



**HONG KONG**

No. 1 OF 1956.



I assent.

*[Handwritten signature]*  
Governor.

26th January, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Urban Council Ordinance, 1955.

[1st February, 1956.]

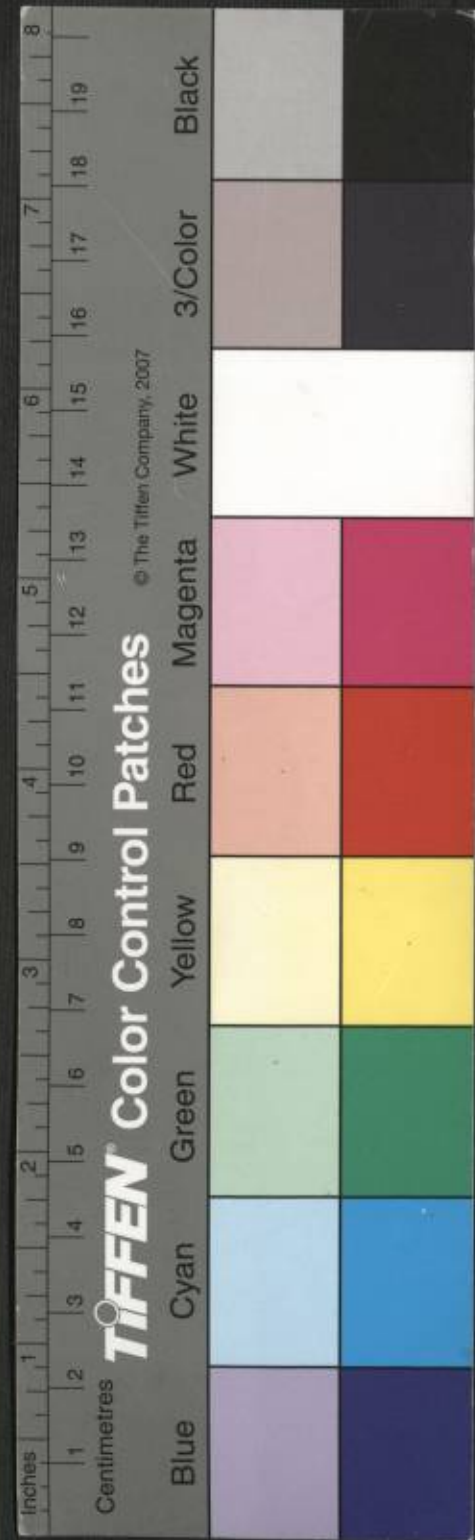
BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Urban Council (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of February, 1956.

Short title,  
and com-  
mencement.

2. Section 2 of the Urban Council Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the deletion of the definition of "annual election" and the addition after the definition of "Health Officer" of the following—

Amend-  
ment of  
section 2.  
(14 of  
1955).



“ordinary election” means an election held to fill vacancies caused by elected members ceasing to hold office in accordance with subsection (2) of section 4 and to fill any additional vacancies in accordance with the proviso to paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 4;”.

Amendment of section 3.

3. Section 3 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of paragraph (b) and the substitution therefor of the following—

- “(b) ordinary members—
- (i) eight elected members;
  - (ii) not more than eight appointed members.”.

Repeal and replacement of section 4.

4. Section 4 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following section—

“Election and tenure of office of elected members.

4. (1) The elected members shall be elected in manner provided by this Ordinance and subject to the provisions of subsection (5) shall hold office—

- (a) in the case of a member elected at an ordinary election for four years from the 1st day of April next following the notification in the *Gazette* of his election;
- (b) in the case of a member elected at an extraordinary election or in accordance with the proviso to this paragraph from the date of the notification in the *Gazette* of his election until the date when the elected member whom he succeeded would otherwise have ceased to hold office :

Provided that if an elected member ceases for any reason whatsoever to be an elected member in accordance with section 14 at any time between the 1st day of January and the 28th day of February in any year in which any elected member will cease to hold office on the expiry of his term of office in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2), the vacancy caused thereby shall be filled at the ordinary election held in the month of March of that year or by an extraordinary election

held in lieu of such ordinary election if such ordinary election has been countermanded whether such elected member would otherwise have retired on the 31st day of March in that year or not, and in any case such vacancy shall remain unfilled until it shall have been filled by such ordinary election or extraordinary election.

(2) On the expiry of his term of office an elected member shall cease to hold office and shall be replaced by a newly elected member who shall come into office on such expiry.

(3) The members of the Council who were elected in 1954 shall continue in office until 31st March, 1956, when they shall cease to hold office and shall be replaced by the two persons elected at the ordinary election to be held in March, 1956.

(4) The members of the Council who were elected in 1955 shall continue in office until 31st March, 1957, and they shall cease to hold office and shall be replaced by the two persons elected at the ordinary election to be held in March, 1957.

(5) An ordinary election shall be held in March, 1956, for the election of six members, four to hold office until 31st March, 1959, and two to hold office until 31st March, 1957 :

Provided that—

- (i) at such election or at any extraordinary election held in substitution therefor the four candidates who obtain the greatest number of votes in their favour shall be thereby elected to hold office until the 31st day of March, 1959, and the two candidates who obtain the next greatest number of votes in their favour shall be thereby elected to hold office until the 31st day of March, 1957;
- (ii) at any extraordinary election to fill any vacancies remaining after the ordinary election or extraordinary election mentioned in paragraph (i) of this proviso owing to an

insufficiency of candidates being validly nominated, such remaining vacancies shall be filled, in the same order as is therein prescribed.

(6) Nothing in subsection (2), (3) or (4) of this section shall be construed to prevent any member of the Council from being nominated for election or being elected."

Repeal and replacement of section 5.

5. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following section—

"Appointment and tenure of office of appointed members.

5. (1) An appointed member shall be appointed by the Governor by a notification in the *Gazette*.

(2) Subject to the provisions of subsections (5) and (6), each appointed member shall hold office for four years from the 1st day of April next following the notification in the *Gazette* of his appointment or reappointment :

Provided that if notification of a vacancy for an appointed member is published in accordance with section 14 the Governor may appoint a member who shall hold office from the date of the *Gazette* in which the notification of his appointment is published until the date when the appointed member whom he succeeded would otherwise have ceased to hold office.

(3) The members of the Council who were appointed in 1954 shall continue in office until 31st March, 1956, when they shall cease to hold office.

(4) The members of the Council who were appointed in 1955 shall continue in office until 31st March, 1957, when they shall cease to hold office.

(5) In the month of March, 1956, the Governor may appoint four members to hold office until 31st March, 1960, and one member to hold office until 31st March, 1958.

(6) In the month of March, 1957, the Governor may appoint three members to hold office until 31st March, 1958.

(7) Nothing in subsections (3) and (4) of this section shall be construed to prevent any of the present members of the Council referred to in those subsections from being reappointed."

6. Section 18 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of subsection (1) and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of section 18.

"(1) On or before the 1st day of July, 1956, and on or before the 1st day of July in each alternate year thereafter the Governor shall appoint a registration officer to prepare and revise the register of electors :

Provided that if no appointment is made the person who previously performed the duties of registration officer shall continue to perform such duties until such appointment shall have been made."

7. Section 19 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following section— Repeal and replacement of section 19.

"Duties of registration officer.

19. (1) It shall be the duty of the registration officer—

(a) to compile a provisional register on or before the 1st day of September, 1956, and on or before the 1st day of September in each alternate year thereafter; and

(b) to compile and publish a final register on or before the 1st day of February, 1957, and on or before the 1st day of February in each alternate year thereafter.

(2) A final register shall come into force on the 15th day of February of the year in which it is published and shall remain in force until the 14th day of February of the second year following :

Provided that if for any reason whatsoever a final register is not published on or before any 1st day of February in any year in which a final register is to be published in accordance with the provisions of this section the register in force at that time shall continue in force until 15 days after the date of publication of such final register."

Amend-  
ment of  
section 20.

8. Section 20 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion in subsection (1) of the words "in each year" and the substitution therefor of the following—

"1956, and during the month of November in each alternate year thereafter".

Amend-  
ment of  
section 25.

9. Section 25 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and the substitution therefor of the following—

"(a) to conduct such ordinary elections as may be required to fill vacancies caused by elected members ceasing to hold office in accordance with subsection (2) of section 4; and".

Amend-  
ment of  
section 51.

10. Section 51 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion in subsection (1) of the word "four" and the substitution therefor of the following—

"seven".

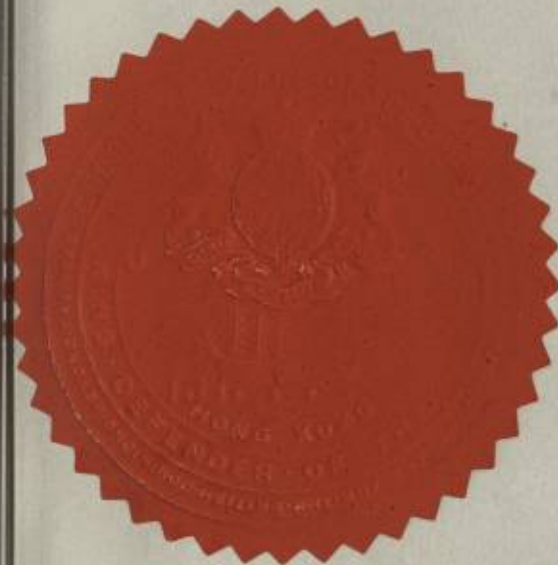
Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of January, 1956.

*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 1/1146/52)

**HONG KONG**

No. 2 OF 1956.



I assent.

*Governor.*

26th January, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Gambling Ordinance, Chapter 148.

[1st March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Gambling (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956, and shall come into operation on the first day of March, 1956.

Short title and commencement.

2. Subsection (1) of section 2 of the Gambling Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by—

Amendment of section 2. (Cap. 148).

(a) the insertion, after the word "Ordinance" in the first place where it occurs, of the following—

" , unless the context otherwise requires";

(b) the insertion, after paragraph (c) of the definition of "common gaming house", of the following new paragraph—

“or

(d) for the purpose of providing facilities for the playing therein of mahjong, tin kau or any game in which mahjong tiles, dominoes or playing cards are used, where—

(i) a fee is charged for admission; or

(ii) any fee, commission or percentage is charged in connexion with the game, the stakes or the winnings; or

(iii) mahjong tiles, dominoes or playing cards may be hired for the purpose of play at such place; or

(iv) tables, chairs or other furniture or any other article or implement may be hired for the purpose of play at such place; or

(v) any food, drink or other refreshment is sold at an unreasonably high price;” and

(c) the insertion, after the definition of "keeper", of the following new definition—

““licensed place” means any place in respect of which a licence issued under subsection (2) of section 11A is in force;”.

Amendment of section 3.

3. Section 3 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the substitution of a comma for the full stop at the end thereof and by the insertion thereafter of the following—

“or kept or used for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (d) of that definition under any of the conditions enumerated in the said paragraph (d).”.

Addition of new sections 11A, 11B and 11C.

4. The principal Ordinance is amended by the addition, after section 11, of the following new sections—

“Power to license place for playing of mahjong, etc.

11A. (1) Any place used for the purpose of providing facilities for playing therein of mahjong, tin kau or any game in which mahjong tiles, dominoes or playing cards are used shall be deemed not to be

a common gaming house within the meaning of this Ordinance if a licence issued under subsection (2) authorizing such use is in force.

(2) The Commissioner of Police may issue to any person a licence to use any place specified in such licence for the purpose of providing facilities for playing therein of any game or games mentioned in subsection (1).

(3) Any such licence shall be in the appropriate form set out in the Schedule, and shall be subject to the general conditions contained therein and to such further special conditions endorsed thereon as the Commissioner of Police may think fit.

(4) Any such licence shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issue or renewal thereof.

(5) A fee of two hundred dollars shall be payable on the issue or renewal of any such licence.

(6) The issue or renewal of any such licence shall be in the absolute discretion of the Commissioner of Police.

(7) The Commissioner of Police may revoke any such licence on proof to his satisfaction of an offence against this Ordinance by the holder thereof or of a breach of any condition of the licence.

Person under eighteen years not permitted in mahjong houses, etc.

11B. (1) Any person holding a licence issued under section 11A who allows any person under the age of eighteen years, other than an employee, to be in the licensed place specified in such licence during the hours when play is, by the terms of such licence, permitted therein shall upon summary conviction be liable to a fine of two thousand dollars.

(2) It shall not be a defence for a holder of any such licence charged with an offence against this section that he did not know of the presence of such person or that such person was under the age of eighteen years or that such person was present without his consent, unless he can show, to the satisfaction of the magistrate before whom he is charged, that he took all reasonable steps to ensure that persons under the age of eighteen years were not admitted to such licensed place.

Power to enter licensed place.

11C. Any police officer of or above the rank of sergeant may enter any licensed place for the purpose of ensuring that the provisions of this Ordinance and the conditions of the licence in respect thereof are complied with."

Amendment of section 12.

5. Section 12 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the word "form" and the substitution thereof of the following—

"appropriate form set out".

Amendment of section 14.

6. Section 14 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion in paragraph (a), after the word "authorized", of the following—

"by virtue of section 11C or".

Amendment of Schedule.

7. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended—

(a) by the deletion of the reference "[s. 12]" and the substitution thereof of the following—

"[ss. 11A and 12]"; and

(b) by the addition, before the Form of Warrant, of the following new form—

"FORM OF LICENCE.

Licence No. ....

GAMBLING ORDINANCE.

Licence issued under section 11A.

..... of ..... is hereby licensed to use the place specified hereunder for the purpose of providing facilities for playing therein of .....

Address of licensed place. { .....  
.....  
.....

This licence is subject to the general conditions set out hereunder, and to the special conditions (if any) endorsed hereon.

This licence shall be valid for one year from the date of issue or renewal hereof.

Dated this ..... day of ..... , 19 ..

Fee \$200.

Commissioner of Police.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. No game shall be played at the licensed place except between the hours of midday and midnight.

2. No alcoholic drink shall be sold or consumed at the licensed place.

3. No property shall be pledged at the licensed place.

4. Save with the written permission of the Commissioner of Police, no person except the licensee and persons employed at the licensed place, shall use the licensed place for the purpose of sleeping thereat.

5. A register shall be kept at the licensed place of all persons employed at such place and shall contain photographs of all such persons. Any police officer of or above the rank of sergeant shall, on request, be permitted to inspect such register.

6. A notice setting out, in English and Chinese, all fees, commissions, percentages and hire prices charged shall be prominently displayed at the licensed place."

