

to the Commissioner of Police to take such measures as may be necessary to prevent such person from leaving the Colony without paying the tax or furnishing security to the satisfaction of the Commissioner for payment thereof.

(2) At the time of issue of his certificate to the Magistrate, the Commissioner shall issue to such person a notification thereof by personal service, or registered post; but the non-receipt of any such notification by such person shall not invalidate proceedings under this section.

(3) Production of a certificate signed by the Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner, or an Assistant Commissioner stating that the tax has been paid or that security has been furnished for payment of the tax to a police officer in charge of a police station, shall be sufficient authority for allowing such person to leave the Colony.

Use of more than one means of recovery.

63. Where the Commissioner is of opinion that application of any of the provisions of this Chapter has failed or is likely to fail to secure payment of the whole of the tax due from any person it shall be lawful for him to proceed to recover any sum remaining unpaid by any other means of recovery provided in this Chapter.

CHAPTER X.

REPAYMENT.

Tax paid in excess to be refunded.

64.—(1) If it is proved to the satisfaction of the Commissioner by claim duly made in writing within three years of the end of a year of assessment that any person has paid tax in excess of the amount with which he was properly chargeable for the year, such person shall be entitled to have refunded the amount so paid in excess:

Provided that nothing in this section shall operate to extend or reduce any time limit for appeal or repayment specified in any other section or to validate any objection or appeal which is otherwise invalid, or to authorize the revision of any assessment or other matter which has become final and conclusive.

(2) Where through death, incapacity, bankruptcy, liquidation, or other cause a person who would but for such cause have been entitled to make a claim under sub-section (1) is unable to do so, his executor, trustee, or receiver, as the case may be, shall be entitled to have refunded to him for the benefit of such person or his estate any tax paid in excess within the meaning of sub-section (1).

CHAPTER XI.

PENALTIES AND OFFENCES.

Penalties for failure to make returns, making incorrect returns, etc.

65.—(1) Every person who without reasonable excuse—
(a) fails to comply with the requirements of a notice given to him under any of the following sections or sub-sections:—23 (2), 36 (1), 36 (3), 36 (4) (a), 37 (1), or 37 (2). or

(b) fails to attend in answer to a notice or summons issued under sections 36 (4) (b), 49 (5), or 53 (6), or having attended fails without sufficient cause to answer any questions lawfully put to him; or

(c) fails to comply with the requirements of sections 36 (2), 36 (6), or 58 (2),

shall be guilty of an offence and shall for such offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars.

(2) Every person who without reasonable excuse—

(a) makes an incorrect return by omitting or understating any income of which he is required by this Ordinance to make return, either on his behalf or on behalf of another person or a partnership; or

(b) makes an incorrect statement in connexion with a claim for any deduction or allowance under this Ordinance; or

(c) gives any incorrect information in relation to any matter or thing affecting his own liability to tax or the liability of any other person or of a partnership,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall for such offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding the total of five hundred dollars and the amount of tax which has been undercharged in consequence of such incorrect return, statement, or information, or would have been so undercharged if the return, statement, or information had been accepted as correct.

(3) No person shall be liable to any penalty under this section unless the complaint concerning such offence was made in the year of assessment in respect of or during which the offence was committed or within three years after the expiration thereof.

(4) The Commissioner may compound any offence under this section and may before judgment stay or compound any proceedings thereunder.

66. Every person who—

(1) acts under this Ordinance without taking an oath of secrecy as required by section 4 (2); or

(2) acts contrary to the provisions of section 4 (1) or to an oath taken under section 4 (2); or

(3) aids, abets, or incites any other person to act contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance,

shall be guilty of an offence, and shall for each such offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars.

Breach of secrecy and other matters to be offences.

67.—(1) Any person who wilfully with intent to evade or to assist any other person to evade tax—

Penal provisions relating to fraud, etc.

