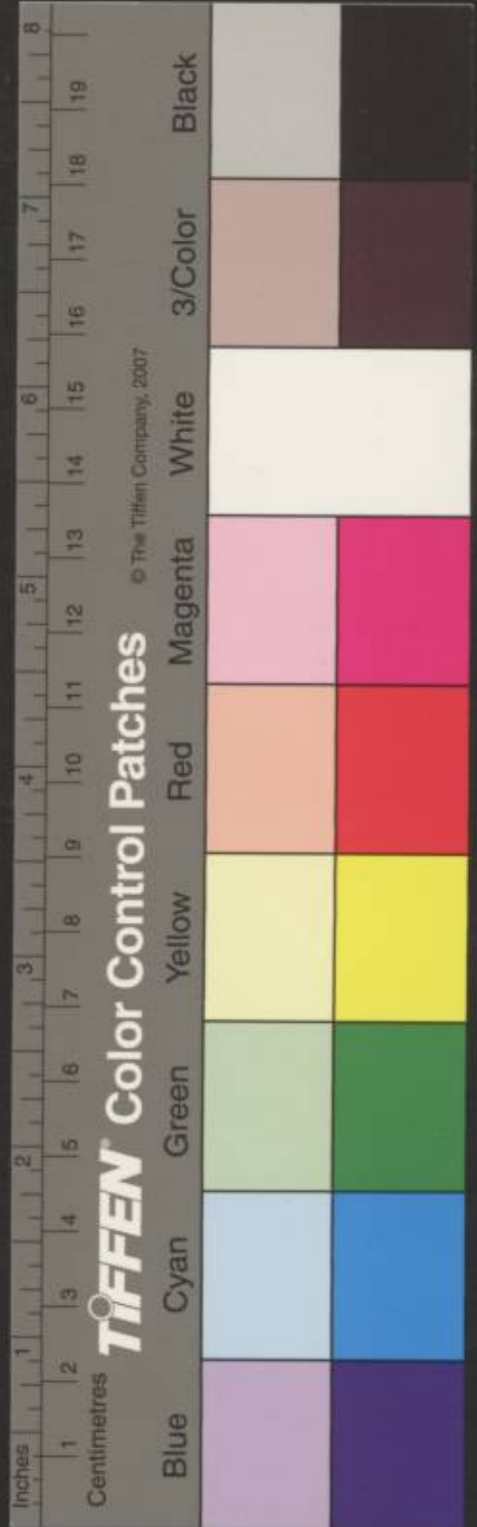


ANNUAL REPORTS
BY THE
DIRECTOR OF
MEDICAL AND
HEALTH SERVICES

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Departmental Report

1976-77

Director of
Medical and Health Services



HONG KONG

ANNUAL DEPARTMENTAL REPORT

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* 1st April 1976—31st March 1977

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HONG KONG
ANNUAL DEPARTMENTAL REPORT
BY THE
DIRECTOR OF
MEDICAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
K. L. THONG, J.P.,
M.B., B.S. (H.K.), F.F.C.M. (U.K.),
D.P.H. (Malaya)
FOR THE
FINANCIAL YEAR 1976-77*

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* 1st April 1976—31st March 1977

I. ADMINISTRATION

(Tables 1-6)

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The Medical and Health Department is responsible for administering services which provide medical and health care for the community of Hong Kong. To provide a satisfactory service, a staff establishment of 15,630 of which 921 were medical staff of all grades and 5,828 were nursing staff was used in 1976-77.

The expenditure for the financial year was \$665,838,447 which represented 10.10 per cent of the total Government Expenditure for Hong Kong.

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Birth Rate

The crude birth rate was 17.2 per thousand population, as compared with the rate for 1975 which was 17.8.

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- 3 -
- 5 -
I. ADMINISTRATION

(Tables 1-6)

The Medical and Health Department is responsible for administering services which provide medical and health care for the community of Hong Kong. To provide a satisfactory service, a staff establishment of 15,630 of which 921 were medical staff of all grades and 5,828 were nursing staff was needed in 1976.

The Department's expenditure for the financial year was \$665,838,447 which represented 10.10 per cent of the total public expenditure of Hong Kong.

There are four statutory councils to deal with the registration of doctors, dentists, nurses and midwives and two boards to handle matters relating to pharmacy and poisons and radiation.

II. VITAL STATISTICS

(Tables 7-20)

General

The estimated population of Hong Kong in the middle of 1976 was 4,443,800. About 30 per cent were under 15, and 9 per cent over 60 years of age. The general state of health was favourable and reflected the rapid development of medical and health services.

Birth Rate

The crude birth rate was 17.2 per thousand population, as compared with the rate for 1975 which was 17.8.

Neo-natal and Infant Mortality Rates

These rates remained low and are shown in Figure 1. The infant mortality rate was 14.3 per thousand live births and is now at a level lower than many European and American countries. This decline was due to the development of maternal and child health services and increasing public appreciation of the value of these services. The major causes of infant deaths were congenital anomalies, immaturity, pneumonia and anoxic and hypoxic conditions.

Maternal Mortality

The rate for 1976 was 0.18 per thousand total births, compared with 0.03 in the previous year. The main causes of maternal mortality were haemorrhages and toxaeimias.

General Mortality

The crude death rate was 5.2 per thousand population. Figure 2 shows the age and sex specific death rates.

The first leading cause of death was malignant neoplasms, being responsible for 23.1 per cent of all deaths in 1976. The death rate from cancer continued to increase, rising from 50.8 per 100,000 population for both sexes in 1956 to 89.5 in 1966 and to 120.8 in 1976. The common cancers were cancers of the lung, liver, nasopharynx and the stomach.

The second leading cause of death was heart diseases, followed by cerebro-vascular diseases, pneumonia, bronchitis, emphysema and asthma, accidents, suicide and self-inflicted injuries, and tuberculosis.

III. COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

The total number of notifications of communicable diseases during 1976 was 13,679. Tuberculosis comprised 58.0 per cent of the total, chickenpox 12.7 per cent and measles 10.7 per cent.

The incidence of major infectious diseases is shown in Figure 3.

Cholera

One imported case was reported in July. The direct contacts were traced and one carrier was subsequently detected and treated. All necessary control measures were undertaken including advice to the public on the importance of observing personal, environmental and food hygiene. A health exhibition on the prevention of diarrhoeal diseases was also held in the same month. The routine examination of nightsoil samples for cholera organisms did not reveal any positive results.

Poliomyelitis

It was the third successive year when no case had been reported. The maximum number of cases ever recorded in one year was 363 with 52 deaths in the year 1962. The success in the control of this disease is due largely to the introduction of anti-poliomyelitis vaccine in the immunisation programme and the mounting of general immunisation campaigns annually for the past 14 years.

Approximately 95 per cent of infants received one dose of type I polio-vaccine after birth and 78 per cent received two doses of trivalent vaccine at 3-6 months at government maternal and child health centres. Virological investigations failed to detect any excretor of wild poliovirus among 517 stool samples studied.

Bacillary Dysentery

The number of cases slightly decreased from 397 in 1975 to 356 in 1976. 23 per cent of cases occurred in children under five. A total of 108 carriers were detected on investigation.

Diphtheria

One case was reported in 1976, as compared with 2087 cases in 1959.

Malaria

A total of 39 cases were reported of which 37 were imported, one was induced after blood transfusion, and the other was cryptic in origin.

Measles

A total of 1,463 notifications with 10 deaths were reported. Measles is most prevalent among children under five years and the pattern of infection has no longer been biennial since the introduction of anti-measles vaccine in 1967. The notifications reported in the past years are shown in Figure 4.

Influenza

Scattered outbreaks and sporadic cases were observed throughout the year. The causative agent was mainly influenza A/Victoria/3/75 virus which had been prevalent since April 1975. Influenza B/Hong Kong/5/72 virus was detected on one occasion.

Parainfluenza type 3 virus and adenovirus type 3 were frequently detected in the second quarter of the year while parainfluenza type 1 virus was active in the third and fourth quarters.

Viral Hepatitis

A total of 969 cases with 45 deaths were notified. 44 per cent of the cases were in the age group 15-29 and the male to female ratio was 2 to 1.

IV. HEALTH SERVICES

(Tables 26-41)

Tuberculosis and Chest Service

There was a gratifying fall in the tuberculosis death rate from 14.7 in 1975 to 12.8 per 100,000 population. The

notification rate dropped from 186 in 1975 to 178 per 100,000 population in 1976. Figures 5 and 6 show the mortality and notification rates by age and sex. Tuberculosis is now rare under the age of 15.

Attendances at government chest clinics remained at the high level of 1,215,522.

During the year 98 per cent of the newborn were given BCG. This is probably the highest coverage rate in the world. The resulting decline in infant mortality from tuberculosis is shown in Figure 7.

Social Hygiene Service

The incidence of venereal diseases was 6,340 as compared with 7,361 in the previous year, a decrease of 14 per cent. Approximately 7 per cent of the cases came from the teenage group. The main venereal diseases were gonorrhoea (52 per cent), non-gonococcal urethritis (17 per cent), and syphilis (14 per cent).

Only 0.4 per cent of all ante-natal cases showed an initial positive serology. Of 135 positive cases referred from ante-natal clinics, 59 per cent were found to be suffering from syphilis.

Figures 8 and 9 show the incidence of syphilis and gonorrhoea from 1967 to 1976.

New cases of leprosy identified and treated numbered 76, representing a rate of 1.7 per 100,000 population. Tuberculoïd manifestations comprised 47 per cent. Leprosy patients who require hospitalisation are now treated in Lai Chi Kok Hospital.

Family Health Service

The Family Health Service provides a comprehensive health care programme for women of child bearing age and children from birth to five years. For maternal and child health service, there are a total of 37 centres, 22 of which are full-time and the rest are part-time centres operating on

a sessional basis. Family planning service is available in 40 centres, 5 of which are full-time while the rest are operated by mobile teams several times a week.

In 1976, 98 per cent of all newborns were brought to a centre for attention and advice on at least one occasion. Approximately one per cent of new attendances was found to have abnormalities, such as congenital defects or effects of prematurity.

The total attendances of family planning clinics were 254,631, an increase of 5% over that of 1975.

Industrial Health Service

A total of 69,599 occupational injuries were recorded, 65 per cent of which were accidents which caused the injured person to be off work for more than three days and were therefore reportable under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance. 249 deaths occurred in relation to work, out of which 59 were due to natural causes and 35 were seamen from Hong Kong. Industrial health officers participated in medical boards to assess the disability of 20,045 injured workers.

Port Health Service

The Port Health administration continued to undertake the responsibility of enforcing control measures to prevent the introduction of diseases subject to the International Health Regulations into Hong Kong by sea, land and air.

The Service also continued to fulfil its duties in the supervision of the general sanitation of Port and Airport, maintenance of vaccination centres, maintenance of a medical clinic at the Airport and compilation and dissemination of epidemiological information by regular communication with the World Health Organisation.

In 1976 3.04 million passengers arriving in Hong Kong by sea, land and air were cleared. The number of smallpox vaccinations given to passengers were 45,092.

There was a gratifying fall in the tuberculosis rate from 14.7 in 1975 to 12.8 per 100,000 population. The

V. HOSPITAL SERVICES

(Tables 42-54)

At the end of 1976, a total of 19,270 hospital beds were available in Hong Kong, excluding those maintained by the armed forces. The total 19,270 beds were made up as follows: 9,041 government, 7,913 government-assisted and 2,316 private, giving a ratio of 4.3 beds per 1,000 population. In some hospitals, temporary beds had to be used whenever the need arose. Development over the past years is illustrated in Figure 10.

The total of 19,270 hospital beds represents an increase of 709 beds over the number for the previous year. The increase is due mainly to the phased opening of the Princess Margaret Hospital and the reopening of beds in Lai Chi Kok Hospital for psychiatric patients.

The year under review was a year of continuing expansion and consolidation for the Princess Margaret Hospital, first brought into operation in October, 1975. The hospital serves mainly the West New Territories and has contributed towards easing the demand for services at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital where the number of patients admitted since its first opening in 1963 reached one million in January 1976.

Since March 1976, 62 beds in the British Military Hospital have been made available for civilian use. Government doctors can refer patients to the British Military Hospital for treatment by Service medical officers.

VI. CLINIC SERVICES

(Tables 55-64)

General and Specialist Out-patient

Pressure remained heavy throughout the year on all 51 general out-patient clinics and also on specialist clinics.

However, there was a slight drop of 4 per cent in total attendances as compared with the figure for the previous year, due possibly to the fee of \$1 charged for injections and dressings since November 1975. Trends of the demand for services during the past ten years are shown in Figure 11. Evening out-patient sessions and Sunday and public holiday sessions continued to operate in clinics situated in the more densely populated areas and additional sessions were being planned.

Psychiatry

The concept of treating patients in day- and out-patient centres has proved to be successful. Three day-patient centres supplement the in-patient services at the hospitals.

Ophthalmology

During the year the number of persons first registered as blind was 971 compared with 1,237 in the previous year. There are two main out-patient centres and 14 part-time clinics.

Ear, Nose and Throat

The service is regionalised into the Hong Kong and outlying islands division based at Queen Mary Hospital and the Kowloon and New Territories division based at Queen Elizabeth Hospital. The service runs nine out-patient clinics, including two at the Kwong Wah and Pok Oi Hospitals.

Dental Service

The dental service operates 31 clinics. A total of 274,949 attendances were recorded, in which the function of 108,841 teeth was restored and 62,093 teeth were extracted. In terms of persons, 56,531 were rendered dentally fit.

District Midwifery

13.5 per cent of births were delivered at government maternity homes and 4.8 per cent in private maternity homes. These figures show a decrease compared with the previous year as more expectant mothers favour to attend hospitals for confinement.

School Medical Service

On 31st March 1977 the number of pupils participating was 106,193 from 756 schools, compared with 94,377 from 718 schools on the same date in the previous year. Medical practitioners taking part in the scheme numbered 208 compared with 204.

Registration of Clinics

There were 78 registered static clinics, two registered mobile clinics in the charge of registered medical practitioners, and 320 clinics registered with exemption making a total of 400 on 31st March 1977. 55 registered doctors took part in the low cost medical clinic scheme in Group B and 72 in Group A housing estates. In addition, 28 of 320 clinics registered with exemption also operated under the scheme.

VII. SPECIAL SERVICES

(Tables 65-71)

Pathology

During the year the total number of examinations undertaken by the Institute of Pathology exceeded that of the previous year by 382,355 indicating an increase of 14%; this excludes tests done for Queen Mary Hospital which is served by the Department of Pathology of the Hong Kong University.

The brains of 42 dogs were examined for Negri bodies, the evidence of rabies, but no positive findings were obtained.

In the blood banks 50,594 pints of blood were received, 49,828 pints of which were from the collecting centres of the Hong Kong Red Cross.

A faecal survey for poliomyelitis failed to detect any wild poliovirus. This favourable result was in agreement with the serological study which revealed high immunity in children and a decline of the susceptible population.

30% of the cases of viral hepatitis were found positive for hepatitis B antigen.

Radiology and Oncology

The 26 static X-ray centres and three mobile radiography units produced a total output of 799,960 examinations, an increase of approximately 2% compared with the previous year. The Institute of Radiology and Oncology treated more than 90% of all patients requiring radiotherapy in Hong Kong and some patients from other areas.

The film badge service covered 53 government institutions with 360 radiation workers, 130 non-government hospitals and X-ray laboratories operated by medical practitioners with 469 radiation workers, and 22 industrial undertakings with 187 persons. 180 visits were made to non-government premises to inspect the working conditions of radiation workers and to ensure that the X-ray equipment posed no radiation hazards to the public.

Research was continued on the epidemiology of nasopharyngeal carcinoma.