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of January, 1956.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 2/2741/54)

**HONG KONG**

No. 3 OF 1956.



I assent.

*[Handwritten signature]*  
Governor.

26th January, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Waterworks Ordinance, Chapter 102.

[27th January, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Waterworks Short title. (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956.

2. Section 2 of the Waterworks Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by—

Amend-  
ment of  
section 2.  
(Cap. 102).

(a) the insertion after the figure "2." of the following—  
“(1)”;

(b) the deletion from the definition “waterworks” of the words “shall hereafter be used or constructed” and the substitution therefor of the following—

“are being used or shall hereafter be constructed”;

(c) the addition of the following new subsection—

“(2) To the extent that they shall be delegated by the Director of Public Works and subject to his instructions the powers conferred and duties imposed under this Ordinance on the water authority shall be exercised and performed on his behalf by the person carrying out the functions of Waterworks Engineer.”.

Amendment of section 9.

3. Section 9 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion after the word “by” in the first place where it occurs of the following—

“or for”.

Amendment of section 17.

4. Section 17 of the principal Ordinance is amended by—

(a) the deletion of the words “summary jurisdiction of the Supreme Court” and the substitution therefor of the following—

“District Court”;

(b) the deletion of the comma after the word “annum” and the substitution therefor of a full stop;

(c) the deletion of the words “and any judgment given or order made shall be enforced in the same manner in which any judgment or order may be enforced in any other action in the Supreme Court.”.

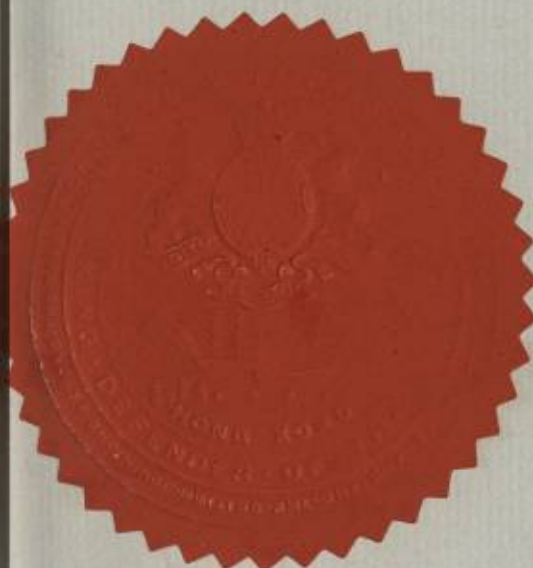
Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of January, 1956.

*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 28/3231/51)

**HONG KONG**

No. 4 OF 1956.



I assent.

*Governor.*

26th January, 1956.

An Ordinance to provide for the incorporation of the members of The Hong Kong Society for the Blind.

[27th January, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as The Hong Kong Society Short title for the Blind Incorporation Ordinance, 1956.

2. In this Ordinance—

Interpretation.

“constitution” means the constitution of The Hong Kong Society for the Blind approved from time to time by its members for the time being;

“Council” means the Council of The Hong Kong Society for the Blind.

Incor-  
poration.

3. The members of The Hong Kong Society for the Blind shall be a body corporate, hereinafter called the corporation, and shall have the name "The Hong Kong Society for the Blind" and in that name shall have perpetual succession and shall and may sue and be sued in all courts in the Colony and shall and may have and use a common seal, and may from time to time, break, change, alter and make anew the said seal as the corporation may deem fit.

Powers of  
cor-  
poration.

4. The corporation shall have full power—

- (a) to establish, operate, manage or maintain such homes, clinics and other institutions for the blind and/or for the curing and prevention of blindness as it may think fit;
- (b) to acquire, accept leases of, purchase, take or otherwise hold and enjoy any lands, buildings, messuages or tenements of what nature or kind soever and wheresoever situate:

Provided that the corporation shall not acquire any immovable property in the Colony unless it shall have previously obtained the special consent of the Governor in Council in each case;

- (c) to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, goods and chattels of what nature or kind soever;
- (d) to invest moneys on deposit in any bank in the Colony or in any government bonds or on mortgage of any land, buildings, messuages or tenements in the Colony, or in or on debentures, debenture-stocks, stocks, funds, shares or securities of any corporation or company carrying on business in the Colony;
- (e) to grant, sell, convey, assign, surrender, yield up, mortgage, demise, let, reassign, transfer or otherwise dispose of, any land, or buildings, messuages, tenements, mortgages, debentures, debenture-stocks, funds, securities, vessels, goods and chattels for the time being vested in the corporation, upon such terms as the corporation may deem fit;
- (f) to erect any buildings, messuages or tenements and effect any improvement thereto;

- (g) to borrow money upon such terms as the corporation shall think fit, and to raise money by public or private subscription; and
- (h) generally to do such other things as may appear to be incidental or conducive to the aims and objects of the corporation as provided by its constitution, or the purposes aforesaid or any of them.

5. On the coming into operation of this Ordinance all moneys, securities for money, goods, chattels and effects whatsoever belonging to The Hong Kong Society for the Blind are hereby transferred to and vested in the corporation and the corporation shall become liable for the debts and liabilities of the said The Hong Kong Society for the Blind. Vesting of  
property.

6. The corporation shall consist of such members as shall be provided by its constitution. Members.

7. All the existing members of the unincorporated The Hong Kong Society for the Blind at the date of the passing of this Ordinance shall be the first members of the corporation. Existing  
members  
to become  
members.

8. The existing constitution of the unincorporated The Hong Kong Society for the Blind shall be the constitution of the corporation, but the same may be changed or amended at any time and from time to time in accordance with its provisions for the time being in force. Existing  
constitu-  
tion  
to become  
constitu-  
tion of  
corpora-  
tion.

9. (1) The corporation shall forward to the Registrar of Companies for registration the following— Registra-  
tion with  
Registrar  
of Com-  
panies.

- (a) notice of the address of the registered office of the corporation and any change thereto;
- (b) a copy of the constitution and any amendment thereto, certified as correct by the Chairman of the Council;
- (c) a list of the names and addresses of the members of the Council, and any change therein, certified as correct by the Chairman of the Council; and
- (d) the name and address of any person appointed under section 10 to sign deeds, documents and other instruments.

(2) Notification in accordance with subsection (1) shall be made within twenty-eight days of the coming into force of this Ordinance or within twenty-eight days of any amendment or change as the case may be.

(3) Any person may inspect any of the documents registered under this section.

(4) A fee of five dollars shall be payable for registering any document under this section.

(5) A fee of one dollar shall be payable for inspecting the documents filed with the Registrar of Companies under this Ordinance.

Sealing of deeds.

10. All deeds, documents and other instruments requiring the seal of the corporation shall be signed by the Chairman and the secretary of the Council or by such other person or persons as the corporation shall from time to time appoint and such signing shall be taken as sufficient evidence of the due sealing of such deeds, documents and other instruments.

Saving.

11. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect or be deemed to affect the rights of Her Majesty the Queen, Her heirs or successors, or the rights of any body politic or corporate or of any other person except such as are mentioned in this Ordinance and those claiming by, from or under them.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of January, 1956.

*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 46/3231/55)

**HONG KONG**

No. 5 OF 1956.



I assent.

*Governor.*

1st March, 1956.

An Ordinance to repeal the Meals and Intoxicating Liquors Tax Ordinance, Chapter 113.

[2nd March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Meals and Intoxicating Liquors Tax (Repeal) Ordinance, 1956. Short title.

2. The Meals and Intoxicating Liquors Tax Ordinance is hereby repealed. Repeal of Cap. 113.

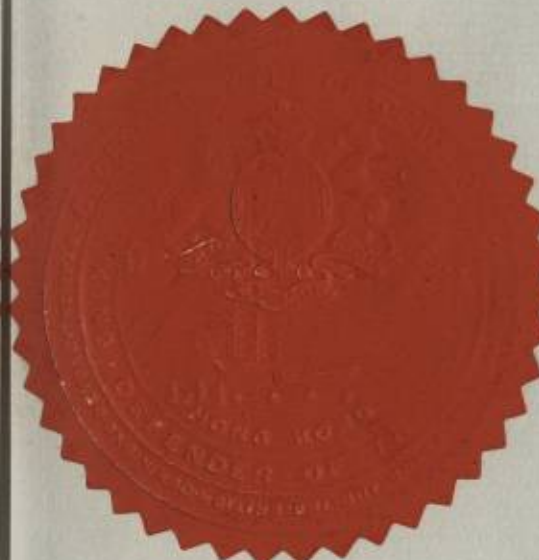
Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 29th day of February, 1956.

*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 2/3311/54)

**HONG KONG**

No. 6 OF 1956.



I assent.

*Mantou*  
Governor.

1st March, 1956.

An Ordinance to provide for the incorporation of the members of The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children.

[2nd March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children Incorporation Ordinance, 1956. **Short title.**

2. In this Ordinance—

“constitution” means the constitution of The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children approved from time to time by its members for the time being;

“Committee” means the Committee of The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children.

**Interpre-  
tation.**

Incorporation.

3. The members of The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children shall be a body corporate, hereinafter called the corporation, and shall have the name "The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children" and in that name shall have perpetual succession and shall and may sue and be sued in all courts in the Colony and shall and may have and use a common seal, and may from time to time, break, change, alter and make anew the said seal as the corporation may deem fit.

Powers of corporation.

4. The corporation shall have full power—

- (a) to establish, operate, manage or maintain such homes, clinics and other institutions for disabled children and/or for the curing and rehabilitating of disabled children as it may think fit;
- (b) to acquire, accept leases of, purchase, take or otherwise hold and enjoy any lands, buildings, messuages or tenements of what nature or kind soever and wheresoever situate :

Provided that the corporation shall not acquire any immovable property in the Colony unless it shall have previously obtained the special consent of the Governor in Council in each case;

- (c) to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, goods and chattels of what nature or kind soever;
- (d) to invest moneys on deposit in any bank in the Colony or in any government bonds or on mortgage of any lands, buildings, messuages or tenements in the Colony, or in or on debentures, debenture-stocks, stocks, funds, shares or securities of any corporation or company carrying on business in the Colony;
- (e) to grant, sell, convey, assign, surrender, yield up, mortgage, demise, let, reassign, transfer or otherwise dispose of, any lands, or buildings, messuages, tenements, mortgages, debentures, debenture-stocks, funds, securities, vessels, goods and chattels for the time being vested in the corporation, upon such terms as the corporation may deem fit;
- (f) to erect any buildings, messuages or tenements and effect any improvement thereto;

- (g) to borrow money upon such terms as the corporation shall think fit, and to raise money by public or private subscription; and
- (h) generally to do such other things as may appear to be incidental or conducive to the aims and objects of the corporation as provided by its constitution, or the purposes aforesaid or any of them.

5. On the coming into operation of this Ordinance all moneys, securities for money, goods, chattels and effects whatsoever belonging to The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children are hereby transferred to and vested in the corporation and the corporation shall become liable for the debts and liabilities of the said The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children. Vesting of property.

6. The corporation shall consist of such members as shall be provided by its constitution. Members.

7. All the existing members of the unincorporated The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children at the date of the passing of this Ordinance shall be the first members of the corporation. Existing members to become members.

8. The existing constitution of the unincorporated The Society for the Relief of Disabled Children shall be the constitution of the corporation, but the same may be changed or amended at any time and from time to time in accordance with its provisions for the time being in force. Existing constitution to become constitution of corporation.

9. (1) The corporation shall forward to the Registrar of Companies for registration the following— Registration with Registrar of Companies.

- (a) notice of the address of the registered office of the corporation and any change thereto;
- (b) a copy of the constitution and any amendment thereto, certified as correct by the Chairman of the Committee;
- (c) a list of the names and addresses of the members of the Committee, and any change therein, certified as correct by the Chairman of the Committee; and
- (d) the name and address of any person appointed under section 10 to sign deeds, documents and other instruments.

(2) Notification in accordance with subsection (1) shall be made within twenty-eight days of the coming into force of this Ordinance or within twenty-eight days of any amendment or change as the case may be.

(3) Any person may inspect any of the documents registered under this section.

(4) A fee of five dollars shall be payable for registering any document under this section.

(5) A fee of one dollar shall be payable for inspecting the documents filed with the Registrar of Companies under this Ordinance.

Sealing of deeds.

10. All deeds, documents and other instruments requiring the seal of the corporation shall be signed by the Chairman and the Secretary of the Committee or by such other person or persons as the corporation shall from time to time appoint and such signing shall be taken as sufficient evidence of the due sealing of such deeds, documents and other instruments.

Saving.

11. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect or be deemed to affect the rights of Her Majesty the Queen, Her heirs or successors, or the rights of any body politic or corporate or of any other persons except such as are mentioned in this Ordinance and those claiming by, from or under them.

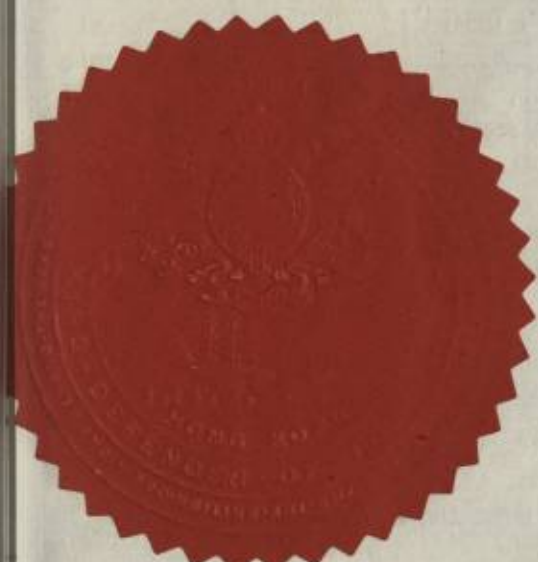
Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 29th day of February, 1956.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 5/3231/56)

**HONG KONG**

No. 7 OF 1956.



I assent.

Governor.

22nd March, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Training Centres Ordinance, 1953.

[23rd March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Training Centres Short title. (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956.

2. Section 2 of the Training Centres Ordinance, 1953 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the deletion of the definition of "Commissioner" and by the substitution therefor of the following—

Amendment of section 2. (5 of 1953).

" "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Prisons of the Colony or an Assistant Commissioner ; "

Amendment of section 8.

3. Section 8 of the principal Ordinance is amended—

(a) by the insertion after the words "Prisons Ordinance" and the words "Prison Rules" wherever they occur in that section of the following—

" , 1954, " ;

(b) by the deletion from subsection (1) of the words "the provisions of section 4, subsections (3), (4) and (5) of section 7, section 8, section 9, sections 14 to 19 inclusive and section 21" and by the substitution therefor of the following—

"the provisions of sections 9 to 13 inclusive, section 17, sections 19 to 23 inclusive and section 25".