(a) omits from a return made under this Ordinance any income which should be included; or

(b) makes any false statement or entry in any return made under this Ordinance; or

(c) makes any false statement in connexion with a claim for any deduction or allowance under this Ordinance; or

(d) signs any statement or return furnished under this Ordinance without reasonable grounds for believing the same to be true; or

(e) gives any false answer whether verbally or in writing to any question or request for information asked or made in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance; or

(f) prepares or maintains or authorizes the preparation or maintenance of any false books of account or other records or falsifies or authorizes the falsification of any books of account or records; or

(g) makes use of any fraud, art, or contrivance, whatsoever or authorizes the use of any such fraud, art, or contrivance,

shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be liable (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and treble the amount of tax for which he is liable under this Ordinance for the year of assessment in respect of or during which the offence was committed, and to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months and (b) if convicted on indictment to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars and treble the amount of the tax and to imprisonment for any term not exceeding three years.

(2) The Commissioner may compound any offence under this section and may before judgment stay or compound any proceedings thereunder.

Tax to be payable notwithstanding any proceedings for penalties, etc.

68. The institution of proceedings for, or the imposition of, a penalty, fine, or term of imprisonment under this Chapter shall not relieve any person from liability to assessment, or payment of any tax for which he is or may be liable.

Prosecutions to be with the sanction of the Commissioner.

69. No prosecution in respect of an offence under section 65 or section 67 may be commenced except at the instance of or with the sanction of the Commissioner.

CHAPTER XII.

GENERAL.

Power to make rules

70.—(1) The Board of War Taxation may from time to time make rules generally for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance and for the ascertainment and determination of any class of income.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power such rules may—

(a) prescribe the procedure to be followed on application for refunds and relief;

(b) provide for any matter which by this Ordinance is to be or may be prescribed.

(3) Such rules may prescribe fines recoverable on summary conviction for any contravention thereof or failure to comply therewith not exceeding in each case a sum of two hundred dollars.

(4) All such rules made by the Board of War Taxation shall be submitted to the Governor, and shall be subject to the approval of the Legislative Council.

71. The Board of War Taxation may prescribe any forms which may be necessary for carrying this Ordinance into effect.

Board of War Taxation to prescribe forms.

72. Taxes under this Ordinance shall, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance and notwithstanding anything contained in any other written law or in any convention grant or agreement, be charged at the rates specified in Chapters II, III, IV and V for the year of assessment commencing on the first day of April, 1941, and for each subsequent year of assessment.

Incidence of taxes under this Ordinance.

73. No tax shall be collectable in respect of any year of assessment subsequent to the year of assessment in which the war which began on the 3rd September, 1939, is terminated.

Taxes not to be collectable in respect of years of assessment subsequent to termination of the War.

74. The Governor in Council may by Order exempt any person, office or institution from payment of the whole or any portion of any tax chargeable under this Ordinance.

General power of Governor in Council to exempt

75.—(1) Subject to the provisions of Part II of the Interpretation Ordinance, 1911 (Ordinance No. 31 of 1911) as to the effect of repeals, the War Revenue Ordinance, 1940, the War Revenue Amendment Ordinance, 1940, and the War Revenue (No. 2) Amendment Ordinance, 1940, are repealed and replaced by this Ordinance: Provided that all matters arising in respect of the year of assessment 1940-1941 shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the said Ordinances of 1940.

Repeal of Ordinances Nos. 13, 21 and 29 of 1940.

(2) The Prevention of Eviction Amendment Ordinance, 1940, is amended by the substitution of the date "1941" for the date "1940" in sections 2, 3 and 4 thereof.

Amendment of Ordinance No. 14 of 1940, ss. 2, 3 and 4.

(3) The Prevention of Passing On of War Property Tax Ordinance, 1940, is amended by the substitution of the date "1941" for the date "1940" in sections 3 and 10 thereof.

Amendment of Ordinance No. 19 of 1940, ss. 3 and 10.

76. Any difference in the law relating to War Revenue, between this Ordinance and the Ordinances referred to in section 75 (1) shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of April, 1941, the commencement of the present financial year.

Operation of changes in War Revenue law effected by this Ordinance to be retrospective to commencement of financial year.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 26th day of June, 1941.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

HONG KONG.

No. 14 OF 1941.

I assent.



J. A. S. Matthews
Governor.

27th June, 1941.

An Ordinance to incorporate Trustees capable of holding property and empowered to administer two trust funds known as The Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and The Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund for the purpose of assisting in the maintenance of St. John's Cathedral and St. Andrew's Church in this Colony.