Anaesthesia

The anaesthetic service manned 225 operating sessions a week and 7 operating theatres on a 24-hour basis for emergencies. A total of 57,128 cases were administered anaesthesia in various hospitals in 1976.

Forensic Pathology

The Forensic Pathology Service advises and works in close association with the Royal Hong Kong Police Force on the medical aspects of criminology. This includes all homicidal deaths, deaths under suspicious circumstances, sexual offences, and other offences against the person. The professional staff dealt with a total of 336 autopsies, 1,031 clinical examinations and blood groupings and 3,659 laboratory examinations in 1976.

Government Laboratory

The Government Laboratory provides chemical and related scientific services for Government Departments. There are two divisions, general and forensic. The total number of items examined in 1976 were 78,882, a decrease of 14% compared with the previous year.

VIII. OTHER SERVICES

(Tables 72-77)

Nursing

The total number of staff in the nursing and allied grades is 5,828 who undertake duties in all government hospitals and clinics as well as in the health services. The increase in establishment is due to the Princess Margaret Hospital becoming fully operational and the opening of the Tang Chi Ngong Specialist Clinic. The nursing unit at Hong Kong Airport has been enlarged and its service extended throughout 24 hours.

In the medical division there are five grades; Registered Nurse (General), Registered Nurse (Psy.), Enrolled Nurse (General), Enrolled Nurse (Psy.) and Midwives, whilst in the health division there are another three grades; Health Visitors, Health Auxiliaries and Inoculators. Seven of these grades have their own source of training in approved training schools and at the same time local Chinese residents who have received training in the United Kingdom may be recruited through the Hong Kong Government Office in London.

The Nursing Services benefited by the return of nursing personnel who had successfully completed overseas courses of instruction in nursing administration, nursing education, psychiatric community nursing, urological nursing, cardiothoracic nursing, paediatric nursing, oto-rhinolaryngological nursing and ophthalmic nursing.

Pharmaceutical Service

There were 29 pharmacists and 209 dispensers of all grades who served in the government hospitals and clinics.

60 prosecutions were instituted under the Dangerous Drugs, Poisons and Antibiotics Ordinances. A Registration and Licensing Section had been established to enforce the Pharmacy and Poison Regulations (1975) for the registration of pharmaceutical products and the licensing of local pharmaceutical factories. Examinations for the registration of pharmacists were held in June and December, 12 out of 38 candidates passed.

Medical Social Work

The rapid expansion of the medical and health services and the increasing emphasis on rehabilitation continued to make heavy demands on the medical social service. The Principal Medical Social Worker was in overall charge of the five divisions of the service with a total staff of 101.

Physiotherapy

The demand for physiotherapy service continued to increase. In 1976, 87,320 patients were given a total of 847,849 treatments, an increase of approximately 10% in terms of patients and 11% in terms of number of treatments.

Occupational Therapy

There were altogether 10 units in the service which covered both in-patients and out-patients. In 1976, 12,464 patients were given a total of 681,294 treatments.

Prosthetic-Orthotics

Demand for the prosthetic and orthotic service continued to rise. In 1976, 7,841 patients were treated, an increase of 15% over the previous year.

Narcotics and Drugs

The Narcotic and Drug Administration is responsible for undertaking various activities in the treatment and rehabilitation of drug addicts, research and health education in the danger of drug addiction.

Four methadone maintenance centres and 16 methadone detoxification centres for out-patients were in operation to cater for the demand for treatment facilities.

IX. TRAINING PROGRAMMES

(Tables 78-80)

Medical Staff

Higher professional examinations were held in Hong Kong in 1976 by the Royal Colleges of Physicians, Surgeons, Obstetricians and Gynaecologists and the Faculty of Anaesthetists, Royal Australasian College of Surgeons.

Nine government doctors were enabled by various financial schemes, besides full pay study leave, to acquire higher qualifications in their respective fields overseas during the year 1976.

Dental Staff

In the year, four scholarships were granted to local scholars to study dentistry at the Universities of Sydney, Queensland and Singapore and one graduate returned to Hong Kong. So far 78 scholars out of the 107 scholarships awarded in the past years have completed their professional training and returned.

Nursing Staff

There were 796 general and 116 psychiatric student nurses undergoing a three-year course in the three respective government hospital schools of nursing. In the two year courses, leading to enrolment, there were 185 general and 75 psychiatric pupil nurses.

There were 13 student midwives taking the two-year midwifery course at Tsan Yuk Hospital. In addition there were 86 registered nurses undergoing the one-year post-basic training in midwifery, leading to registration with the Midwives Board of Hong Kong.

19 registered nurses commenced a 9-month course in public health nursing and 11 enrolled nurses were undergoing a 6-month course in basic health procedures.

In-service training courses were given on specialty subjects including orthopaedic nursing, paediatric nursing, psychiatric nursing, nursing management of surgical and medical emergencies, midwifery, counselling, management studies and methods of instruction.

Radiographers

14 student radiographers passed the examination leading to the Diploma of the Society of Radiographers for Radiodiagnosis and one passed the Higher Diploma of the Society of Radiographers.

Physiotherapists

In October, 12 new students were enrolled, making a total of 49 students in the school.

X. MEDICAL DEVELOPMENT

(Table 81)

The policy white paper "The Further Development of Medical and Health Services in Hong Kong", which was endorsed by the Legislative Council in August, 1974, serves as the blue print for the expansion of medical and health services for the next ten years. The first review of the medical programme plan by the Medical Development Advisory Committee was completed in 1976.

A major re-organisation of the medical and health services will be introduced out in April 1977 to make more efficient use of the beds and facilities available. This is to be done by regionalising the services, with the whole of Hong Kong divided into four regions. The objective is to bring about a better appreciation of the medical and health needs of each of the main population centres so that medical services can be made available within reasonable access of the residents in the area. Future planning is to be better related to the needs of each area.

A Green Paper on the further development of rehabilitation services in Hong Kong over the next ten years was published in October 1976. After consideration of the various public comments, the Government will later issue a White Paper on the future expansion of the rehabilitation services.

Projects Completed

In the Castle Peak Hospital, construction works to provide additional clinic facilities, an enlarged occupational therapy area, and improvement on several existing facilities were completed in March 1977. This helps relieve to some extent the present strain on treatment and service facilities at this major mental institution.

Other projects completed during the year include East Kowloon Polyclinic Stage I and an additional floor of the Arran Street Clinic.

The new Cheshire Home at Chung Hom Kok was completed in February 1977, and provides some 90 non-acute beds for convalescent patients.

Projects under Construction

Major projects under construction include the psychiatric wing of the Princess Margaret Hospital, extension to the Caritas Medical Centre, and additional staff quarters for the Queen Mary Hospital.

XI. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to place on record my sincere appreciation to the staff at all levels for their invaluable help in dealing with the many problems large and small which the Department had had to face in the year under review. In spite of the fact that they often had to work under much pressure and difficult circumstances, all carried out their duties efficiently and effectively, and with true devotion and dedication. I am most grateful to them all for their unflinching support throughout the year.

During the year under review, Dr. G.H. CHOA, C.B.E., proceeded on pre-retirement leave on 1st January 1977 to take up his new appointment as the Dean of the new Medical School of the Chinese University of Hong Kong. During his tenure of office as Director, the Medical and Health Services in Hong Kong have made considerable progress including the completion of the previous 10-year medical development plan covering the period 1963 to 1972. I am sure all in the Department will join in wishing him good luck and success in his new endeavours.

The Department received every assistance and co-operation from other Government departments, voluntary agencies, the Press, the radio and television networks.

I also wish to place on record my thanks to the many public spirited persons who have devoted so much of their time in order to serve on Statutory Boards, Advisory Committees, Working Parties, and in Voluntary Agencies dealing with the many aspects of medical and health problems in Hong Kong.

Finally, I acknowledge with thanks the contributions of private individuals, and local and overseas organisations who have assisted the Department in providing facilities for those in need of medical care.

K. L. THONG

Director of Medical & Health Services

OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS

1. Aberdeen Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities)
2. Anne Black Health Centre (general out-patient facilities)
3. Central District Government Hospital (general out-patient facilities)
4. Central Government Hospital (general out-patient facilities)
5. Central Police Station Medical Post (general out-patient facilities)
6. Chai Wan Health Centre (general out-patient facilities)
7. David Tang Rehabilitation Centre (general out-patient facilities)
8. Eastern Street Methodist Treatment Centre (general out-patient facilities)
9. Kennedy Town Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities)
10. Port Health Isolation Centre (general out-patient facilities)
11. Sai Ying Pun Hospital (general out-patient facilities)
12. Sai Ying Pun Jockey Club Polyclinic (general out-patient facilities)
13. Shau Kei Wan Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities)
14. Stanley Dispensary (general out-patient facilities)
15. Stanley Hospital (general out-patient facilities)
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50. Stanley Hospital (general out-patient facilities)

MAPS

HONG KONG ISLAND

GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS

- a. Queen Mary Hospital (a regional hospital for Hong Kong Island) A1
- b. Tang Shiu Kin Hospital (a casualty and maternity hospital with out-patient facilities and family health centre) A1
- c. Tsan Yuk Hospital (a maternity hospital) A1

GOVERNMENT-ASSISTED HOSPITALS

- d. Alice Ho Miu Ling Nethersole Hospital (a general hospital) A1
- e. Duchess of Kent Children's Orthopaedic Hospital and Convalescent Home A1
- f. Freni Memorial Convalescent Home A1
- g. Grantham Hospital (a tuberculosis and cardiothoracic surgery hospital) A2
- h. John F. Kennedy Centre (a centre for physically handicapped children) A1
- i. Nam Long Hospital (a cancer hospital) A2
- j. Ruttonjee Sanatorium (a tuberculosis hospital) A1
- k. Sandy Bay Convalescent Hospital A1
- l. The Cheshire Home (a convalescent home) B2
- m. Tung Wah hospital (a general hospital with out-patient facilities and specialist clinic) A1
- n. Tung Wah Eastern Hospital (a general hospital with out-patient facilities) B1

PRIVATE HOSPITALS

- o. Canossa Hospital (a general hospital) A1
- p. Hong Kong Adventist Hospital (a general hospital) A1
- q. Hong Kong Central Hospital (a general hospital) A1
- r. Hong Kong Sanatorium and Hospital (a general hospital) A1
- s. Matilda and War Memorial Hospital (a general hospital) A1
- t. St. Paul's Hospital (a general hospital) B1

OTHER GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS

- 1. Aberdeen Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, dental clinic, family health centre, eye clinic, chest clinic, social hygiene clinic and methadone detoxification centre) A2
- 2. Anne Black Health Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, dental clinic, X-ray survey centre, eye clinic and dermatological clinic) B1
- 3. Central District Health Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, eye clinic and dermatological clinic) A1
- 4. Central Government office dental clinic A1
- 5. Central Police Station Medical Post (general out-patient and dental facilities for police officers and their families) A1
- 6. Chai Wan Health Centre (general out-patient, family health centre and methadone detoxification centre) B1
- 7. David Trench Rehabilitation Centre (embracing Tang Shiu Kin Physiotherapy Unit, Hong Kong Psychiatric Centre and family health centre) A1
- 8. Eastern Street Methadone Treatment Centre A1
- 9. Kennedy Town Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre and dental clinic) A1
- 10. Port Health Inoculation Centre, Li Po Chun Chambers A1
- 11. Sai Ying Pun Hospital Dental Clinic A1
- 12. Sai Ying Pun Jockey Club Polyclinic (general out-patient facilities, chest clinic, dental clinic, eye clinic, E.N.T. clinic, dermatological clinic, social hygiene clinic and specialist clinic for Queen Mary Hospital) A1
- 13. Shau Kei Wan Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, chest clinic, dental clinic, eye clinic, E.N.T. clinic and dermatological clinic) B1
- 14. Stanley Dental Clinic B2
- 15. Stanley Dispensary (out-patient facilities and family health centre) B2

OTHER GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS
GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS

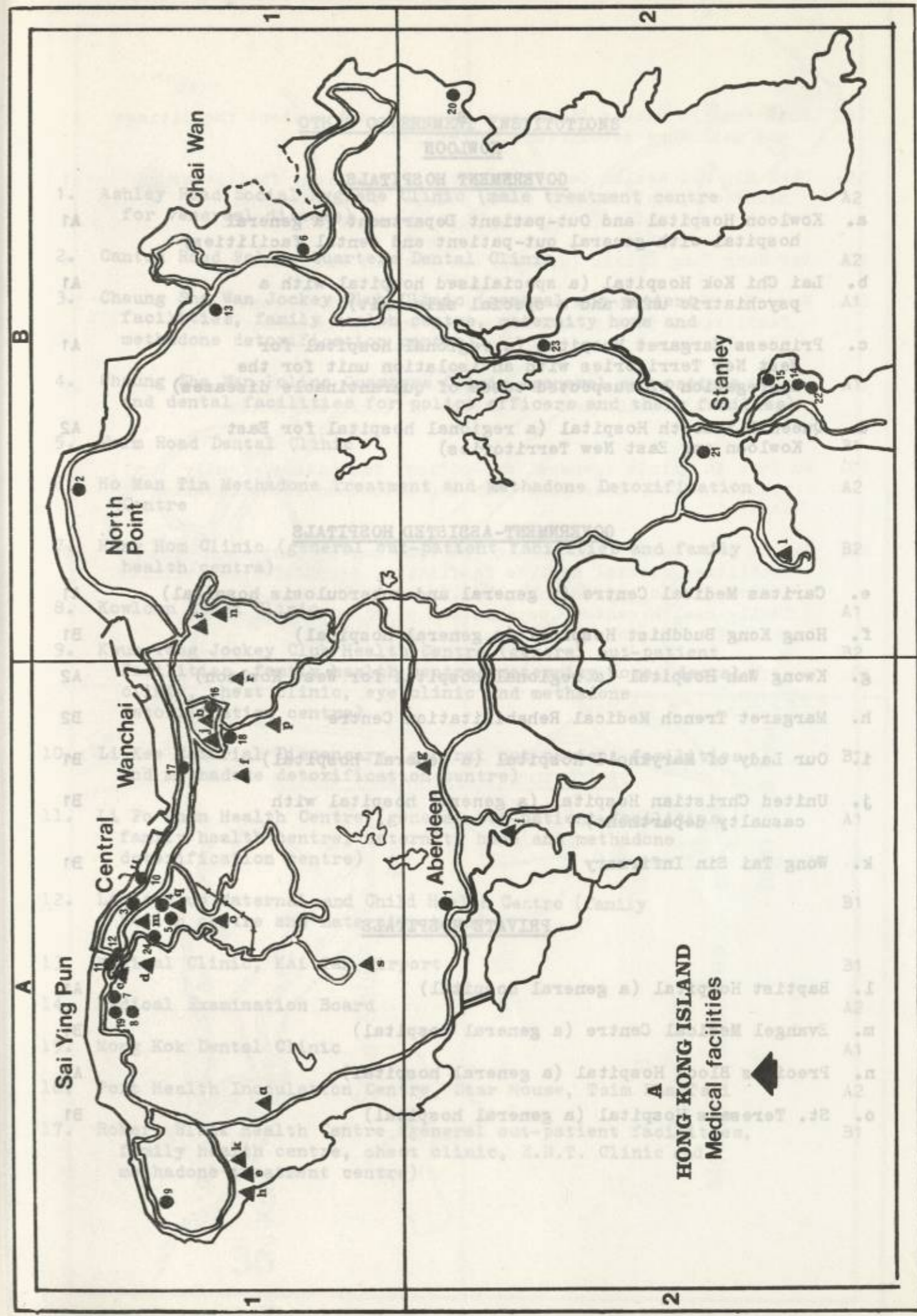
- 16. Tang Chi Ngong Specialist Clinic (eye clinic, E.N.T. clinic, dermatological clinic, special skin clinic and general out-patient facilities for English-speaking Government Servants and their families) A1
- 17. Violet Peel Polyclinic (general out-patient facilities and Methadone detoxification centre) A1
- 18. Wan Chai Clinic (dental centre, chest clinic and physiotherapy department) A1
- 19. Western Dental Clinic A1