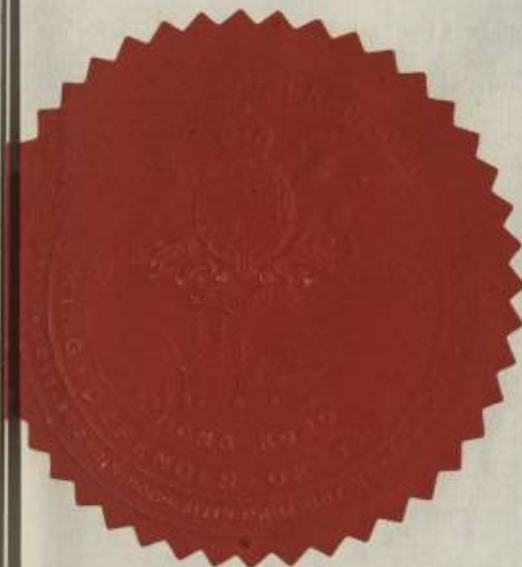
Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 21st day of March, 1956.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 14/3231/48)

**HONG KONG**

No. 8 OF 1956.



I assent.

Governor.

22nd March, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Education Scholarships Fund Ordinance, 1955.

[23rd March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Education Scholarships Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956. Short title.

2. The Education Scholarships Fund Ordinance, 1955, is amended by the deletion of the whole of the First Schedule and the substitution therefor of the following— Substitution of new First Schedule.

**"FIRST SCHEDULE.**

[s. 4(1).]

(87 of 1955).

*Moneys and assets available for payment of scholarships in Second Schedule.*

*Local Investments.*

\$2,000.00 (nominal) 3½% Dollar Loan, 1934.

\$11,000.00 (nominal) 3½% Rehabilitation Loan, 1973/78.

*Sterling Investments.*

£1,928.-3d. (nominal) Nigeria 3½% 1964/66.

£2,787.4.2d. (nominal) Cyprus 3½% 1969/71.

*Money.*

Cash in the hands of the Accountant General, Hong Kong—\$12,902.75."

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 21st day of March, 1956.

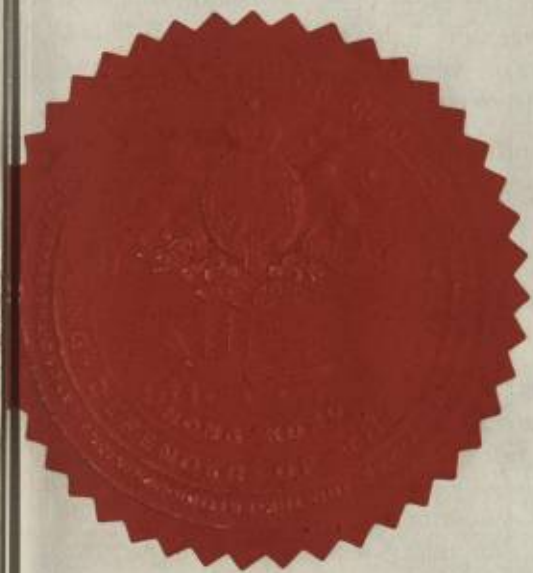
*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 45/2321/51)



**HONG KONG**

No. 9 OF 1956.



I assent.

*M. H. ...*  
*Governor.*

22nd March, 1956.

An Ordinance to provide for the incorporation of the Sister Superior in this Colony of the Institute of the Soeurs des Missions Etrangeres.

[23rd March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Institute of the Soeurs des Missions Etrangeres Incorporation Ordinance, 1956. Short title.

2. The Sister Superior in this Colony of the Institute of the Soeurs des Missions Etrangeres shall be a body corporate, hereinafter called the corporation, and shall have the name of "The Sister Superior of the Institute of the Soeurs des Missions Etrangeres" and by that name shall and may sue and be sued in all courts in this Colony and shall and may have and use a common seal. Incorporation of the Sister Superior of the Institute of the Soeurs des Missions Etrangeres.

Powers of  
corporation.

3. The corporation shall have full power—

- (a) subject to the licence of the Governor having been previously obtained in each case, to acquire, accept leases of, purchase, take hold and enjoy any lands, buildings messuages or tenements of what nature or kind soever and wheresoever situate in this Colony;
- (b) to purchase and acquire all manner of goods and chattels whatsoever;
- (c) to invest moneys on mortgage of any lands, buildings messuages or tenements in this Colony, or in or upon such other securities or investments as it may think expedient;
- (d) by deed under its seal or otherwise to grant, sell, convey, assign, surrender and yield up, mortgage, demise, reassign, transfer or otherwise deal with or dispose of any lands, buildings, messuages, or tenements, mortgages, debentures, securities, shares, goods and chattels for the time being vested in it on such terms as may seem expedient to it.

Execution  
of documents.

4. All deeds and other instruments requiring the seal of the corporation shall be sealed in the presence of the person who is for the time being Sister Superior in this Colony of the Institute or of her attorney duly authorized and such deeds and instruments and all other documents, instruments and writings requiring the signature of the corporation shall be signed by such Sister Superior or her attorney.

Appoint-  
ment of  
Sister  
Superior.

5. (1) Whenever any person is appointed to the office of Sister Superior in this Colony of the Institute, such person shall within three weeks after her appointment or within such further time as may be allowed by the Governor furnish to the Governor satisfactory evidence of her appointment.

(2) A notification in the *Gazette* under the hand of the Colonial Secretary that such evidence has been furnished to the Governor by such person shall be conclusive evidence of such appointment.

6. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect or be deemed Saving. to affect the rights of Her Majesty the Queen, Her Heirs or Successors, or the rights of any body politic or corporate or of any other persons except such as are mentioned in this Ordinance and those claiming by, from or under them.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 21st day of March, 1956.

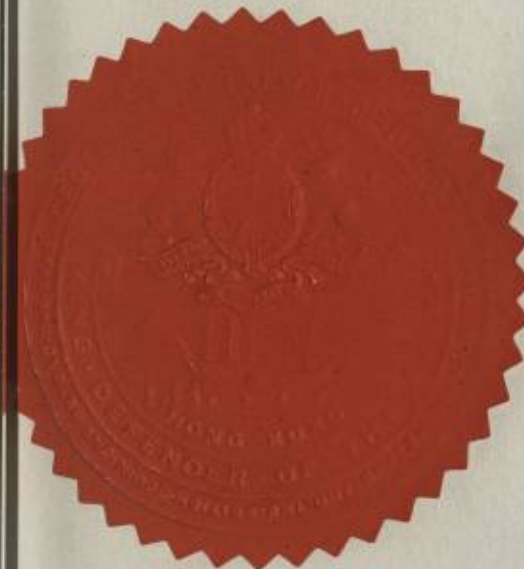


Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 6/3231/56)

**HONG KONG**

No. 10 OF 1956.



I assent.

*Robert Hamilton*  
Governor.

28th March, 1956.

An Ordinance to apply a sum not exceeding four hundred and ninety-three million, two hundred and sixty-three thousand and ninety dollars to the Public Service of the financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1957.

[29th March, 1956.]

WHEREAS the expenditure required for the service of this Colony for the financial year ending on the 31st day of March, 1957, has been estimated at the sum of four hundred and ninety-three million, two hundred and sixty-three thousand and ninety dollars :

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Appropriation Short title. (1956-57) Ordinance, 1956.

Appropriation from the general revenues and other funds.

2. A sum not exceeding four hundred and ninety-three million, two hundred and sixty-three thousand and ninety dollars shall be and the same is hereby charged upon the revenue and other funds of the Colony for the service of the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1956, and ending on the 31st day of March, 1957, and the said sum so charged may be expended in the manner expressed in the Schedule.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

[s. 2].

Number of vote.

Amount of vote.  
\$

Head of Expenditure.

1	His Excellency the Governor .....	390,130
2	Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry Department .....	3,403,530
3	Audit Department .....	635,310
4	Broadcasting Department .....	1,517,960
5	Civil Aviation Department .....	3,493,790
6	Colonial Secretariat and Legislature .....	3,033,150
7	Commerce and Industry Department .....	5,575,180
8	Cooperatives and Marketing Department .....	521,200
	Defence	
9A	R.H.K.D.F. Headquarters and Hong Kong Regiment .....	2,199,510
9B	Hong Kong Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve ...	930,790
9C	Hong Kong Auxiliary Air Force .....	679,930
9D	Essential Services Corps .....	99,550
9E	Auxiliary Fire Service .....	213,490
9F	Auxiliary Medical Service .....	696,020
9G	Civil Aid Services .....	1,433,110
9H	Registration of Persons .....	399,000
9I	Directorate of Manpower .....	65,200
9J	Miscellaneous Measures .....	19,810,700
10	Education Department .....	19,095,000
11	Fire Brigade.....	3,824,930
12	Inland Revenue Department .....	3,152,440
13	Judiciary .....	2,579,230
14	Kowloon Canton Railway .....	4,212,880

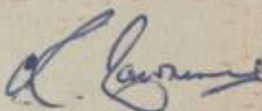
Number of vote.

Amount of vote.  
\$

	Labour Department	
15A	Labour Division .....	846,200
15B	Mines Division .....	119,380
16	Legal Department .....	856,380
17	Marine Department .....	10,111,840
18	Medical Department .....	32,849,490
19	Miscellaneous Services .....	10,930,350
20	New Territories, District Administration .....	792,870
21	Pensions .....	13,579,000
	Police Force	
22A	Hong Kong Police .....	42,008,200
22B	Hong Kong Police (Auxiliaries) .....	2,010,330
23	Post Office .....	15,616,550
24	Printing Department .....	1,663,300
25	Prisons Department .....	6,628,550
26	Public Debt .....	3,307,000
27	Public Relations Office .....	498,410
28	Public Services Commission .....	41,390
29	Public Works Department .....	23,491,590
30	Public Works Recurrent .....	21,483,500
31	Public Works Non-Recurrent .....	126,185,660
32	Quartering .....	2,818,420
33	Rating and Valuation Department .....	503,000
34	Registrar General's Department .....	702,600
35	Registry of Trade Unions .....	155,280
36	Resettlement Department .....	6,494,730
37	Royal Observatory .....	1,433,870
	Secretariat for Chinese Affairs	
38A	Secretariat for Chinese Affairs .....	441,500
38B	Social Welfare Office .....	2,646,090
38C	District Watch Force .....	313,480
39	Stores Department .....	9,231,000
40	Subventions .....	51,683,410
	Treasury	
41A	Treasury .....	1,869,380
41B	Custodian of Property .....	39,590

<i>Number of vote.</i>		<i>Amount of vote. \$</i>
	Urban Services and Urban Council	
42A	Head Office and Sanitary Division .....	17,757,470
42B	Gardens Division .....	1,256,920
42C	Housing Division .....	221,790
43	Colonial Development and Welfare Schemes .....	4,709,570
	<b>TOTAL .....</b>	<b><u>\$493,253,090</u></b>

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 28th day of March, 1956.



*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

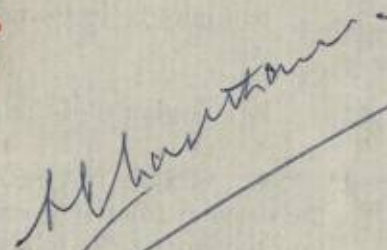
(Secretariat 1/2291/56)

**HONG KONG**

No. 11 OF 1956.



I assent.



*Governor.*

28th March, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance, Chapter 240.

[29th March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Deportation of Aliens (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956.

2. Section 4 of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the deletion therefrom of subsection (g) and the substitution therefor of the following subsection—

Amendment  
of section  
4,  
(Cap. 240).

“(g) A magistrate or the Commissioner of Police or any police officer authorized by the Commissioner of Police to

act on his behalf for the purposes of this subsection, may at any time after the conclusion of the interview referred to in subsection (3) and after the examination of the witnesses called by the person in question, or at any previous time with the consent of the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, admit to bail any person in custody under this section upon his entering into a recognizance, with or without sureties, to appear and surrender himself at such time and place as may be named in the recognizance. Every recognizance taken before the Commissioner of Police or before an officer authorized by him to act on his behalf shall be liable to the same proceedings for the estreating thereof as if the same had been taken before a magistrate. The recognizance of bail may be in Form 5 in the First Schedule."

First Schedule. Form 5.

Repeal of section 8.

3. Section 8 of the principal Ordinance is repealed.

Amendment of section 17A.

4. Section 17A of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion from subsection (2) of the full-stop and the substitution therefor of the following—

" , now repealed. "

Amendment of First Schedule.

5. The First Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended—

(a) by the deletion therefrom of Form 5 and the substitution therefor of the following—

"FORM 5. [s. 4(9).]

RECOGNIZANCE OF BAIL.

DEPORTATION OF ALIENS ORDINANCE.

(Chapter 240 of the Revised Edition of Ordinances.)

At ..... in the Colony of Hong Kong on the ..... day of ....., 19....., ..... of ..... and ..... of ..... personally came before me the undersigned, ..... and severally acknowledged themselves to owe to Our Sovereign Lady the Queen the several sums following, that

is to say, the said ..... the sum of ..... the said ..... the sum of ..... and the said ..... the sum of ..... each to be made and levied of their several goods and chattels lands and tenements respectively to the use of Our said Lady the Queen Her Heirs and Successors if the said ..... shall fail in the condition following.

Taken and acknowledged the ..... day of ..... 19.....

Before me,

.....  
Magistrate/Commissioner of Police/  
officer authorized by the  
Commissioner of Police.

Interpreted by

.....  
Sworn Interpreter.

CONDITION.

The condition of the within-written recognizance is such that if the said ..... shall appear and surrender himself into the custody of ..... at ..... on the ..... day of ..... 19..... at ..... o'clock in the ..... noon then the said recognizance to be void or else to stand in full force and virtue."

(b) by the deletion therefrom of Forms 12 and 13.

6. The principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion thereof of the Second Schedule. Deletion of Second Schedule.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 28th day of March, 1956.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 14/3231/51)

**HONG KONG**

No. 12 OF 1956.



I assent.

*[Handwritten signature]*  
Governor.

28th March, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the law relating to police supervision of certain persons.

[29th March, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Police Supervision Short title Ordinance, 1956.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.

“court” includes the District Court;

“judge” includes a District Judge;

“police supervision order” means an order made under section 3, subjecting a person to police supervision.

Power to make police supervision order. (Cap. 240).

