	Communicator Class I	1. 10. 53.	
18.	Communicator (Classes II and III)	1. 10. 53.	
19.	Airport Fire Officer	1. 4. 55.	
20.	Assistant Airport Fire Officer	1. 4. 55.	
21.	Senior Fireman	1. 4. 60.	
22.	Leading Fireman	1. 4. 55.	
23.	Fireman	1. 4. 55.	
24.	Fireman Driver	1. 4. 55.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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SIXTH SCHEDULE—COLONIAL SECRETARIAT.

1.	Colonial Secretary	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
2.	Financial Secretary	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
3.	Political Adviser	1. 4. 48.	
4.	Chief Executive Officer	1. 4. 60.	
5.	Principal Executive Officer	1. 4. 60.	
6.	Executive Assistant	1. 4. 59.	
7.	Officer in Charge, Coding Office	1. 4. 56.	
8.	Colonial Secretary's Chauffeur	1. 9. 49.	

SEVENTH SCHEDULE—COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Commerce and Industry ...	8. 10. 53.	
2.	Senior Trade Officer	1. 4. 59.	
3.	Trade Officer	1. 4. 54.	
4.	Assistant Trade Officer	1. 4. 57.	
5.	Statistician	1. 4. 57.	
6.	Assistant Statistician	1. 4. 59.	
7.	Assistant Statistical Officer	1. 4. 54.	
8.	Machine Supervisor	1. 7. 59.	
9.	Senior Machine Operator	1. 4. 58.	
10.	Junior Machine Operator	1. 4. 58.	
11.	Punch Operator	1. 4. 58.	
12.	Chief Preventive Officer	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
13.	Deputy Chief Preventive Officer	1. 4. 54.	
14.	Assistant Chief Preventive Officer	1. 4. 56.	
15.	Senior Revenue Inspector	1. 4. 48.	
16.	Revenue Inspector	1. 4. 54.	
17.	Revenue Sub-Inspector	1. 4. 58.	
18.	Senior Revenue Officer	1. 4. 58.	
19.	Revenue Officer	1. 4. 58.	
20.	Assistant Revenue Officer	1. 4. 58.	
21.	Woman Revenue Sub-Inspector	1. 4. 58.	
22.	Woman Senior Revenue Officer	1. 4. 58.	
23.	Woman Revenue Officer	1. 4. 58.	
24.	Woman Assistant Revenue Officer	1. 4. 58.	
25.	Director, Hong Kong Government London Office	1. 4. 60.	
26.	Principal Information Officer	1. 4. 60.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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EIGHTH SCHEDULE—CO-OPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT
AND FISHERIES DEPARTMENT.

1.	Assistant Registrar of Co-operatives ...	1. 4. 58.	
2.	Marketing Officer	1. 4. 55.	
3.	Co-operative Officer Class I	26. 4. 49.	
4.	Co-operative Officer Class II	1. 4. 49.	
5.	Market Inspector Class I	1. 4. 52.	
6.	Market Inspector Class II	1. 4. 52.	
7.	Co-operative Society Supervisor	1. 4. 59.	
8.	Fisheries Officer	1. 4. 52.	
9.	Assistant Fisheries Officer	1. 4. 53.	
10.	Fisheries Supervisor (Classes I and II)	1. 4. 55.	
11.	Fisheries Supervisor Class III	1. 4. 57.	
12.	Craft Technican	1. 4. 59.	
13.	Clerk/Bookkeeper	1. 4. 59.	

NINTH SCHEDULE—DEFENCE.

(A) ROYAL HONG KONG DEFENCE FORCE.

1.	Administrative Officer	1. 3. 49.	
2.	R.Q.M.S., Force H.Q.	1. 4. 53.	
3.	Assistant Armourer	1. 4. 53.	

(C) HONG KONG AUXILIARY AIR FORCE.

1.	Administrative Assistant	1. 4. 57.	
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(G) CIVIL AID SERVICES.

1.	Principal Training Officer	1. 4. 57.	
2.	Staff Officer	1. 4. 56.	
3.	Training Officer	1. 4. 59.	
4.	Assistant Training Officer	1. 4. 59.	

(H) REGISTRATION OF PERSONS OFFICE.

1.	Commissioner of Registration	1. 4. 60.	
2.	District Registrar	1. 6. 59.	
3.	Registrar	1. 6. 59.	
4.	Supervisor	1. 6. 59.	
5.	Senior Photographer	1. 12. 59.	
6.	Photographer	1. 6. 59.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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TENTH SCHEDULE — EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Education	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
2.	Deputy Director of Education	1. 4. 51.	
3.	Assistant Director of Education	1. 4. 54.	
4.	Senior Principal	1. 4. 55.	
5.	Senior Education Officer	1. 4. 52.	
6.	Organizer of Physical Education	1. 1. 47.	
7.	Organizer of Music	1. 4. 52.	
8.	Organizer (Technical)	1. 4. 60.	
9.	Education Officer	1. 4. 52.	
	Master	1. 4. 55.	
	and Assistant Education Officer	1. 4. 52.	
10.	Senior Assistant Master	1. 4. 55.	
	Assistant Master	1. 1. 47.	
	Certificated Master	1. 1. 47.	
11.	Primary School Master	1. 4. 56.	
12.	Senior Education Officer (Woman) ...	1. 4. 52.	
13.	Education Officer (Woman)	1. 4. 52.	
	Mistress	1. 4. 55.	
	and Assistant Education Officer (Woman)	1. 4. 52.	
14.	Senior Assistant Mistress	1. 4. 55.	
	Assistant Mistress	1. 1. 47.	
	Certificated Mistress	1. 1. 47.	
15.	Primary School Mistress	1. 4. 56.	
16.	Education Officer (Technical)	1. 4. 52.	
	Master (Technical)	1. 4. 55.	
	and Assistant Education Officer (Technical)	1. 4. 60.	
17.	Assistant Technical Instructor	1. 4. 48.	
18.	Senior Assistant Master (Technical) ...	1. 4. 59.	
	Assistant Master (Technical)	1. 4. 54.	
	and Technical Teacher	6. 9. 48.	
19.	Senior Assistant Mistress (Technical)	1. 4. 59.	
	Assistant Mistress (Technical)	1. 4. 54.	
	and Technical Teacher (Woman)	1. 4. 53.	
20.	Workshop Instructor	3. 6. 41.	
21.	Senior Laboratory Assistant	1. 4. 52.	
	and Laboratory Assistant	16. 10. 47.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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ELEVENTH SCHEDULE — FIRE BRIGADE.

1.	Chief Officer, Fire Brigade	1. 4. 60.	
2.	Deputy Chief Officer, Fire Brigade ...	1. 4. 60.	
3.	Divisional Officer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
4.	Station Officer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
5.	Sub-Officer	1. 4. 48.	
6.	Senior Fireman	1. 4. 55.	
7.	Leading Fireman	1. 4. 52.	
8.	Fireman	1. 1. 47.	
9.	Ambulance Dresser	—	G.N. 268 of 1935.
10.	Senior Watchkeeper	1. 4. 48.	
11.	Mechanical Inspector Class I	1. 7. 59.	
12.	Head Mechanic	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
13.	Fire Boat Officer	1. 4. 53.	
14.	Chief Launch Engineer	1. 4. 48.	
15.	Coxswain Class I	1. 1. 47.	
16.	Leading Seaman	1. 4. 60.	
17.	Fireman Driver	1. 4. 48.	

TWELFTH SCHEDULE — INFORMATION SERVICES DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Information Services	23. 8. 48.	
2.	Deputy Director of Information Services	29. 10. 57.	
3.	Chief Press Officer	1. 7. 59.	
4.	Principal Information Officer	1. 7. 59.	
5.	Senior Information Officer	1. 7. 59.	
6.	Information Officer	1. 7. 59.	
7.	Assistant Information Officer Class I	1. 7. 59.	
8.	Assistant Information Officer Class II	1. 7. 59.	
9.	Calligraphist	1. 4. 55.	
10.	Librarian Class II	1. 7. 59.	

THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE — INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1.	Commissioner of Inland Revenue	1. 1. 47.	
2.	Assistant Commissioner of Inland Revenue	1. 4. 47.	
3.	Chief Assessor	1. 4. 55.	
4.	Assessor	1. 4. 47.	
5.	Assessor Grade II	1. 4. 47.	
6.	Assistant Assessor	1. 4. 47.	
7.	Senior Tax Inspector	1. 9. 51.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE — INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT — *Contd.*

8.	Tax Inspector Class I	1. 4. 54.	
9.	Tax Inspector Class II	1. 4. 54.	
10.	Taxation Officer	1. 4. 47.	
11.	Punch Operator	1. 4. 60.	

FOURTEEN SCHEDULE — JUDICIARY.

1.	Chief Justice	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
2.	Senior Puisne Judge	1. 4. 50.	
3.	Puisne Judge	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
4.	District Judge	15. 1. 53.	
5.	Registrar, Supreme Court	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
6.	Deputy Registrar, Supreme Court	1. 4. 54.	
7.	Senior Magistrate	1. 7. 59.	
8.	Magistrate	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
9.	Deputy Registrar, District Court	1. 4. 56.	
10.	Clerk of the Court	1. 7. 51.	
11.	Chief Bailiff, Supreme Court	1. 4. 56.	
12.	Senior Bailiff, Supreme Court	1. 4. 56.	
13.	Bailiff	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
	and Assistant Bailiff, Supreme Court	1. 4. 41.	
14.	Court Reporter	1. 4. 55.	
15.	Chief Justice's Chauffeur	11. 4. 50.	

FIFTEENTH SCHEDULE — KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

1.	Manager and Chief Engineer	1. 5. 46.	
2.	Traffic Manager	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
3.	Traffic Assistant	1. 4. 55.	
4.	Senior Station Master	1. 4. 51.	
5.	Station Master	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
6.	Traffic Inspector	1. 4. 47.	
7.	Senior Traffic Officer	1. 7. 59.	
8.	Traffic Officer	1. 1. 47.	
9.	Junior Traffic Officer	1. 7. 59.	
10.	Signalman	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
11.	Mechanical Engineer	1. 4. 53.	
12.	Assistant Mechanical Engineer	1. 4. 52.	
13.	Carriage and Wagon Inspector	1. 4. 48.	
14.	Running-Shed Locomotive Inspector	1. 5. 46.	
15.	Engineering Draughtsman Class II	1. 4. 53.	
16.	Engineering Draughtsman Class III	1. 4. 53.	
17.	Costing Clerk	1. 4. 56.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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FIFTEENTH SCHEDULE — KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY — *Contd.*

18.	Assistant Engineer	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
19.	Way and Works Inspector	1. 4. 53.	
20.	Permanent-way Sub-Inspector	1. 7. 46.	
21.	Assistant Engineering Surveyor Class II	1. 4. 53.	
22.	Head Ticket Printer	1. 4. 56.	