PRISON HOSPITALS/TREATMENT CENTRES

- 20. Cape Collinson Training Centre B2
- 21. Ma Hang Prison B2
- 22. Stanley Prison Hospital B2
- 23. Tai Tam Gap Training Centre B2
- 24. Victoria Reception Centre A1

PRIVATE HOSPITALS

- 1. Aberdeen Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities)
- 2. Queen Mary Hospital (a general hospital)
- 3. Tung Wah Hospital (a general hospital)
- 4. St. Paul's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 5. St. Vincent's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 6. St. James' Hospital (a general hospital)
- 7. St. Andrew's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 8. St. John's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 9. St. Luke's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 10. St. Peter's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 11. St. Francis' Hospital (a general hospital)
- 12. St. Elizabeth's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 13. St. Ann's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 14. St. Mary's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 15. St. Theresa's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 16. St. Joseph's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 17. St. Michael's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 18. St. Martin's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 19. St. Ignace's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 20. St. Raphael's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 21. St. Raphael's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 22. St. Raphael's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 23. St. Raphael's Hospital (a general hospital)
- 24. St. Raphael's Hospital (a general hospital)



B
KOWLOON

GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS

- | | |
|--|----|
| a. Kowloon Hospital and Out-patient Department (a general hospital with general out-patient and dental facilities) | A1 |
| b. Lai Chi Kok Hospital (a specialised hospital with a psychiatric unit and a special skin unit) | A1 |
| c. Princess Margaret Hospital (a regional hospital for West New Territories with an isolation unit for the segregation of suspected cases of quarantinable diseases) | A1 |
| d. Queen Elizabeth Hospital (a regional hospital for East Kowloon and East New Territories) | A2 |

GOVERNMENT-ASSISTED HOSPITALS

- | | |
|--|----|
| e. Caritas Medical Centre (a general and tuberculosis hospital) | A1 |
| f. Hong Kong Buddhist Hospital (a general hospital) | B1 |
| g. Kwong Wah Hospital (a regional hospital for West Kowloon) | A2 |
| h. Margaret Trench Medical Rehabilitation Centre | B2 |
| i. Our Lady of Maryknoll Hospital (a general hospital) | B1 |
| j. United Christian Hospital (a general hospital with casualty department) | B1 |
| k. Wong Tai Sin Infirmary | B1 |

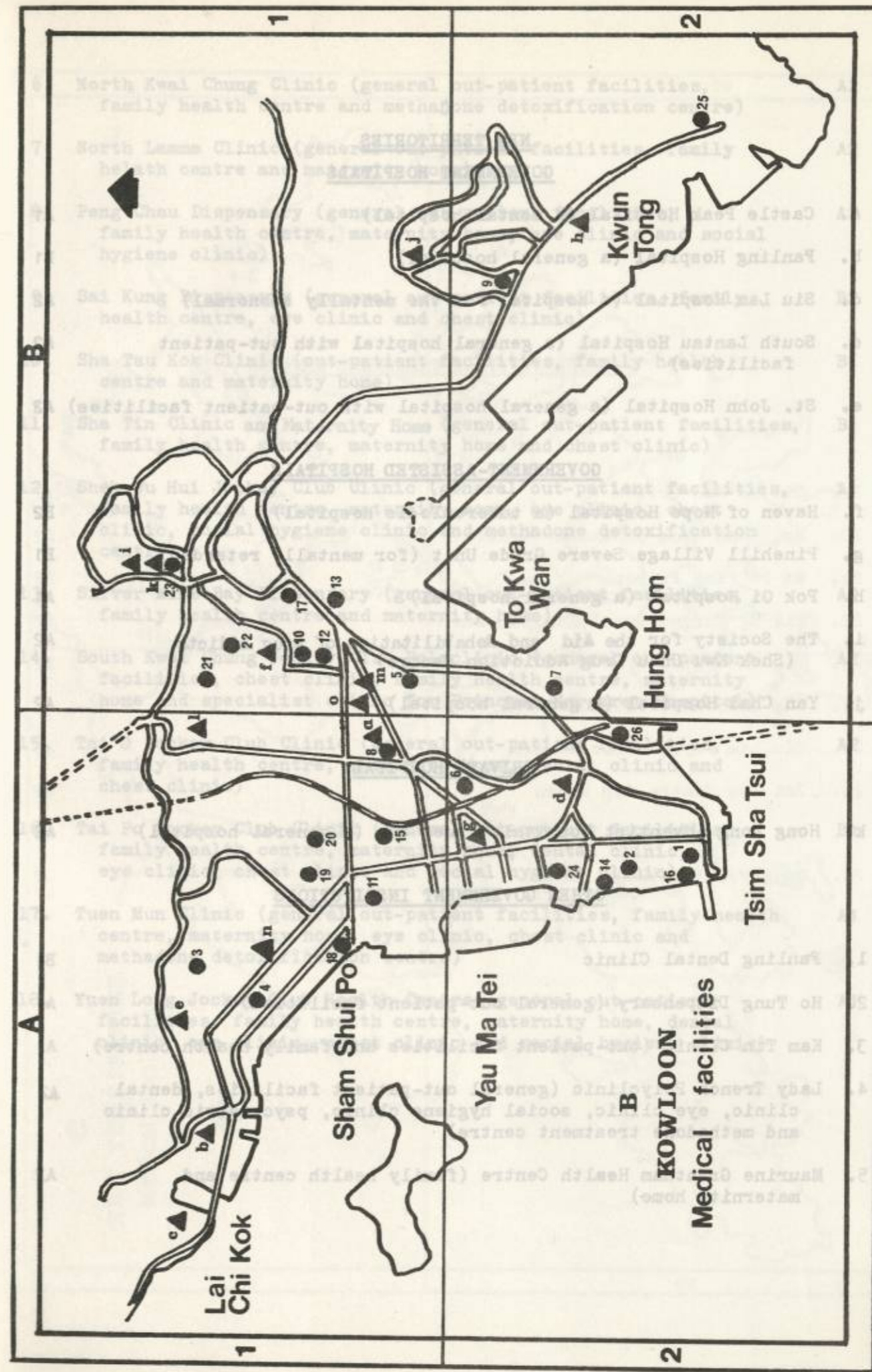
PRIVATE HOSPITALS

- | | |
|---|----|
| l. Baptist Hospital (a general hospital) | A1 |
| m. Evangel Medical Centre (a general hospital) | B1 |
| n. Precious Blood Hospital (a general hospital) | A1 |
| o. St. Teresa's Hospital (a general hospital) | B1 |

OTHER GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS

- | | |
|--|----|
| 1. Ashley Road Social Hygiene Clinic (male treatment centre for venereal disease) | A2 |
| 2. Canton Road Police Quarters Dental Clinic | A2 |
| 3. Cheung Sha Wan Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home and methadone detoxification centre) | A1 |
| 4. Cheung Sha Wan Police Quarters Clinic (general out-patient and dental facilities for police officers and their families) | A1 |
| 5. Farm Road Dental Clinic | B1 |
| 6. Ho Man Tin Methadone Treatment and Methadone Detoxification Centre | A2 |
| 7. Hung Hom Clinic (general out-patient facilities and family health centre) | B2 |
| 8. Kowloon Chest Clinic | A1 |
| 9. Kwun Tong Jockey Club Health Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, dental clinic, chest clinic, eye clinic and methadone detoxification centre) | B2 |
| 10. Li Kee Memorial Dispensary (general out-patient facilities and methadone detoxification centre) | B1 |
| 11. Li Po Chun Health Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home and methadone detoxification centre) | A1 |
| 12. Lions Club Maternal and Child Health Centre (family health centre and maternity home) | B1 |
| 13. Medical Clinic, Kai Tak Airport | B1 |
| 14. Medical Examination Board | A2 |
| 15. Mong Kok Dental Clinic | A1 |
| 16. Port Health Inoculation Centre, Star House, Tsim Sha Tsui | A2 |
| 17. Robert Black Health Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, chest clinic, B.N.T. Clinic and methadone treatment centre) | B1 |

- | | | |
|---|---|----|
| 18. | Sham Shui Po Public Dispensary (general out-patient facilities and methadone detoxification centre) | A1 |
| 19. | Shek Kip Mei Health Centre (general out-patient facilities, dermatological clinic, chest clinic, family health centre and methadone detoxification centre) | A1 |
| 20. | Tai Hang Tung Clinic (general out-patient facilities) | A1 |
| 21. | Wang Tau Hom Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and methadone detoxification centre) | B1 |
| 22. | Wong Tai Sin Police Quarters Clinic (general out-patient and dental facilities for police officers and their families) | B1 |
| 23. | Wu York Yu Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home and methadone detoxification centre) | B1 |
| 24. | Yau Ma Tei Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, social hygiene facilities, dermatological clinic, dental clinic, eye clinic, E.N.T. clinic, chest clinic, family health centre, psychiatric clinic & day hospital and methadone detoxification centre) | A2 |
| 25. | Yau Tong Maternal and Child Health Centre (family health centre) | B2 |
| PRISON HOSPITAL/TREATMENT CENTRE | | |
| 26. | Chatham Road Centre | A2 |



C

NEW TERRITORIES

GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS

- a. Castle Peak Hospital (a mental hospital) A1
- b. Fanling Hospital (a general hospital) B1
- c. Siu Lam Hospital (a hospital for the mentally subnormal) A2
- d. South Lantau Hospital (a general hospital with out-patient facilities) A2
- e. St. John Hospital (a general hospital with out-patient facilities) A2

GOVERNMENT-ASSISTED HOSPITALS

- f. Haven of Hope Hospital (a tuberculosis hospital) B2
- g. Pinehill Village Severe Grade Unit (for mentally retarded) B1
- h. Pok Oi Hospital (a general hospital) A1
- i. The Society for the Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Addicts (Shek Kwu Chau Drug Addiction Centre) A2
- j. Yan Chai Hospital (a general hospital) A2

PRIVATE HOSPITAL

- k. Hong Kong Adventist Hospital, Tsuen Wan (a general hospital) A2

OTHER GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS

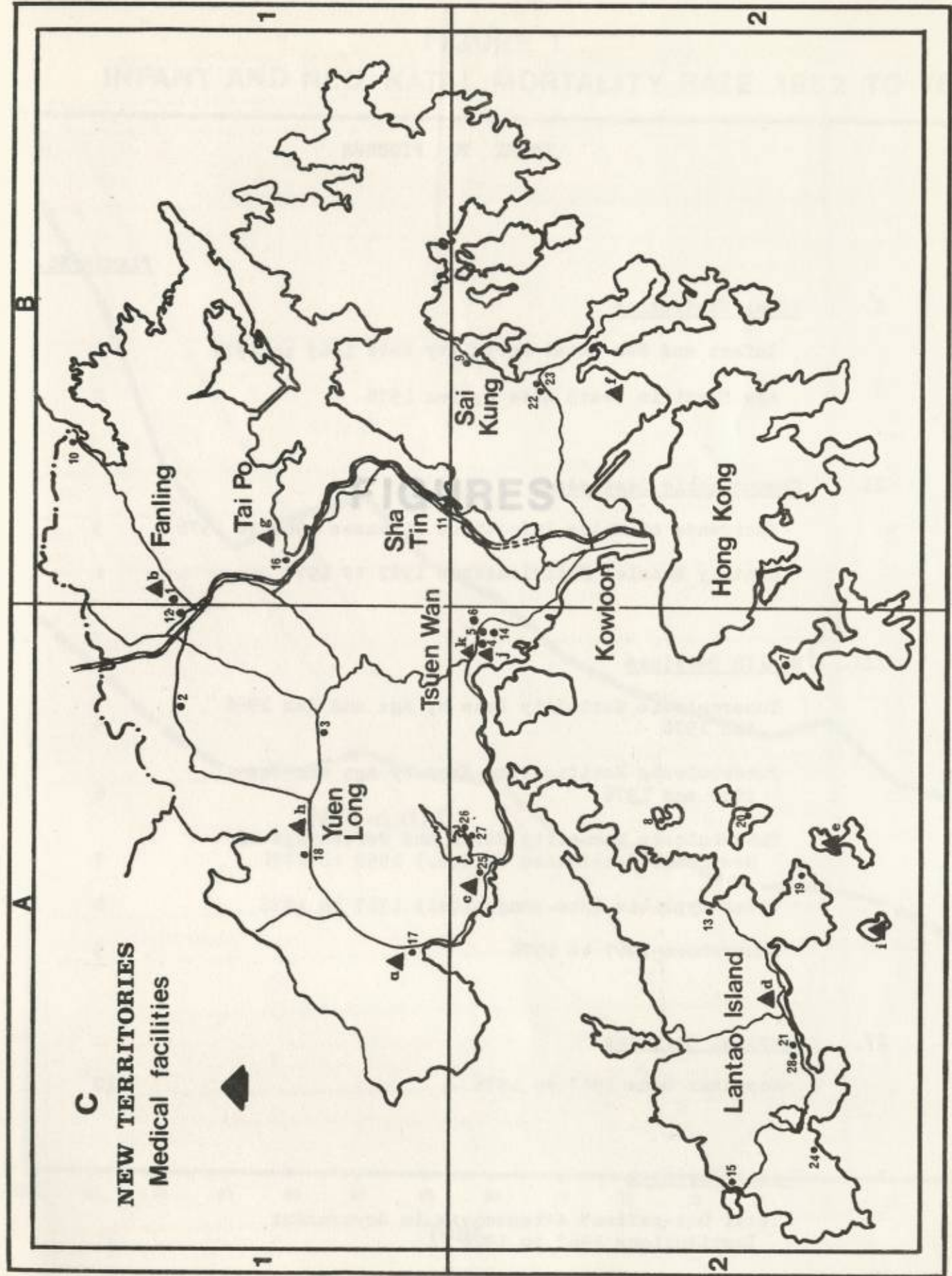
- 1. Fanling Dental Clinic B1
- 2. Ho Tung Dispensary (general out-patient facilities) A1
- 3. Kam Tin Clinic (out-patient facilities and family health centre) A1
- 4. Lady Trench Polyclinic (general out-patient facilities, dental clinic, eye clinic, social hygiene clinic, psychiatric clinic and methadone treatment centre) A2
- 5. Maurine Grantham Health Centre (family health centre and maternity home) A2

- 6. North Kwai Chung Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre and methadone detoxification centre) A2
- 7. North Lamma Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre and maternity home) A2
- 8. Peng Chau Dispensary (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and social hygiene clinic) A2
- 9. Sai Kung Dispensary (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, eye clinic and chest clinic) B2
- 10. Sha Tau Kok Clinic (out-patient facilities, family health centre and maternity home) B1
- 11. Sha Tin Clinic and Maternity Home (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home and chest clinic) B1
- 12. Shek Wu Hui Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic, chest clinic, social hygiene clinic and methadone detoxification centre) A1
- 13. Silver Mine Bay Dispensary (general out-patient facilities, family health centre and maternity home) A2
- 14. South Kwai Chung Jockey Club Polyclinic (general out-patient facilities, chest clinic, family health centre, maternity home and specialist clinic for Princess Margaret Hospital) A2
- 15. Tai O Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, dental clinic and chest clinic) A2
- 16. Tai Po Jockey Club Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, dental clinic, eye clinic, chest clinic and social hygiene clinic) B1
- 17. Tuen Mun Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic, chest clinic and methadone detoxification centre) A1
- 18. Yuen Long Jockey Club Health Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, dental clinic, eye clinic, chest clinic and social hygiene clinic) A1