3. (1) Wherever the Governor in Council finds under the provisions of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance that any person is liable to deportation, he may, in lieu of issuing against such person a deportation order under section 3 of that Ordinance, make a police supervision order against such person.

(2) The Governor in Council or the Governor, as the case may be, may make a police supervision order against any person against whom a deportation order has been made upon the rescission thereof in accordance with the provisions of section 17A of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance. (Cap. 240).

First Schedule.

(3) The court or a magistrate may make a police supervision order against any person upon his conviction of an offence specified in the First Schedule. Any such order may be in addition to any penalty which may be inflicted for such offence.

(4) Where a magistrate orders a person to execute a bond in accordance with subsection (3) of section 8 of the Public Order Ordinance, he may also make a police supervision order against such person. (Cap. 245).

Form of police supervision order. Second Schedule.

4. A police supervision order may be in the appropriate form in the Second Schedule.

Period of police supervision.

5. (1) A police supervision order shall have effect for such period not exceeding two years as may be stipulated in the order by the authority making it.

(2) The date of commencement of the period of police supervision shall be the date on which the police supervision order is made :

Provided that where such order is made by the court or a magistrate under the provisions of subsection (3) of section 3 upon conviction of an offence against a person who is sentenced to imprisonment in respect of such offence, the date of commencement of such period shall be the date upon which such person is released from prison and that date shall be endorsed on the order by the Commissioner of Prisons.

(3) If any person against whom a police supervision order has been made at any time undergoes during the currency of such order a term of imprisonment, such order shall be deemed to be suspended while such person is undergoing such imprisonment and shall be deemed to be in force again on the termination of such term of imprisonment, but no such term shall be reckoned as forming part of the period of police supervision ordered. Any period during which a police supervision order is deemed to be suspended by virtue of this subsection shall be endorsed on the order by the Commissioner of Prisons.

(4) If any person against whom a police supervision order has been made is ordered to be deported under the provisions of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance, the police supervision order shall be deemed to be of no effect as from the date upon which the deportation order is served upon him. (Cap. 240).

6. (1) Whenever a police supervision order is made against any person, the Commissioner of Police or any police officer authorized by him in that behalf shall appoint the place at and the dates on which such person shall report. Appointment of dates and place of reporting.

(2) Whenever a police supervision order is made against any person, then so soon as conveniently may be after the commencement of the period of police supervision thereunder— Service of police supervision order; recording of particulars and issue of identification book.

(a) a copy of the police supervision order shall be served by a police officer upon the person against whom it is made ;

(b) such person shall register with the police his place of residence and such other particulars as may be required ;

(c) the photograph, thumbprints, weight and measurements of such person shall be taken and recorded by a police officer who may use such force as may be reasonably necessary to effect these purposes ;

(d) a police officer shall issue to such person an identification book—

(i) bearing his name, registered place of residence, photograph, thumbprints and such other particulars as the Commissioner of Police or a police officer acting on his behalf may consider desirable or expedient ;

(ii) in which is specified the place at which and the dates on which he must report ;

(e) the photograph and thumbprints of such person shall be affixed to the police supervision order.

(3) Any person against whom a police supervision order has been made may be taken into police custody and detained for a period not exceeding seventy-two hours for the purposes specified in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of subsection (2).

Duty to report to the police and procedure thereon.

7. (1) Every person against whom a police supervision order has been made shall attend in person and report at the place specified in his identification book—

- (a) on the dates therein specified; and also
- (b) within forty-eight hours after any change of residence.

(2) Such person shall, on each occasion on which he reports in accordance with subsection (1), produce to a police officer on duty his identification book, and a police officer shall make in such book an entry that a report has been made, and shall upon receiving a report of a change of residence also enter therein the dates on which and place at which such person shall thenceforth report.

Variation of dates and place of reporting to the police.

8. A police officer may at any time vary the dates on which and the place at which a person against whom a police supervision order has been made must report by making an appropriate entry in such person's identification book.

Departure from Colony of aliens against whom police supervision orders have been made and cancellation of such orders on departure.

9. (1) Any alien against whom a police supervision order has been made may at any time declare to a police officer on duty at the place specified for reporting in his identification book that he proposes to depart permanently from the Colony on such date and by such route as he may then state. Upon such declaration a police officer shall enter into such alien's identification book the place on which and the time and date at which and the police officer to whom such alien shall report for the purposes of subsection (2).

(2) Such alien shall report in accordance with the entry made in his identification book under subsection (1) and shall be accompanied by a police officer to his point of departure from the

Colony. Upon departure of such alien the police officer who has witnessed his departure shall endorse the police supervision order to that effect and thereupon—

- (a) the police supervision order shall be deemed to be of no effect; and
- (b) such alien shall be prohibited for life from re-entering the Colony except in accordance with permission granted by the Governor.

(3) Any person who is prohibited from re-entering the Colony by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection (2) shall, if he is found in the Colony, be subject to the provisions of subsections (1), (2) and (5) of section 13 of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance in like manner as if a deportation order for life had been made against him under the provisions of that Ordinance. (Cap. 240).

10. Any police officer shall have power to enter the registered place of residence of any person against whom a police supervision order has been made, at any time during the currency of such order, for the purposes of inquiring as to the whereabouts of such person. Power of entry.

11. The Governor in Council may by regulation amend the First Schedule and the Second Schedule. Power to amend Schedules.

12. (1) Any person against whom a police supervision order has been made who, during the currency of such order,—

- (a) without reasonable excuse fails to report at the place specified in his identification book on any date therein specified;
- (b) without reasonable excuse fails to report at the place specified in his identification book, a change of residence within forty-eight hours of such change;
- (c) refuses or omits to furnish any particulars which he is required to furnish by this Ordinance, or furnishes any false particulars;
- (d) without reasonable excuse fails to produce his identification book when required to do so under the provisions of this Ordinance;

Offences.

(e) has in his possession an identification book which has, without lawful authority, been defaced or otherwise altered,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of five thousand dollars and imprisonment for two years.

(2) Any person against whom a police supervision order has been made under subsection (3) of section 3 shall during the currency of such order, be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of five thousand dollars and imprisonment for two years in the following circumstances or any of them—

- (a) if on his being charged by a police officer with getting his livelihood by dishonest means and being brought before a magistrate, it appears to a magistrate that there are reasonable grounds for believing that he is getting his livelihood by dishonest means; or
- (b) if he is found in any place, whether public or private, in such circumstances as to satisfy the magistrate before whom he is brought that he was about to commit or to aid in the commission of any offence or was waiting for an opportunity to commit or aid in the commission of any offence; or
- (c) if he is found in or upon any dwelling house, or any building, yard or premises, being parcel of and attached to such dwelling house or in or upon any shop, warehouse, counting-house or other place of business, or in any garden, orchard, pleasure ground or nursery ground, or in any building or erection in any garden, orchard, pleasure ground or nursery ground, without being able to account to the satisfaction of the magistrate before whom he is brought for his being found on such premises.

Presump-  
tion as  
to change  
of residence.

**13.** For the purposes of this Ordinance a person against whom a police supervision order has been made who is absent for two consecutive nights from his registered place of residence shall be deemed to have changed his place of residence.

Evidence.

**14.** In any legal proceedings—

- (a) a police supervision order, signed by the Clerk of Councils, the Colonial Secretary, a judge or a magistrate, or a copy of such order certified by the Clerk of Councils, the Colonial Secretary, a judge or a magistrate, shall be

deemed to be conclusive evidence that the order was duly and validly made and issued against the person named in the order and that the order was made on the date therein specified;

- (b) any document which purports to be a police supervision order and to be signed by the Clerk of Councils, the Colonial Secretary, a judge or a magistrate, and any document which purports to be a copy of such order and to be certified by the Clerk of Councils, the Colonial Secretary, a judge or a magistrate, shall, until the contrary is proved be deemed respectively to be such an order signed by the Clerk of Councils, the Colonial Secretary, a judge or a magistrate or to be a copy of such an order certified by the Clerk of Councils, the Colonial Secretary, a judge or a magistrate;
- (c) an endorsement in Form 7 in the Second Schedule on any original police supervision order purporting to be signed by a police officer or by a police interpreter shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed sufficient evidence that a copy of the said order was duly served on and explained to the person named in such order as stated in such endorsement;
- (d) an endorsement on a police supervision order under section 5 purporting to be signed by the Commissioner of Prisons and an endorsement on a police supervision order under subsection (2) of section 9 purporting to be signed by a police officer shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed to be sufficient evidence of the matters set forth therein;
- (e) an entry in the identification book of a person against whom a police supervision order has been made purporting to show that a date and place has been appointed for the purpose of reporting, shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed sufficient evidence that the date and place endorsed on such identification book was the date and place appointed at which such person should attend and report;
- (f) it shall, until the contrary is proved, be presumed that the thumbprints on any police supervision order are those of the person against whom the order was made;

Second  
Schedule.  
Form 7.

(g) a certificate purporting to be signed by a police officer in charge of a police station and certifying that it appears from the records kept at that police station that a person against whom a police supervision order has been made has failed to register a place of residence or make a report or has registered a particular place of residence at that police station or certifying that it appears from such records that an alien against whom a police supervision order has been made has declared his intention of departing permanently from the Colony shall be evidence of the facts so certified.

Repeal and savings.  
(Cap. 224).  
(Cap. 224).

15. The Police Supervision Ordinance is hereby repealed :

Provided that nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to render invalid a supervision order made under the Police Supervision Ordinance so repealed, and any such supervision order which is still in force at the commencement of this Ordinance shall be deemed to have been made under and subject to the provisions of this Ordinance.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

[s. 3(3)]

- 1. Piracy Jure Gentium.
- 2. Conspiracy to defraud.
- (1 of 1951). 3. The Protection of Women and Juveniles Ordinance—sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 26.
- (Cap. 134). 4. The Dangerous Drugs Ordinance—sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 22(1)(c) (d) and (e).
- (Cap. 151). 5. The Societies Ordinance—sections 10, 11, 12, 12A, 12B and 15(2).
- (Cap. 204). 6. Any offence under the Coinage Offences Ordinance.
- (Cap. 205). 7. The Criminal Intimidation Ordinance—section 3.
- (Cap. 209). 8. Any offence under the Forgery Ordinance.
- (Cap. 210). 9. The Larceny Ordinance—sections 4, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51 and 52.
- (Cap. 211). 10. The Malicious Damage Ordinance—sections 10, 11 and 40.
- (Cap. 212). 11. The Offences against the Person Ordinance—sections 5, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 42, 43 and 44.
- (Cap. 215). 12. Any offence under the Prevention of Corruption Ordinance.
- (Cap. 218). 13. The Suppression of Piracy Ordinance—sections 2, 3, 4 and 5.
- (Cap. 238). 14. The Arms and Ammunition Ordinance—section 4.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

[s. 4]

FORM 1.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDER.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDINANCE.

(Ordinance No. 12 of 1956).

Council Chamber, Victoria, in the Colony of Hong Kong, the ..... day of ....., 19.....

WHEREAS the Governor in Council has found under the provisions of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance that ..... is a person liable to deportation;

AND WHEREAS it appears to the Governor in Council that the said person should, in lieu of being deported, be subject to police supervision;

The Governor in Council, in exercise of the powers vested in him by subsection (1) of section 3 of the Police Supervision Ordinance, 1956, doth hereby order that the said person be subject to police supervision for a period of .....

Clerk of Councils.

FORM 2.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDER.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDINANCE.

(Ordinance No. 12 of 1956).

Council Chamber, Victoria, in the Colony of Hong Kong, the ..... day of ....., 19.....

In exercise of the powers vested in him by subsection (2) of section 3 of the Police Supervision Ordinance, 1956, the Governor in Council doth hereby, upon the rescission, under the provisions of section 17A of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance, of a deportation order made against ..... on the ..... day of ..... 19 ....., order that the said ..... be subject to police supervision for a period of .....

Clerk of Councils.

FORM 3.  
POLICE SUPERVISION ORDER.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDINANCE.  
(Ordinance No. 12 of 1956).

Colonial Secretariat, Victoria, in the Colony of Hong Kong, the ..... day of ....., 19.....

In exercise of the powers vested in him by subsection (2) of section 3 of the Police Supervision Ordinance, 1956, the Governor doth hereby, upon the rescission, under the provisions of section 17A of the Deportation of Aliens Ordinance, of a deportation order made against ..... on the ..... day of ....., 19....., order that the said ..... be subject to police supervision for a period of .....

By Command,

*Colonial Secretary.*

FORM 4.  
POLICE SUPERVISION ORDER.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDINANCE.  
(Ordinance No. 12 of 1956).

In the Supreme Court of Hong Kong. Case No. ....  
District  
Before ..... (Judge).

WHEREAS ..... (hereinafter called the defendant) was this day convicted before me of the following offence, namely, .....

It is hereby ordered under subsection (3) of section 3 of the Police Supervision Ordinance, 1956, that the defendant, in addition to the penalty of ..... this day inflicted by me upon him for the said offence, be subject to police supervision for a period of .....

Dated the ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....  
(Judge).

FORM 5.  
POLICE SUPERVISION ORDER.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDINANCE.  
(Ordinance No. 12 of 1956).

In the Magistrate's Court sitting at ....., Hong Kong.

Case No. ....

Before ..... Magistrate.

WHEREAS ..... (hereinafter called the defendant) was this day convicted before me of the following offence, namely, .....

It is hereby ordered under subsection (3) of section 3 of the Police Supervision Ordinance, 1956, that the defendant, in addition to the penalty of ..... this day inflicted by me upon him for the said offence, be subject to police supervision for a period of .....

Dated the ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....  
Magistrate.

FORM 6.  
POLICE SUPERVISION ORDER.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDINANCE.  
(Ordinance No. 12 of 1956).

In the Magistrate's Court sitting at ....., Hong Kong.

Case No. ....

Before ..... Magistrate.

WHEREAS ..... was this day ordered by me to execute a bond for his good behaviour for a period of ..... under subsection (3) of section 8 of the Public Order Ordinance;

AND WHEREAS it appears to me that the above-named person should also be subject to police supervision;

It is hereby ordered under subsection (4) of section 3 of the Police Supervision Ordinance, 1956, that the above-named person be subject to police supervision for a period of .....

Dated the ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....  
Magistrate.

FORM 7.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDER.

POLICE SUPERVISION ORDINANCE.

(Ordinance No. 12 of 1956).

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that on the ..... day of ..... 19....., at ..... a.m./p.m. I served a copy of the within order on ..... in the ..... language, and that I explained the order to him and satisfied myself that he understood it.