SIXTEENTH SCHEDULE — LABOUR DEPARTMENT.

1.	Labour Officer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
2.	Assistant Labour Officer	7. 12. 46.	
3.	Industrial Training and Safety Officer	17. 5. 56.	
4.	Chief Labour Inspector	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
5.	Senior Labour Inspector	1. 4. 55.	
6.	Labour Inspector (Classes I and II)	1. 4. 47.	
7.	Woman Labour Inspector (Classes I and II)	1. 1. 47.	
8.	Superintendent of Mines	1. 4. 59.	
9.	Mining Engineer	1. 4. 54.	
10.	Assistant Mining Engineer	1. 7. 59.	
11.	Assistant Inspector of Mines	1. 4. 60.	

SEVENTEENTH SCHEDULE — LEGAL DEPARTMENT.

1.	Attorney General	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
2.	Solicitor General	2. 1. 47.	
3.	Principal Crown Counsel	1. 7. 59.	
4.	Senior Crown Counsel	1. 4. 52.	
5.	Crown Counsel	—	G.N. 378 of 1938.
6.	Law Clerk	1. 4. 60.	
7.	Legal Officer (Pupil)	1. 4. 59.	

EIGHTEENTH SCHEDULE — MARINE DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Marine	14. 1. 48.	
2.	Assistant Director of Marine	14. 1. 48.	
3.	Senior Marine Officer	14. 1. 48.	
4.	Marine Officer	14. 1. 48.	
5.	Assistant Marine Officer	14. 1. 48.	
6.	Senior Surveyor of Ships	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
7.	Surveyor of Ships	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
8.	Assistant Shipping Master	1. 4. 53.	
9.	Assistant Registrar of Shipping	1. 4. 53.	
10.	Officer-in-charge Gunpowder Depot	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
11.	Superintendent of Lights	14. 1. 48.	

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EIGHTEENTH SCHEDULE—MARINE DEPARTMENT—*Contd.*

12.	Principal Lighthouse-keeper	1. 4. 48.	
13.	Lighthouse-keeper	1. 4. 55.	
14.	Telegraphist Signalman Class II	1. 4. 53.	
15.	Telegraphist Signalman Class III	1. 4. 53.	
16.	Mechanical Engineer (Marine)	1. 4. 59.	
17.	Mechanical Inspector Class I	1. 4. 55.	
18.	Mechanical Inspector Class II	1. 4. 55.	
19.	Dredger Master	—	G.N. 268 of 1935.

NINETEENTH SCHEDULE—MEDICAL AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Medical and Health Services	24. 5. 50.	
2.	Deputy Director of Medical and Health Services	24. 5. 50.	
3.	Assistant Director of Medical and Health Services	1. 4. 60.	
4.	Principal Medical and Health Officer	1. 7. 59.	
5.	Secretary, Medical and Health Department	1. 4. 60.	
6.	Senior Specialist	1. 4. 52.	
7.	Specialist	1. 4. 52.	
8.	Senior Medical and Health Officer ...	1. 7. 59.	
9.	Medical and Health Officer and Assistant Medical and Health Officer ...	1. 4. 48.	
10.	Woman Medical and Health Officer and Woman Assistant Medical and Health Officer	1. 4. 60.	
11.	Dental Officer, Assistant Dental Officer, Woman Dental Officer and Woman Assistant Dental Officer	1. 4. 60.	
12.	Senior Physicist	1. 4. 60.	
13.	Physicist	1. 4. 57.	
14.	Scientific Officer (Medical)	1. 4. 59.	
15.	Government Chemist	19. 6. 47.	
16.	Chemist	19. 6. 47.	
17.	Assistant Chemist	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
18.	Assistant Biochemist	1. 4. 56.	
19.	Principal Matron	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
20.	Matron Class I	1. 4. 48.	
21.	Matron Class II	1. 4. 48.	
22.	Senior Nursing Sister	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
23.	Nursing Sister	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
24.	Dietitian	1. 4. 51.	
25.	Personal Assistant to Principal Matron	1. 4. 50.	

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NINETEENTH SCHEDULE—MEDICAL AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT—*Contd.*

26.	Health Sister	29. 9. 47.	
27.	Health Visitor	1. 4. 56.	
28.	Student Nurse and Nurse	1. 4. 57.	
29.	Senior Midwife	1. 4. 60.	
30.	Student Midwife and Midwife	1. 4. 57.	
31.	Senior Sister Tutor	1. 4. 53.	
32.	Sister Tutor	1. 4. 48.	
33.	Supervisor and Training Officer for Health Nurses	1. 4. 49.	
34.	Principal Almoner	1. 4. 48.	
35.	Almoner Class I	1. 7. 59.	
36.	Almoner Class II	1. 7. 59.	
37.	Chief Male Nurse (Psychiatric)	1. 4. 56.	
38.	Deputy Chief Male Nurse (Psychiatric)	1. 4. 58.	
39.	Male Tutor (Psychiatric)	21. 9. 59.	
40.	Senior Male Charge Nurse (Psychiatric)	1. 7. 59.	
41.	Male Charge Nurse (Psychiatric), Male Nurse (Psychiatric) and Student Male Nurse (Psychiatric)	1. 7. 59.	
42.	Matron (Psychiatric)	1. 4. 58.	
43.	Deputy Matron (Psychiatric)	1. 4. 58.	
44.	Senior Nursing Sister (Psychiatric) ...	1. 7. 59.	
45.	Nursing Sister (Psychiatric)	1. 4. 58.	
46.	Student Nurse/Nurse (Psychiatric) ...	1. 4. 58.	
47.	Senior Male Charge Nurse	1. 4. 58.	
48.	Male Charge Nurse, and Student Male Nurse and Male Nurse	1. 4. 58.	
49.	Senior Tuberculosis Worker	1. 4. 54.	
50.	Tuberculosis Worker	1. 4. 51.	
51.	Surgical Appliance Technician	1. 4. 59.	
52.	Surgical Appliance Technician's Assistant and Student Surgical Appliance Technician's Assistant	1. 4. 60.	
53.	Senior Inoculator	1. 4. 59.	
54.	Inoculator	1. 4. 59.	
55.	Woman Dental Nurse	1. 4. 55.	
56.	Senior Dental Surgery Assistant	1. 4. 58.	
57.	Dental Surgery Assistant	1. 4. 56.	
58.	Chief Pharmacist	1. 4. 47.	
59.	Senior Pharmacist	1. 4. 59.	
60.	Pharmacist	1. 4. 47.	
61.	Chief Dispenser	1. 4. 59.	
62.	Senior Dispenser	23. 4. 49.	
	Dispenser and Student Dispenser	1. 4. 57.	

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NINETEENTH SCHEDULE — MEDICAL AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT — <i>Contd.</i>			
63.	Superintendent Radiographer	1. 4. 47.	
64.	Senior Radiographer	1. 4. 54.	
65.	Radiographer	—	G.N. 268 of 1935.
66.	Senior Assistant Radiographer, Assistant Radiographer and Student Assistant Radiographer	1. 7. 59.	
67.	Photographer	1. 4. 58.	
68.	Superintendent Physiotherapist	1. 4. 54.	
69.	Tutor Physiotherapist	1. 4. 59.	
70.	Physiotherapist and Assistant Physiotherapist	1. 4. 47.	
71.	Occupational Therapist	1. 4. 54.	
72.	Senior Electrical Technician	1. 4. 59.	
73.	Electrical Technician	1. 4. 58.	
74.	Senior Health Inspector	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
75.	Health Inspector (Classes I and II) ...	1. 4. 47.	
76.	Senior Malaria Inspector	1. 4. 54.	
77.	Malaria Inspector (Classes I and II) ...	1. 4. 48.	
78.	Fumigator	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
79.	Chief Medical Technologist	1. 4. 54.	
80.	Senior Medical Technologist	1. 4. 57.	
81.	Medical Technologist	1. 4. 55.	
82.	Medical Laboratory Technician Grades I and II and Student Medical Laboratory Technician	1. 4. 59.	
83.	Senior Laboratory Assistant	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
	and Laboratory Assistant	1. 4. 58.	
84.	Technical Assistant (Social Hygiene)	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
85.	Optical Technician	1. 4. 51.	
86.	Mortuary Assistant	1. 4. 41.	
87.	Dental Technologist	1. 4. 59.	
88.	Dental Technician and Student Dental Technician	1. 4. 60.	
89.	Dental Inspector	1. 4. 48.	
90.	Audiology Technician	1. 4. 60.	
91.	Chief Hospital Secretary	1. 4. 54.	
92.	Hospital Secretary	1. 4. 54.	
93.	Assistant Hospital Secretary	1. 4. 60.	
94.	Steward's Assistant Class I	1. 4. 50.	
95.	Steward's Assistant Class II	1. 4. 50.	
96.	Linen Room Supervisor	1. 4. 51.	
97.	Mechanical Overseer	1. 10. 53.	
98.	Senior Social Hygiene Visitor	1. 4. 59.	
99.	Social Hygiene Visitor	1. 4. 59.	