28. North Kwei Chung Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre and methadone detoxification centre) A2
27. North Lamma Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre and methadone detoxification centre) A2
26. Pang Chun Dispensary (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and social hygiene clinic) A2
25. Sai Kung Dispensary (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
24. South Lantau Hospital (Lantau natural history museum, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
23. St. John Hospital (Lantau natural history museum, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
22. St. John Hospital (Lantau natural history museum, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
21. Chi Ma Wan Prison A2
20. Hei Ling Chau Treatment Centre A2
19. Ma Po Ping Prison A2
18. Pik Uk Correctional Institution B2
17. Pik Uk Prison B2
16. Sha Tsui Detention Centre A2
15. Siu Lam Psychiatric Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
14. Tai Lam Centre for Women (chest clinic) A2
13. Tai Lam Treatment Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
12. Tong Fuk Treatment Centre (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
11. Tuen Mun Clinic (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
10. Yuen Long Dispensary (general out-patient facilities, family health centre, maternity home, eye clinic and chest clinic) A2
9. Lady Trench Polyclinic (general out-patient facilities, dental clinic, eye clinic, social hygiene clinic, psychiatric clinic and methadone treatment centre) A2
8. Maurice Grantham Health Centre (family health centre and maternity home) A2

PRISON HOSPITALS/TREATMENT CENTRES

OTHER GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS



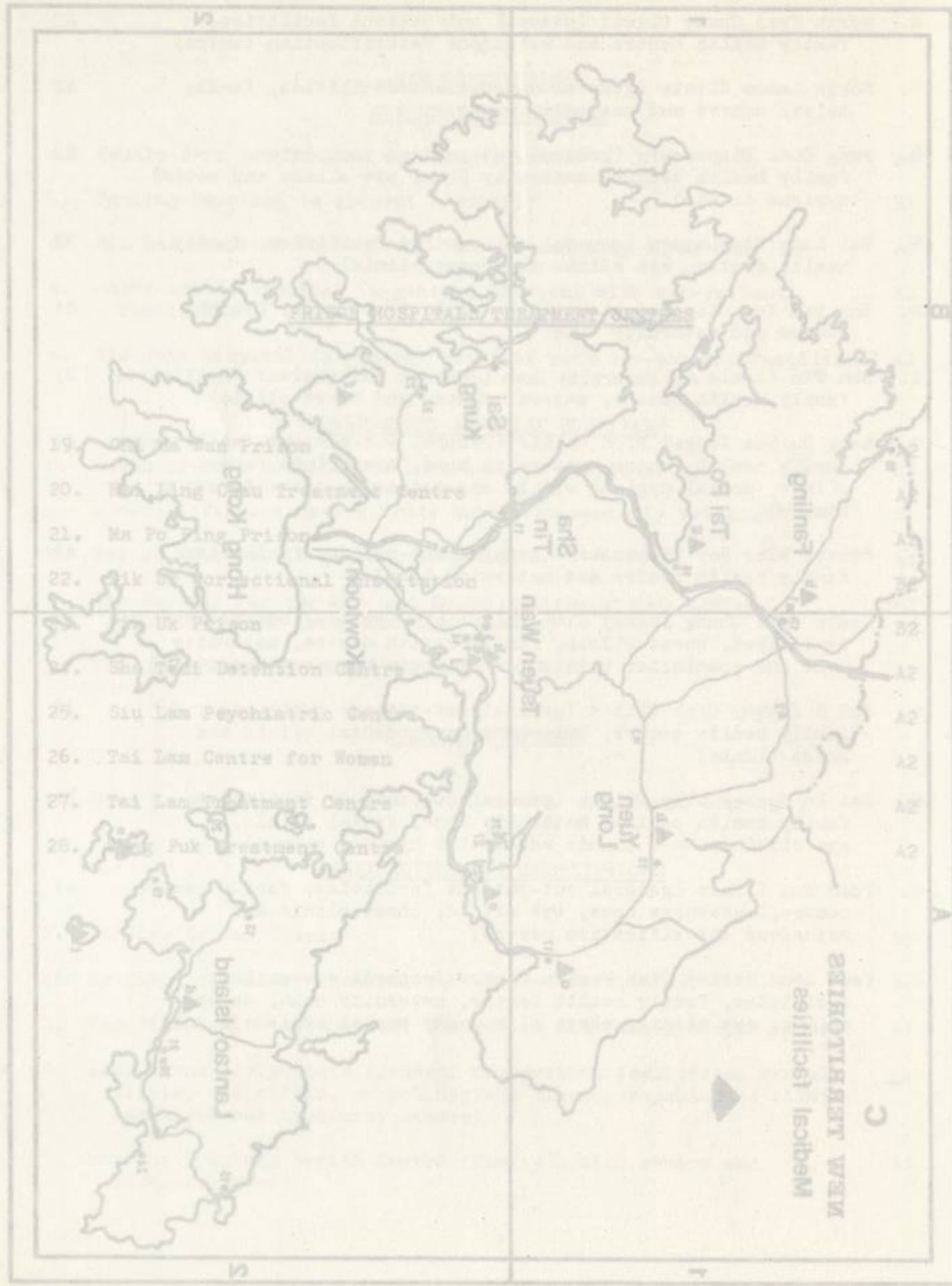
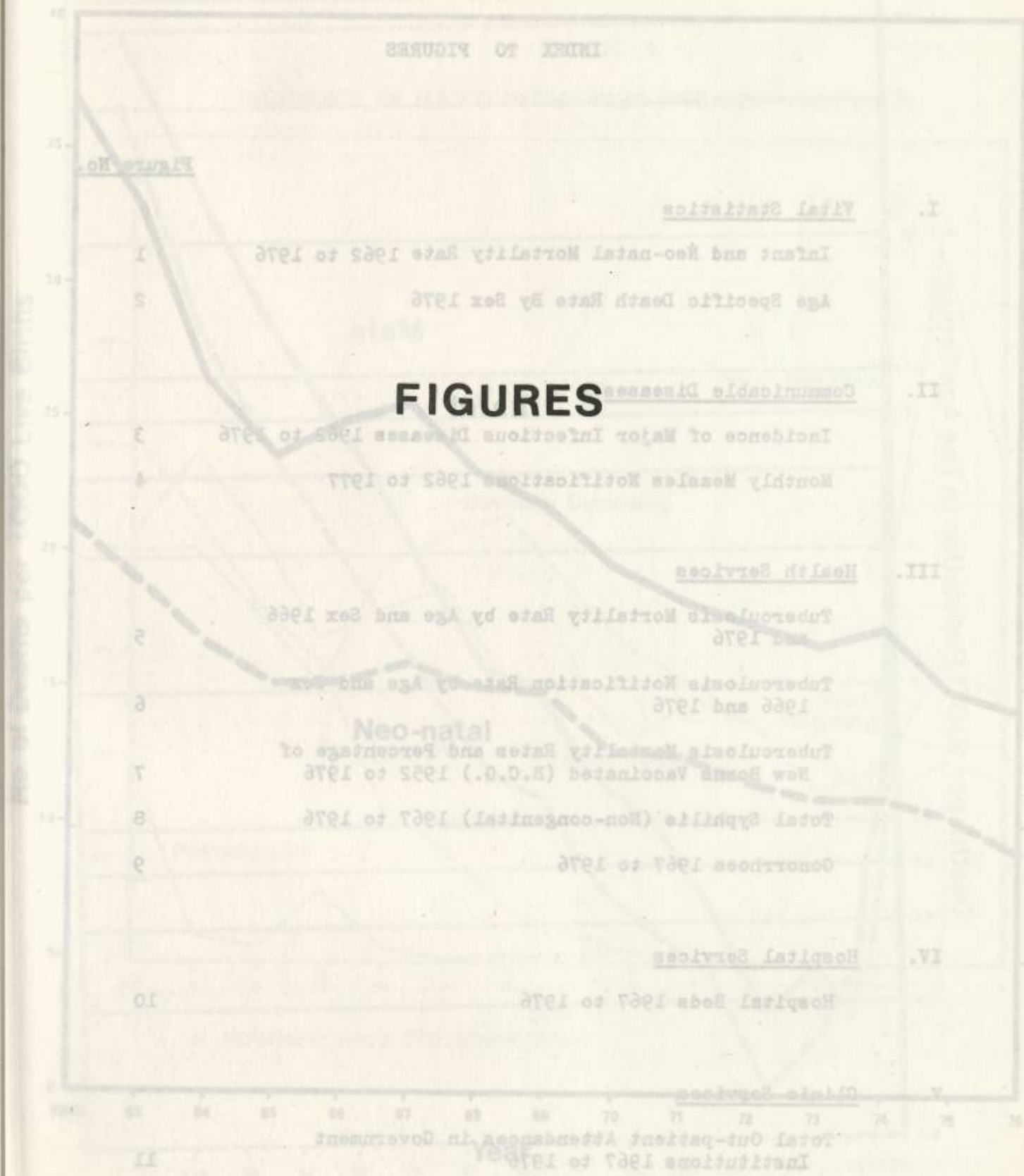


FIGURE 1
INFANT AND NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE 1962 TO 76



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FIGURE 1
INFANT AND NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE 1962 TO 76