WHEREAS by two several Deeds of Trust dated the 24th day of April 1920 and the 29th day of April 1925 made between the late Sir Catchick Paul Chater of the one part and Trustees therein mentioned of the other part of the said Sir Catchick Paul Chater created two Funds each of the amount \$250,000.00 to be known as "The Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund" and "The Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund" respectively which said funds he gave to the said Trustees to be possessed by them upon trust to apply the income thereof in assisting in the maintenance of St. John's Cathedral Church and St. Andrew's Church in this Colony and augmenting the stipends of the Clergy for the time being holding the respective offices of Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain of the said Cathedral and Incumbent or Curate of the said Church. And whereas it is deemed expedient that the said Funds should be vested in an incorporated body which may administer the same for the purposes declared in the said two Deeds of Trust.

[27th June, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral and St. Andrew's) Endowment Funds Incorporation Ordinance 1941". Short title.

2. The Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and the Trustees of the Chater (St. Andrew's) Endowment Fund and their successors in office shall be a body corporate (hereinafter called "the Corporation") and shall Incorporation.

have the name "The Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral and St. Andrew's) Endowment Funds" and by that name shall have perpetual succession and shall and may sue or be sued in all Courts in this Colony and shall and may have and use a Common Seal and the said seal may break, change, alter and make anew as the said Corporation may seem fit.

Powers of Corporation.

3. The said Corporation shall administer the funds and securities now respectively representing and hereafter to respectively represent the Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and the Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund in accordance with the provisions and directions that are contained regarding the same in two several Deeds of Trust dated the 24th day of April 1920 made between the late Sir Catchick Paul Chater of the one part and Newton John Stabb and John Scott Harston of the other part and the 29th day of April 1925 made between the said Sir Catchick Paul Chater of the one part and the said John Scott Harston and Arthur Howard Barlow of the other part and shall have the same powers and authorities over such funds and securities as are mentioned and contained in the said two Deeds of Trust.

Appointment of Trustees.

4.—(1) The present Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and the Chater (St. Andrew's) Endowment Fund are Sir Vandeleur Molyneux Grayburn Knight Chief Manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and Harold John Armstrong Solicitor both of Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong and they shall for the purposes of this Ordinance be deemed to be The Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral and St. Andrew's) Endowment Funds until the appointment of some other person or persons as such Trustee or Trustees as aforesaid.

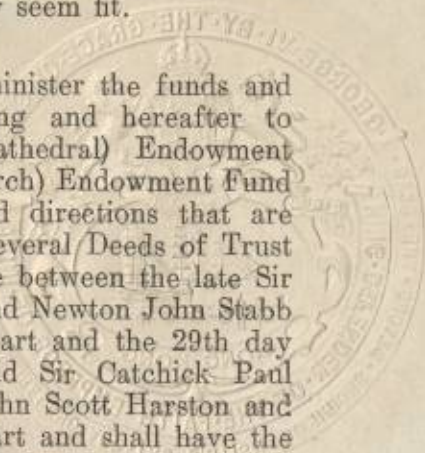
(2) In the event of the death or retirement from the office of Trustee of the Chater (Cathedral and St. Andrew's) Endowment Funds of any Trustee the survivor or remaining one of them shall have power by writing under his hand to appoint a successor to the office of a Trustee of the Chater (Cathedral and St. Andrew's) Endowment Funds in the place of the one so dying or retiring from that office and any person so appointed shall be deemed to be a Trustee of the Chater (Cathedral and St. Andrew's) Endowment Funds.

(3) When any other person is appointed to the office of a Trustee of the Chater (Cathedral and St. Andrew's) Endowment Funds such person shall within three weeks after his appointment or within such further time as may be allowed by the Governor furnish to the Governor satisfactory evidence of his appointment.

(4) A Notification in the Gazette under the hand of the Colonial Secretary that such evidence has been furnished to the Governor by such person shall be conclusive evidence of such appointment.

Execution of Documents.

5. All deeds documents and other instruments requiring the Seal of the said Corporation shall be sealed in the presence of the Trustees for the time being of the said Funds and signed by them and such signing shall be and be taken as sufficient evidence of the due sealing thereof.