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NINETEENTH SCHEDULE — MEDICAL AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT — <i>Contd.</i>			
100.	Overseer	1. 4. 59.	
101.	Handicraft Instructor	1. 4. 59.	
102.	Medical Board Attendant	1. 4. 59.	
103.	Hospital Chef	21. 1. 59.	
104.	Poster Artist	1. 4. 60.	
105.	Ambulance Dresser	1. 4. 60.	
TWENTIETH SCHEDULE — NEW TERRITORIES ADMINISTRATION.			
1.	Liaison Officer Class II	1. 4. 60.	
2.	Chinese Writer	1. 4. 60.	
3.	Senior Estate Surveyor	1. 4. 59.	
4.	Estate Surveyor	1. 4. 59.	
5.	Senior Land Assistant	1. 7. 59.	
6.	Land Assistant	1. 7. 59.	
7.	Assistant Inspector of Works	1. 4. 57.	
8.	Works Photographer	1. 4. 60.	
9.	Map Draughtsman Class I	1. 4. 60.	
10.	Map Draughtsman Class II	1. 4. 60.	
11.	Map Draughtsman Class III	1. 4. 59.	
12.	Assistant Building Inspector	1. 4. 60.	
13.	Assistant Engineering Surveyor Class II	1. 4. 60.	
14.	Engineering Draughtsman Class III ...	1. 4. 60.	
15.	Demarcator, Class I	1. 4. 60.	
16.	Demarcator, Class II	1. 4. 60.	
TWENTY-FIRST SCHEDULE — POLICE FORCE.			
1.	Commissioner of Police	1. 4. 46.	
2.	Deputy Commissioner of Police	1. 4. 46.	
3.	Assistant Commissioner	1. 10. 48.	
4.	Senior Superintendent	1. 4. 51.	
5.	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
6.	Chief Inspector	—	Police Force Ordinance No. 37 of 1932.
7.	Inspector (including Sub-Inspector) ...	1. 9. 45.	
8.	Staff Sergeant Class I	1. 4. 54.	
9.	Staff Sergeant Class II	1. 4. 54.	
10.	Sergeant	—	Police Force Ordinance No. 37 of 1932.
11.	Corporal	—	— do —
12.	Constable	—	— do —

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TWENTY-FIRST SCHEDULE — POLICE FORCE — *Contd.*

13.	Woman Assistant Superintendent	1. 4. 58.	
14.	Woman Sub-Inspector (Classes I and II)	1. 4. 49.	
15.	Woman Staff Sergeant	1. 4. 60.	
16.	Woman Sergeant	1. 4. 52.	
17.	Woman Corporal	1. 4. 53.	
18.	Woman Constable	7. 5. 51.	
19.	Chief Executive Assistant	1. 4. 60.	
20.	Senior Executive Assistant	1. 4. 56.	
21.	Executive Assistant	1. 4. 56.	
22.	Radio Communications Officer	1. 1. 51.	
23.	Assistant Radio Communications Officer	1. 7. 58.	
24.	Ballistics Officer	1. 4. 52.	
25.	Indian Liaison Officer	—	G.N.A. 117 of 1951.
26.	Assistant Radar Technician Class I ...	1. 4. 56.	
27.	Radio Mechanic	1. 4. 56.	
28.	Battery Mechanic	1. 4. 59.	
29.	Assistant Wireless Telecommunications Assistant Class I	1. 4. 47.	
30.	Assistant Wireless Telecommunications Assistant Class II	1. 4. 47.	
31.	Armourer Storeman	1. 4. 55.	
32.	Senior Photographer	1. 4. 59.	
33.	Photographer	1. 4. 52.	
34.	Kitchen Supervisor	1. 4. 60.	
35.	Chief Launch Engineer	1. 4. 55.	

TWENTY-SECOND SCHEDULE — POST OFFICE.

1.	Postmaster General	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
2.	Deputy Postmaster General	1. 10. 53.	
3.	Chief Postal Accountant	1. 4. 54.	
4.	Senior Postal Accountant	1. 4. 57.	
5.	Controller of Posts	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
6.	Assistant Controller of Posts	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
7.	Postal Accountant	1. 4. 56.	
8.	Assistant Postal Accountant	1. 4. 56.	
9.	District Postmaster	1. 4. 57.	
10.	Superintendent of Mails	1. 4. 47.	
11.	Senior Mail Officer	1. 4. 57.	
12.	Mail Officer	1. 4. 53.	
13.	Senior Inspector of Postmen	1. 4. 57.	
14.	Inspector of Postmen	1. 11. 51.	

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TWENTY-SECOND SCHEDULE — POST OFFICE — *Contd.*

15.	Postal Clerk, Special Class	1. 4. 57.	
16.	Postal Clerk Class I	1. 1. 47.	
17.	Postal Clerk Class II	1. 1. 47.	
18.	Postal Clerk Class III	1. 1. 47.	
19.	Headpostman	1. 4. 57.	
20.	Wireless Engineer	1. 4. 59.	
21.	Senior Wireless Inspector	1. 4. 56.	
22.	Wireless Inspector	1. 1. 47.	
23.	Assistant Wireless Inspector Class I ...	1. 4. 53.	
24.	Assistant Wireless Inspector Class II ...	1. 4. 53.	

TWENTY-THIRD SCHEDULE — PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

1.	Government Printer	1. 1. 52.	
2.	Assistant Government Printer	11. 12. 52.	
3.	Superintendent	1. 8. 54.	
4.	Assistant Superintendent	1. 4. 57.	
5.	Senior Printing Officer	1. 4. 56.	
6.	Printing Officer	1. 4. 53.	
7.	Assistant Printing Officer	1. 4. 53.	
8.	Proof Reader	1. 8. 54.	
9.	Supervisor I	1. 7. 59.	
10.	Supervisor II	1. 7. 59.	
11.	Linotype Operator Class I	1. 4. 53.	
12.	Monotype Operator Class I	1. 4. 53.	
13.	Lithographer Class I	1. 4. 57.	
14.	Copy Holder	1. 4. 56.	

TWENTY-FOURTH SCHEDULE — PRISONS DEPARTMENT.

1.	Commissioner of Prisons	1. 4. 60.	
2.	Deputy Commissioner of Prisons	1. 7. 59.	
3.	Superintendent	1. 4. 50.	
4.	Chief Officer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
5.	Assistant Chief Officer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
6.	Principal Industrial Officer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
7.	Principal Officer and Prison Officer (Classes I and II)	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
8.	Principal Warder	1. 1. 47.	
9.	Assistant Principal Warder	1. 1. 47.	
10.	Warder	1. 1. 47.	
11.	Matron	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
12.	Assistant Matron	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
13.	Principal Wardress	—	G.N. 268 of 1935.

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TWENTY-FOURTH SCHEDULE—PRISONS DEPARTMENT—*Contd.*

14.	Wardress	—	G.N. 781 of 1932
15.	Chief Officer (Hospital)	—	G.N. 682 of 1941
16.	Principal Officer (Hospital) Male	—	G.N. 682 of 1941
17.	Principal Officer (Hospital) Female	1. 4. 52.	
18.	Prison Officer (Hospital) Class I	1. 4. 55.	
	Prison Officer (Hospital) Class II	1. 1. 48.	
19.	Student Nurse/Nurse	1. 4. 59.	
20.	Assistant Master	21. 9. 53.	
	and Certificated and Primary School Master	1. 4. 55.	
21.	Social Welfare Officer (Classes II and III)	1. 4. 55.	
22.	Workshop Instructor, Male and Female	1. 4. 52.	
23.	Master Tailor	1. 1. 47.	
24.	Trade Instructor	1. 4. 47.	
25.	Installation Mechanic	1. 4. 51.	

TWENTY-FIFTH SCHEDULE—PUBLIC SERVICES COMMISSION.

1.	Secretary to Commission	1. 4. 60.	
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TWENTY-SIXTH SCHEDULE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

1.	Director of Public Works	—	G.N. 781 of 1932
2.	Deputy Director of Public Works	1. 4. 47.	
3.	Assistant Director of Public Works	—	G.N. 781 of 1932
4.	Chief Engineer	1. 4. 51.	
5.	Assistant Chief Engineer	1. 4. 57.	
6.	Engineer	—	G.N. 781 of 1932
	and Assistant Engineer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941
7.	Supervisor	15. 10. 57.	
8.	Secretary, Public Works Department ...	1. 4. 60.	
9.	Chief Architect	1. 4. 48.	
10.	Assistant Chief Architect	1. 12. 54.	
11.	Architect	—	G.N. 781 of 1932
	and Assistant Architect	1. 4. 51.	
12.	Chief Structural Engineer	1. 4. 60.	
13.	Senior Structural Engineer	1. 4. 56.	
14.	Structural Engineer	6. 7. 48.	
	and Assistant Structural Engineer	1. 4. 50.	
15.	Chief Quantity Surveyor	1. 4. 60.	
16.	Senior Quantity Surveyor	1. 4. 52.	
17.	Quantity Surveyor	—	G.N. 781 of 1932
18.	Assistant Quantity Surveyor	1. 4. 60.	

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TWENTY-SIXTH SCHEDULE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—*Contd.*

19.	Quantity Surveyor's Assistant Class I	1. 4. 50.	
20.	Quantity Surveyor's Assistant Class II	1. 4. 50.	
21.	Chief Draughtsman	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
22.	Architectural Draughtsman Class I ...	1. 4. 49.	
23.	Architectural Draughtsman Class II ...	1. 4. 49.	
24.	Architectural Draughtsman Class III ...	1. 4. 49.	
25.	Engineering Draughtsman Class I	1. 4. 49.	
26.	Engineering Draughtsman Class II	1. 4. 49.	
27.	Engineering Draughtsman Class III ...	1. 4. 49.	
28.	Map Draughtsman Class I	1. 4. 49.	
29.	Map Draughtsman Class II	1. 4. 49.	
30.	Map Draughtsman Class III	1. 4. 49.	
31.	Computer Class I	1. 4. 58.	
32.	Computer Class II	1. 4. 56.	
33.	Computer Class III	1. 4. 56.	
34.	Clerk of Works Class I	1. 4. 48.	
35.	Clerk of Works Class II	1. 4. 48.	
36.	Assistant Clerk of Works	1. 4. 56.	
37.	Chief Building Surveyor	1. 4. 48.	
38.	Assistant Chief Building Surveyor	1. 4. 57.	
39.	Building Surveyor	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
40.	Assistant Building Surveyor	1. 4. 58.	
41.	Building Inspector Class I	1. 4. 48.	
42.	Building Inspector Class II	1. 4. 48.	
43.	Assistant Building Inspector	1. 11. 51.	
44.	Superintendent of Crown Lands & Surveys	—	G.N. 268 of 1935.
45.	Assistant Superintendent of Crown Lands	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
46.	Assistant Superintendent of Surveys ...	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
47.	Senior Land Surveyor	1. 4. 60.	
48.	Land Surveyor	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
49.	Assistant Land Surveyor Class I	1. 4. 46.	
50.	Assistant Land Surveyor (Classes II and III)	1. 4. 46.	
51.	Senior Estate Surveyor	1. 10. 59.	
52.	Estate Surveyor	1. 4. 52.	
53.	Assistant Engineering Surveyor Class I	1. 4. 49.	
54.	Assistant Engineering Surveyor (Classes II and III)	1. 4. 49.	
55.	Probationer Assistant Engineering and Land Surveyor Class III	1. 4. 57.	