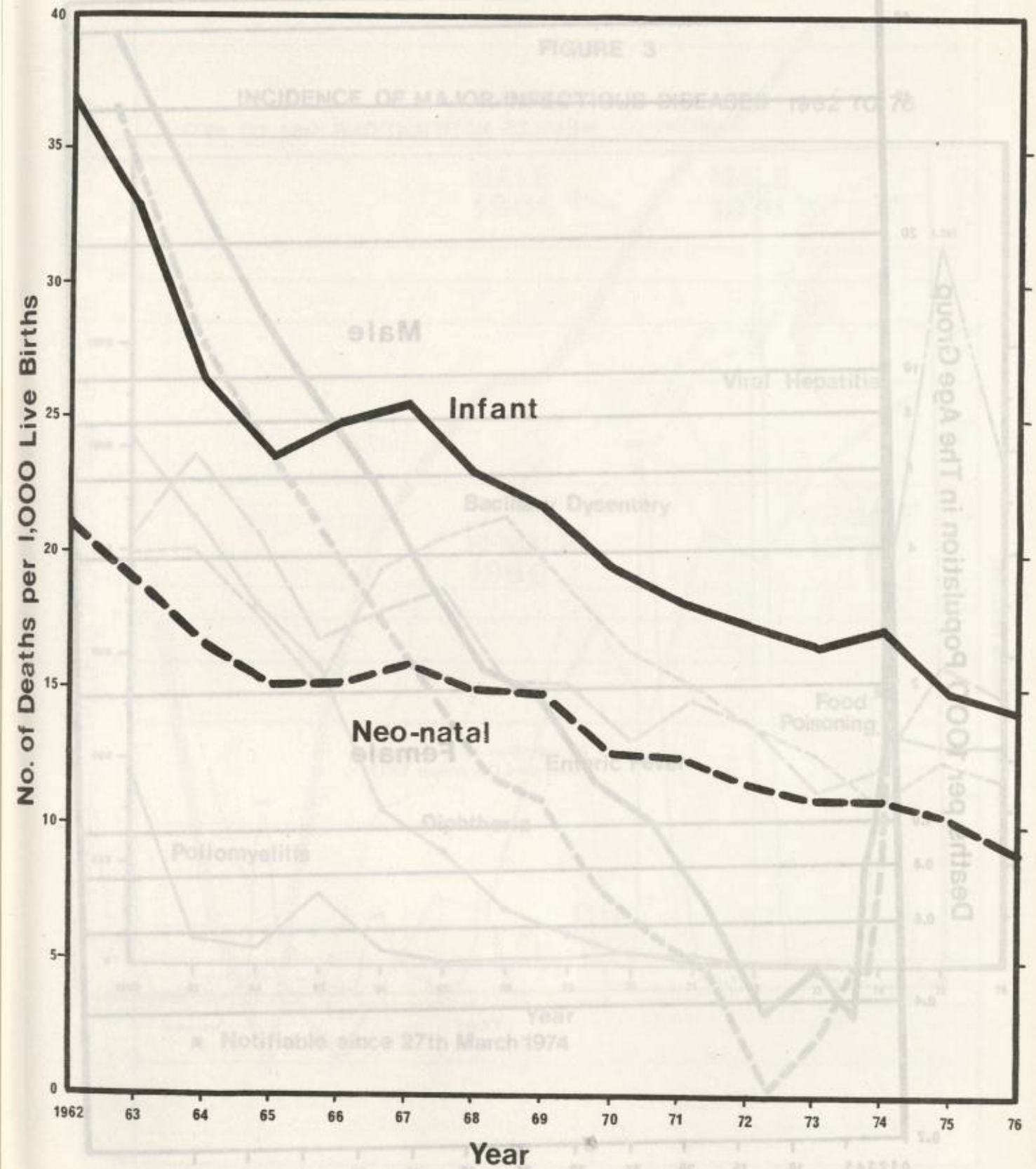


FIGURE 2
AGE SPECIFIC DEATH RATE BY SEX 1976

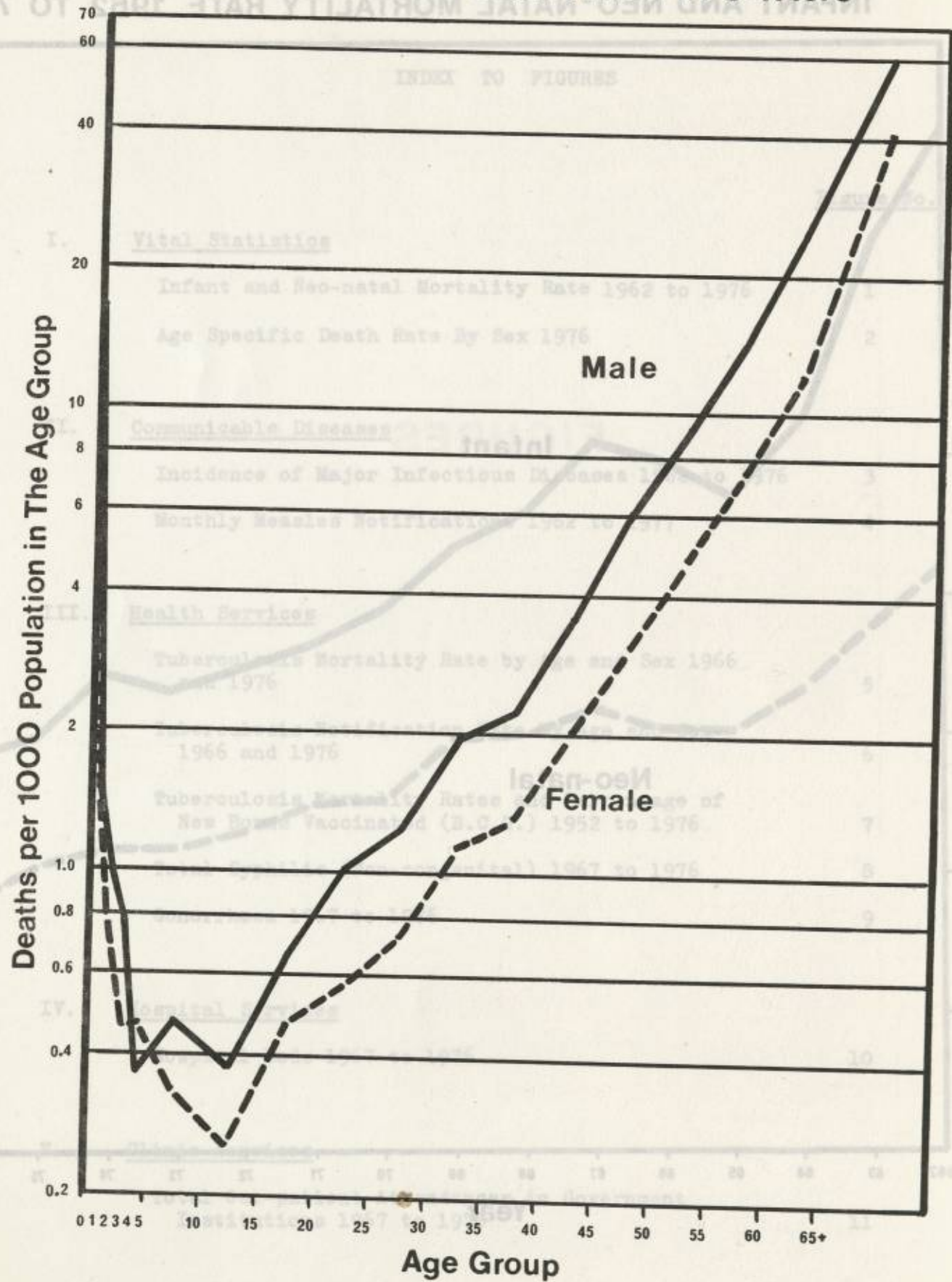


FIGURE 5
TUBERCULOSIS MORTALITY RATE
BY AGE AND SEX 1966 & 1976

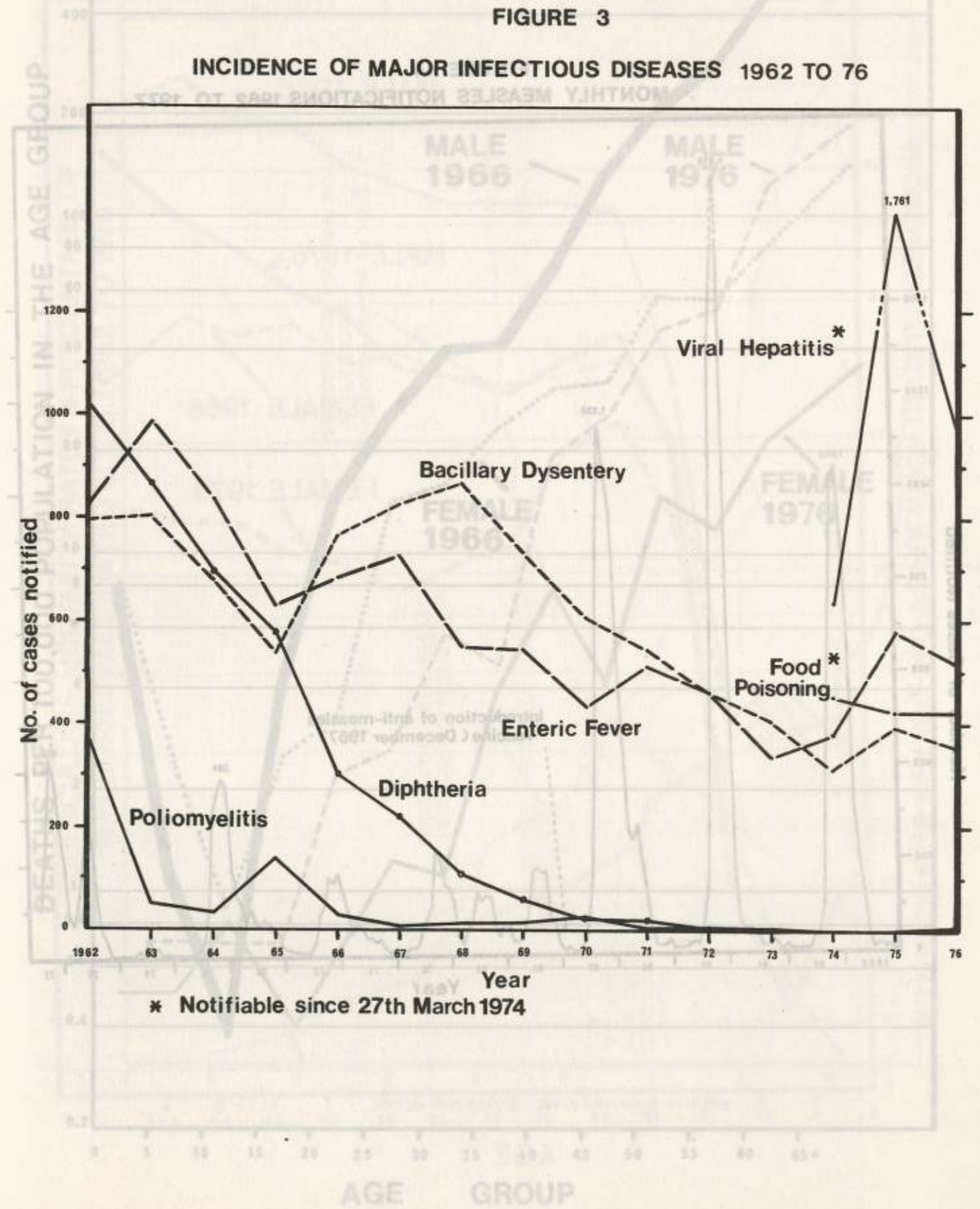


FIGURE 2
AGE SPECIFIC DEATH RATE BY SEX 1976

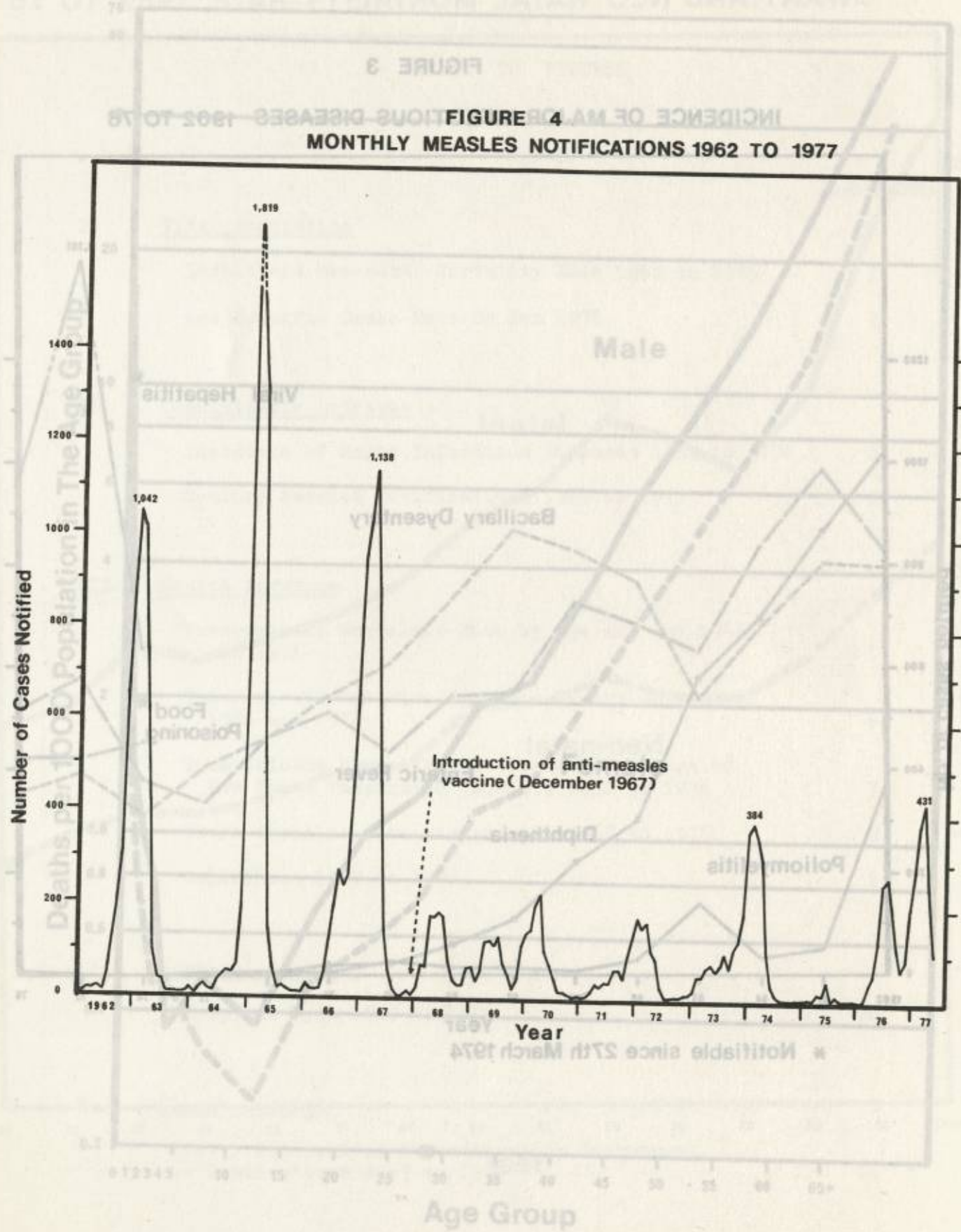


FIGURE 5
TUBERCULOSIS MORTALITY RATE
BY AGE AND SEX 1966 & 1976

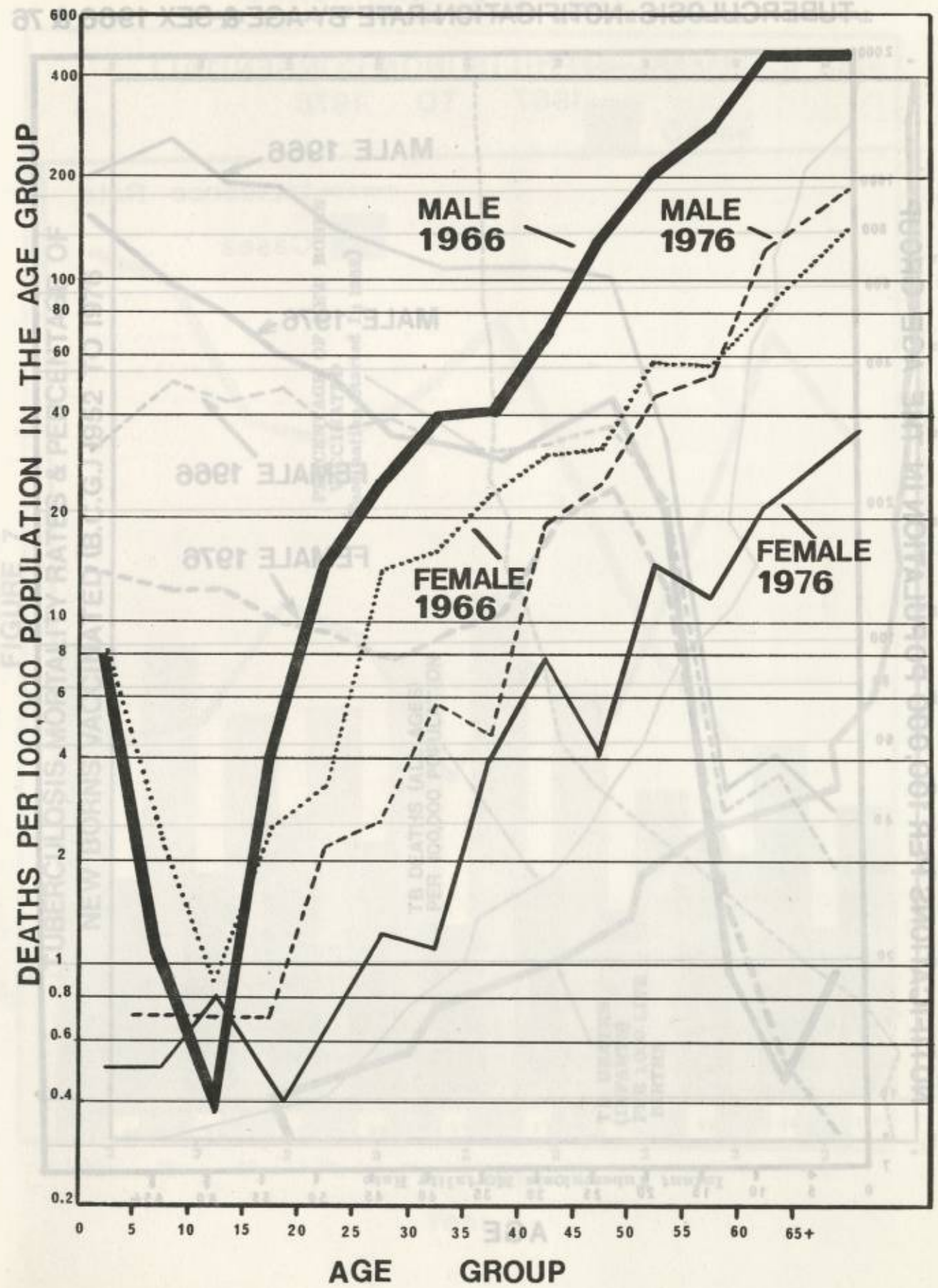


FIGURE 6

TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFICATION RATE BY AGE & SEX 1966 & 76