6.—(1) All moneys forming part of the Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and the Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund respectively invested in the name of the Trustees of the said Funds in loans issued by the Hongkong Government and by the Government of the United Kingdom and moneys placed on fixed deposit or current account with the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation in the names of the Trustees of the said Funds are hereby transferred to and vested in the said Corporation.

Transfer of property to Corporation.

(2) The benefits of the Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund as Mortgagees (in possession and otherwise) of and in The Remaining Portion and Subsections 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 12 and 13 of Section C of Marine Lot No. 239 and all the estates rights titles and interests of the Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund in and to the said properties as such Mortgagees as aforesaid are hereby transferred to and vested in the said Corporation.

(3) The benefits of the Trustees of the Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund as Mortgagees of and in Subsection 1 of Section A of Marine Lot No. 267, Subsection 1 of Section B of Marine Lot No. 267 and Kowloon Inland Lots Nos. 3499, 3803 and 3804 and all the estates rights titles and interests of the Trustees of the Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund in and to the said properties as such Mortgagees as aforesaid are hereby transferred to and vested in the said Corporation.

7. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect or be deemed to affect the rights of His Majesty His Heirs or Successors or the rights of any body politic or corporate or of any other person except such as are mentioned in this Ordinance and those claiming by from or under them.

Saving of the rights of Crown and of certain other persons.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 26th day of June, 1941.

Lawrence
Deputy Clerk of Councils.

HONG KONG.

No. 15 of 1941.

I assent.



J. C. H. H. H.

Governor.

4th July, 1941.

An Ordinance to amend the Crown Rents (Apportionment) Ordinance, 1936.

[4th July, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Crown Rents (Apportionment) Amendment Ordinance, 1941. Short title.

2. The interpretation of "Section" in section 2 of the Crown Rents (Apportionment) Ordinance, 1936, is amended by the deletion of all words after the words "Land Office" in the sixth line thereof. Amendment of Ordinance No. 4 of 1936, s. 2.

3. Section 9 of the Crown Rents (Apportionment) Ordinance, 1936, is amended by the addition of the following subsection at the end thereof:— New subsection (4) added to section 9 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1936.

(4) Any section the rent whereof shall have been determined under this Ordinance shall, upon registration and notification of such determination, be deemed to be a Lot within the meaning of this Ordinance, for the purposes of any future application and determination made thereunder.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 3rd day of July, 1941.

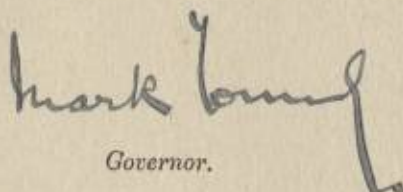
D. A. B. S.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

HONG KONG.

No. 16 OF 1941.

I assent.


Governor.

26th September, 1941.

An Ordinance to amend the Public Health (Sanitation) Ordinance, 1935.

[26th September, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

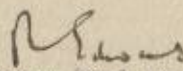
1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Health (Sanitation) Amendment Ordinance, 1941. Short title.

2. The following section is inserted in the Public Health (Sanitation) Ordinance, 1935, as section 86A immediately after the heading "*Recovery of expenses by the Council*"— Addition of new section 86A to Ordinance No. 15 of 1935.

86A. The owners and occupiers of all tenements for which a departmental conservancy service is provided shall be liable to the Crown for payment of the fees prescribed by law for such service, but the same shall be deemed an occupier's fee and as between the owner and occupier of any tenement shall, in the absence of any agreement to the contrary, be borne by the occupier; and the amount thereof, if paid by the owner, may be recovered by him from the occupier in an action for money paid to his use or, if he is still in occupation of the tenement, by distress in the same manner as for rent. Liability for payment of fees for conservancy services.

3. Section 88 of the Public Health (Sanitation) Ordinance, 1935, is amended by the insertion immediately after the word "expenses" in the second line thereof of the words "and also to the recovery of all such fees as are mentioned in section 86A." Amendment of section 88 of Ordinance No. 15 of 1935.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of September, 1941.


Deputy Clerk of Councils.



HONG KONG.

No. 17 of 1941.

I assent.

Mark Young
Governor.

26th September, 1941.