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TWENTY-SIXTH SCHEDULE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT— <i>Contd.</i>			
56.	Planning Officer	1. 4. 58.	
57.	Assistant Planning Officer	1. 4. 57.	
58.	Assistant Planning and Valuation Surveyor Class I	1. 4. 59.	
59.	Assistant Planning and Valuation Surveyor (Classes II and III)	1. 4. 59.	
60.	Works Photographer	1. 10. 53.	
61.	Photoprinter	1. 4. 50.	
62.	Senior Land Bailiff	1. 4. 58.	
63.	Land Bailiff	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
64.	Inspector of Works Class I	1. 4. 48.	
65.	Inspector of Works Class II	1. 4. 48.	
66.	Assistant Inspector of Works	1. 6. 54.	
67.	Chief Electrical and Mechanical Engineer	1. 4. 48.	
68.	Assistant Chief Electrical/Mechanical Engineer	1. 4. 60.	
69.	Electrical Engineer	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
	and Assistant Electrical Engineer	1. 4. 52.	
70.	Electrical Inspector Class I	1. 4. 47.	
71.	Electrical Inspector Class II	1. 4. 47.	
72.	Assistant Electrical Inspector	1. 4. 54.	
73.	Mechanical Engineer	21. 11. 47.	
	and Assistant Mechanical Engineer ...	1. 4. 52.	
74.	Mechanical Overseer	1. 4. 49.	
75.	Mechanical Inspector Class I	1. 4. 49.	
76.	Mechanical Inspector Class II	1. 4. 49.	
77.	Assistant Mechanical Inspector	1. 4. 53.	
78.	Assistant Air Conditioning Engineer ...	1. 4. 60.	
79.	Air Conditioning Inspector Class I ...	1. 4. 60.	
80.	Air Conditioning Inspector Class II ...	1. 4. 59.	
81.	Assistant Air Conditioning Inspector ...	1. 4. 60.	
82.	Transport Supervisor	1. 8. 48.	
83.	Assistant Transport Supervisor	1. 4. 56.	
84.	Gate Checker	1. 4. 58.	
85.	Laboratory Superintendent	1. 4. 51.	
86.	Senior Laboratory Assistant	1. 10. 53.	
87.	Laboratory Assistant	1. 4. 52.	
88.	Assistant Diver	1. 4. 53.	
89.	Diver's Linesman	—	G.N. 268 of 1935.
90.	Quarry Manager Class I	1. 10. 53.	
91.	Quarry Manager Class II	1. 10. 53.	

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TWENTY-SIXTH SCHEDULE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT— <i>Contd.</i>			
92.	Assistant Quarry Manager	1. 4. 58.	
93.	Quarters Supervisor	1. 4. 58.	
94.	Stone Checker	1. 4. 58.	
95.	Waterworks Engineer	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
96.	Waterworks Inspector Class I	1. 4. 48.	
97.	Waterworks Inspector Class II	1. 4. 48.	
98.	Assistant Waterworks Inspector	1. 12. 51.	
99.	Chief Meter Reader	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
100.	Meter Reader	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
101.	Junior Meter Reader	—	G.N. 268 of 1935.
102.	Water Sampler	1. 4. 57.	
103.	Irrigation Officer	1. 4. 58.	
104.	Senior House Service Inspector	1. 4. 58.	
105.	House Service Inspector	1. 4. 57.	
TWENTY-SEVENTH SCHEDULE—RADIO HONG KONG.			
1.	Controller of Broadcasting	1. 4. 52.	
2.	Senior Programme Assistant	1. 4. 52.	
3.	Programme Assistant (Classes I and II)	1. 4. 52.	
4.	Announcer	1. 4. 52.	
5.	Librarian Class II (Male)	1. 4. 60.	
TWENTY-EIGHTH SCHEDULE—RATING AND VALUATION DEPARTMENT.			
1.	Commissioner of Rating and Valuation	31. 7. 47.	
2.	Deputy Commissioner of Rating and Valuation	1. 7. 59.	
3.	Rating and Valuation Surveyor	31. 7. 47.	
4.	Valuation Assistant (Classes I, II and III)	11. 8. 54.	
5.	Assistant Surveyor Class II	1. 4. 48.	
TWENTY-NINTH SCHEDULE—REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.			
1.	Registrar General	1. 4. 49.	
2.	Deputy Registrar General	1. 6. 51.	
3.	Senior Legal Assistant	1. 7. 59.	
4.	Legal Assistant	7. 5. 54.	
5.	Senior Assistant Registrar	1. 7. 59.	
6.	Assistant Registrar (Classes I and II).	1. 4. 55.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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THIRTIETH SCHEDULE — REGISTRY OF TRADE UNIONS.

1. Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions ... 1. 4. 55.
2. Assistant Registrar of Trade Unions ... 1. 4. 55.

THIRTY-FIRST SCHEDULE — RESETTLEMENT DEPARTMENT.

1. Assistant Resettlement Officer 1. 4. 58.
2. Area Officer 1. 4. 56.
3. Land Bailiff 1. 4. 55.
4. Assistant Resettlement Officer
(Technical) 1. 4. 60.
5. Area Officer (Technical) 1. 4. 60.
6. Assistant Electrical Inspector 1. 10. 58.
7. Computer Class III 1. 10. 58.
8. Map Draughtsman Class III 1. 10. 58.
9. Architectural Draughtsman Class III ... 1. 10. 58.

THIRTY-SECOND SCHEDULE — ROYAL OBSERVATORY.

1. Director — G.N. 781 of 1932.
2. Deputy Director 1. 10. 53.
3. Scientific Officer 1. 4. 49.
4. Marine Liaison Officer — G.N.A. 117 of 1951.
5. Radar Specialist Mechanic 1. 4. 57.
6. Senior Experimental Officer 1. 7. 59.
7. Computer Class I 1. 4. 48.
8. Computer Class II 1. 4. 48.
9. Computer Class III 1. 4. 48.
10. Lithographer, Special Class 1. 7. 59.
11. Lithographer, Class I 1. 7. 59.
12. Experimental Officer 1. 7. 59.

THIRTY-THIRD SCHEDULE — SECRETARIAT FOR CHINESE AFFAIRS.

1. Secretary for Chinese Affairs — G.N. 781 of 1932.
2. Assistant Secretary 1. 1. 58.
3. Liaison Officer Class I 1. 7. 59.
4. Liaison Officer Class II 1. 7. 59.
5. Liaison Officer Class III 1. 7. 59.
6. Liaison Assistant Class I 1. 7. 59.
7. Liaison Assistant Class II 1. 7. 59.
8. Writer 1. 4. 54.
9. Officer in charge District Watch Force. 1. 7. 59.
10. Principal Detective District Watchman. 1. 9. 45.

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
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THIRTY-THIRD SCHEDULE — SECRETARIAT FOR CHINESE AFFAIRS — *Contd.*

11. Head District Watchman 1. 9. 45.
12. Assistant Head District Watchman ... 1. 9. 45.
13. Detective District Watchman 1. 9. 45.
14. District Watchman 1. 9. 45.

THIRTY-FOURTH SCHEDULE — SOCIAL WELFARE DEPARTMENT.

1. Assistant Director of Social Welfare ... 1. 4. 60.
2. Principal Social Welfare Officer 1. 7. 59.
3. Social Welfare Officer Class I 1. 7. 59.
4. Social Welfare Officer Class II 1. 7. 59.
5. Social Welfare Officer Class III 1. 7. 59.
6. Principal Supervisor 1. 4. 54.
7. Supervisor 1. 4. 54.
8. Dresser 1. 4. 58.
9. Welfare Assistant Class I 1. 7. 59.
10. Welfare Assistant Class II 1. 7. 59.

THIRTY-FIFTH SCHEDULE — STORES DEPARTMENT.

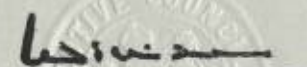
1. Controller of Stores — G.N. 682 of 1941.
2. Deputy Controller of Stores 1. 7. 59.
3. Chief Stores Officer 1. 4. 58.
4. Senior Stores Officer 1. 4. 49.
5. Pharmacist and Stores Officer 1. 4. 53.
6. Hollerith Supervisor 1. 4. 59.
7. Senior Machine Operator 1. 4. 59.
8. Junior Machine Operator 1. 4. 59.
9. Punch and Verifier Operator 1. 4. 59.
10. Superintendent of Furniture and
Equipment 1. 4. 46.
11. Workshops Supervisor 1. 4. 54.
12. Overseer, Metal Workshops 1. 4. 58.

THIRTY-SIXTH SCHEDULE — TREASURY.

1. Accountant General — G.N. 682 of 1941.
2. Deputy Accountant General 1. 10. 53.
3. Stock Verifier 17. 3. 58.
4. Senior Examiner 1. 4. 58.
5. Examiner 1. 4. 58.
6. Treasury Tax Inspector Class I 1. 7. 59.

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
THIRTY-SEVENTH SCHEDULE—URBAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT.			
1.	Secretary, Urban Council	1. 4. 60.	
2.	Manager, City Hall	1. 4. 60.	
3.	Curator	1. 4. 60.	
4.	Librarian, City Hall	1. 4. 59.	
5.	Superintendent (Cleansing)	1. 4. 50.	
6.	Superintendent (Hygiene)	1. 4. 55.	
7.	Chief Health Inspector	1. 4. 50.	
8.	Senior Health Inspector	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
9.	Health Inspector (Classes I and II) ...	1. 4. 50.	
10.	Transport Supervisor	1. 4. 59.	
11.	Assistant Transport Supervisor	1. 4. 59.	
12.	Overseer	—	G.N. 781 of 1932.
13.	Chief Motor Mechanic	1. 4. 47.	
14.	Punch Operator	1. 4. 59.	
15.	Assistant Superintendent (Cleansing) ...	15. 1. 60.	
16.	Supervisor, Cemeteries and Crematoria.	1. 4. 59.	
17.	Assistant Superintendent (Hygiene) ...	15. 1. 60.	
18.	Assistant Health Inspector	1. 4. 59.	
19.	Pest Control Officer	1. 1. 52.	
20.	Assistant Pest Control Officer	1. 4. 57.	
21.	Pest Control Overseer	1. 4. 58.	
22.	Pest Control Assistant	1. 4. 55.	
23.	Pest Control Foreman	1. 4. 54.	
24.	Superintendent of Gardens	1. 5. 46.	
25.	Assistant Superintendent (General) ...	1. 4. 60.	
26.	Botanical Assistant	—	G.N. 682 of 1941.
27.	Horticultural Assistant	1. 4. 53.	
28.	Tree Inspector	1. 4. 57.	
29.	Technician	1. 4. 53.	
30.	Custodian	1. 4. 57.	
31.	Superintendent/Assistant Superintendent	1. 4. 60.	
32.	Chief Inspector	1. 4. 60.	
33.	Inspector	1. 4. 60.	
34.	Staff Sergeant Class I/Class II	1. 4. 59.	
35.	Sergeant	1. 4. 59.	
36.	Corporal	1. 4. 59.	
37.	Constable	1. 4. 59.	
38.	Commissioner for Housing	30. 1. 59.	
39.	Housing Architect	1. 4. 58.	
40.	Chief Housing Manager	1. 7. 57.	