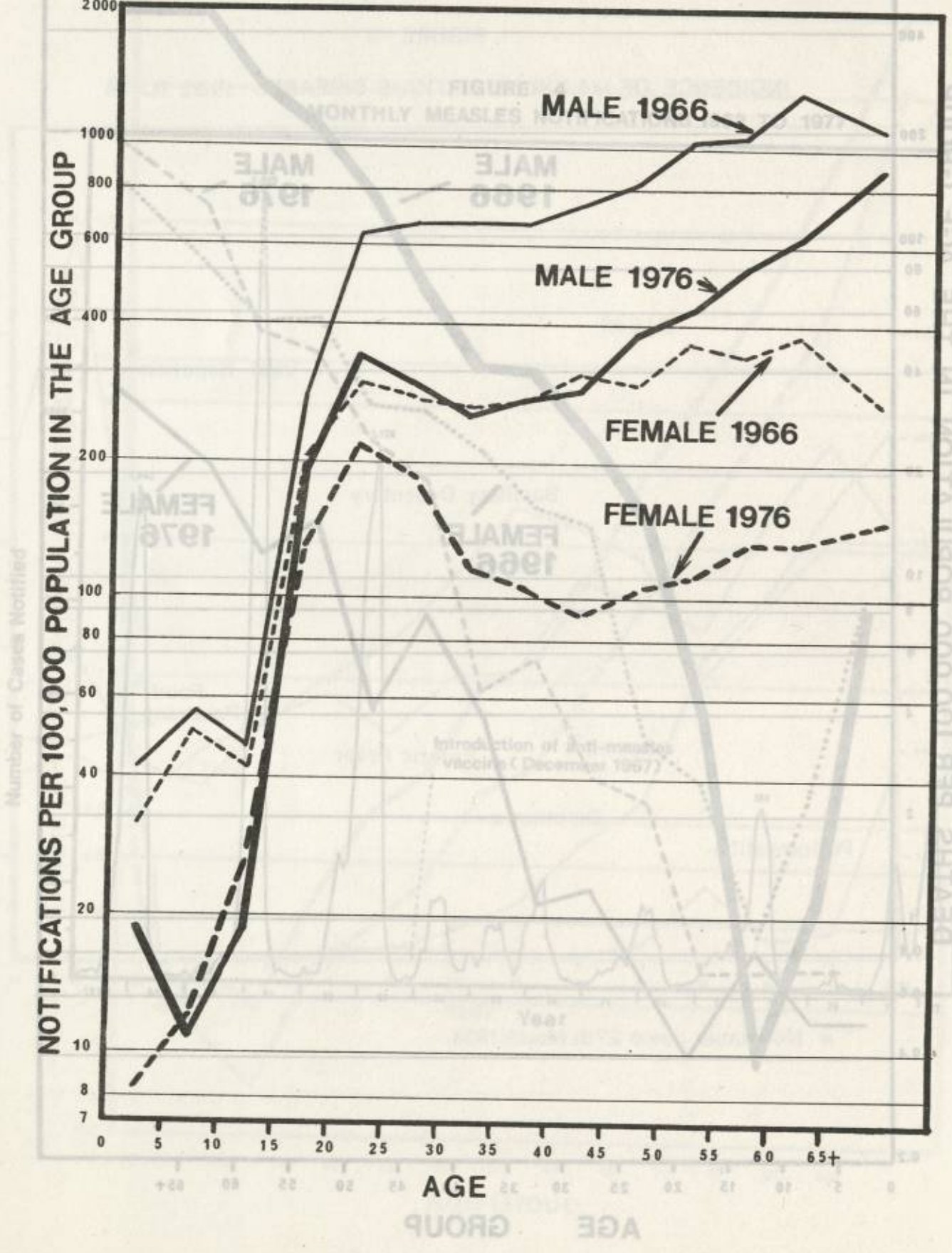


FIGURE 7

TUBERCULOSIS MORTALITY RATES & PERCENTAGE OF NEW BORN VACCINATED (B.C.G.) 1952 TO 1976

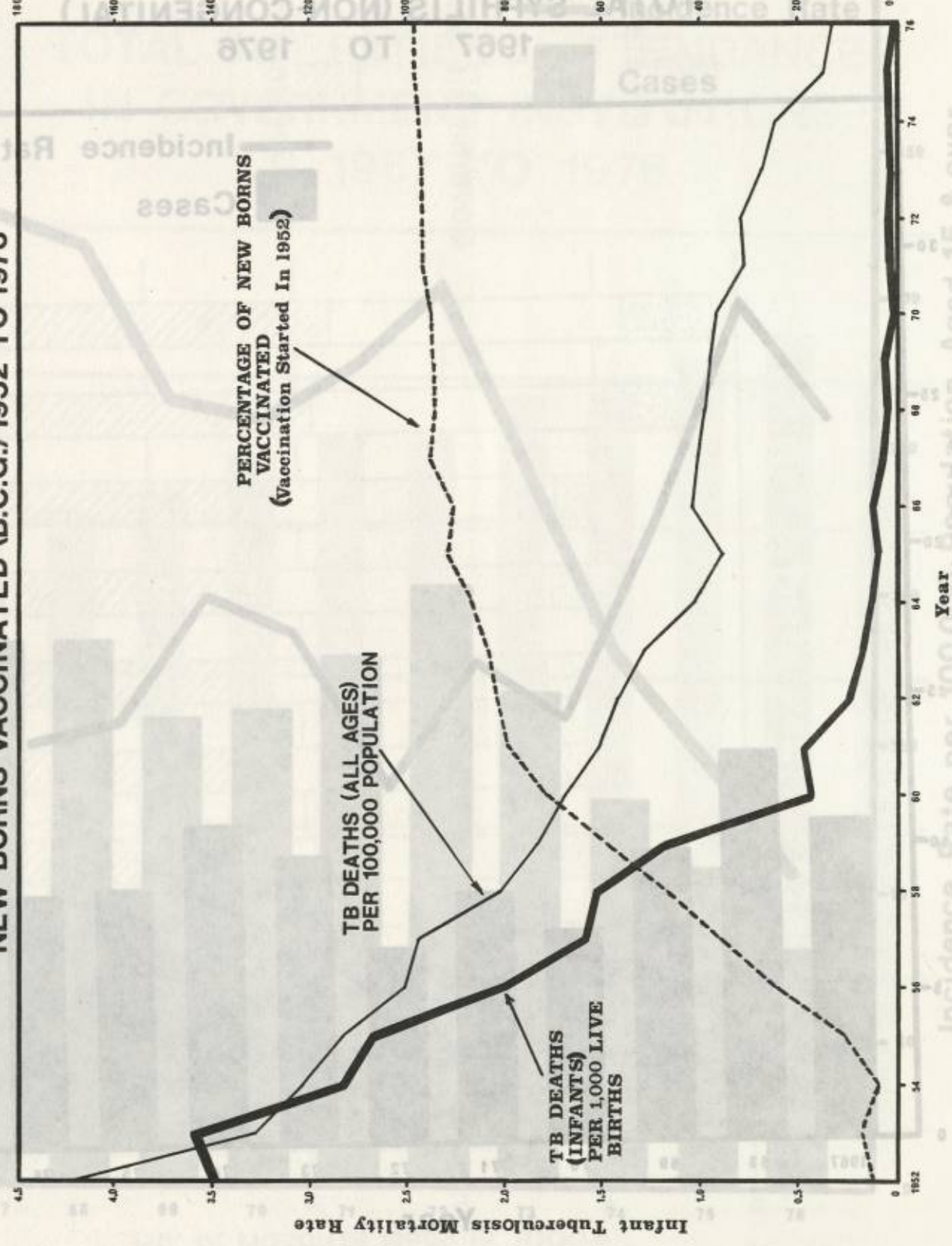


FIGURE 8

TOTAL SYPHILIS (NON-CONGENITAL)
1967 TO 1976

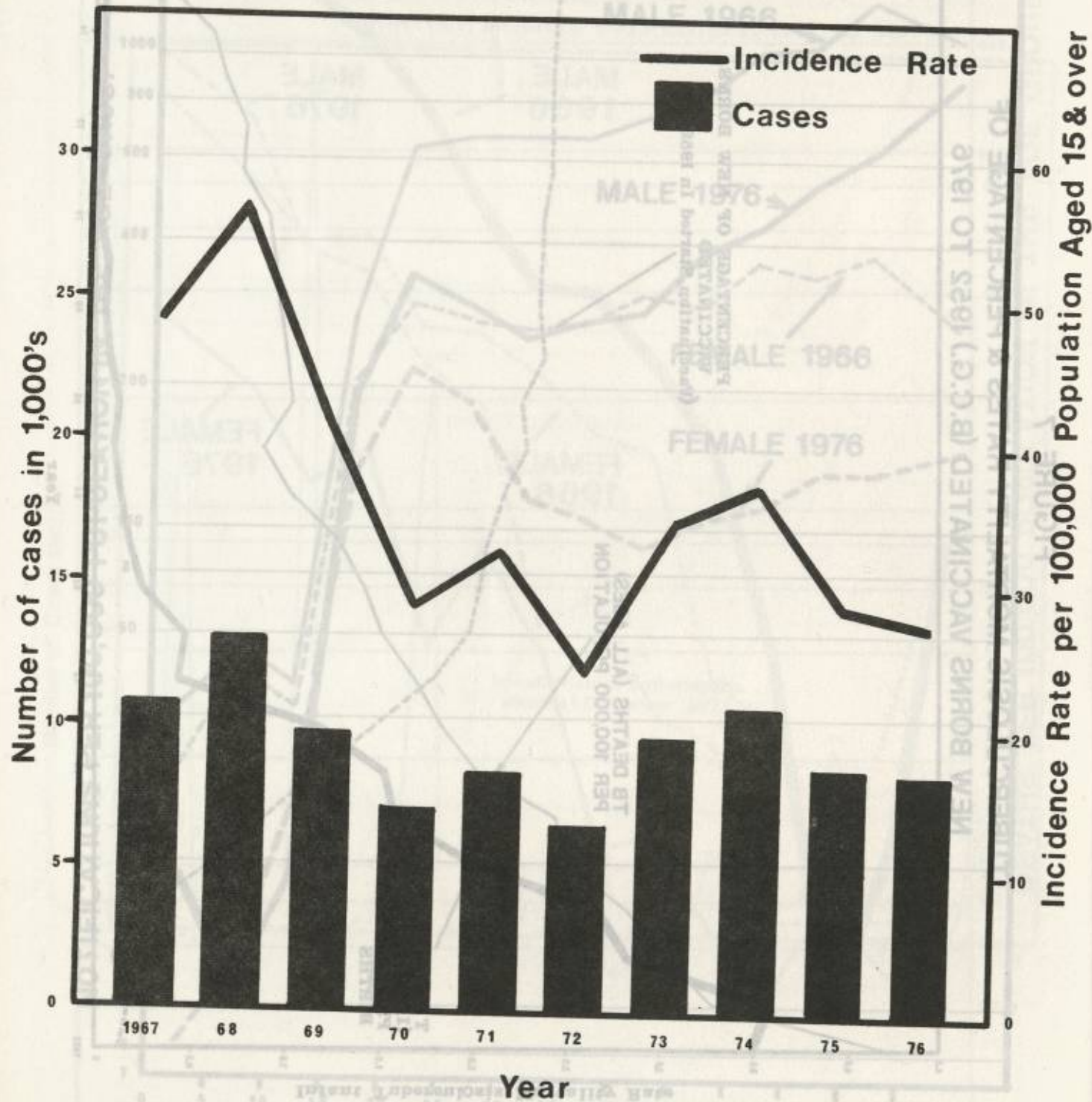


FIGURE 9

GONORRHOEA 1967 TO 1976

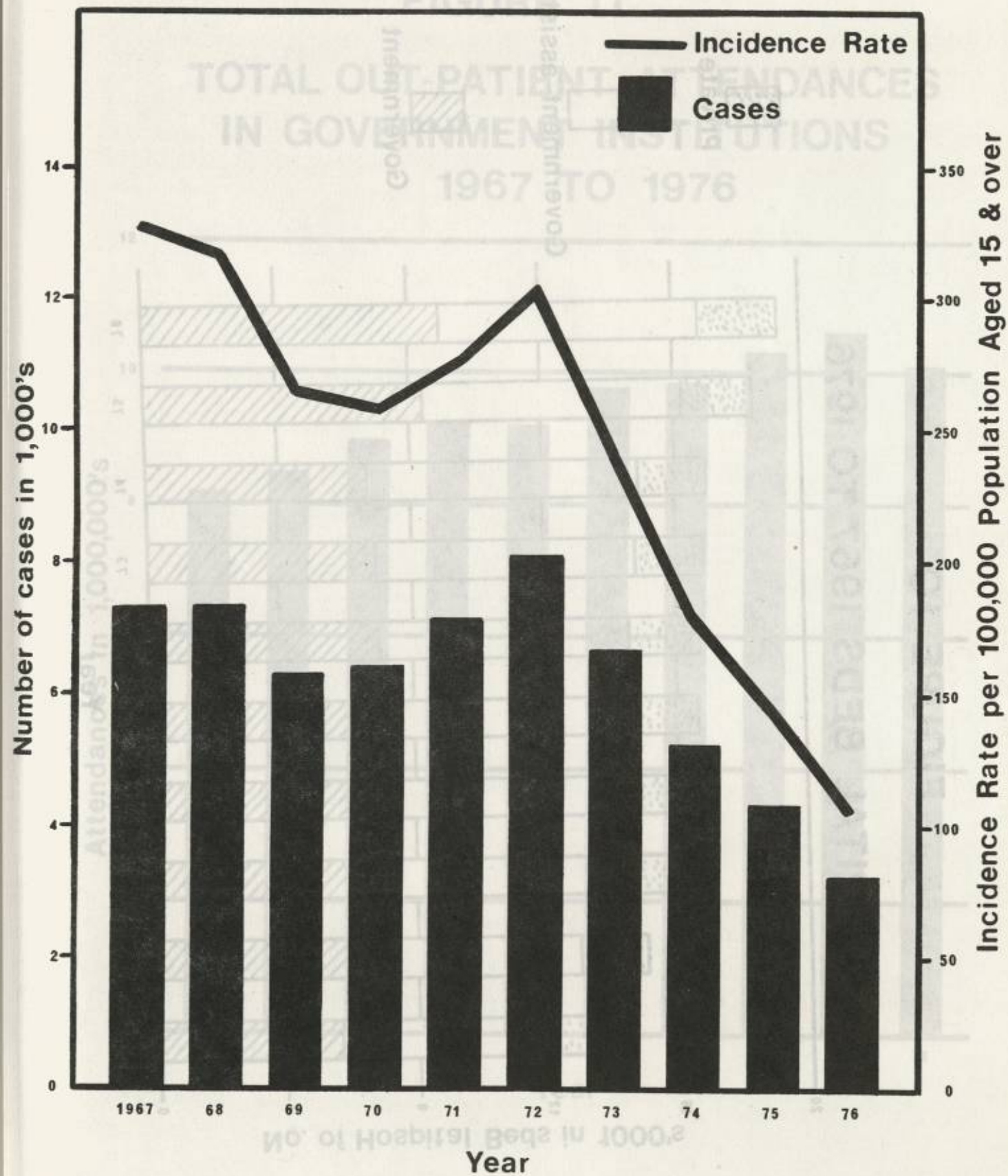


FIGURE 9

CONORRHOEA 1967 TO 1976

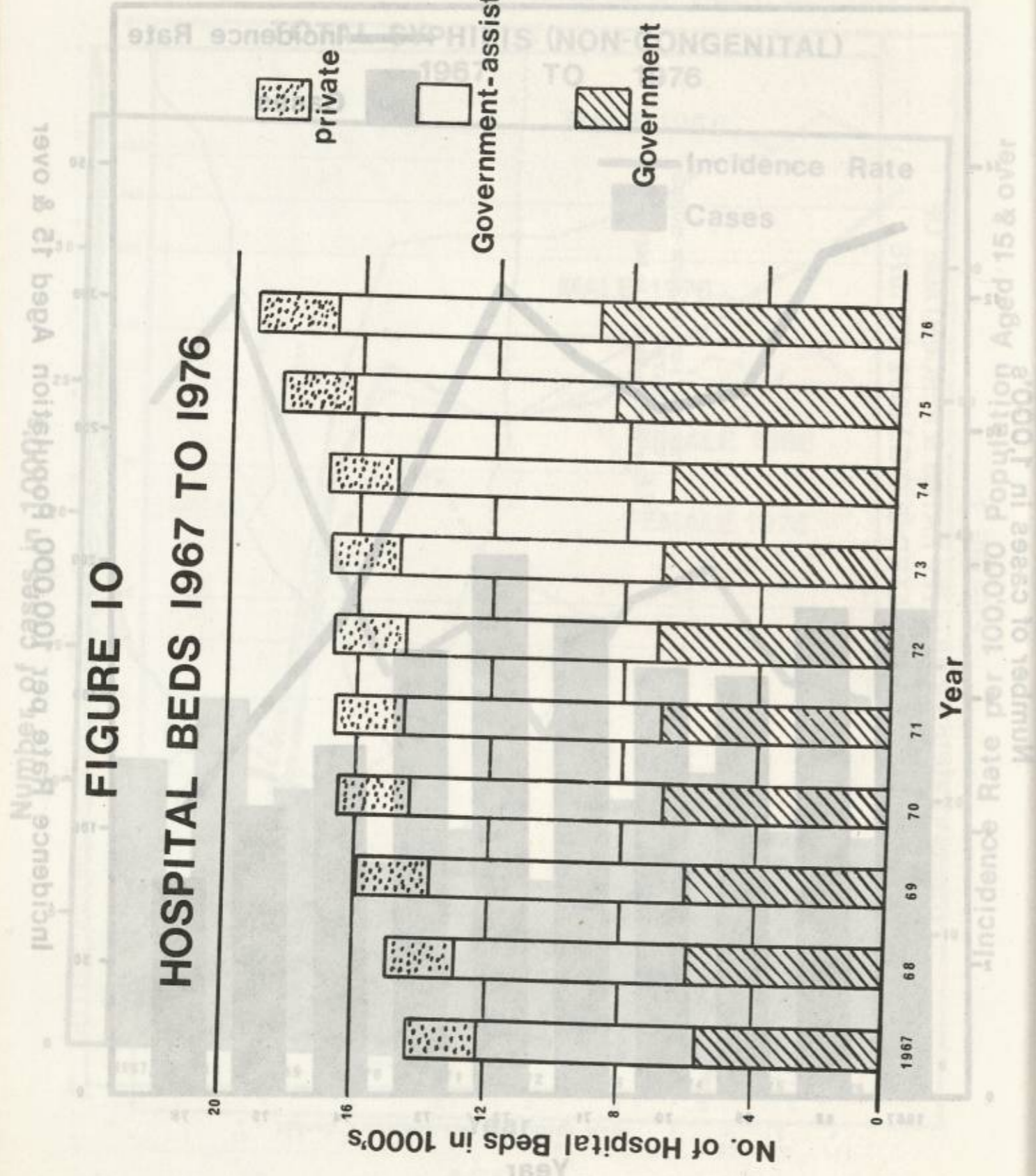
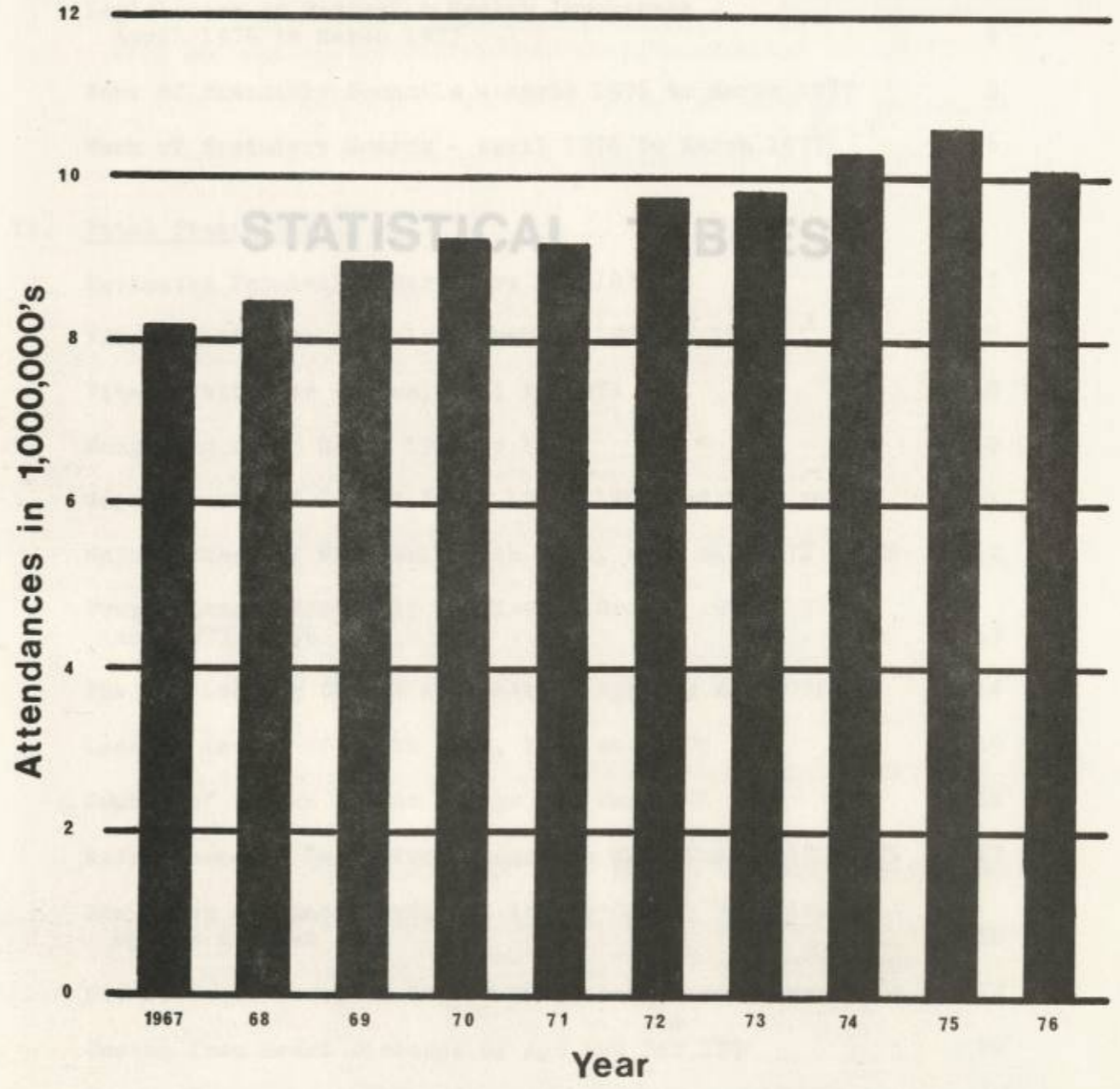


FIGURE 11

**TOTAL OUT-PATIENT ATTENDANCES
IN GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS
1967 TO 1976**



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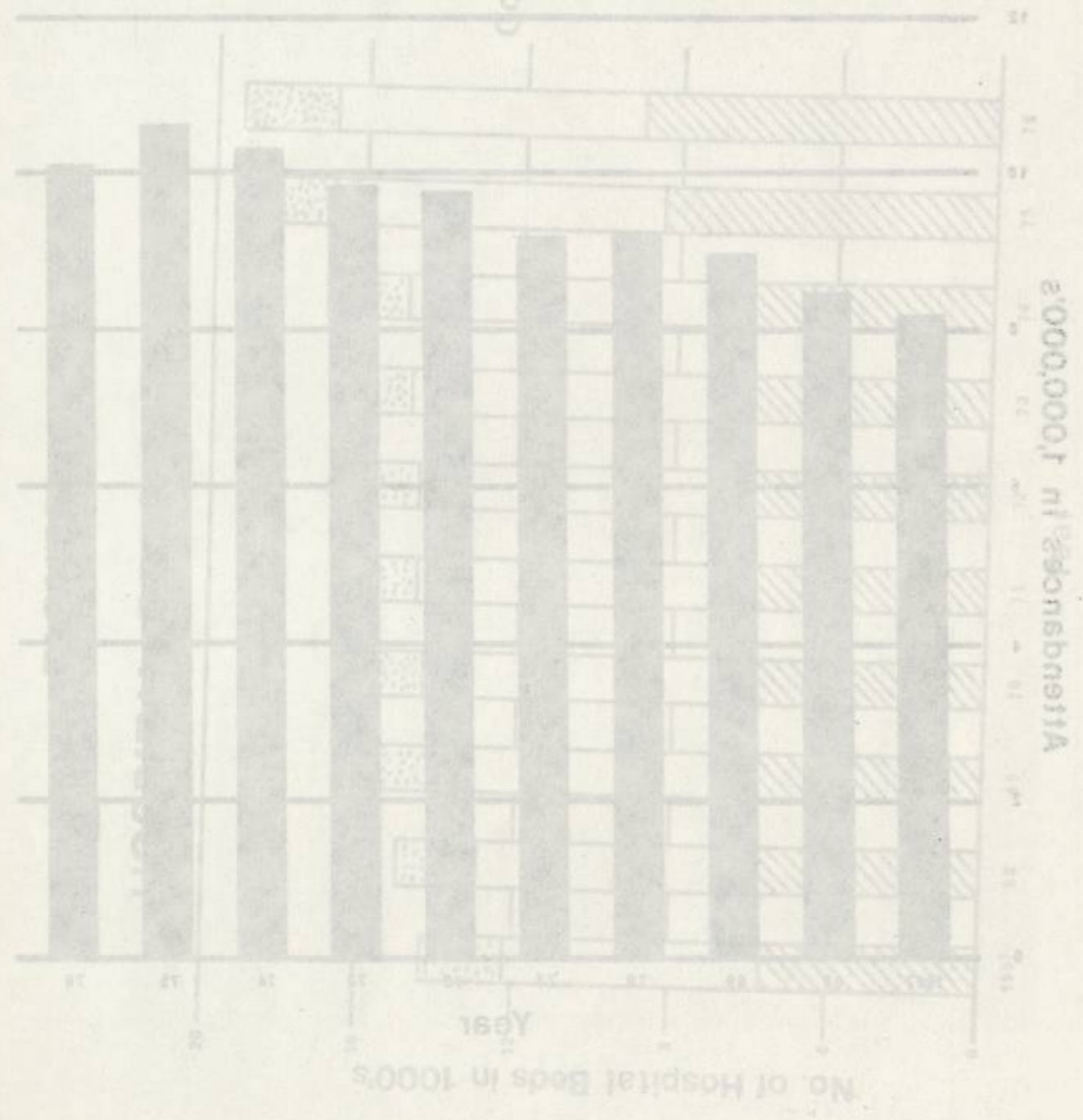
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FIGURE 11
TOTAL OUT-PATIENT ATTENDANCES
IN GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS
1967 TO 1976



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 1976/77年度之海外访问者
 1976/77年度之海外会议出席
 1976/77年度之出版物
 1976/77年度之 Samaritan 基金
 1976/77年度之建筑计划
 1976/77年度之医学发展
 1976/77年度之训练课程
 1976/77年度之其他服务
 1975/76及1976/77年度之药理学服务
 1975及1976年度之法医病理学实验室
 1975及1976年度之政府实验室
 1975及1976年度之放射治疗科
 1975及1976年度之 Kwong Wah 医院、联合基督教医院及天主教医疗中心
 1975及1976年度之 Grantham 医院
 1975及1976年度之 Ruttonjee 疗养院
 1976年度之政府及政府协助机构之门诊病人
 1976年度之政府及政府协助机构之专家门诊
 1976年度之精神病日间病人及门诊病人
 1975及1976年度之眼科服务
 1975及1976年度之失明注册原因
 1975及1976年度之耳鼻喉科服务
 1972年至1976年度之普通牙科服务
 1975及1976年度之地区助产服务
 1976/77年度之学校医疗服务
 1977年3月31日之医疗诊所注册
 1975及1976年度之病理学研究所
 1976年度之血库
 1975及1976年度之公共殓房
 1976年度之放射诊断科
 1976/77年度之海外访问者
 1976/77年度之海外会议出席
 1976/77年度之出版物
 1976/77年度之 Samaritan 基金
 1976/77年度之建筑计划
 1976/77年度之医学发展
 1976/77年度之训练课程
 1976/77年度之其他服务
 1975/76及1976/77年度之药理学服务
 1975及1976年度之法医病理学实验室
 1975及1976年度之政府实验室
 1975及1976年度之放射治疗科
 1975及1976年度之 Kwong Wah 医院、联合基督教医院及天主教医疗中心
 1975及1976年度之 Grantham 医院
 1975及1976年度之 Ruttonjee 疗养院
 1976年度之政府及政府协助机构之门诊病人
 1976年度之政府及政府协助机构之专家门诊
 1976年度之精神病日间病人及门诊病人
 1975及1976年度之眼科服务
 1975及1976年度之失明注册原因
 1975及1976年度之耳鼻喉科服务
 1972年至1976年度之普通牙科服务
 1975及1976年度之地区助产服务
 1976/77年度之学校医疗服务
 1977年3月31日之医疗诊所注册

TABLE 1

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MEDICAL & HEALTH DEPARTMENT AS AT 31ST MARCH 1977

Grade	Zone	Headquarters	Queen Mary Hospital	Queen Elizabeth Hospital	Princess Margaret & Lai Chi Kok Hospitals	Kowloon Hospital	Castle Peak Hospital & Mental Health Centres	Tsuan Yuk Hospital	Dental Service	TB & Chest Service	Other Hospitals, Clinics & Services	Total	Strength on 31.3.1977
		Director of Medical & Health Services	2										
Deputy Director of Medical & Health Services	2											2	2
Assistant Director of Medical & Health Services	5											5	2
Medical Training Administrator	1											1	1
Consultant			9	22	14	1	3		4	3	11	67	62
Principal Medical & Health Officer	3		1	1	1	1		1			5	13	12
Administrative Officer Staff Grade B	1											1	1
Chief Executive Officer/Senior Executive Officer/Executive Officer	15			2	1				1		1	20	23
Senior Treasury Accountant/Treasury Accountant	2											2	2
Senior Medical & Health Officer/Medical & Health Officer/Assistant Medical & Health Officer	2		93	145	117	35	25	11	33	371	832	711	