Dated the ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....  
*Police Interpreter (or as the case may be).*

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 28th day of March, 1956.

*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 11/3231/56)

**HONG KONG**

No. 13 OF 1956.



I assent.

*Governor.*

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Arms and Ammunition Ordinance, Chapter 238.

[27th April, 1956.]

Be it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Arms and Ammunition (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956. Short title.
- 2. This Ordinance shall be deemed to have had effect as from the 1st day of September, 1955. Commencement.
- 3. Section 18A of the Arms and Ammunition Ordinance is amended by the deletion therefrom of subsection (1) and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of section 18A. (Cap. 238).

“(1) Subject to the provisions for forfeiture contained in sections 31 and 32, and subject to the further provisions of this section, the Commissioner of Police may store arms

or ammunition which are on the 1st day of September, 1955, in, or which shall thereafter come into, the hands of the police, and may charge fees therefor.”.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.



Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 14/3231/55)

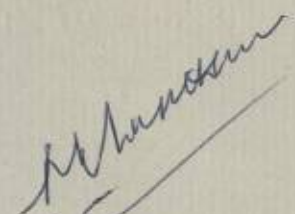


**HONG KONG**

NO. 14 OF 1956.



I assent.

  
Governor.

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Entertainments Tax Ordinance, Chapter 110.

[1st April, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Entertainments Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956, and shall be deemed to have had effect as from the 1st day of April, 1956.

Short title and commencement.

2. Section 2 of the Entertainments Tax Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the addition after the definition of “admission to the entertainment” of the following definition—

Amendment of section 2. (Cap. 110).

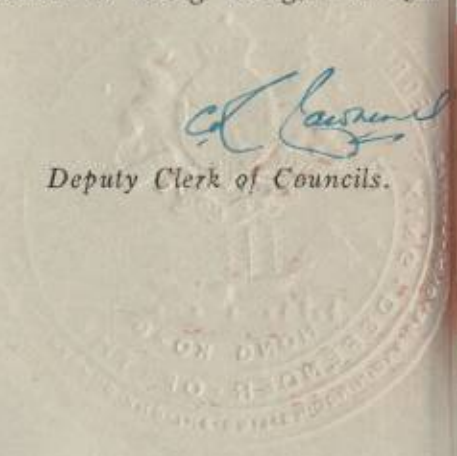
“ “Collector” means the Collector of Stamp Revenue appointed under section 2 of the Stamp Ordinance or an assistant collector; ”.

(Cap. 117).

Sub-  
stitution of  
"Collector"  
for  
"Financial  
Secretary"  
in principal  
Ordinance.

3. Wherever in the principal Ordinance the words "Financial Secretary" occur, there shall be substituted the word—  
"Collector".


Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.

  
*C. A. Caswell*  
Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 12/3231/50)

**HONG KONG**

No. 15 OF 1956.

  
I assent.

*M. H. ...*  
Governor.

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Public Dance-Halls Tax Ordinance, Chapter 115.

[1st April, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Dance-Halls Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956, and shall be deemed to have had effect as from the 1st day of April, 1956. Short title and commencement.

2. Section 2 of the Public Dance-Halls Tax Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the insertion therein before the definition of "dancing partner" of the following definition— Amendment of section 2. (Cap. 115).

"Collector" means the Collector of Stamp Revenue appointed under section 2 of the Stamp Ordinance or an assistant collector;". (Cap. 117).

Substitution of "Collector" for "Accountant General" in principal Ordinance.

3. Wherever in the principal Ordinance the words "Accountant General" occur, there shall be substituted the word—  
"Collector".

Addition of new section 7A.

4. The principal Ordinance is amended by the addition, after section 7, of the following new section—

"Collection of tax. **7A.** The Collector shall be responsible for the collection of the taxes payable under this Ordinance."

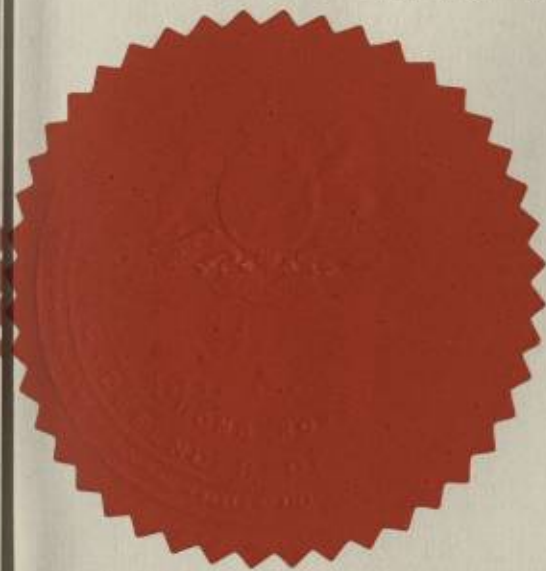
Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 32/581/46)

**HONG KONG**

No. 16 OF 1956.



I assent.

Governor.

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to validate undertakings for reclamation and other works over and upon unleased Crown foreshore and seabed situate at Chai Wan, Kun Tong Bay and Cheung Sha Wan, and to authorize, subject to the definitive approval of the Governor in Council, further undertakings for reclamation and other works in the same situations.

[27th April, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Reclamations and Works (Chai Wan, Kun Tong Bay and Cheung Sha Wan) Ordinance, 1956. Short title.

2. (1) All public and private rights of navigation or fishing and all public and private rights of access, user, possession or occupation and all other public or private rights (if any) in, upon and over the Crown foreshore, seabed and land occupied by the undertakings in progress set out in Part I of the Schedule, and existing prior to the commencement thereof, shall be deemed to Validation of undertaking in progress and extinguishment of rights. Schedule Part I.

have been extinguished and to have ceased to exist on such commencement; and such undertakings are validated for all purposes notwithstanding that such works may have been undertaken or commenced without regard to such rights (if any) and without the authority of any enactment extinguishing such rights.

(2) Save as is provided by this Ordinance, no claim shall at any time be made or action brought or continued in respect of the extinguishment under this section in whole or in part of any public or private right or the injurious affection of any land or other property resulting therefrom.

Director of Public Works given provisional authority to construct undertaking. Schedule Part II.

3. The Director of Public Works is authorized provisionally and subject to the definitive approval of the Governor in Council to construct the undertakings set out in Part II of the Schedule.

Provisions for compensation to apply to undertaking in progress. (40 of 1936).

4. The provisions for compensation set out in sections 7, 8 and 9 of the Public Reclamations Validation and Clauses Ordinance, 1936, shall apply to the undertakings in progress validated under section 2 of this Ordinance as if such undertakings in progress were to receive definitive approval at the same time as the undertakings now authorized to be carried out subject to such approval.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

*Undertaking in Progress.*

(a) A reclamation on Chai Wan of approximately 8.6 acres of Crown foreshore and seabed, the limits and extent of which being shown and delineated in blue on a plan numbered P. 1693 signed by the Director of Public Works and deposited in the Land Office.

(b) A reclamation in Kun Tong Bay of approximately 48 acres of Crown foreshore and seabed, the limits and extent of which being shown and delineated in blue on a plan numbered P. 1694 signed by the Director of Public Works and deposited in the Land Office.

(c) A reclamation at Cheung Sha Wan of approximately 33 acres of Crown foreshore and seabed, the limits and extent of which being shown and delineated in blue on a plan numbered P. 1695 signed by the Director of Public Works and deposited in the Land Office.

PART II.

*Undertaking Now Authorized.*

(a) A reclamation of the remainder of Chai Wan of approximately 17 acres of Crown foreshore and seabed bounded by a sea wall of approximately 1,800 ft. in length across the bay in a north-westerly to south-easterly direction in which there is an opening of 100 ft. long to an enclosed typhoon shelter of approximately 4½ acres, and the high water mark of the area of the bay so enclosed, the limits and extent of such reclamation being shown and delineated in red on a plan numbered P. 1693 signed by the Director of Public Works and deposited in the Land Office.

(b) A reclamation in Kun Tong Bay of approximately 41.3 acres of Crown foreshore and seabed extending in a nullah wall from high water mark in a south-westerly direction for a distance of approximately 1,350 ft. thence in a sea wall in a north-westerly direction for a distance of approximately 1,300 ft.; thence in a generally north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,150 ft.; thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,600 ft. back to the nullah wall, the limits and extent of such reclamation being shown and delineated in red on a plan numbered P. 1694 signed by the Director of Public Works and deposited in the Land Office.

(c) A reclamation in Cheung Sha Wan of approximately 34.4 acres extending by an extension of the sea wall in a north-westerly direction for a distance of approximately 750 ft.; thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of approximately 1,900 ft.; thence in a south-easterly direction at high water mark for a distance of approximately 750 ft.; thence in a south-westerly direction back to the sea wall for a distance of approximately 1,900 ft.; the limits and extent of such reclamation being shown and delineated in red on a plan numbered P. 1695 signed by the Director of Public Works and deposited in the Land Office.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.

*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

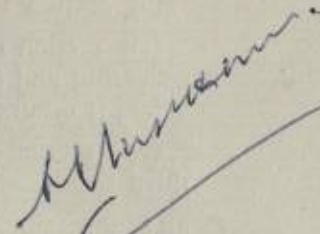
(Secretariat 1/3151/53)

**HONG KONG**

No. 17 OF 1956.



I assent.

  
Governor.

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Public Health (Animals and Birds)  
Ordinance, Chapter 139.

[27th April, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the  
advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as  
follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Health Short title.  
(Animals and Birds) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956.

2. The Public Health (Animals and Birds) Ordinance Amendment  
(hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended— of principal  
Ordinance.  
(Cap. 139).

(a) by the deletion of the words "by law" and "by-laws"  
wherever occurring and the substitution therefor in each  
case of the words "regulation" and "regulations"  
respectively; and

(b) by the deletion from—

(i) the definitions of "authorized landing place", "disease" and "segregation place" in subsection (1) of section 2 of the word "Council";

(ii) the marginal note to section 7 of the word "Council";

(iii) section 7 and from the heading immediately above that section of the words "Urban Council" wherever occurring;

(iv) section 8 and from the marginal note thereto of the word "Council";

(v) section 11 of the word "Council";

(vi) section 12 of the words "Urban Council" wherever occurring and of the word "Council" in the second place where it occurs; and

(vii) section 15 of the word "Council" in the first and third places where it occurs, and the substitution therefor in each case of the following—

"Director".

3. Section 2 of the principal Ordinance is amended—

(a) by the deletion of the definition of "Council" in subsection (1) and the substitution therefor of the following definitions—

"dairy" includes any farm, cowshed, milk store or other place from which milk is supplied on or for sale or in which milk is kept or used for purposes of sale or manufacture into butter, cheese, dried milk or condensed milk for sale and, in the case of a purveyor of milk who does not occupy any premises for the sale of milk, includes the place where he keeps the vessels used by him for the sale of milk, but does not include a shop from which milk is supplied only in the properly closed and unopened receptacles in which it was delivered to the shop, or a shop or other place in which milk is sold for consumption on the premises only;

Amendment  
of section  
2.

"Director" means the Director of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry;

(b) by the insertion after the definition of "litter" of the following definition—

"milk" includes cream and skimmed and separated milk;"; and

(c) by the deletion of the definition of "Senior Veterinary Officer" in subsection (1) and the substitution therefor of the following definition—

"Senior Veterinary Officer" includes any veterinary officer and assistant veterinary officer authorized by the Director to perform the duties of a Senior Veterinary Officer under this Ordinance;".

4. Section 3 of the principal Ordinance is amended—

Amendment  
of section  
3.

(a) by the deletion of the first twenty-five words and the substitution therefor of the following—

"The Governor in Council";

(b) by the insertion in paragraph (j) after the word "cattle-sheds" of the following—

", dairies"; and

(c) by the deletion from paragraph (n) of the word "one" and the substitution therefor of the following—

"two".

5. Section 4 of the principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of  
section 4.

6. Section 7 of the principal Ordinance is amended—

Amendment  
of section  
7.

(a) by the deletion from subsection (3) of the words "one hundred and twenty" and the substitution therefor of the following—

"three hundred"; and

(b) by the deletion from subsection (3) of the word "two" and the substitution therefor of the following—

"five".

Amendment  
of section  
9.

7. Section 9 of the principal Ordinance is amended—

- (a) by the deletion of the words "the Council" in the first place where they occur; and
- (b) by the deletion of the word "Council" in the second place where it occurs and the substitution therefor of the following—

"Senior Veterinary Officer".

Amendment  
of section  
11.

8. Section 11 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion from subsection (1) of the word "one" and the substitution therefor of the following—

"two".

Amendment  
of section  
15.

9. Section 15 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the word "Council" in the second place where it occurs and from the marginal note thereto, and the substitution therefor in each case of the following—

"Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry".

By-laws to  
be regula-  
tions.

10. All by-laws made under the principal Ordinance and in force on the coming into operation of this Ordinance shall have effect as if they were regulations made under the principal Ordinance as amended by this Ordinance, and may be rescinded, suspended, amended or added to by such regulations.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.



Deputy Clerk of Councils.

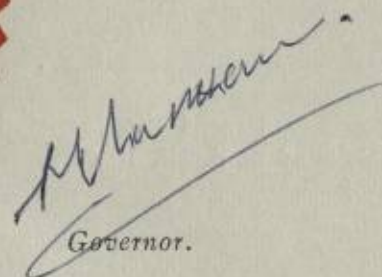
(Secretariat 27/3231/54)

**HONG KONG**

NO. 18 OF 1956.



I assent.



Governor.

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Dogs and Cats Ordinance, Chapter 167.

[27th April, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dogs and Cats Short title. (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956.

2. Section 2 of the Dogs and Cats Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by—

Amendment  
of section  
2.  
(Cap. 167).

(a) the insertion therein after the definition of "cat" of the following definition—

" "Director" means the Director of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry;";

and

(b) the deletion of the definition of "officer of the Sanitary Department", and the substitution therefor of the following definition—

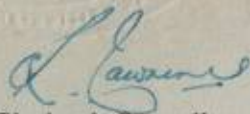
" "officer of the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry" includes any person working under the direction of the Director for the purpose of this Ordinance;"

Amendment  
of section  
5.

3. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion from subsection (1) of the words "Sanitary Department, or in respect of the New Territories any police officer or any officer duly authorized by the District Commissioner," and the substitution therefor of the following—

"Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry".

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.