An Ordinance to amend the Midwives Ordinance, 1910.

[26th September, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Midwives Amendment Ordinance, 1941. Short title.

2. Sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Midwives Ordinance, 1910, is amended by the substitution of the words "eight other persons, two of whom shall be certified and enrolled midwives under this Ordinance," for the words "six other persons". Amendment of Ordinance No. 22 of 1910, s. 4 (1).

3. Sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Midwives Ordinance, 1910, is amended— Amendments of Ordinance No. 22 of 1910, s. 4 (2).

(i) in paragraph (a) (iii) by inserting the following words after the word "training":—

"(including such training after enrolment, at such intervals and for such periods as the Board may prescribe)";

(ii) in paragraph (e) by inserting the following words after the word "misconduct,":—

"or of any midwife who, in the unanimous opinion of the Board is so inefficient, by reason of her refusal or neglect to attend and complete to the satisfaction of the Board a course required by any regulations for training after enrolment, that it would be inimical to the interest of patients to allow her to continue to practise."

4. Section 4 of the Midwives Ordinance, 1910, is amended by the addition of a new sub-section at the end thereof:— Addition of new sub-section (3) to section 4 of Ordinance No. 22 of 1910.

(3) Upon any inquiry by the Board in connexion with the removal of the name of any midwife under paragraph (e) of the preceding sub-section, such midwife shall be entitled to appear and to be heard by counsel or solicitor.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of September, 1941.

R. S. ...
Deputy Clerk of Councils.

HONG KONG.

No. 18 of 1941.

I assent.



Mark Young
Governor.

26th September, 1941.

An Ordinance to amend further the Hong Kong Corps of Air
Raid Wardens Ordinance, 1940.

[26th September, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the
advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as
follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Hong Kong Corps of Air Raid Wardens (No. 2) Amendment Ordinance, 1941. Short title.

2. Paragraph (e) of section 2 of the Hong Kong Corps of Air Raid Wardens Ordinance, 1940, as enacted by section 2 of the Hong Kong Corps of Air Raid Wardens Amendment Ordinance, 1941, is repealed and the following paragraph is substituted therefor:— Substitution for paragraph (e) of Ordinance No. 6 of 1940, s. 2, as enacted by Ordinance No. 6 of 1941, s. 2.

(e) "members" includes officers, subordinate officers, Air Raid Wardens, Warden Telephonists, Wardens (Communications), Wardens (Tunnels), Wardens (Motor Cyclists), Wardens (Fire Fighters), Wardens (Commissariat), House Wardens and Honorary Air Raid Wardens.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this
25th day of September, 1941.

R. J. ...
Deputy Clerk of Councils.



HONG KONG.

No. 19 of 1941.

In assent.

Mark Young
Governor.

26th September, 1941.

An Ordinance to enable the Governor to confer by Proclamation on certain police forces in the Colony the status of militia in time of war or in other time of emergency.

[26th September, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Police (Militia Status) Ordinance, 1941. Short title.

2. In the event of War or in other time of emergency the Police Force constituted by section 3 (1) of the Police Force Ordinance, 1932, the Hong Kong Police Reserve constituted by section 4 of the Hong Kong Police Reserve Ordinance, 1927, the Police Force, regulated under the Naval Establishments Police Ordinance, 1875, and special constables appointed under the Peace Preservation Ordinance, 1886, or any of them shall be liable to be called upon by Proclamation of the Governor to perform combatant duties as Militia forces within the meaning of section 1, chapter 1, Article 1 of the Regulations Respecting the Laws and Customs of War on Land annexed to the Hague Convention II of 1899, either in addition to or in lieu of the duties they are required to perform as police under the said Ordinances.

Liability of certain police bodies to be called upon to perform combatant duties as Militia in certain circumstances.

Ordinance No. 37 of 1932.
Ordinance No. 24 of 1927.
Ordinance No. 1 of 1875.
Ordinance No. 10 of 1886.

3. During the continuance in force of any such Proclamation the said Militia forces shall be an independent military force under the Command of and trained by their own officers and shall not unless the Governor so directs by Proclamation be under any other command.

Militia to be under its own officers unless otherwise directed.