Senior Dental Officer/Dental Officer/Assistant Dental Officer			3	5	3	2	1		64		78	65	
Principal Nursing Officer	1											1	1
Nursing Staff (Excl. Midwifery Staff)	4		782	1486	1003	499	508	25	153	851	5311	4978	
Midwife/Student Midwife (Including Sen. Midwife)			19	5	4	2	1	1	129	212	379	356	
Senior Dietitian/Dietitian			3	5	16	10	16	2			16	16	
Principal Medical Social Worker/Senior Medical Social Worker/Medical Social Worker I & II	3		13	16	16	10	16	2	15	32	123	101	

TABLE 1 (Cont'd)

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MEDICAL & HEALTH DEPARTMENT AS AT 31ST MARCH 1977

Grade	Zone	Headquarters	Queen Mary Hospital	Queen Elizabeth Hospital	Princess Margaret & Lai Chi Kok Hospitals	Kowloon Hospital	Castle Peak Hospital & Mental Health Centres	Tsuan Yuk Hospital	Dental Service	TB & Chest Service	Other Hospitals, Clinics & Services	Total	Strength on 31.3.1977
		Chief Pharmacist/Senior Pharmacist/Pharmacist/Chief Dispenser/Senior Dispenser/Dispenser/Student Dispenser			21	23	21	7	6	2		9	160
Government Chemist/Chief Chemist/Senior Chemist/Chemist/Assistant Biochemist					1						25	25	25
Scientific Officer (Medical)							3				2	6	5
Clinical Psychologist												3	3
Senior Physicist/Physicist			2	6								8	8
Chief Hospital Secretary/Senior Hosp. Secretary/Hospital Secretary/Assistant Hosp. Secretary	2		3	5	5	2	2			7	26	25	25
Steward I, II & III			3	5	7	3	4	1		9	32	32	32
Principal Information Officer/Senior Information Officer	2											2	2
Statistician/Statistical Officer/Statistical Assistant	10		1	1	1				2			15	15
General Grade Staff		124	87	167	117	48	45	10	45	92	350	1085	1042
Superintendent Radiographer/Senior Radiographer/Radiographer I/Radiographer II/Student Radiographer			34	59	24	4					43	164	160

TABLE 1 (Cont'd)
ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MEDICAL & HEALTH DEPARTMENT AS AT 31ST MARCH 1977

Grade	Zone	Headquarters	Queen Mary Hospital	Queen Elizabeth Hospital	Princess Margaret & Lai Chi Kok Hospitals	Kowloon Hospital	Castle Peak Hospital & Mental Health Centres	Tsuen Yuk Hospital	Dental Service	TB & Chest Service	Other Hospitals, Clinics & Services	Total	Strength on 31.3.1977
X-Ray Assistant												22	19
Superintendent Physiotherapist/Senior Physiotherapist/Tutor Physiotherapist/Physiotherapist I/Physiotherapist II/Student Physiotherapist		11	56	21	12		54				22	125	109
Superintendent Occupational Therapist/Senior Occupational Therapist/Occupational Therapist/Occupational Therapy Assistant		5	8	18	11						12	108	89
Chief Medical Technologist/Senior Medical Technologist/Medical Technologist/Medical Laboratory Technician I/Medical Laboratory Technician II/Student Medical Laboratory Technician		16	50	61			3				113	243	233
Senior Laboratory Assistant/Laboratory Assistant/Student Laboratory Assistant											64	64	60
Senior Health Inspector/Health Inspector										14		11	9
Senior Inoculator/Inoculator											113	127	116
Audiology Technician											2	2	1
Prosthetist I/Prosthetist II/Student Prosthetist											17	17	16

TABLE 1 (Cont'd)
ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MEDICAL & HEALTH DEPARTMENT AS AT 31ST MARCH 1977