(1) Number.	(2) Office.	(3) Date from which deemed to be pensionable.	(4) Gazette Notification.
THIRTY-SEVENTH SCHEDULE—URBAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT—Contd.			
41.	Housing Manager	15. 3. 56	
42.	Assistant Housing Manager	1. 4. 58.	
43.	Housing Assistant	1. 4. 60.	
44.	Clerk of Works Class II	19. 12. 55.	
45.	Assistant Clerk of Works	1. 4. 57.	
46.	Assistant Superintendent (New Territories)	1. 4. 60.	



Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
4th October, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

*(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended
to indicate its general purport).*

This Order lists in the Schedules all current pensionable posts together with the dates from which pensionability first attached to them. The Pensionable Offices Order, 1958 (G.N.A. 65/58) is cancelled but this cancellation does not affect the pensionability of persons, if any, who held offices declared as pensionable under that Order for so long as they continue in those offices, even though such offices are not declared pensionable in the new Order.

(Secretariat PR4374/48II)

PROCLAMATION

No. 7 of 1960.



Governor.



BY HIS EXCELLENCY SIR ROBERT BROWN BLACK, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hong Kong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS by regulation 23 of the Road Traffic (Roads and Signs) Regulations, 1959 it is provided that regulation 18 and paragraph (2) of regulation 22 of the said Regulations shall not come into operation until the day to be appointed by the Governor by proclamation in the *Gazette* :

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ROBERT BROWN BLACK, do hereby PROCLAIM that regulation 18 and paragraph (2) of regulation 22 of the said Regulations shall come into operation on the 7th day of October, 1960.

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of Hong Kong this 30th day of September, 1960.

Published by His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary.


GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

(Secretariat GR15/3231/56)



PROCLAMATION

No. 6 of 1960.



Robert Brown Black

Governor.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY SIR ROBERT BROWN BLACK, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hong Kong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS by section 1 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1957 (No. 39 of 1957) it is provided that section 13 of the said Ordinance shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by proclamation in the *Gazette*:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ROBERT BROWN BLACK, do hereby PROCLAIM that section 13 of the said Ordinance shall come into operation on the 7th day of October, 1960.

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of Hong Kong this 30th day of September, 1960.

Published by His Excellency's Command.

Clarence Burgess
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

(Secretariat GR15/3231/56)



PAWNBROKERS ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 166).

SCALE OF FEES (PAWNBROKERS) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Pawnbrokers Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Scale of Fees (Pawnbrokers) (Amendment) Regulations, 1960, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1961. Citation and commencement.

2. Regulation 1 of the Scale of Fees (Pownbrokers) Regulations is revoked and replaced by the following— Revocation and replacement of regulation 1. (Vol. X, p. 265).
 - "1. There shall be paid, in respect of every pawn shop, pawnbroker's licence fees according to the following scale—

- (a) Hong Kong, Kowloon and New Kowloon \$2,500 per annum.
- (b) The remainder of the New Territories \$1,000 per annum."

Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
27th September, 1960.

(Secretariat GR13/3231/52)

EMERGENCY REGULATIONS ORDINANCE.

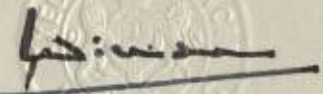
(Chapter 241).

EMERGENCY (IMPORTATION OF MILK) (REVOCATION) REGULATIONS, 1960.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Emergency Regulations Ordinance, Chapter 241, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Emergency (Importation of Milk) (Revocation) Regulations, 1960. Citation.

2. The regulations concerning the importation of milk published as Government Notification No. 655 in the *Gazette* of the 26th August, 1938 are revoked. Revocation. (G.N. 655/38).



Clerk of Councils.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

27th September, 1960.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The regulations prohibiting the import of milk, other than tinned, preserved or dried milk, into the Colony, are no longer necessary; accordingly, they are revoked by these regulations.

(Secretariat GR6/3231/53)





FOOD BUSINESS BY-LAWS, 1960.

ARRANGEMENT OF BY-LAWS.

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PUBLIC HEALTH AND URBAN SERVICES ORDINANCE, 1960.

(No. 30 of 1960).

FOOD BUSINESS BY-LAWS, 1960.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 56 of the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960, the Urban Council has made the following by-laws—

PART I.

Preliminary.

1. These by-laws may be cited as the Food Business By-laws, 1960, and shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of the Public Health and Urban Services Ordinance, 1960. Citation and commencement.

2. These by-laws apply to the urban areas only. Application.

3. (1) In these by-laws, save where the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.

“air conditioning plant” includes any kind of mechanical ventilation system which contains a device for reducing or increasing the temperature of the air in any building, or any part thereof, below or above the temperature of the external air;

“bottled” means contained in an unopened hermetically sealed bottle, tin or container;

“Council” means the Urban Council;

“drinks” means non-alcoholic liquids for human consumption, but does not include water;

“food business” has the meaning assigned to it in by-law 4;

“food premises” means any premises on or from which there is carried on any food business, and the expression “premises” includes a vessel and a stall;

“food room” means any room, (being, or being part of, any food premises) where any person engages in the handling of open food or in the cleaning of equipment for the purposes of a food business, but does not include a room in which the only handling of food which occurs is in the course of serving food for consumption therein;

“latrine fitment” and “latrine” have the meaning assigned to them by regulation 2 of the Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage and Latrines) Regulations, 1959; (G.N.A. 76/59).

"meat" means the flesh of—

- (a) cattle (including buffaloes), goats, sheep and swine; and
- (b) horses, mules, hinnies and donkeys, if the same is intended for human consumption;

"open food" means—

- (a) uncooked perishable food; and
- (b) food which is not contained in a container of such materials, and so closed, as to exclude all risk of contamination,

but does not include raw vegetables and uncut fruit or any food which has to be subjected to a process of milling, refining or cooking (other than food specified in paragraph (a) and food in the course of preparation) for the purpose of rendering it fit for human consumption;

"preparation", in relation to food, includes manufacture and any form of cooking or other treatment or preparation for sale;

"proprietor" means the owner of, or the person for the time being appearing to have charge of, a food business, and, in the case of a licensed food business, the licensee thereof;

"sanitary fitment" includes any kind of ablution or sanitary facility;

"shell fish" means molluscs and crustaceans;

"soil drain" means any pipe or gutter which receives soil matter or which receives waste from a sanitary fitment;

"soil fitment" has the meaning assigned to it by regulation 2 of the Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage and Latrines) Regulations, 1959;

"stall" includes any stand, marquee or mobile canteen, and any vehicle, whether movable or not, which is used for the sale of food.

(2) A person shall be deemed for the purposes of these by-laws to engage in the handling of food if, for the purposes of a food business, he carries out or assists in the carrying out of any process or operation in or in connexion with the sale of food or in the preparation, transport, storage, packing, wrapping, exposure for sale, service, or delivery of food.

(3) For the purposes of these by-laws, the supply of food, otherwise than by sale at, in or from any place where food is supplied in the course of a business shall be deemed to be a sale of that food, and references to purchasing and purchasers shall be construed accordingly, and, where in connexion with any business in the course of which food is supplied the place where food is served to the customers is different from the place where the food is prepared, both those places shall be deemed to be places in which food is sold.

(4) In determining for the purposes of these by-laws whether any matter involves risk of contamination to any food, regard shall be had to the extent to which contamination in the respect in question is immaterial because of—

- (a) the nature of the food;
- (b) the manner in which the food is packed; or
- (c) any process to which the food is to be subjected before sale to the consumer, being a process to which food of that nature is normally so subjected.

4. (1) In these by-laws, save where the context otherwise requires, the expression "food business" means, subject to the succeeding provisions of this by-law, any trade or business for the purpose of which any person engages in the handling of food. Interpretation of food business.

(2) The said expression does not include any agricultural activity, any canteen in any naval, military or air force establishment or provided in any school or work place for the use exclusively of the pupils of the school and the persons employed in the work place, respectively, any club or (except so far as the handling of food may be involved in the course of a retail business or in the course of supplying food for immediate consumption) so much of any trade or business as consists of the handling of food at, in or upon—

- (a) any dock, wharf or public warehouse;
- (b) except in the case of any business involving the transport of meat, whether cooked or uncooked, any premises or place occupied by a carrier of goods for the purposes of his trade as such a carrier;
- (c) any slaughterhouse;
- (d) any premises or place occupied by a wholesaler of raw vegetables and used exclusively for the purpose of his trade or business as such a wholesaler; or
- (e) any premises which are—
 - (i) used exclusively for the storage of food manufactured and packed by the occupier thereof; and
 - (ii) situated outside the curtilage of the premises used for the manufacture or packing of that food; and
 - (iii) not used for the storage of any open food.

PART II.

General requirements relating to food businesses.

5. (1) Every person who carries on any food business shall, at all times, cause the walls, floors, doors, windows, ceiling, woodwork and all other parts of the structure of any food premises used by him Cleanliness and repair of food premises.

in the course of such food business to be kept clean and free from noxious matters, and to be kept in such good order, repair and condition as to—

- (a) enable them to be effectively cleaned; and
- (b) prevent, so far as is reasonably practicable, infestation by rats, mice and insects and the entry of birds.

(2) No person engaged in any food business shall place, or permit to be placed or to remain placed, any furniture or equipment, other than such as can be moved without difficulty by one man, so near to any wall in any food premises as to obstruct access to any part of such wall, or such furniture or equipment, for the purpose of the cleaning of the same.

(3) No person engaged in any food business shall knowingly suffer or permit—

- (a) in any food premises, the presence of rats, mice or insects; or
- (b) in any food room, the presence of live birds or animals.