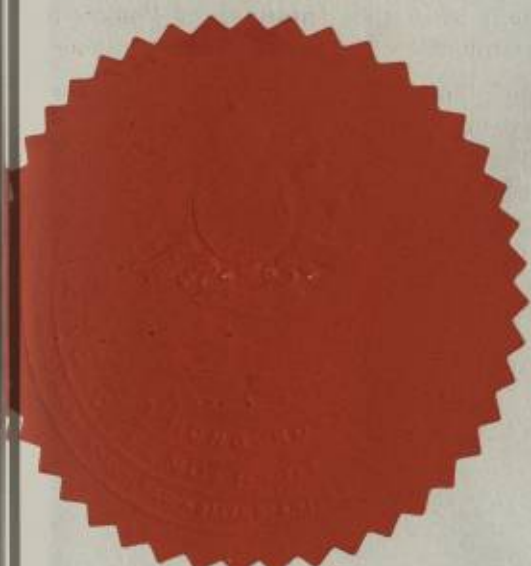


Deputy Clerk of Councils.

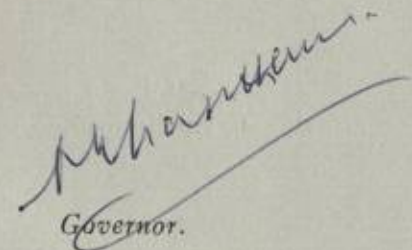
(Secretariat 27/3231/54)

**HONG KONG**

No. 19 OF 1956.



I assent.



Governor.

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Public Health (Food) Ordinance, Chapter 140.

[ ]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Health (Food) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

Short title  
and com-  
mencement.

2. The Public Health (Food) Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the deletion of the words "Sanitary Department" wherever occurring and the substitution therefor in each case of the following—

Amendment  
of principal  
Ordinance  
(Cap. 140).

"Urban Services Department".

Amendment  
of section  
2.

3. Section 2 of the principal Ordinance is amended by—

(a) the deletion of the definition of "dairy" and of the definition of "dairyman"; and

(b) the insertion therein after the definition of "officer of the Sanitary Department" of the following definition—

" "pasteurization plant" means any premises in or on which any machinery, apparatus or device for pasteurizing milk or cream is used for purposes of trade;".

Amendment  
of section  
5.

4. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion from paragraph (e) of the word "dairies", and the substitution therefor of the following—

"pasteurization plants".

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.



Deputy Clerk of Councils.

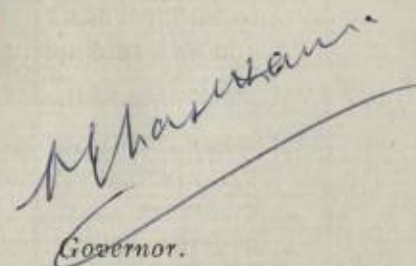
(Secretariat 27/3231/54)

**HONG KONG**

NO. 20 OF 1956.



I assent.



Governor.

26th April, 1956.

An Ordinance to establish a college within the University of Hong Kong styled the College of St. John the Evangelist, and to provide for the incorporation of the members thereof.

[27th April, 1956.]

WHEREAS it is desirable to establish a college within the University of Hong Kong, styled the College of St. John the Evangelist for the pursuit of virtue and sound learning with faith in God and within the order of the Anglican Communion; and to this end to provide accommodation for teachers and students of all races where they may live, study and worship together; and to promote extramural activities in Christian learning and service, that the members of the College may the better understand and fulfill their duty to God and their neighbours:

AND WHEREAS it is desirable to incorporate the members of the said College:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title. 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the St. John's College Ordinance, 1956.

Inter-pretation. 2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—

“College” means the College of St. John the Evangelist;

“Council” means the Council of the College established in accordance with the constitution;

“constitution” means the constitution set out in the Schedule and any subsequent amendments thereto;

“Master” means the Master of the College;

“Members” means the President, Master, Fellows, Honorary Fellows and Treasurer, the members of the Council, the graduates of the University who have been registered as undergraduate members of the College or of St. John's Hall or of St. Stephen's Hall and the undergraduates of the University registered as such and for the time being residing in the College;

“President” means the President of the College;

“rules” means rules made by the Council under section 7;

“Treasurer” means the Treasurer of the College;

“University” means the University of Hong Kong.

Establish-ment and incor-pora-tion. 3. There shall be established in the Colony a college affiliated to the University styled “the College of St. John the Evangelist” by which name the members of the College are hereby constituted a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal and with full power by and in such name to sue and be sued.

Powers. 4. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) the College shall have power to acquire, accept leases of, purchase, take, hold and enjoy any lands, buildings, messuages or tenements of what nature or kind so ever and wheresoever situated,

and also to invest moneys upon mortgage of any lands, buildings, messuages or tenements, or upon the mortgages, debentures, stocks, funds, shares or securities of any government, municipality, corporation, company or person, and also to purchase, acquire and possess vessels and other goods and chattels of what nature and kind soever.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) the College shall not acquire any immovable property in the Colony unless it shall previously have obtained the special consent of the Governor in Council in each case.

(3) The College shall further have power to grant, sell, convey, assign, surrender, exchange, partition, yield up, mortgage, demise, reassign, transfer and otherwise dispose of any lands, buildings, messuages, tenements, mortgages, debentures, stocks, funds, shares or securities, or vessels or other goods and chattels, which are for the time being vested in or belonging to the College, upon such terms as to the College may seem fit.

5. (1) All that piece or parcel of ground known and registered in the Land Office as Section A of Subsection 1 of Section B of Inland Lot No. 1216 and the dwellinghouses erected thereon known as Nos. 13 and 15 Babington Path (St. Stephen's Hall) together with all rights, easements and appurtenances thereto belonging now vested in the Trustees of the Church of England in the Diocese of Victoria Hong Kong (incorporated by the Church of England Trust Ordinance Cap. 277) upon trust for the Church Missionary Society is hereby transferred to and vested in the College for the unexpired residue of the term of years created by the Crown Lease of Inland Lot No. 1216 subject to the payment of the due proportion of the rent and the performance of the covenants and conditions reserved by and contained in the Crown Lease so far as the same are applicable thereto. Vesting of property.

(2) All debentures, stocks, funds, shares or securities, or vessels or other goods and chattels which at the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance are vested in or belong to the Councils of St. John's Hall and of St. Stephen's Hall attached to the University, and all moneys subscribed for the purposes of the College and all investments of such moneys and all interest, income and profits arising from such investments

and all securities therefor shall, at the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance, be transferred to and vested in the College.

(3) On the coming into operation of this Ordinance the College shall be liable for all debts and liabilities of the Councils of St. John's Hall and of St. Stephen's Hall attached to the University.

Government of College.

6. The College shall be governed, administered and managed in accordance with—

- (a) the provisions of this Ordinance, of the constitution and of the rules, and
- (b) the provisions of regulations made by the Senate of the University from time to time governing the residence, welfare and discipline of students.

Council.

7. (1) There shall be a Council, which shall be the governing body of the College.

(2) The Council shall exercise the powers set out in section 4 and in addition shall have power—

- (a) to appoint Fellows and Honorary Fellows;
- (b) to make, and from time to time, to alter rules for the administration, control and management of the College;
- (c) to provide the buildings, premises, furniture, and other requirements needed for the College;
- (d) to enter into, vary, carry out, and cancel contracts on behalf of the College;
- (e) to select a seal for the College;
- (f) to prescribe fees;
- (g) to prescribe the duties of all officers whom it may appoint and to fix their remuneration and the terms and conditions of their appointments;
- (h) to fix the financial year;
- (i) to do all such other acts and things as may be requisite to give effect to the powers conferred on the Council by this Ordinance.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of paragraph (b) of subsection (2), the power therein shall include power to make and alter rules for—

(a) the election of members to the Council:

Provided that rules made under this subsection shall make due provision for the representation on the Council of the graduate members of the College and of St. John's and St. Stephen's Halls;

(b) entry, residence and discipline of students.

8. The Master and Fellows shall constitute the administrative authority of the College and, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance and the rules and to the financial control of the Council, shall have the regulation of the internal management of the College.

Administrative authority.

9. The Council and the Master and Fellows respectively may establish such committees with such membership as they think fit.

Committees.

10. (1) All deeds and other instruments requiring the corporate seal of the College shall be sealed in the presence of two of the following persons, namely the President, the Master and the Treasurer, and shall be signed by the persons in whose presence they are sealed, and such signing shall be taken as sufficient evidence of due sealing of such deeds and other written instruments.

Execution of documents.

(2) All deeds, instruments and other documents and writings requiring the signature of the College shall be signed by two of the persons specified in subsection (1).

11. No dividend or bonus shall be paid and no gift or division of money shall be made by or on behalf of the College to or among any of the members except by way of prize, reward or special grant.

Prohibition of payments to members.

12. The constitution of the Council as set out in the Schedule may be amended or altered by resolution of the Council provided that—

Amendments and alterations.

(a) any such resolution shall be passed by not less than two thirds of the members of the Council and shall be

approved in writing by the Visitor of the College, by the Bishop of Victoria, Hong Kong and by the Council of the University.

- (b) any amendment or alteration to the constitution shall be submitted to the Governor in Council who may approve or disallow the same. Any amendment or alteration approved by the Governor in Council shall be published in the *Gazette* of the Government of Hong Kong and shall, unless otherwise provided come into operation on the day of such publication.

Registration of documents with Registrar of Companies.

13. (1) The College shall forward to the Registrar of Companies for registration—

- (a) notice of the address of the registered office of the College and any change thereto; and
- (b) the names and addresses of the Master and Treasurer and any change thereto.

(2) Notification in accordance with subsection (1) shall be made within twenty-eight days of the coming into force of this Ordinance or within twenty-eight days of any change, as the case may be.

(3) Any person may inspect any of the documents registered under this section.

(4) A fee of five dollars shall be payable for registering any document under this section.

(5) A fee of one dollar shall be payable for inspecting the documents registered under this section.

Saving.

14. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect or be deemed to affect the rights of Her Majesty the Queen, Her Heirs or Successors, or the rights of any body politic or corporate or of any other persons except such as are mentioned in this Ordinance and those claiming by, from or under them.

SCHEDULE.

*Constitution of the College.*

Visitor.

1. The President of the Church Missionary Society shall be the Visitor of the College.

Council.

2. Council shall consist of—

- (a) the following members *ex officio*—
  - the President, who shall be Chairman;
  - the Master;
  - the Treasurer;
  - the Fellows not being honorary fellows;
  - the Vicar of St. Stephen's Church in Pokfulam;
  - the Secretary of the Church Missionary Society, South China Mission, or a person nominated by him;
- (b) the following appointed members—
  - one man and one woman being former residents of the College, appointed by the Association(s) of alumnae and alumni;
  - four principals of Anglican secondary Schools in the Diocese of Victoria, Hong Kong, appointed by the Bishop of Victoria, Hong Kong, for a period of two years at a time;
- (c) two other members as may be elected by the Council.

3. (1) There shall be the following officers of the College, namely, the President, the Master, the Treasurer and such other officers as may be designated by the rules. Officers.

- (2) The President shall be the principal officer.
- (3) The Bishop of Victoria, Hong Kong, shall be the President.
- (4) The Master shall be the chief administrative officer.
- (5) The Master, the Treasurer, and the other officers designated as such by the rules, shall be appointed by the Council in accordance with the rules and the Council may revoke any such appointment.
- (6) The Master shall be appointed only after consultation with the Senate of the University of Hong Kong.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 25th day of April, 1956.

*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 8/3231/56)

**HONG KONG**

No. 21 OF 1956.



I assent.

*[Handwritten signature]*  
Governor.

10th May, 1956.

An Ordinance further to amend the Pensions Ordinance, Chapter 89.

[11th May, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions (Amend- Short title ment) Ordinance, 1956.
2. Subsection (2) of section 5 of the Pensions Ordinance is amended by—
  - (a) the deletion of the semi-colon after the word "withheld" and the substitution therefor of a full stop;

Amendment  
of  
subsection  
(2) of  
section 5.  
(Cap. 89).

(b) the deletion after the word "withheld" of the following—

"and if an officer is dismissed from the service of this Colony for such negligence, irregularity or misconduct, no pension, gratuity or other allowance shall be granted, unless in any special case the Governor in Council with the approval of the Secretary of State otherwise directs and any such direction may, irrespective of the wishes of the officer concerned, also determine whether a pension so granted shall be awarded in the form of a reduced pension and gratuity."

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 9th day of May, 1956.



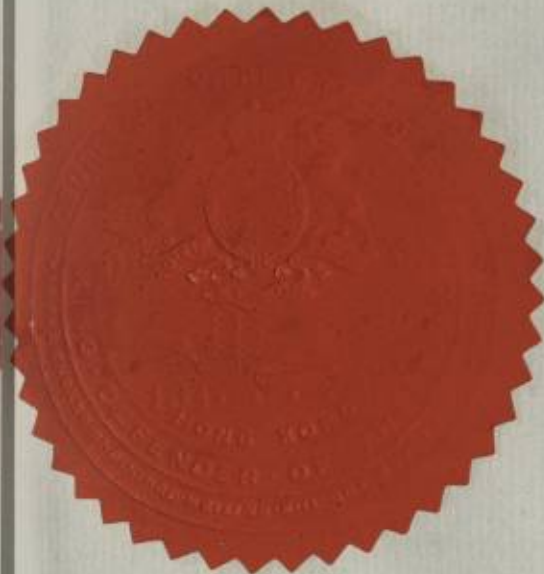
*A. Lawrence*

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 7/4366/51)

**HONG KONG**

No. 22 OF 1956.



I assent.

*M. H. M. M. M.*  
Governor.

10th May, 1956.

An Ordinance to make provision for the adoption of children.

[ ]

Be it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Adoption Ordinance, 1956, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by proclamation in the *Gazette*. Short title and commencement.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.  
"adoption order" has the meaning assigned to it by section 3;

“Court” means the Supreme Court;

“father”, in relation to an illegitimate infant, means the natural father;

“general register office” means the office of the Registrar;

“infant” means a person under twenty-one years of age, but does not include a person who is or has been married;

“interim order” means an order under section 8;

“parent” in relation to a child who is illegitimate, means his mother, to the exclusion of his father;

(Cap. 174).  
(Cap. 175). “registers of births” means the register books of births kept in compliance with the provisions of the Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance and the Births Registration (Special Registers) Ordinance;

“Registrar” means the Registrar of Births and Deaths;

“relative”, in relation to an infant, means a grandparent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt, whether of the full blood, of the half-blood or by affinity, and includes—

- (a) where an adoption order has been made in respect of the infant or any other person under this Ordinance, any person who would be a relative of the infant within the meaning of this definition if the adopted person were the child of the adopter born in lawful wedlock;
- (b) where the infant is illegitimate, the father of the infant and any person who would be a relative of the infant within the meaning of this definition if the infant were the legitimate child of his mother and father.