4. During the continuance in force of any such Proclamation the said Militia forces shall, if it becomes necessary or expedient so to do in the Defence of the Colony, engage in Military operations against the armed forces of any enemy attempting to invade or otherwise carrying out warlike operations against the Colony or against the forces of His Majesty.

Military operations by Militia.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of September, 1941.

Richard
Deputy Clerk of Councils.



HONG KONG.

No. 20 of 1941.

I assent.

Mark Young
Governor

26th September, 1941.

An Ordinance to amend the Betting Duty Ordinance, 1931, as amended by the Betting Duty Amendment Ordinance, 1940.

[26th September, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Betting Duty Amendment Ordinance, 1941. Short title.

2. The Proviso to section 2 of the Betting Duty Ordinance, 1931, as enacted by section 2 of the Betting Duty Amendment Ordinance, 1940, is repealed and the following Proviso is substituted therefor:— Amendment of Ordinance No. 40 of 1931, s. 2 amended by Ordinance No. 33 of 1940, s. 2.

Provided that not less than eighty-eight per cent., or in the case of a club organizing the race not less than seventy-six per cent., of the total contributions or subscriptions, after deduction of the duty, shall be devoted to prizes for the subscribers.

3. Section 6 (2) of the Betting Duty Ordinance, 1931, as amended by section 3 of the Betting Duty Amendment Ordinance, 1940, is further amended by the substitution of the words "fifteen per cent." for the words "ten per cent." Amendment of Ordinance No. 40 of 1931, s. 6 (2) as amended by Ordinance No. 33 of 1940, s. 3.

4. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of October, 1941: Provided that the provisions of the Betting Duty Ordinance, 1931, as amended by the Betting Duty Amendment Ordinance, 1940, shall continue to apply in the case of cash-sweep tickets sold, or to cash-sweep chances allocated by list, on the Kwangtung Handicap Race of the Hong Kong Jockey Club Scheduled for the 25th October, 1941, whether run on that date or on any postponed date substituted therefor. Commencement except in the case of Kwangtung Handicap, 1941, Race of the Hong Kong Jockey Club.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of September, 1941.

R. S. ...
Deputy Clerk of Councils.

HONG KONG.

No. 21 of 1941.

I assent.



Mark Young
Governor.

17th October, 1941.

An Ordinance to provide for the issue and re-issue by the Financial Secretary of limited legal tender subsidiary currency notes.

[17th October, 1941.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the *Subsidiary Currency Notes Ordinance, 1941.* Short title.

2. It shall be lawful for the Financial Secretary to issue and re-issue one cent, five cents and ten cents currency notes in the Colony, which shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount not exceeding one dollar in the case of the one cent notes and not exceeding two dollars in the case of the five cents and ten cents notes. Power for Financial Secretary to issue and re-issue limited legal tender subsidiary currency notes.

3.—(1) The Financial Secretary shall establish a *Subsidiary Note Security Fund* into which he shall pay all moneys he receives for such currency notes. The Fund shall be held on deposit at one or more banks in the Colony and shall be available for withdrawal from circulation of such portion of the issue of the said currency notes as the Financial Secretary may from time to time deem it desirable to withdraw: provided that a portion of the Fund may be invested at the discretion of the Financial Secretary. Note Security Fund.

(2) All expenses incurred in the printing and delivery of currency notes and such other expenses as the Governor may deem necessary in connexion with the issue of such notes shall be charged to the general revenues of the Colony.

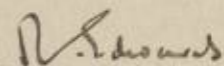
(3) Interest or dividends received on any moneys deposited or invested on behalf of the *Subsidiary Note Security Fund* shall be paid into the general revenues of the Colony.

(4) Any sums standing to credit or debit in the One-cent Note Security Fund, established by section 3 of the One-cent Currency Notes Ordinance, 1941, shall be transferred to the fund established under sub-section (1) of this section of this Ordinance.

4. The One-cent Currency Notes Ordinance, 1941, is repealed.

Repeal of
Ordinance
No. 10 of
1941.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this
16th day of October, 1941.


Deputy Clerk of Councils.



D. 4 S. № 7/2

PUBLIC RECORDS OFFICE
OF HONG KONG

H.K.R.S. No. **28**