(4) If it appears to the Council on the report of any health officer or any health inspector that any food premises, or any part thereof, are or is, by reason of uncleanness or structural repair or condition, in such a state as to be unfit for use in any food business, the Council may cause a notice to be served upon the proprietor of such food business requiring him to cleanse, disinfect, limewash, repair or modify such food premises, or such part thereof, in such manner and within such time as may be specified in the notice and as may, in the opinion of the Council, be necessary to render such premises or such part thereof fit for use as food premises.

(5) Where any proprietor fails to comply with any of the requirements of a notice served under the provisions of paragraph (4), the Council may cause such work as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of the notice to be carried out, and may recover any expenses incurred thereby from the proprietor.

Cleanliness of equipment, etc.

6. Every person who carries on any food business shall, at all times, cause all furniture, articles, equipment and utensils with which food comes into contact, or is liable to come into contact, in the course of such business to be kept clean and free from noxious matters and in proper repair and free from cracks or chipping.

Prohibition of preparation of food in domestic premises.

7. No person shall, for the purposes of any food business, give out any food, or arrange for or permit the giving out of any food, for preparation or packing by another person on or about any domestic premises.

8. (1) No person shall use, or permit the use of, any food room for the purpose of a dwelling place.

Prohibition of use of food rooms for dwelling purposes.

(2) No person shall use, or permit the use of, any dwelling place as a food room.

9. (1) No person shall spit in any food room, and no person shall spit in any other part of any food premises except into a spittoon or other receptacle provided for that purpose.

Restriction on spitting.

(2) Where the proprietor of any food business provides in any food premises spittoons or other receptacles, he shall cause each such spittoon or receptacle to contain disinfectant fluid and to be cleansed, and the fluid renewed, not less than once in every twenty-four hours.

(3) In the case of any food business in respect of which a licence is required under the provisions of Part IV, the proprietor thereof shall, unless exempted in writing by the Council, cause one or more notices, prohibiting spitting and written in English and Chinese, to be continuously displayed in a conspicuous manner in every food premises.

10. Every person engaged in any food business shall, while so engaged, take all such steps as may be reasonably necessary to protect the food from risk of contamination and deterioration, and, in particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, no person shall—

Protection of food from risk of contamination.

- (a) so place, or cause, suffer or permit any other person so to place, any open food as to involve any risk of the contamination or deterioration thereof; or
- (b) wrap up or otherwise bring any open food into direct contact with any printed newspaper or unclean paper or wrapping material.

11. (1) No person shall, in the course of any food business, store (including display for sale), or suffer or permit the storage of, any open food, other than uncooked perishable food, except in a suitable container so designed and constructed as to prevent, so far as is reasonably practicable, the access of dust, insects or vermin:

Storage of open foods.

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent such reasonable exposure of food as may be necessary in the course of carrying on the business.

(2) No person shall knowingly suffer the existence of any dust, insects or vermin within any such container.

12. No person shall, in the course of any food business, transport or cause, suffer or permit to be transported, any open food in the open air, except so far as may be necessary for the purpose of loading or

Transport of open food.

unloading any vehicle or container, unless such open food is adequately protected by suitable material from risk of contamination or deterioration.

Restriction on the use of open spaces.

13. (1) No person shall, for the purpose of any food business, use, or cause, suffer or permit to be used, any yard, alley, street, open space, roof top or open deck space for the preparation or storage of open food or for the washing, cleansing or storage of any equipment or utensil used in the preparation or service of food.

(2) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be deemed to prevent—

- (a) any process in the manufacture or preparation of food in the open air which, having regard to the circumstances, could not reasonably be carried on elsewhere; or
- (b) the carrying on of any food business from a stall;

Provided that, where any food business is carried on from a stall, no open food shall be placed lower than eighteen inches from the ground unless such food is adequately protected by other means from any risk of contamination.

Use of wet refrigerators, etc.

14. No person shall, in the course of any food business, keep, or cause, suffer or permit to be kept, in a wet refrigerator or immersion cooler any drink contained in bottles, unless such bottles are placed in an upright position and the level of the water in the refrigerator or cooler, as the case may be, is not less than three inches below the mouths of the bottles.

Cleanliness and repair of food rooms.

15. (1) The walls, floors, doors, ceilings, woodwork and all other parts of the structure of every food room shall be kept clean and shall be kept in such good order, repair and condition as to—

- (a) enable them to be effectively cleaned; and
- (b) prevent, so far as is reasonably practicable, any risk of infestation by rats, mice or insects or the entry of birds.

(2) Where, after the commencement of these by-laws, any works affecting the structure of a food room, other than the mere removal of part of the structure, are executed, the structure affected by such works shall after the completion of the works be such as to—

- (a) enable it to be effectively cleaned; and
- (b) prevent, so far as is reasonably practicable, any risk of infestation by rats, mice and insects and the entry of birds.

Accumulation of refuse in food rooms.

16. No refuse or filth, whether solid or liquid, shall be deposited, or allowed to accumulate, in a food room except so far as may be unavoidable for the proper carrying on of the food business.

17. No proprietor shall use, or suffer or permit to be used, in the preparation of any food, any table, sideboard, bench or like article of furniture the surface of which comes into contact with any food, or is liable to come into contact with any food, unless such surface is made of smooth close jointed hardwood or a smooth impervious material.

Certain tables, etc. to be surfaced with hardwood or impervious material.

18. No person shall lie down, sit or stand upon any table, sideboard, bench or other article of furniture the surface of which comes into contact with any food or is liable to come into contact with any food.

Prevention of lying or sitting on certain tables, etc.

19. No person engaged in any food business shall use, or cause, suffer or permit to be used, in the course of such food business any crockery, glassware or other utensil used in the preparation or consumption of food, which has not, since the last occasion on which it was used for any purpose, been—

Sterilization and storage of utensils.

- (a) washed clean and thereafter immersed in boiling water, other than the water used for the washing thereof, for not less than one minute;
- (b) dried by evaporation or with a clean, light coloured drying cloth; and
- (c) unless immediately required for further use, stored in a cupboard which has been rendered proof against the access of dust, insects and vermin.

20. No person engaged in any food business involving the serving of meals to customers shall provide for the use of any customer any napkin or cleansing towel unless, since the last occasion upon which such napkin or cleansing towel was used for any purpose, it has been immersed for not less than one minute in boiling water used exclusively for that purpose.

Cleansing of napkins, etc.

21. No person engaged in any food business shall hang up or otherwise place any garments which are not in use in such a place or in such a manner as to, or to be liable to, come into contact with or to be suspended directly above any open food, and no person shall hang up or otherwise place any such garments in any food room.

Prevention of contamination by contact with clothing.

22. Every person who engages in the handling of food in any food business shall while so engaged—

Personal cleanliness.

- (a) keep as clean as may be reasonably practicable all parts of his person which may be liable to come into contact with food;
- (b) keep as clean as may be reasonably practicable all parts of his clothing, overclothing or overalls which may be liable to come into contact with food;

- (c) keep any open cut or abrasion on any exposed part of his person covered with a suitable waterproof dressing; and
- (d) refrain from the use of tobacco while he is handling any open food or is in any food room.

Immunization of persons engaged in food businesses against certain diseases.

23. (1) No person shall be engaged in or take any part in any food business unless he has—

- (a) within the preceding period of three years, been vaccinated against smallpox; and
- (b) within the preceding period of one year, been inoculated against the enteric group of fevers.

(2) The Council may from time to time by notification published in the *Gazette* require persons employed in or taking part in all or any specified food businesses to be immunized against such other diseases as may be specified in such notification.

Restriction on employment of persons likely to spread diseases.

24. (1) No person engaged in any food business who is suffering from a discharging wound or sore on any exposed part of the body or from a discharge of the ear or from attacks of diarrhoea or vomiting or from a sore throat shall take any part in the handling of open food:

Provided that a health officer may issue a certificate in writing to such person exempting him from the provisions of this paragraph in any case in which such health officer is satisfied that no danger to the public health is involved.

(2) Any person engaged, in the course of any food business, in any food room or in any room in which food is served or in the handling of open food shall, if so required in writing by a health officer, submit himself to medical examination at such time and place as such health officer may direct and if, after medical examination, a health officer is satisfied that such person is suffering from any communicable disease, or is likely to communicate to any other person any communicable disease, such last mentioned health officer may notify such person in writing to that effect, and such person shall forthwith cease to work or take part in the same or any other food business.

(3) A notice given under paragraph (2) shall continue in force until cancelled by a further notice in writing by a health officer declaring such first mentioned notice is to be cancelled.

(4) No person shall cause, suffer or permit any person, other than a person who has been duly exempted from the provisions of paragraph (1), whom he knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any of the complaints specified in that paragraph to take any part in the handling of open food in any food business.

(5) No person shall cause, or suffer or permit, any person in respect of whom he knows or has reason to believe that a notice given under the provisions of paragraph (2) is in force to be engaged in the course of any food business in any food room or in any room in which food is served or in the handling of any open food.

25. (1) The Council may in its discretion supply to any food business a report book or form for the use of health officers or food officers or health inspectors.

Inspection books, etc.

(2) Where any such book or form is provided, the proprietor of the food business to which it has been supplied shall cause it to be kept at all times on the food premises concerned and available for use by any such officer or inspector visiting the premises.

(3) No person shall destroy any such book or form or alter or obliterate any entry made therein.

26. No person shall cause the introduction, by injection or any other means, into the tissues of the carcase or offals of any animal or bird sold, or to be sold, as food for human consumption any water or other fluid or air or any gaseous mixture, or have in his possession any instrument designed or adapted for such purpose.

Fluids, etc. not to be injected into carcasses.

27. Where, in the course of any food business, the flesh of any horse, mule, hinny or donkey is sold, or offered or exposed for sale, it shall, at the time of the sale or the offer or exposure for sale, be clearly labelled "HORSE FLESH" in English lettering and Chinese characters of sufficient size to be easily legible to every customer.

Horse flesh to be labelled as such.

28. No person shall collect for sale for human consumption any shell fish in—

- (a) the Harbour; or
- (b) the harbour of Aberdeen, being all those waters and foreshores bounded by a line drawn north from the westernmost extremity of the Island of Ap Lei Chau and a line drawn east from the southernmost extremity of that island; or
- (c) in Kwai Chung or Tsuen Wan bays, being all those waters between Ching Yee Island and the mainland bounded by a line drawn north from the northern extremity of Ching Yee Island, a line drawn west from the southern extremity of Pillar Island, a line drawn from the southern extremity of Pillar Island to the western extremity of Stonecutters Island and a straight line drawn true north from the westernmost extremity of Stonecutters Island to the mainland.