*Making of adoption orders.*

Power to make adoption orders.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, the Court may, upon an application made in the prescribed manner, make an order (in this Ordinance referred to as an adoption order) authorizing the applicant to adopt an infant.

(2) An adoption order may be made on the application of two spouses authorizing them jointly to adopt an infant.

(3) An adoption order may be made authorizing the adoption of an infant by the mother or father of the infant, either alone or jointly with her or his spouse.

4. (1) An adoption order shall not be made in respect of an infant unless the applicant or, in the case of a joint application, one of the applicants—

Restrictions on making adoption orders.

- (a) has attained the age of twenty-five and is at least twenty-one years older than the infant; or
- (b) has attained the age of twenty-one and is a relative of the infant; or
- (c) is the mother or father of the infant.

(2) Subject to the provisions of section 10, an adoption order shall not be made in respect of an infant who is a female in favour of a sole applicant who is a male, unless the Court is satisfied that there are special circumstances which justify as an exceptional measure the making of an adoption order.

(3) Except as provided by subsection (2) of section 3, an adoption order shall not be made authorizing more than one person to adopt an infant.

(4) Subject to the provisions of sections 5 and 10, an adoption order shall not be made—

- (a) in any case, except with the consent of every person who is a parent or guardian of the infant or who is liable by virtue of any order or agreement to contribute to the maintenance of the infant; or
- (b) on the application of one of two spouses, except with the consent of the other spouse.

(5) An adoption order shall not be made in respect of any infant unless the applicant and the infant reside in the Colony.

(6) An adoption order shall not be made in respect of any infant unless—

- (a) the infant has been continuously in the care and possession of the applicant for at least six consecutive months immediately preceding the date of the order; and

(b) the applicant has, at least six months before the date of the order, notified the Social Welfare Officer of his intention to apply for an adoption order in respect of the infant.

Consent to adoption.

5. (1) The Court may dispense with any consent required by paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 4 if it is satisfied—

- (a) in the case of a parent or guardian of the infant, that he has abandoned, neglected or persistently ill-treated the infant;
- (b) in the case of a person liable by virtue of an order or agreement to contribute to the maintenance of the infant, that he has persistently neglected or refused so to contribute;
- (c) in any case, that the person whose consent is required cannot be found or is incapable of giving his consent or that his consent is unreasonably withheld,

or if it is of opinion that such consent ought, in all the circumstances of the case, to be dispensed with.

(2) The Court may dispense with the consent of the spouse of an applicant for an adoption order if satisfied that the person whose consent is to be dispensed with cannot be found or is incapable of giving the consent or that the spouses have separated and are living apart and that the separation is likely to be permanent, or if it is of opinion that such consent ought, in all the circumstances of the case, to be dispensed with.

(3) The consent of any person to the making of an adoption order in pursuance of an application may be given (either unconditionally or subject to conditions with respect to the religious persuasion in which the infant is to be brought up) without knowing the identity of the applicant for the order; and where consent so given by any person is subsequently withdrawn on the ground only that he does not know the identity of the applicant, his consent shall be deemed for the purposes of this section to be unreasonably withheld.

(4) While an application for an adoption order in respect of an infant is pending in any Court, any parent or guardian of the infant who has signified his consent to the making of an adoption

order in pursuance of the application shall not be entitled, except with the leave of the Court, to remove the infant from the care and possession of the applicant; and in considering whether to grant or refuse such leave the Court shall have regard to the welfare of the infant.

6. (1) Where any person whose consent to the making of an adoption order is required by paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 4 does not attend in the proceedings for the purpose of giving it, then, subject to the provisions of subsection (3), a document signifying his consent to the making of such an order shall, if the person in whose favour the order is to be made is named in the document or (where the identity of that person is not known to the consenting party) is distinguished therein in the prescribed manner, be admissible as evidence of that consent, whether the document is executed before or after the commencement of the proceedings.

Evidence of consent of parent or guardian.

(2) Where any such document is attested by a justice of the peace (or, if executed outside the Colony, by a person of any such class as may be prescribed), the document shall be admissible as aforesaid without further proof of the signature of the person by whom it is executed; and for the purposes of this subsection, a document purporting to be attested as aforesaid shall be deemed to be so attested, and to be executed and attested on the date and at the place specified therein, unless the contrary is proved.

(3) A document signifying the consent of the mother of an infant shall not be admissible under this section unless—

- (a) the infant is at least six weeks old on the date of the execution of the document; and
- (b) the document is attested on that date by a justice of the peace or, as the case may be, by a person of a class prescribed for the purposes of subsection (2).

7. (1) The Court before making an adoption order shall be satisfied—

Functions of Court as to adoption orders.

- (a) that every person whose consent is necessary under this Ordinance, and whose consent is not dispensed with, has consented to and understands the nature and effect of the adoption order for which application is made, and in

particular in the case of any parent understands that the effect of the adoption order will be permanently to deprive him or her of his or her parental rights;

- (b) that the order if made will be for the welfare of the infant, due consideration being for this purpose given to the wishes of the infant, having regard to the age and understanding of the infant; and
- (c) that the applicant has not received or agreed to receive, and that no person has made or given or agreed to make or give to the applicant, any payment or other reward in consideration of the adoption except such as the Court may sanction.

(2) The Court in an adoption order may impose such terms and conditions as the Court may think fit, and in particular may require the adopter by bond or otherwise to make for the infant such provision (if any) as in the opinion of the Court is just and expedient.

Interim orders.

8. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Court may, upon any application for an adoption order, postpone the determination of the application and make an interim order giving the custody of the infant to the applicant for a period not exceeding two years by way of a probationary period upon such terms as regards provision for the maintenance and education and supervision of the welfare of the infant and otherwise as the Court may think fit.

(2) All such consents as are required to an adoption order shall be necessary to an interim order but subject to a like power on the part of the Court to dispense with any such consent.

(3) An interim order shall not be made in any case where the making of an adoption order would be unlawful by virtue of subsection (6) of section 4.

(4) An interim order shall not be deemed to be an adoption order within the meaning of this Ordinance.

Adoption order in respect of infants previously adopted.

9. (1) An adoption order or an interim order may be made in respect of an infant who has already been the subject of an adoption order under this Ordinance.

(2) In relation to an application for an adoption order in respect of such an infant, the adopter or adopters under the previous or last previous adoption order shall be deemed to be the parent or parents of the infant for all the purposes of this Ordinance.

10. Where at the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance any infant is in the custody of, and being brought up, maintained and educated by any person or two spouses jointly as his, her or their own child under any *de facto* adoption, and has for a continuous period of not less than two years immediately before such commencement been in such custody, and been so brought up, maintained and educated the Court may, upon the application of such person or spouses, and notwithstanding that the applicant is a male and the infant a female, make an adoption order authorizing him, her or them to adopt the infant without requiring the consent of any parent or guardian of the infant to be obtained, upon being satisfied that in all the circumstances of the case it is just and equitable and for the welfare of the infant that no such consent should be required and that an adoption order should be made.

Provisions as to *de facto* adoptions.

11. (1) Rules in regard to any matter to be prescribed under this Ordinance and dealing generally with all matters of procedure and incidental matters arising out of this Ordinance and for carrying this Ordinance into effect shall be made under section 37 of the Supreme Court Ordinance.

Rules, etc.

(Cap. 4).

(2) Such rules may provide for applications for adoption orders being heard and determined otherwise than in open court.

(3) For the purpose of any application for an adoption order, the Court shall, subject to any rules under this section, appoint some person to act as guardian *ad litem* of the infant upon the hearing of the application with the duty of safeguarding the interests of the infant before the Court:

Provided that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any application made under section 10.

*Effects of adoption orders.*

12. (1) Upon an adoption order being made, all rights, duties, obligations and liabilities of the parents or guardians of the infant in relation to the future custody, maintenance and education of the infant, including all rights to appoint a guardian

Rights and duties of parents and capacity to marry.

to consent or give notice of dissent to marriage, shall be extinguished, and all such rights, duties, obligations and liabilities shall vest in and be exercisable by and enforceable against the adopter as if the infant were a child born to the adopter in lawful wedlock; and in respect of the matters aforesaid the infant shall stand to the adopter exclusively in the position of a child born to the adopter in lawful wedlock.

(2) In any case where two spouses are the adopters, the spouses shall in respect of the matters aforesaid, and for the purpose of the jurisdiction of any court whatsoever to make orders as to the custody and maintenance of and right of access to children, stand to each other and to the infant in the same relation as they would have stood if they had been the lawful father and mother of the infant and the infant shall stand to them respectively in the same relation as to a lawful father and mother respectively.

(3) For the purpose of the law relating to marriage, an adopter and the person whom he has been authorized to adopt under an adoption order shall be deemed to be within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity; and the provisions of this subsection shall continue to have effect notwithstanding that some person other than the adopter is authorized by a subsequent order to adopt the same infant.

Cessation of certain orders, etc.

**13.** (1) Where an adoption order is made in respect of an infant who is illegitimate, then, subject to the provisions of this section, any order or agreement whereby the father of the infant is required or has undertaken to make payments specifically for the benefit of the infant, shall cease to have effect, but without prejudice to the recovery of any arrears which are due under the order or agreement at the date of the adoption order.

(2) Where an infant to whom any such order or agreement as aforesaid relates is adopted by his mother, and the mother is a single woman, the order or agreement shall not cease to have effect by virtue of subsection (1) upon the making of the adoption order, but shall cease to have effect if she subsequently marries.

(3) Where an adoption order is made in respect of an infant in respect of whom an order is in force under section 35 of the Protection of Women and Juveniles Ordinance, 1951, committing the infant to the care of a person or institution, or under section 36 of that Ordinance regarding the control and custody of the infant, the last mentioned order shall cease to have effect.

(1 of 1951)

(4) Where an adoption order is made in respect of an infant of whom the legal guardianship is vested in the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Secretary for Chinese Affairs shall cease to be the legal guardian of the infant.

**14.** (1) Where, at any time after the making of an adoption order, the adopter or the adopted person or any other person dies intestate in respect of any property, that property shall devolve in all respects as if the adopted person were the child of the adopter born in lawful wedlock and were not the child of any other person.

Intestacies, wills and settlements

(2) In any disposition of property made, whether by instrument *inter vivos* or by will (including codicil), after the date of an adoption order—

(a) any reference (whether express or implied) to the child or children of the adopter shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as, or as including, a reference to the adopted person;

(b) any reference (whether express or implied) to the child or children of the adopted person's natural parents or either of them shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as not being, or as not including, a reference to the adopted person; and

(c) any reference (whether express or implied) to a person related to the adopted person in any degree shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as a reference to the person who would be related to him in that degree if he were the child of the adopter born in lawful wedlock and were not the child of any other person.

**15.** (1) Notwithstanding any rule of law, a disposition made by will or codicil executed before the date of an adoption order shall not be treated for the purposes of section 14 as made after that date by reason only that the will or codicil is confirmed by a codicil executed after that date.

Provisions supplementary to section 14.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in section 14, trustees or personal representatives may convey or distribute any property to or among the persons entitled thereto without having ascertained that no adoption order has been made by virtue of which any person is or may be entitled to any interest therein, and shall not be liable to any such person of whose claim they have not had

notice at the time of the conveyance or distribution; but nothing in this subsection shall prejudice the right of any such person to follow the property, or any property representing it, into the hands of any person, other than a purchaser, who may have received it.

(3) Where an adoption order is made in respect of a person who has been previously adopted, the previous adoption shall be disregarded for the purposes of section 14 in relation to the devolution of any property on the death of a person dying intestate after the date of the subsequent adoption order and in relation to any disposition of property made after that date.

*Registration of adoption orders.*

Adopted Children Register.

16. (1) The Registrar shall maintain at the general register office a register, to be called the Adopted Children Register, in which shall be made such entries as may be directed to be made therein by adoption orders, but no other entries.

(2) A certified copy of any entry in the Adopted Children Register, if purporting to be sealed or stamped with the seal of the general register office, shall, without any further or other proof of that entry, be received as evidence of the adoption to which it relates and, where the entry contains a record of the date of the birth or the country of the birth of the adopted person, shall also be received as aforesaid as evidence of that date or country in all respects as if the copy were a certified copy of an entry in the registers of births.

(3) The Registrar shall cause an index of the Adopted Children Register to be made and kept in the general register office; and every person shall be entitled to require a search to be made of that index and to have a certified copy of any entry in the Adopted Children Register in all respects upon and subject to the same terms, conditions and regulations as to payment of fees and otherwise as are applicable under the Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, in respect of searches in other indexes kept in the general register office and in respect of the supply from that office of certified copies of entries in the registers of births.

(4) The Registrar shall, in addition to the Adopted Children Register and the index thereof, keep such other registers and books, and make such entries therein, as may be necessary to

record and make traceable the connexion between any entry in the registers of births which has been marked "Adopted" pursuant to section 17 and any corresponding entry in the Adopted Children Register; but the registers and books kept under this subsection shall not be, nor shall any index thereof be, open to public inspection or search, nor, except under an order of the Court, shall the Registrar furnish any person with any information contained in or with any copy or extract from any such registers or books.

(5) Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance may make provision (Cap. 174) as to the duties to be performed by deputy registrars and assistant registrars appointed for the purposes of that Ordinance in the execution of this section and of section 17.

17. (1) Every adoption order shall contain a direction to the Registrar to make in the Adopted Children Register an entry in the form set out in the Schedule, and (subject to the provisions of subsection (2)), shall specify the particulars to be entered under the headings in columns 2 to 6 of that form.

Registration of adoptions. Schedule.

(2) For the purposes of compliance with the requirements of subsection (1)—

- (a) where the precise date of the infant's birth is not proved to the satisfaction of the Court, the Court shall determine the probable date of his birth and the date so determined shall be specified in the order as the date of his birth;
- (b) where the name or surname which the infant is to bear after the adoption differs from his original name or surname, the new name or surname shall be specified in the order instead of the original;

and where the country of birth of the infant is not proved to the satisfaction of the Court, the particulars of that country may, notwithstanding anything in that subsection, be omitted from the order and from the entry in the Adopted Children Register.

(3) Where upon any application to the Court for an adoption order in respect of an infant (not being an infant who has previously been the subject of an adoption order made by the Court) there is proved to the satisfaction of the Court the identity of the infant with a child to whom an entry in the registers of births

relates, any adoption order made in pursuance of the application shall contain a direction to the Registrar to cause the entry in the registers of births to be marked with the word "Adopted".