Grade	Zone	Headquarters	Queen Mary Hospital	Queen Elizabeth Hospital	Princess Margaret & Lai Chi Kok Hospitals	Kowloon Hospital	Castle Peak Hospital & Mental Health Centres	Tsuen Yuk Hospital	Dental Service	TB & Chest Service	Other Hospitals, Clinics & Services	Total	Strength on 31.3.1977
Senior Mould Laboratory Technician/Mould Laboratory Technician/Student Mould Laboratory Technician		2	5									7	7
Dental Technologist		1	1	1					2			2	2
Dental Technician/Student Dental Technician									52			55	48
Dental Inspector									2			2	1
Senior Dental Surgery Assistant/Dental Surgery Assistant		3	4	3	2		1		68			81	72
Dental Nurse									19			19	18
Laundry Manager/Assistant Laundry Manager			3								3	6	6
Linen Production Unit Manager/Linen Production Unit Supervisor			1								5	6	6
Senior Electrical Technician/Electrical Technician		3	4	1							3	11	11
Senior Optical Technician/Optical Technician											5	5	5
Technical Assistant (Social Hygiene)											1	1	1
Kitchen Supervisor				1	1		1	1				4	3

TABLE 3
STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FROM 1972/73 TO 1976/77

Particulars	1972/73 \$	1973/74 \$	1974/75 \$	1975/76 \$	1976/77 \$
a. Medical and Health Department	235,243,875	297,849,063	356,734,127	387,434,036	449,748,296
b. Medical Subventions	110,108,034	134,149,583	168,934,962	167,025,229	187,193,402
c. Capital expenditure on medical projects under Public Works Non-Recurrent	51,923,641	37,659,327	49,564,518	16,160,556	28,896,749
TOTAL :	397,275,550	469,657,973	575,233,607	570,619,821	665,838,447
Total expenditure of Hong Kong	4,299,555,179	5,169,157,029	6,255,150,535	6,032,190,492	6,590,911,658
Percentage of Medical and Health Department Expenditure to the Total Expenditure of the Colony	9.24%	9.09%	9.20%	9.46%	10.10%

	MIDWIVES	PHARMACY & POISONS
ORDINANCES :		
Medical Registration (Amendment) Ordinance 1976		
Midwives Registration (Amendment) Ordinance 1976		
RULES AND REGULATIONS		
Medical Practitioners (Registration and Disciplinary Procedure) (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations 1976		
Midwives (Registration and Disciplinary Procedure) (Amendment) Regulations 1976		
Dangerous Drugs (Amendment of First Schedule) Order 1977		

TABLE 4
LEGISLATION OF MEDICAL & HEALTH IMPORTANCE
FROM APRIL, 1976 TO MARCH, 1977

ORDINANCES :

- Medical Registration (Amendment) Ordinance 1976
- Midwives Registration (Amendment) Ordinance 1976

RULES AND REGULATIONS

- Medical Practitioners (Registration and Disciplinary Procedure) (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations 1976
- Midwives (Registration and Disciplinary Procedure) (Amendment) Regulations 1976
- Dangerous Drugs (Amendment of First Schedule) Order 1977

TABLE 5

WORK OF STATUTORY COUNCILS - APRIL 1976 TO MARCH 1977

WORK	COUNCIL	MEDICAL			DENTAL	
		Local List	Overseas List	Dentists	Dental Hygienists	
Number on the Register on 31.3.1977		2921	258	590	14	
Number of Applications for registration	Registration	239	14	70	3	
	Provisional Registration	143	-	-	-	
Number of registrations granted	Registration	239	14	43	3	
	Provisional Registration	143	-	-	-	
Number of examinations held	Oral & Practical Written	N.A.	N.A.	14	-	
	Oral & Practical Written	N.A.	N.A.	2	-	
Number of candidates examined	Oral & Practical Written	N.A.	N.A.	28	-	
	Oral & Practical Written	N.A.	N.A.	15	-	
Number of successful candidates	Oral & Practical Written	N.A.	N.A.	11	-	
	No. of hearings No. of persons charged	6	-	11	-	
Disciplinary hearings held	No. of hearings	6	-	4	-	
	No. of persons charged	6	-	3	-	
Number of removals from register		16	2	11	-	

Number of Meetings held : - Medical council 3
Dental council -

N.A. : Not applicable

TABLE 6

WORK OF STATUTORY BOARDS - APRIL 1976 TO MARCH 1977

WORK	BOARDS	NURSING				MIDWIVES	PHARMACY & POISONS
		General		Mental			
		Registered	Enrolled	Registered	Enrolled		
Number on the Register on 31.3.1977		8446	2574	289	117	5964	264
Number of applications for registration	Number of registrations granted	657	350	19	37	270	31
	Number of examinations held	646	300	19	37	267	20
Number of candidates examined	Disciplinary hearings held	3	3	3	3	4	2
	No. of persons charged	679	327	32	55	248	38
Number of successful candidates	No. of hearings	655	288	21	41	245	12
	No. of persons charged	-	-	-	-	2	-
Number of removals from register	No. of persons charged	-	-	-	-	2	-
	Number of removals from register	5	-	-	-	9	-

Number of Meetings held :
Nursing Board 3
Midwives Board 4
Pharmacy & Poisons Board 4
Radiation Board 3

TABLE 5

TABLE 6 (Cont'd)
Details of Licences Issued by the Radiation Board
April 1976 to March 1977

COUNCIL	MEDICAL	DENTAL	Irradiating Apparatus Licence		Radioactive Substances Licence	
Total No. of licences issued as at 31.3.77	2921	14	22	434	101	101
No. of Applications for licences	258	14	106	106	61	61
No. of licences granted	51	25	105	105	22	22
No. of licences cancelled	115	7	115	115	7	7

Number of Meetings held: 10
 Number of Applications: 106
 Number of Licences Issued: 106
 Number of Licences Cancelled: 115

TABLE 7
ESTIMATED POPULATION STRUCTURE MID-1976 *

Age Group	Male	Female	Total
0	39,200	37,100	76,300
1 - 4	165,900	156,300	322,200
5 - 9	212,100	201,800	413,900
10 - 14	273,400	262,900	536,300
15 - 19	272,200	259,200	531,400
20 - 24	228,400	215,300	443,700
25 - 29	193,200	167,800	361,000
30 - 34	123,600	94,000	217,600
35 - 39	126,800	101,900	228,700
40 - 44	135,100	117,600	252,700
45 - 49	131,300	121,300	252,600
50 - 54	117,300	111,000	228,300
55 - 59	93,900	92,300	186,200
60 - 64	74,900	77,800	152,700
65 - 69	42,500	56,600	99,100
70 - 74	24,200	45,100	69,300
75 - 79	12,200	28,500	40,700
80 and over	7,400	23,700	31,100
Total	2,273,600	2,170,200	4,443,800

* Including transients and armed forces.

Number of Meetings held: 10
 Number of Applications: 106
 Number of Licences Issued: 106
 Number of Licences Cancelled: 115

TABLE 8
VITAL STATISTICS - HONG KONG
(Absolute Number)

Year	Population* (1)	Registered Live Births (2)	Registered Deaths (3)	Late Foetal Deaths (Still Births) (4)	Early Neo. Deaths (5)	Late Neo. Deaths (6)	Post Neo. Deaths (7)	Peri-Natal Deaths (8)=(4)+(5)	Neo-Natal Deaths (9)=(5)+(6)	Infant Deaths (10)=(5)+(6)+(7)	Maternal Deaths (11)
1951	2,015,300	68,500	20,580	1,180	1,205	936	4,144	2,385	2,141	6,285	111
52	2,125,900	71,976	19,459	1,157	1,017	873	3,656	2,174	1,890	5,546	84
53	2,242,200	75,544	18,300	1,158	1,073	875	3,612	2,231	1,948	5,560	75
54	2,364,900	83,317	19,283	1,341	1,002	1,048	3,978	2,343	2,050	6,028	105
55	2,490,400	90,511	19,080	1,250	1,213	882	3,917	2,463	2,095	6,012	107
1956	2,614,600	96,746	19,295	988	1,303	1,039	3,553	2,291	2,342	5,895	88
57	2,736,300	97,834	19,365	1,245	1,323	1,007	3,106	2,568	2,330	5,436	105
58	2,854,100	106,624	20,554	1,297	1,413	1,079	3,294	2,710	2,492	5,786	92
59	2,967,400	104,579	20,250	1,393	1,335	888	2,831	2,728	2,223	5,054	77
60	3,075,300	110,667	19,146	1,680	1,309	1,003	2,279	2,989	2,312	4,591	55
1961	3,168,100	108,726	18,738	1,683	1,226	1,054	1,818	2,909	2,280	4,098	50
62	3,305,200	111,905	20,324	1,560	1,260	1,109	1,761	2,820	2,369	4,130	54
63	3,420,900	115,263	19,748	1,633	1,206	972	1,623	2,839	2,178	3,801	34
64	3,504,600	108,519	18,113	1,485	1,115	684	1,071	2,600	1,799	2,870	42
65	3,597,900	102,195	17,621	1,363	1,017	537	871	2,380	1,554	2,425	34
1966	3,629,900	92,476	18,700	1,246	1,011	407	882	2,257	1,418	2,300	40
67	3,722,800	88,171	19,644	999	958	440	862	1,957	1,398	2,260	27
68	3,802,700	82,992	19,319	832	843	404	664	1,675	1,247	1,911	12
69	3,863,900	79,329	18,730	757	810	373	548	1,567	1,183	1,731	12
70	3,959,000	77,465	20,763	726	734	252	535	1,460	986	1,521	15
1971	4,045,300	76,818	20,253	656	716	254	440	1,372	970	1,410	11
72	4,115,700	79,053	21,145	736	740	174	466	1,476	914	1,380	16
73	4,212,600	80,147	21,360	681	724	157	464	1,405	881	1,345	8
74	4,319,600	81,879	22,050	621	717	184	520	1,338	901	1,421	13
75	4,395,800	78,200	21,191	565	671	133	369	1,236	804	1,173	2
76	4,443,800	76,342	23,195	521	564	127	401	1,085	691	1,092	14

* 1951 - 1960 based on 1961 Census, 1961 - 1970 based on 1971 Census, 1971 - 1976 based on 1976 By-Census

TABLE 9
VITAL STATISTICS - HONG KONG

Year	Crude Birth Rate (1)	Crude Death Rate (2)	Late Foetal Mort. (3)	Early Neo. Mort. (4)	Late Neo. Mort. (5)	Post Neo. Mort. (6)	Peri-Natal Mort. (7)	Neo-Natal Mort. (8)=(4)+(5)	Infant Mort. (9)=(4)+(5)+(6)	Maternal Mort. (10)
1951	34.0	10.2	16.9	17.6	13.7	60.5	34.2	31.3	91.8	1.59
52	33.9	9.2	15.8	14.1	12.1	50.8	29.7	26.3	77.1	1.15
53	33.7	8.2	15.1	14.2	11.6	47.8	29.1	25.8	73.6	0.98
54	35.2	8.2	15.8	12.0	12.6	47.8	27.7	24.6	72.4	1.24
55	36.3	7.7	13.6	13.4	9.7	43.3	26.8	23.1	66.4	1.17
56	37.0	7.4	10.1	13.5	10.7	36.7	23.4	24.2	60.9	0.90
57	35.8	7.1	12.6	13.5	10.3	31.8	25.9	23.8	55.6	1.06
58	37.4	7.2	12.0	13.5	10.1	30.9	25.1	23.4	54.3	0.85
59	35.2	6.8	13.1	12.8	8.5	27.1	25.7	21.3	48.3	0.73
60	36.0	6.2	15.0	11.8	9.1	20.6	26.6	20.9	41.5	0.49
1961	34.3	5.9	15.2	11.3	9.7	16.7	26.3	21.0	37.7	0.45
62	33.9	6.1	13.7	11.3	9.9	15.7	24.9	21.2	36.9	0.48
63	33.7	5.8	14.0	10.5	8.4	14.1	24.3	18.9	32.9	0.29
64	31.0	5.2	13.5	10.3	6.3	9.9	23.6	16.6	26.4	0.38
65	28.4	4.9	13.2	9.9	5.3	8.5	23.0	15.2	23.7	0.33
1966	25.5	5.2	13.3	10.9	4.4	9.5	24.1	15.3	24.9	0.43
67	23.7	5.3	11.2	10.9	5.0	9.8	21.9	15.9	25.6	0.30
68	21.8	5.1	9.9	10.2	4.9	8.0	20.0	15.0	23.0	0.14
69	20.5	4.8	9.5	10.2	4.7	6.9	19.6	14.9	21.8	0.15
70	19.6	5.2	9.3	9.5	3.2	6.9	18.7	12.7	19.6	0.19
1971	19.0	5.0	8.5	9.3	3.3	5.7	17.7	12.6	18.4	0.14
72	19.2	5.1	9.2	9.4	2.2	5.9	18.5	11.6	17.5	0.20
73	19.0	5.1	8.4	9.0	2.0	5.8	17.4	11.0	16.8	0.10
74	19.0	5.1	7.5	8.8	2.2	6.4	16.2	11.0	17.4	0.16
75	17.8	4.8	7.2	8.6	1.7	4.7	15.7	10.3	15.0	0.03
1976	17.2	5.2	6.8	7.4	1.7	5.2	14.1	9.1	14.3	0.18

(1) & (2) : per 1,000 population
(3) : Rates : (4), (5), (6), (8) & (9) : per 1,000 live births)
(7), (10) : per 1,000 total births)
* Figures in brackets were calculated by using adjusted births & deaths figures for 1961-1968 and known births & deaths for 1969 - 1976. Rates for 1971-1975 had been re-calculated based on the revised population figures.

TABLE 12

MAJOR CAUSES OF MATERNAL DEATH 1956, 1966 AND 1972 TO 76

*Detailed List No., 8th Rev. (1965)	Sepsis (excl. septic abortions)	Toxaemias	Haemorrhages	Abortions	Ectopic Pregnancies	Others	Total
Year	630, 635, 670, 671 & 673	636-639	632 & 651 - 653	640-645	631	Remainder of 630-678	
1956	2	36	35	2	7	6	88
1966	1	5	10	3	12	9	40
1972	-	4	4	3	3	2	16
1973	-	2	1	1	1	3	8
1974	1	1	7	-	1	3	13
1975	-	-	1	-	-	1	2
1976	1	3	5	2	1	2	14

*Data Grouping according to I.C.D. 7th Revision for the years 1956 & 1966

TABLE 13

PROPORTIONATE MORTALITY BY DISEASE GROUPS 1956, 1966 AND 1972 TO 76
(As Percentage of Total Deaths)

Disease Group	Detailed List No. 8th Revision	1956*	1966*	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
1. Infective and Parasitic	000 - 136	16.2	11.5	6.9	6.5	5.8	4.0	3.3
2. Neoplasms	140 - 239	7.0	17.6	20.8	21.4	21.4	24.2	23.2
3. Endocrine, Nutritional, Metabolic and Blood	240 - 289	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.7
4. Nervous System, Sense Organs and Mental Disorders	290 - 389	4.9	10.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8
5. Circulatory System	390 - 458	7.6#	14.7#	24.4	25.1	25.4	27.7	28.9
6. Respiratory System	460 - 519	21.3	12.4	17.2	15.8	17.2	15.8	14.5
7. Digestive System	520 - 577	15.1	5.0	4.9	5.3	5.1	4.6	5.0
8. Genito-Urinary System	580 - 629	2.1	1.8	2.1	2.1	1.7	2.0	2.2
9. Pregnancy, Child-birth and Puerperium	630 - 678	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
10. Skin and Musculo-skeletal System	680 - 738	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
11. Congenital Anomalies and Causes of Perinatal Mortality	740 - 779	11.2	8.4	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.4	3.8
12. Symptoms and Ill-defined Conditions	780 - 796	7.5	8.9	8.6	8.3	8.7	7.9	8.0
13. Accidents, Poisonings and Violence	800 - 899	5.0	7.1	8.4	8.9	7.9	6.7	8.1

* Data Grouping according to I.C.D. 7th Revision

Excluding Cerebrovascular Disease (formerly Vascular Lesion affecting Central Nervous System under the Nervous System and Sense Organs) :

4.4% in 1956 & 9.8% in 1966