Prohibition against the collection of shell fish in certain places.

PART III.

Prohibited and restricted foods.

Prohibition of the sale, etc. of articles specified in the First Schedule.

29. No person shall sell, or offer or expose for sale, or possess for sale or for use in the preparation of any article of food for sale, any of the foods specified in the First Schedule.

Restriction on the sale, etc. of articles specified in the Second Schedule.

30. (1) Save with the permission in writing of the Council, no person shall sell or offer or expose for sale, or possess for sale or for use in the preparation of any article of food for sale, any of the foods specified in the Second Schedule.

(2) Every permission granted under paragraph (1) shall—

(a) if granted to an applicant who is already in possession of a valid licence granted by the Council under any of the following by-laws, namely—

(i) these by-laws;

(ii) the Milk By-laws, 1960;

(iii) the Frozen Confections By-laws, 1960;

(iv) the Hawker By-laws, 1960,

be granted free of charge and shall be valid so long as such licence is valid;

(b) if granted to an applicant who is the lessee of a market stall leased to him by the Council under the Public Market By-laws, 1960, be granted free of charge and shall be valid for the duration of such lease; and

(c) if granted to an applicant to whom neither the provisions of sub-paragraph (a) nor the provisions of sub-paragraph (b) apply, be granted upon payment of the appropriate fee prescribed in the third column of the Second Schedule, and shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of the grant thereof.

(3) Where the Council is satisfied that any permission granted under this by-law has been lost or destroyed, the Council may upon payment of a fee of two dollars issue a duplicate thereof.

(4) For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this by-law shall be construed to exempt any person from complying with any other licensing requirements prescribed by these or any other by-laws.

(G.N.A. 106/60).

(G.N.A. 105/60).

(G.N.A. 108/60).

(G.N.A. 107/60).

Second Schedule.

PART IV.

Licensing of certain food businesses.

31. (1) Save under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Council, no person shall carry on any of the following food businesses—

(a) any food factory;

(b) any restaurant;

(c) any siu mei or lo mei shop; or

(d) any fresh provision shop.

(2) For the purposes of this by-law and of the Third Schedule—

“food factory” means any food business which involves the manufacture or preparation of food for sale for human consumption, but does not include a frozen confection factory, a milk factory, a restaurant or any business carried on by a hawker;

“fresh provision shop” means any food business which involves the sale of fresh or frozen beef, mutton, pork, fish, (including live fish), poultry (including live poultry), fruit or vegetables, but does not include a restaurant, a market stall or any business carried on by a hawker;

“frozen confection factory” means any food business which involves, within the meaning of the Frozen Confections By-laws, 1960, the manufacture of any frozen confection;

“milk factory” means any food business which involves, within the meaning of the Milk By-laws, 1960, the processing or reconstitution of milk;

“restaurant” means any food business which involves the sale of meals or unbottled non-alcoholic drinks to customers, but does not include any business carried on by a hawker;

“siu mei and lo mei shop” means any food business which involves the sale by retail of siu mei or lo mei, but does not include a restaurant or any business carried on by a hawker.

(3) Without prejudice to anything contained in the Ordinance relating to licences, any such licence may, as a condition thereof, prohibit or restrict the carrying on at or from the food premises to which such licence relates any kind of food business or other business other than that specified in the licence.

(4) Every such licence, other than a temporary licence, shall expire annually on the day specified in the fifth column of the Third Schedule.

(5) The grant or renewal of any such licence shall be subject to the payment in advance to the Treasury of the appropriate fee prescribed

Licensing of food businesses.

Third Schedule.

(G.N.A. 105/60).

(G.N.A. 106/60).

Third Schedule.

Third
Schedule.

in the fourth column of the Third Schedule for the class of licence issued:

Provided that—

- (i) where any such licence is issued in the second half of any year of licence, the fee payable in respect of the grant of that licence shall be one half of the fee prescribed; and
- (ii) a temporary licence for any period not exceeding seven days may be granted upon payment of a fee of five dollars.

(6) Where the Council is satisfied that any such licence has been lost or destroyed, the Council may upon payment of a fee of five dollars issue a duplicate thereof.

Application
for licence.

32. (1) Every application for any such licence shall be made in writing, addressed to the Secretary of the Council, and shall be accompanied by three copies of a plan, as nearly as may be to scale, of the whole of the food premises (excluding a stall) to which such licence will relate, and, so far as may be applicable having regard to the nature of business, such plan shall include particulars of the following matters—

- (a) space allocated to the cooking, preparation or handling of open food;
- (b) space allocated to the storage of any kind of open food;
- (c) space allocated to the serving of meals to customers;
- (d) space allocated to the cleansing, drying or storage for ready use of utensils;
- (e) sanitary fitments and drainage works;
- (f) cloakrooms, passageways and open spaces;
- (g) all means of exit, entry and internal communication;
- (h) all windows or ducts providing ventilation or, where any mechanical means of ventilation is provided, such means;
- (i) the siting of all furniture of a substantial and permanent nature, including food manufacturing or preparation plant, cooking ranges, refrigeration or cooling equipment and fixed sideboards, washbasins or sinks drying racks, water tanks and other like equipment;
- (j) means of refuse storage and disposal.

(2) Every plan submitted for approval pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) shall be accompanied by a statement in writing declaring—

- (a) the class of licence required; and

where applicable—

- (b) the type of heating equipment and fuel intended to be used; and
- (c) the type and country of manufacture of any air conditioning plant intended to be installed.

(3) Every plan, or any modification thereof, which is approved by the Council shall be endorsed to that effect by the Secretary of the Council, and one copy shall be returned to the applicant and the remaining two copies shall be retained by the Council.

33. (1) No such licence shall be granted unless the Council is satisfied in relation to the premises in respect of which the application for such licence was made that—

Conditions
for issue of
licence.

- (a) the plan referred to in by-law 32 has been approved by the Council and the premises conform thereto;
- (b) the means of ventilation which is provided, whether natural or mechanical or partly natural and partly mechanical, is sufficient in every part of the premises, other than any part used exclusively for storage purposes, to safeguard in that respect the maximum number of persons likely to be in such part of the premises at any one time;
- (c) sanitary fitments are provided to a standard not less than that required by the provisions of the Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage Works and Latrines) Regulations, 1959:

(G.N.A.
76/59).

Provided that, in the case of any premises to which such regulations do not apply, the Council may approve such lesser standard as, having regard to considerations of public health and the circumstances of the case, the Council may consider adequate;

- (d) public mains water is laid on to the premises and adequate storage tanks, suitably protected against access of dust and mosquitoes, are provided:

Provided that, where the Council is satisfied that public mains water cannot reasonably be laid on for all or any purpose, the Council may in its discretion approve such other water supply, as, having regard to consideration of public health, it may consider adequate;

- (e) no food room contains any soil fitment or latrine fitment or communicates directly with a room or other place which contains a soil fitment or latrine fitment;
- (f) the floors and internal surfaces of the walls of every food room to a height of not less than seven feet are surfaced with smooth

light coloured non-absorbent material, and the junctions between the walls and floors are covered;

- (g) the ceilings of every food room are rendered impervious to dust;
- (h) the facilities for cleansing equipment and utensils used in the preparation, service or consumption of food on the premises is adequate having regard to the nature of the food business which is to be carried on;
- (i) save where adequate provision is made elsewhere, suitable and sufficient cupboard or locker accommodation is provided for the clothing and footwear, which is not worn during working hours, of all persons engaged in the handling of food on or about the premises:

Provided that—

(i) this requirement shall not apply to food premises upon which no open food is handled; and

(ii) this requirement may be waived or modified by the Council by notice in writing;

- (j) in the case of restaurants, the space allocated respectively to—
 - (i) kitchens; and
 - (ii) preparation of food and cleansing of utensils,
 is not less in proportion to the space allocated to the serving of meals than that prescribed in the Fourth Schedule;
- (k) the surface of every article of furniture specified in by-law 17 is capable of being lit to a standard of not less than 8 foot-candles, and the top plate of every stove and cooking range is capable of being lit to a standard of not less than 6 foot-candles, either by natural or artificial lighting or partly by natural and partly by artificial lighting; and
- (l) any heating equipment or air conditioning plant provided is properly installed and, having regard to the nature of the premises, is not likely to be dangerous.

(2) Where the premises in respect of which such application is made are a vessel, the provisions of paragraph (1) shall apply subject to such modification as is appropriate.

34. After the grant or renewal of any such licence, no licensee shall, save with the permission in writing of the Council, cause or permit to be made in respect of the premises to which the licence relates—

- (a) any alteration or addition which would result in a material deviation from the plan thereof approved under by-law 32;

- (b) any alteration in respect of any matter specified in by-law 33; or
- (c) with respect to any heating equipment therein, any alteration of any part of such equipment or any change of the type of fuel used therein.

PART V.

Offences and Miscellaneous.

35. (1) Any person who—

- (a) contravenes any of the provisions of by-law 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 28, 29 or 34 or of paragraph (1), (2) or (3) of by-law 5, paragraph (1) of by-law 23, paragraph (1), (4) or (5) of by-law 24, paragraph (2) or (3) of by-law 25, paragraph (1) of by-law 30 or paragraph (1) of by-law 31;
- (b) fails to comply with any of the requirements of a notice served upon him under the provisions of paragraph (4) of by-law 5;
- (c) fails to comply with any of the requirements of a notification published in the *Gazette* under the provisions of paragraph (2) of by-law 23;
- (d) being a person engaged, in the course of any food business, in any food room or in any room in which food is served or in the handling of open food—
 - (i) fails to submit himself to medical examination when required to do so under the provisions of paragraph (2) of by-law 24; or
 - (ii) fails to cease to work or to take part in any food business when required to do so by the provisions of that paragraph,

shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) In the event of any contravention of any of the provisions of by-law 15, 16 or 27, the licensee of the food business in relation to which the contravention occurred shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) Any person who is guilty of an offence under these by-laws shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of two thousand dollars and to imprisonment for three months and, where the offence is a continuing offence, shall be liable in addition to a fine of fifty dollars for each day during which it is proved to the satisfaction of the court that the offence has continued.

Offences and penalties.

Fourth Schedule.

Restriction on alteration of premises or fittings after grant of licence.

Name in which proceedings for offences may be brought.

Transitional provisions.

(Vol. X, p. 129).

(Vol. X, p. 140).

(Vol. X, p. 147).

(Vol. X, p. 157).