(4) Where an adoption order is made by the Court in respect of an infant who has previously been the subject of an adoption order made by the Court, the order shall contain a direction to the Registrar to cause the previous entry in the Adopted Children Register to be marked with the word "Re-adopted".

(5) The prescribed officer of the Court shall cause every adoption order to be communicated in the prescribed manner to the Registrar, and upon receipt of such communication the Registrar shall cause compliance to be made with the directions contained in the order both in regard to marking any entry in the registers of births with the word "Adopted", and in regard to making the appropriate entry in the Adopted Children Register.

Amendment of orders and rectification of Registers.

**18.** (1) The Court by which an adoption order has been made under this Ordinance may, on the application of the adopter or of the adopted person, amend the order by the correction of any error in the particulars contained therein; and where an adoption order is so amended, the prescribed officer of the Court shall cause the amendment to be communicated in the prescribed manner to the Registrar; and any necessary correction of or addition to the Adopted Children Register shall be made accordingly.

(2) Where an adoption order is quashed or an appeal against an adoption order allowed, the Court which made the order shall give directions to the Registrar to cancel any marking of an entry in the registers of births, and any entry in the Adopted Children Register, which was effected in pursuance of the order.

(3) A copy or extract of an entry in any register, being an entry the marking of which is cancelled under this section, shall be deemed to be an accurate copy if and only if both the marking and the cancellation are omitted therefrom.

*Miscellaneous.*

Supervision of infants.

**19.** (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), the Secretary for Chinese Affairs or any public officer authorized by him for the purposes of this section may visit and examine any

infant in respect of whom a notification has been given to the Social Welfare Officer under paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 4 and may enter and inspect any premises in which the Secretary for Chinese Affairs or such public officer has reason to believe such infant is being kept.

(2) The powers conferred by subsection (1) shall cease—

- (a) upon such notification being withdrawn; or
- (b) in the case of a male infant, upon an adoption order being made in respect of the infant; or
- (c) in the case of a female infant, upon the infant attaining twenty-one years of age.

(3) Any person who refuses to allow the Secretary for Chinese Affairs or officer authorized by him to make a visit, examination, entry or inspection in accordance with subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of two thousand dollars.

**20.** (1) Save with the sanction of the Court, no person shall make or give or agree to make or give, or receive or agree to receive, or attempt to obtain, any payment, remuneration or reward whatsoever in connexion, directly or indirectly, with the adoption or proposed adoption of an infant, except in consideration of the professional services of a qualified barrister or solicitor within the meaning of the Legal Practitioners Ordinance.

Prohibition of certain payments.

(Cap. 159).

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of two thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.

**21.** (1) Except with the written consent of the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, no advertisement shall be published indicating—

Restrictions upon advertisements.

- (a) that the parent or guardian of an infant desires to cause the infant to be adopted;
- (b) that a person desires to adopt an infant; or
- (c) that any person is willing to make arrangements for the adoption of an infant.

(2) Any person who causes to be published or knowingly publishes an advertisement in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of one thousand dollars.

Offences by corporations.

22. Where any offence under this Ordinance committed by a body corporate is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of, or to be attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, member of the committee, secretary or other officer of the body, he, as well as the body, shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Adoption under Chinese law and custom retained.

23. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect any adoption undertaken or to be undertaken under Chinese law and custom but, where any person has been adopted both under such law and custom and under this Ordinance, the provisions of this Ordinance shall prevail.

SCHEDULE. [s. 17.]

Form of Entry in Adopted Children Register.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No. of entry.	Date and country of birth of child.	Name and surname of child.	Sex of child.	Name and surname, address and occupation of adopter or adopters.	Date of adoption order and description of Court by which made.	Date of entry.	Signature of officer deputed by Registrar to attest the entry.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 9th day of May, 1956.

*A. Lawrence*

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 5/3221/48)

HONG KONG

No. 23 OF 1956.



I assent.

*M. H. M. M. M.*  
Governor.

10th May, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Air Armament Practice Ordinance, Chapter 194.

[1st July, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Air Armament Practice (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of July, 1956. Short title and commencement.

2. Section 4A of the Air Armament Practice Ordinance is amended by the deletion of subsection (2) and the substitution therefor of the following— Amendment of section 4A. (Cap. 194).

“(2) No practice shall take place—

(a) over the area described in paragraph (a) of the First Schedule on any Sunday, Monday or Wednesday;

First Schedule.

(b) over the area described in paragraph (b) of the First Schedule on any Sunday or Saturday;

(c) over the areas described in paragraphs (c) and (d) of the First Schedule on any day which is a general holiday:

Provided that the Governor in Council may permit practice to take place over the area described in paragraph (b) of the First Schedule on not more than six Sundays in any one calendar year."

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 9th day of May, 1956.

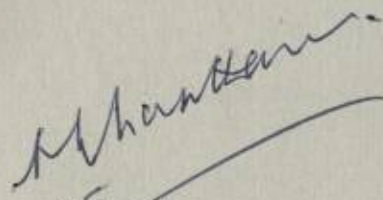
  
Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat L/M 5120/54)

**HONG KONG**

No. 24 OF 1956.

I assent.

  
Governor.

10th May, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Defences (Firing Areas) Ordinance, Chapter 196.

[1st July, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Defences (Firing Areas) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of July, 1956.

Short title and commencement.

2. Section 4 of the Defences (Firing Areas) Ordinance is amended—

Amendment of section 4. (Cap. 196).

(a) by the deletion in subsection (1) of the words "Firing Area B" and the substitution therefor of the following—

"the firing areas described in the First Schedule other than Firing Area E";

(b) by the deletion in subsection (3) of the words "Firing Area B" where they firstly appear and the substitution therefor of the following—

"any of the firing areas described in the First Schedule other than Firing Area E";

(c) by the deletion in subsection (3) of the following—

", in regard to Firing Area B,";

(d) by the deletion of subsection (6) and the substitution therefor of the following—

"(6) No practice firing under the provisions of this Ordinance shall take place over Firing Area A on any Sunday, Monday or Wednesday.";

(e) by the addition after subsection (6) of the following new subsections—

"(7) No practice firing under the provisions of this Ordinance shall take place over Firing Area B on any Sunday or Saturday.

(8) No practice firing under the provisions of this Ordinance shall take place over Firing Area C or D on any day which is a general holiday by virtue of the Holidays Ordinance.

(9) No practice firing under the provisions of this Ordinance shall take place over Firing Area E between half an hour before sunset and half an hour after sunrise."

(Cap. 149).

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 9th day of May, 1956.



Deputy Clerk of Councils.

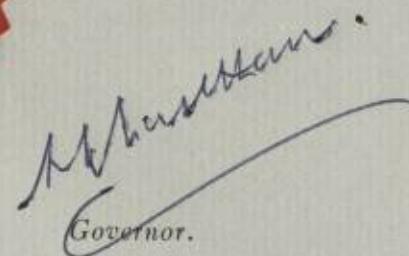
(Secretariat L/M 5120/54)

**HONG KONG**

No. 25 OF 1956.



I assent.



Governor.

10th May, 1956.

An Ordinance further to amend the Land Transactions (Enemy Occupation) Ordinance, Chapter 256.

[11th May, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

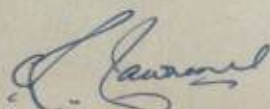
1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Land Transactions (Enemy Occupation) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1956. Short title.

2. Section 3 of the Land Transactions (Enemy Occupation) Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the deletion from subsection (2) of the words "for a period of eight years from the date of the commencement of this Ordinance". Amendment of section 3. (Cap. 256).

Repeal of  
section 4.

3. Section 4 of the principal Ordinance is repealed.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 9th day  
of May, 1956.



*Deputy Clerk of Councils.*

(Secretariat 4/741/52)

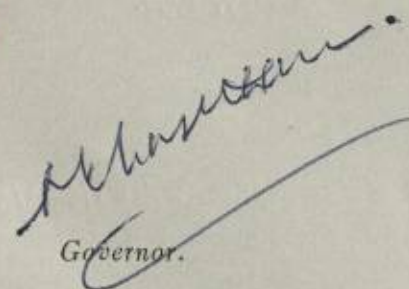


**HONG KONG**

No. 26 OF 1956.



I assent.



*Governor.*

10th May, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the Town Planning Ordinance, Chapter  
131.

[11th May, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice  
and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Town Planning Short title,  
(Amendment) Ordinance, 1956.

2. Section 5 of the Town Planning Ordinance (hereinafter  
referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by the addition  
at the end thereof of the following—

Amend-  
ment of  
section 5.  
(Cap. 131).

“The Board shall supply a copy of such plan to any  
person on payment of such fee as the Board may  
determine.”.

Amend-  
ment of  
section 10.

3. Section 10 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion therefrom of the words "and the Land Officer shall make a note thereof in the register relating to any parcel of land which appears to him to be affected thereby.", and the substitution therefor of the following—

"and shall be available for inspection without payment of any fee. The Land Officer shall cause to be posted and prominently displayed in the Land Office notices in English and Chinese directing attention thereto."

Amend-  
ment of  
section 11.

4. Section 11 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion therefrom of the final sentence.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 9th day of May, 1956.



*H. Lawrence*

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 1/5281/47)

**HONG KONG**

No. 27 OF 1956.



I assent.

*John M. M. M. M.*  
Governor.

10th May, 1956.

An Ordinance to amend the law relating to reclamations and other works of a public nature over and upon Crown foreshore and seabed.

[11th May, 1956.]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Reclamations Short title and Works Ordinance, 1956.

2. (1) Notification of every proposed reclamation or other works of a public nature over and upon Crown foreshore and seabed or Crown land covered with water in any tidal river or channel connected with the waters of the Colony (hereinafter referred to as an undertaking) shall be published—

Notification  
of proposed  
under-  
takings.

- (a) in three issues of the *Gazette*; and
- (b) in three issues of at least one English language and two Chinese language daily newspapers; and

- (c) by posting the same in the English and the Chinese language at some suitable place in the area to be occupied in connexion with such undertaking.
- (2) A notification under subsection (1) shall—
  - (a) describe the undertaking and specify the area to be occupied in connexion therewith; and
  - (b) contain a notice calling upon all persons having objections to the undertaking or any claims of private right in respect thereof to submit to the Director of Public Works before the expiration of such period, being not less than two months, as may be specified in such notice, such objections or claims in writing, specifying the nature thereof, together with an estimate of any loss which is alleged would be incurred by reason of any extinguishment of a private right.

Consideration and authorization of undertaking.

3. (1) The Governor in Council shall consider every proposed undertaking together with all objections and claims submitted and shall afford every person who has so submitted an objection or claim an opportunity of being heard in person or by counsel or solicitor.

(2) The Governor in Council may, after considering an undertaking and all objections and claims in accordance with subsection (1), authorize such undertaking with or without modifications thereof.

(3) A notification of such authorization together with a description of the undertaking and of the area to be occupied shall be published in the *Gazette*.

Commencement of undertaking.

4. No undertaking shall be commenced until after the publication of the authorization under subsection (3) of section 3.

Extinguishment of rights.

5. Upon publication of the authorization of an undertaking, all public and private rights of navigation or fishing and all public and private rights of access, user, possession or occupation, and all other public or private rights (if any) in, upon or over the Crown foreshore, seabed and land occupied by the undertaking shall be extinguished and cease to exist.

6. (1) No action shall be brought or continued in respect of the extinguishment under section 5, in whole or in part of any public or private right.

No action to lie on compensation may be claimed for extinguishment of private right.

(2) Any person who submitted a claim of private right in accordance with the notification under section 2 may within two months of the notification under section 4 of the authorization of the undertaking submit a claim for compensation in respect of the extinguishment of such private right.

7. (1) There shall be a tribunal to hear and determine claims for compensation under section 6, which shall consist of a judge of the Supreme Court or of the District Court to be appointed by the Chief Justice as occasion may require. The Chief Justice may further appoint one or more assessors to advise the tribunal upon any matters requiring professional knowledge.

Appointment and constitution of tribunal to determine claims for compensation, and constitution and powers thereof.

(2) The assessors shall be remunerated at a rate according to the amount of work, time occupied and magnitude of the interests involved, and such remuneration shall be determined in each case by the Governor :

Provided that nothing in this subsection shall authorize the payment of remuneration to any person employed full time in any office of emolument under the Crown.

(3) The Chief Justice may make rules prescribing the procedure for notifying claims for compensation to the tribunal and for hearing and determining such claims by the tribunal and all matters incidental thereto.

(4) The tribunal shall have the following powers, that is to say—

- (a) to hear evidence on oath, to order persons to attend and give evidence, and to produce documents, in like manner as in proceedings in the Supreme Court, and the like powers of punishment as are conferred upon the Supreme Court by sections 35 and 36 of the Supreme Court (Cap. 4) Ordinance;
- (b) to order inspection of any premises and to enter upon and view any premises in like manner as in proceedings in the Supreme Court;
- (c) to award costs.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or of any rules made hereunder, the Governor may enter into an agreement with any claimant for the compromise or settlement of his claim.

No enlarge-  
ment of  
compensa-  
tion rights.

8. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to recognize or create any right or claim, or any greater right or claim to compensation than but for this Ordinance would exist and be recognized and enforceable by action in the court if the Govern- ment were a private person of full age and capacity :

Provided that the Governor in Council may in his absolute discretion entertain and pay compensation in respect of any moral claim arising out of any damage suffered by reason of an under- taking authorized under section 3.

Saving of  
the right  
of the  
Crown.

9. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to be in derogation of any of the powers or rights of the Crown.

Saving of  
Admiralty  
rights.  
(8 of 1906).

10. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to authorize the construction of any works within or interfering with the Admiralty works authorized by the Naval and Military Works Ordinance, 1906, without the previous consent of Her Majesty's Lord Commissioners of the Admiralty.

Repeal.  
(40 of 1936).

11. Part II of the Public Reclamations Validation and Clauses Ordinance, 1936, is repealed.

Passed the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, this 9th day of May, 1956.

Deputy Clerk of Councils.

(Secretariat 1/3151/53)

**HONG KONG**

No. 28 of 1956.



I assent.

Governor.

24th May, 1956.

An Ordinance to provide for the control of the landing and whole- sale marketing of marine fish, for the control of the im- portation and exportation thereof, for establishing a Fish Marketing Organization for encouraging co-operative markets and for matters incidental thereto.

[ ]

BE it enacted by the Governor of Hong Kong, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance, 1956, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

Short title  
and com-  
mencement.

2. In this Ordinance, save where the context otherwise requires—

Inter-  
pretation.

“Director” means the Director of Marketing;