(Vol. X, p. 174).

(Vol. X, p. 177).

36. Without prejudice to the provisions of any other enactment relating to the prosecution of criminal offences and without prejudice to the powers of the Attorney General in relation to the prosecution of such offences, prosecutions for an offence under any of the provisions of these by-laws may be brought in the name of the Council.

37. (1) Any licence or permit granted under any of the provisions of the cancelled—

- (a) Food Factories By-laws;
- (b) Food Shops By-laws;
- (c) Markets By-laws;
- (d) Restaurants and Food Stalls By-laws;
- (e) Disease Prevention (Food and Drinks) By-laws; or
- (f) Roast Meat Shops By-laws,

which is in force at the commencement of these by-laws shall be deemed to be a licence granted under by-law 31 of these by-laws, so far as the provisions of that by-law are applicable.

(2) Where, at the commencement of these by-laws, any premises which are used as a bake-house are, and any food preserving establishment is, registered under the provisions of Part III and Part IV, respectively, of the said cancelled Food Factories By-laws, the person or persons carrying on such food business shall be deemed to be licensed to carry on the same under by-law 31 of these by-laws:

Provided that, where such food business is carried on by more than one person, the provisions of this paragraph shall cease to apply to such business unless, within fourteen days of the commencement of these by-laws or within such further period as the Council may in any particular case allow, the Council has been notified of the name of the person who is to be the person licensed to carry on such business.

(3) Any plan of any premises which has been approved under any of the provisions of any of the aforesaid cancelled By-laws shall be deemed to have been approved under by-law 32 of these by-laws.

(4) Upon application for the renewal of any licence under by-law 31 which is a licence under that by-law by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (1) or (2) of this by-law, the Council shall grant to the applicant a renewal thereof.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph (1) or (2), where it appears to the Council that any food premises in relation to which a licence or permit was granted or a registration made under any of the aforesaid cancelled By-laws, and whether or not a plan thereof

was approved under any of such By-laws, are in any particular, otherwise than in relation to the Fourth Schedule, unsatisfactory having regard to the provisions of these by-laws, the Council may serve upon the licensee a notice requiring him, as a condition precedent to any renewal of the licence subsequent to the renewal thereof provided for in paragraph (4), to carry out or cause to be carried out such alterations or additions in respect of such premises as may be specified in the notice, and, if it thinks fit, to supply to the Council a plan of such premises in the manner required by the provisions of by-law 32.

(6) Nothing in these by-laws shall entitle any person to a refund of the whole or of any part of any fee paid under any of the aforesaid cancelled By-laws.

FIRST SCHEDULE. [by-law 29.]

PROHIBITED FOODS.

Item.	Description of food.
1.	The following Chinese dish— Yu Sang (魚生).
2.	Fresh or frozen meat of animals which have not been slaughtered in a Government slaughterhouse or in a slaughterhouse approved by the Council.
3.	Shell fish which have been collected in contravention of by-law 28.

SECOND SCHEDULE. [by-law 30(1).]

RESTRICTED FOODS.

Item.	Description of food.	Annual fee. \$
1.	Fresh or frozen meat, other than meat specified in the First Schedule	20
2.	Fresh or frozen game	20
3.	Fresh, frozen or live fish, other than live fish on a fish farm.	—
4.	Fresh, frozen or live poultry, other than live poultry on a poultry farm	—
5.	Fresh or frozen shell fish, other than shell fish specified in the First Schedule	20
6.	Imported cooked or dried meat or imported meat which has been otherwise treated or prepared	—
7.	Imported intestines or other parts of any animal which are prepared in the form of sausage casings	—
8.	Imported pies, sausages or other prepared or manufactured articles of food which contained any meat or cooked or dried meat other than fat	—
9.	Milk, being milk to which the Milk By-laws, 1960, apply ...	30

Item.	Description of food.	Annual fee. \$
10.	(a) Soft ice cream	50
	(b) Other frozen confections	20
11.	Chinese herb tea	25
12.	Non-bottled drinks	20
13.	Siu Mei (燒味) or Lo Mei (滷味)	—
14.	Cut fruit	—

THIRD SCHEDULE.

[by-law 31.]

LICENSING FEES.

Class of licence.	Nature of business.	Size of premises by reference to floor area.	Fee. \$	Date of renewal.
A.	Food Factories.			
	1. General	Not exceeding 1,500 sq. ft.	120	1st October.
		1,501 - 3,500 sq. ft.	240	
		Exceeding 3,500 sq. ft. ...	500	
	2. Bakeries	Not exceeding 1,500 sq. ft.	60	1st January.
		1,501 - 3,500 sq. ft.	120	
		Exceeding 3,500 sq. ft. ...	250	
B.	Restaurants.			
	1. General	Not exceeding 1,500 sq. ft.	120	1st July.
		1,501 - 3,500 sq. ft.	240	
		Exceeding 3,500 sq. ft. ...	500	
	2. Marine	Not exceeding 1,500 sq. ft.	120	
		1,501 - 3,500 sq. ft.	240	
		Exceeding 3,500 sq. ft. ...	500	
	3. Light refreshments not involving heating on the premises except for making tea and hot drinks excluding soups	Not exceeding 1,500 sq. ft.	60	
		1,501 - 3,500 sq. ft.	120	
		Exceeding 3,500 sq. ft. ...	250	
C.	Siu Mei and Lo Mei Shops.			
	General	All sizes	150	1st April.

Class of licence.	Nature of business.	Size of premises by reference to floor area.	Fee. \$	Date of renewal.
D.	Fresh Provision Shops.			
	For sale of—			
	1. Beef or mutton	All sizes	250	1st April.
	2. Pork	All sizes	250	
	3. Fish (including live fish)	All sizes	250	
	4. Poultry (including live poultry)	All sizes	250	
	5. Fruit or vegetables	All sizes	80	

Note: Where, in the case of Class D licences, more than one class of licence is required by the same applicant, the aggregate fee shall not exceed \$500.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

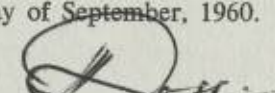
[by-law 33(1)(f).]

APPORTIONMENT OF SPACE IN RESTAURANTS.

Class B1 and B2 restaurants.

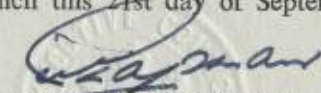
Seating Accom. in sq. ft.	Kitchen Accom. in sq. ft.	Aggregate area of kitchen, food preparation room and scullery accom. in sq. ft.
700 or less	Not less than 60	Not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of the total area of seating accommodation.
701 - 800	" " " 100	Not less than 350 sq. ft.
801 - 900	" " " "	" " " 360 " "
901 - 1,000	" " " "	" " " 370 " "
1,001 - 1,100	" " " "	" " " 380 " "
1,101 - 1,170	" " " "	" " " 390 " "
1,171 or over	" " " 150	Not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of the total area of seating accommodation.

Made by the Urban Council this 6th day of September, 1960.


Secretary.

Approved by the Legislative Council this 21st day of September, 1960.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
21st September, 1960.


Deputy Clerk of Councils.

Explanatory Note.

(This Note is not part of the by-laws, but is intended to indicate their general purport).

The purpose of these by-laws is to replace the following seven sets of existing by-laws—

- (a) Food Factories By-laws;
- (b) Restaurants and Food Stalls By-laws;
- (c) Food Shops By-laws;
- (d) Roast Meat Shops By-laws;
- (e) Salted or Dried Fish By-laws;
- (f) Markets By-laws; and
- (g) Disease Prevention (Food and Drinks) By-laws.

2. Apart from those which make provisions in relation to licensing and to prohibited and restricted foods, these by-laws are based largely upon the United Kingdom Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955, and apply to all food businesses. The conditions relating to the hygienic handling of food are largely the same, whether the food is handled in a factory, a restaurant, a grocer's shop or a food stall. The by-laws are divided into five parts.

3. Part I deals with preliminary matters. The definition therein of the expression "open food" is taken from the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955, and distinguishes food which is liable to contamination from food which, by reason of its packing or its nature, is not. The definition of a "food business" is also taken from those regulations.

4. Part II deals with food hygiene as such. The substance of most of the by-laws contained in this Part will be found in the various sets of existing by-laws. This Part deals with matters such as the cleanliness of premises, equipment and the like, and have been modelled on the relevant United Kingdom regulations wherever those regulations are applicable.

5. Part III, in conjunction with the First and Second Schedules, deals with the prohibited and restricted foods. The First Schedule specifies various foods which are inherently dangerous from a public health point of view and which may not be sold at all. The Second Schedule deals with certain foods which are, by their nature, especially liable to contamination and which may only be sold with the permission of the Urban Council. Most of these articles will normally be sold only from licensed premises over which the Council exercises strict control. That degree of control is not, however, necessary in all cases, and the purpose of the requirements as to permission is to enable the Council to restrict the sale of articles of food contained in this Schedule to their sale by persons who either are carrying on business from licensed food premises or are carrying on business from premises which have the necessary facilities to protect the food in question from contamination, although, in other respects, the business carried on may be such as not to require to be licensed. The permission of the Council under by-law 30 will be granted free of charge to any person who is licensed for other purposes under these by-laws or under the other by-laws specified in paragraph (2) of that by-law or who is the lessee of a market stall. In all other cases, the fee specified in the Second Schedule will be payable.

6. Part IV deals with licensing, and must be read in conjunction with the Third and Fourth Schedules. From the point of view of public health, all kinds of food businesses do not require control by licensing. By-law 31, therefore, specifies those businesses which it is considered ought to be licensed, and the Third Schedule sets out the fees payable for the licences. The existing scale of fees has been retained. The remaining provisions of this Part deal with the submission of plans of the premises at which the food business is

to be carried on and the conditions which must be satisfied in relation to those premises before a licence will be issued. By-law 34 prohibits any alteration to the premises after the grant of a licence, save with the consent of the Council. The provisions of by-law 33(1)(j), in conjunction with the Fourth Schedule, are designed to ensure that, in the case of restaurants, the premises will be so laid out as to provide sufficient cooking and scullery space to enable hygienic conditions to be maintained during the preparation and serving of meals.

7. Part V deals with offences and penalties and contains transitional provisions.

8. These by-laws differ so widely from the corresponding existing by-laws as to render a Comparative Table of little assistance in their study. Such a Table has not, therefore, been prepared.

(Secretariat GR5/3231/60)

HAWKER BY-LAWS, 1960.

ARRANGEMENT OF BY-LAWS.

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